

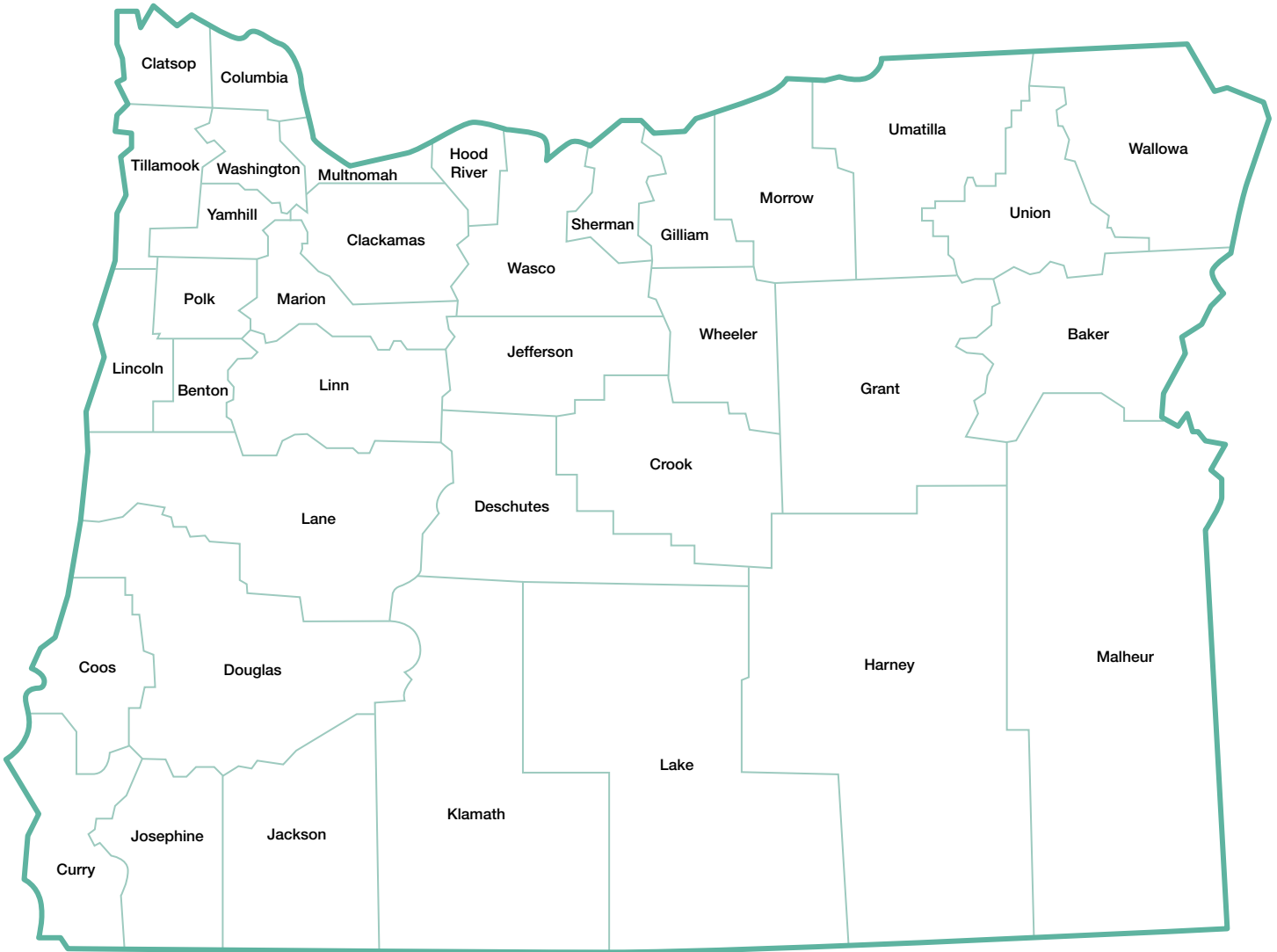
Oregon Vital Statistics Annual Report 2017

Volume 2

- Mortality
- Fetal and infant mortality



PUBLIC HEALTH DIVISION
Center for Public Health Practice
Center for Health Statistics



Oregon
Vital Statistics
Annual Report
2017

Volume 2



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Preface

“What’s past is prologue ... ”

Sometimes the best way to determine what direction to take is to look at where we are and back at where we have been. This is as true in matters of public health as it is in navigation. Vital events — births, deaths, marriage, divorce — chart the course Oregonians take throughout their lives. In today’s complex society, using this information for careful policy and resource planning is becoming more important than it has ever been.

Each year the Oregon Health Authority’s Center for Health Statistics publishes the Oregon Vital Statistics Annual Report, an analytical look at the health of Oregon as measured by the health of its citizens. By this means, policy makers and health professionals have a source of important knowledge that can be used to form the basis for action and benchmarks for assessing progress.

Structure of the report

To improve ease of use and timeliness, the Oregon Vital Statistics Annual Report is issued in two volumes.

- **Volume 1** presents data on births, abortions and teen pregnancy.
- **Volume 2** presents data on deaths (all ages) and perinatal deaths.

The only marriage, divorce, domestic partnership and dissolution of domestic partnership data in the report are statewide occurrences and rates. Information by county and by month of occurrence is available, as are a variety of year-to-date preliminary data on deaths, births, abortions and teen pregnancy at the Center for Health Statistics (CHS) website:

<http://public.health.oregon.gov/BirthDeathCertificates/VitalStatistics/annualreports/Pages/index.aspx>.

Additional data are available in the form of simple cross-tabulations. For information on availability or to request the data, call the Center for Health Statistics as listed on the previous credits page.

The more significant demographic and public health issues are discussed in the narrative sections that open each chapter. These narratives are accompanied by charts, graphs and sidebar tables. Readers can research their own areas of interest by using the tables following the chapter narratives.

A cooperative effort

The presentation of data in this report is the final stage of a long, ongoing process that begins with the prompt, accurate recording of vital events. This registration system ensures that the information is collected, kept secure, and made available to individuals and their families when needed for documentation. Tabulations and analyses of the data by the Oregon Center for Health Statistics provide useful information about the health and social changes occurring in Oregon.

Vital statistics has been called “the eyes and ears of public health,” and is, in fact, the only organized system of health records covering the entire population. The collection of data is a highly cooperative effort that depends on the participation of a great many people throughout the state.

The providers of services

Those who provide the services associated with vital events are the first participants in the collection system.

The birth attendant completes both the legal document and the confidential statistical section of the birth certificate. For deaths, the funeral director or person who first assumes responsibility for the body files the death or fetal death certificate. A physician completes the medical portion of these death certificates, except in cases of found bodies and those deaths due to external or “non-natural” causes, which are certified by medical examiners. Hospital medical records personnel help to ensure that all certificates are complete and accurate.

These service providers then file the completed certificates using a web-based system that transmits the records to the county and state registrar simultaneously.

Abortions are treated differently. The providers of induced abortions file the completed statistical data (which contain no identifying information) directly with the state registrar.

County officials

County registrars play an important role by further assuring the completeness and accuracy of death registrations. They check the certificates against other sources of information to make certain no events are missed. County registrars also follow up on any incomplete items before sending certificates to the state registrar at the Center for Health Statistics.

Center for Health Statistics

At the state level, the staff of the Center perform additional checks for completeness and accuracy. A field representative makes contact with providers and county registrars. Clerical staff send correspondence seeking additional information on such matters as causes of death, birthweight and tobacco use. Microfilmmers store certificates so that certified copies can be made. Coders and data entry personnel turn the collected information into computerized data, which are then retrieved by programmers, analyzed by researchers, and made available for demographic and public health needs.

Other states

This report does not overlook events relating to Oregon residents that occurred in another state. The Centers for Health Statistics in each U.S. state and Canadian province have agreed to forward copies of birth, death and fetal death records to the state where the person usually resided. A cooperative agreement also exists for reports on induced termination of pregnancy; however, some states collect no resident information on these reports and, therefore, cannot participate in the exchange.

Among all these participants, it is clear there is no single recorder. The many hundreds of people throughout Oregon who record the major life events of our citizens have all played important roles in preparing this report. It could not have been achieved without them.

Executive summary

Each year, the Oregon Health Authority's Center for Health Statistics publishes the Oregon Vital Statistics Annual Report, an analytical look at the health of Oregon as measured by the health of its citizens. By this means, policymakers and health professionals have a source of important knowledge to help form the basis for action and benchmarks for assessing progress. Volume 2 of the report includes data on deaths (all ages) and perinatal deaths.

SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS, VOLUME 2		
Vital statistic	2017	2016
Population	4,141,000	4,076,350
Deaths		
Number	36,640	35,799
Crude death rate	8.8	8.8
Infant deaths		
Number	236	211
Rate	5.4	4.6
Neonatal deaths		
Number	157	148
Rate	3.6	3.3
Maternal deaths		
Number	12	8
Rate	27.5	17.6
NOTE: Data are for Oregon residents. Crude death rates are per 1,000 population; infant and neonatal rates are per 1,000 live resident births; maternal death rates are per 100,000 live resident births.		

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SECTION 5: QUICK REFERENCE (VOLUME 2)

Quick reference (Volume 2)

Summary of Oregon vital events, 2017		
Population	4,141,000	The population increased 64,650, or 1.6%, since 2016.
Deaths Number Rate	Residents 36,640 8.8	The number of deaths decreased by 841. The rate was unchanged.
Infant deaths Number Rate	Residents 236 5.4	The number of infant deaths increased by 25. The rate increased by 17.4%.
Neonatal deaths Number Rate	Residents 157 3.6	The number of neonatal deaths increased by nine. The rate increased by 9.1%.
Maternal deaths Number Rate	Residents 12 27.5	Oregon's average maternal death rate for 2013–17 was 20.1. Oregon's average maternal death rate for 2012–16 (17.6) was 38.0% lower than the average U.S. rate ¹ (28.4).
<p>¹ National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) National Vital Statistics Reports, final 2012-2016, are the most recent available.</p> <p>NOTE: Crude death rates are per 1,000 population; infant and neonatal rates per 1,000 live resident births; maternal death rates per 100,000 live resident births. In 2006, the method of calculating maternal death changed to include a longer time frame after the birth.</p>		

TABLE 5-1. Deaths, maternal deaths, infant deaths, neonatal deaths and fetal deaths, U.S., 1945-2016¹

Year	Deaths		Maternal deaths ³		Infant deaths ⁵		Neonatal deaths ⁷		Fetal deaths ⁸	
	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ⁴	Number	Rate ⁶	Number	Rate ⁶	Number	Ratio ⁶
1945	1,401,719	10.6	5,668	207.2	104,684	38.3	66,593	24.3	65,513	23.9
1946	1,395,617	10.0	5,153	156.7	111,063	33.8	79,079	24.0	74,849	22.8
1947	1,445,370	10.1	4,978	134.5	119,173	32.2	84,296	22.8	77,917	21.1
1948	1,444,337	9.9	4,122	116.6	113,169	32.0	78,426	22.2	72,838	20.6
1949	1,443,607	9.7	3,216	90.3	111,531	31.3	76,326	21.4	70,584	19.8
1950	1,452,454	9.6	2,960	83.3	103,825	29.2	72,855	20.5	68,262	19.2
1951	1,482,099	9.7	2,812	75.0	106,702	28.4	75,192	20.0	70,569	18.8
1952	1,496,838	9.6	2,610	67.8	109,413	28.4	76,253	19.8	70,447	18.3
1953	1,517,541	9.6	2,385	61.1	108,405	27.8	76,332	19.6	69,393	17.8
1954	1,481,091	9.2	2,105	52.4	106,791	26.6	76,724	19.1	70,109	17.5
1955	1,528,717	9.3	1,901	47.0	106,903	26.4	77,351	19.1	69,153	17.1
1956	1,564,476	9.4	1,702	40.9	108,183	26.0	78,659	18.9	68,659	16.5
1957	1,633,128	9.6	1,746	41.0	112,094	26.3	81,088	19.1	69,561	16.3
1958	1,647,886	9.5	1,581	37.6	113,789	27.1	81,798	19.5	69,355	16.5
1959	1,656,814	9.4	1,588	37.4	112,008	26.4	80,778	19.0	68,613	16.2
1960	1,711,982	9.5	1,579	37.1	110,873	26.0	79,733	18.7	68,480	16.1
1961	1,701,522	9.3	1,573	36.9	107,956	25.3	78,482	18.4	68,767	16.1
1962	1,756,720	9.5	1,465	35.2	105,479	25.3	76,346	18.3	66,421	15.9
1963	1,813,549	9.6	1,466	35.8	103,390	25.2	74,648	18.2	64,640	15.8
1964	1,798,051	9.4	1,343	33.3	99,783	24.8	72,026	17.9	65,931	16.4
1965	1,828,136	9.4	1,189	31.6	92,866	24.7	66,419	17.7	60,859	16.2
1966	1,863,149	9.5	1,049	29.1	85,516	23.7	61,941	17.2	56,637	15.7
1967	1,851,323	9.4	987	28.0	79,028	22.4	58,127	16.5	54,934	15.6
1968	1,930,082	9.7	859	24.5	76,263	21.8	56,456	16.1	55,293	15.8
1969	1,921,990	9.5	801	22.2	75,073	20.9	56,085	15.6	50,749	14.1
1970	1,921,031	9.5	803	21.5	74,667	20.0	56,279	15.1	52,961	14.2
1971	1,927,542	9.3	668	18.8	67,981	19.1	50,496	14.2	47,818	13.4
1972	1,963,944	9.4	612	18.8	60,182	18.5	44,432	13.6	41,380	12.7
1973	1,973,003	9.3	477	15.2	55,581	17.7	40,664	13.0	38,309	12.2
1974	1,934,388	9.1	462	14.6	52,776	16.7	38,738	12.3	36,281	11.5
1975	1,892,879	8.8	403	12.8	50,525	16.1	36,416	11.6	33,796	10.7
1976	1,909,440	8.8	390	12.3	48,265	15.2	34,587	10.9	33,111	10.5
1977	1,899,597	8.6	373	11.2	46,975	14.1	32,860	9.9	33,052	9.9
1978	1,927,788	8.7	321	9.6	45,945	13.8	31,618	9.5	32,301	9.7
1979	1,913,841	8.5	336	9.6	45,665	13.1	30,980	8.9	32,969	9.4
1980	1,989,841	8.8	334	9.2	45,526	12.6	30,618	8.5	33,353	9.2
1981	1,977,981	8.6	309	8.5	43,305	11.9	28,000	7.8	32,596	9.0
1982	1,974,797	8.5	292	7.9	42,401	11.5	28,000	7.6	32,694	8.9
1983	2,019,201	8.6	290	8.0	40,627	11.2	26,507	7.3	30,752	8.5
1984	2,039,369	8.6	285	7.8	39,580	10.8	25,691	7.0	30,099	8.2
1985	2,086,440	8.7	295	7.8	40,030	10.6	26,179	7.0	29,661	7.9
1986	2,105,361	8.7	272	7.2	38,891	10.4	25,212	6.7	28,972	7.7
1987	2,123,323	8.7	251	6.6	38,380	10.0	24,940	6.5	29,349	7.7
1988	2,167,999	8.8	330	8.4	38,910	10.0	24,690	6.3	29,442	7.5
1989	2,150,466	8.7	320	7.9	39,655	9.8	24,800	6.2	30,469	7.5
1990	2,148,463	8.6	343	8.2	38,351	9.2	23,920	5.8	31,386	7.5
1991	2,169,518	8.6	323	7.9	36,766	8.9	22,978	5.6	30,160	7.3
1992	2,175,613	8.5	318	7.8	34,628	8.5	21,849	5.4	30,256	7.4

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 5-1. Deaths, maternal deaths, infant deaths, neonatal deaths and fetal deaths, U.S., 1945-2016¹ — Continued

Year	Deaths		Maternal deaths ³		Infant deaths ⁵		Neonatal deaths ⁷		Fetal deaths ⁸	
	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ⁴	Number	Rate ⁶	Number	Rate ⁶	Number	Ratio ⁶
1993	2,268,553	8.8	302	8.0	33,466	8.0	21,174	5.0	28,766	7.0
1994	2,278,994	8.8	328	8.3	31,710	8.0	20,250	5.1	27,937	7.1
1995	2,312,132	8.8	277	7.1	29,583	7.6	19,155	4.9	27,294	7.0
1996	2,314,690	8.7	294	7.6	28,487	7.3	18,572	4.8	27,069	7.0
1997	2,314,245	8.7	327	8.4	28,045	7.2	18,524	4.8	26,486	6.8
1998	2,338,070	8.7	281	7.1	28,496	7.2	18,832	4.8	26,702	6.7
1999	2,391,399	8.8	406	9.9	27,937	7.1	18,728	4.7	26,884	6.7
2000	2,403,351	8.7	404	9.8	28,035	6.9	18,776	4.6	27,003	6.6
2001	2,416,425	8.5	416	9.9	27,568	6.8	18,265	4.5	26,373	6.5
2002	2,443,387	8.5	379	9.4	28,034	7.0	18,747	4.7	25,943	6.4
2003	2,448,288	8.4	495	12.1	28,025	6.9	18,893	4.6	25,653	6.2
2004	2,397,615	8.2	540	13.1	27,936	6.8	18,593	4.5	25,655	6.2
2005	2,448,017	8.3	623	15.1	28,440	6.9	18,770	4.5	25,894	6.2
2006	2,426,264	8.1	760	17.8	28,527	6.7	18,989	4.5	25,972	6.1
2007	2,423,712	8.0	769	17.8	29,138	6.8	19,058	4.4	26,593	6.1
2008	2,471,984	8.1	795	18.7	28,059	6.6	18,211	4.3	26,335	6.2
2009	2,437,163	7.9	960	23.2	26,412	6.4	17,255	4.2	24,872	6.0
2010	2,468,435	8.0	825	20.6	24,586	6.1	16,188	4.0	24,258	6.0
2011	2,515,458	8.0	931	23.5	23,985	6.1	16,035	4.1	24,289	6.1
2012	2,543,279	8.1	990	25.1	23,629	6.0	15,850	4.0	24,073	6.1
2013	2,596,993	8.2	1,138	28.9	23,440	6.0	15,867	4.0	23,595	6.0
2014	2,626,418	8.2	1,123	28.2	23,215	5.8	15,720	3.9	23,893	6.0
2015	2,712,630	8.4	1,140	28.7	23,455	5.9	15,652	3.9	23,703	6.0
2016	2,744,248	8.5	1,231	31.2	23,161	5.9	15,282	3.9	23,880	6.1

¹ Most recent year for which final U.S. data available.

² Per 1,000 population.

³ Prior to 2006, maternal deaths only included deaths that occurred during pregnancy or within 42 days of delivery. Since 2006, maternal deaths include deaths that occurred during pregnancy or within one year of delivery.

⁴ Per 100,000 live births.

⁵ Infant deaths occur in the first year of life.

⁶ Per 1,000 live births.

⁷ Neonatal deaths occur within the first 27 days of life.

⁸ Includes fetuses with gestation of at least 20 weeks.

SOURCES: Vital Statistics of the United States, vols. 1-3 lists historical data. Recent data are available from the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) web site (www.cdc.gov/nchs).

TABLE 5-2. Deaths, maternal deaths, infant deaths, neonatal deaths and fetal deaths, Oregon residents, selected years, 1910-2017

Year	Deaths		Maternal deaths ¹		Infant deaths ²		Neonatal deaths ³		Fetal deaths ⁴	
	Number	Rate ⁵	Number	Rate ⁶	Number	Rate ⁷	Number	Rate ⁷	Number	Ratio ⁷
1910	6,089	9.0	91	992.0	733	79.9	—	—	—	—
1915	6,718	9.1	74	605.0	583	47.6	—	—	—	—
1920	9,186	11.6	112	749.0	927	61.9	—	—	—	—
1925	9,596	10.9	95	610.0	787	50.5	—	—	—	—
1930	10,544	11.0	81	601.0	671	49.8	—	—	390	28.9
1935	11,429	11.2	72	548.0	537	40.8	—	—	300	22.8
1940	12,329	11.3	45	257.0	592	33.2	413	23.6	365	20.8
1945	12,325	10.0	29	124.0	660	28.3	473	20.3	402	17.2
1950	13,888	9.1	22	61.1	816	22.7	627	17.4	493	13.7
1955	15,303	9.1	8	20.7	934	24.1	681	17.6	497	12.8
1960	16,787	9.5	14	36.5	891	23.2	635	16.6	493	12.9
1961	16,885	9.3	8	21.3	861	23.0	604	16.1	454	16.1
1962	17,221	9.4	7	18.9	811	21.9	554	15.0	461	12.5
1963	18,017	9.7	7	20.1	747	21.4	551	15.8	410	11.8
1964	18,138	9.5	4	11.9	754	22.5	532	15.9	402	12.0
1965	18,133	9.2	1	3.0	696	21.1	477	14.5	421	12.8
1966	18,979	9.5	3	9.2	697	21.5	506	15.6	387	11.9
1967	18,908	9.4	4	12.7	616	19.6	436	13.9	395	12.6
1968	19,017	9.3	3	9.3	637	19.8	460	14.3	365	11.4
1969	19,548	9.4	4	11.8	592	17.5	410	12.1	194	§
1970	19,530	9.3	5	14.1	555	15.7	381	10.8	486	13.7
1971	20,087	9.4	5	15.0	615	18.4	416	12.5	408	12.2
1972	20,216	9.3	5	16.0	528	16.9	359	11.5	391	12.5
1973	20,881	9.4	1	3.2	466	15.1	329	10.6	312	10.1
1974	20,320	9.0	3	9.2	488	15.0	330	10.2	266	8.2
1975	20,142	8.8	3	9.0	502	15.1	330	9.9	284	8.5
1976	20,459	8.7	0	0.0	444	12.7	277	8.0	280	8.0
1977	20,457	8.5	5	13.3	453	12.1	293	7.8	283	7.6
1978	20,870	8.4	2	5.1	502	12.9	299	7.7	302	7.8
1979	21,024	8.3	1	2.4	450	10.8	276	6.6	307	7.4
1980	21,756	8.3	1	2.3	521	12.1	303	7.0	294	6.8
1981	21,798	8.2	3	7.0	466	10.8	299	7.0	298	6.9
1982	21,594	8.1	8	19.5	433	10.6	253	6.2	253	6.2
1983	22,361	8.5	6	15.0	385	9.6	215	5.4	268	6.7
1984	23,101	8.7	5	10.1	388	9.8	190	4.8	257	6.5
1985	23,824	8.9	4	10.1	387	9.8	211	5.3	237	6.0
1986	23,328	8.8	4	10.3	368	9.5	183	4.7	268	6.9
1987	24,181	9.0	2	5.2	402	10.4	213	5.5	222	5.7
1988	24,557	9.0	3	7.5	339	8.5	181	4.5	235	5.9
1989	24,679	8.8	4	9.7	364	8.8	205	5.0	230	5.6
1990	25,073	8.8	3	7.0	354	8.3	182	4.2	262	6.1
1991	24,935	8.5	3	7.0	307	7.2	172	4.0	261	6.1
1992	25,714	8.6	3	7.2	297	7.1	158	3.8	243	5.8
1993	27,596	9.1	7	16.8	297	7.1	154	3.7	204	4.9
1994	27,361	8.9	4	9.6	295	7.1	164	3.9	224	5.4
1995	28,190	9.0	0	0.0	262	6.1	137	3.2	237	5.5
1996	28,900	9.1	2	4.6	244	5.6	145	3.3	251	5.8
1997	28,750	8.9	5	11.4	256	5.8	157	3.6	235	5.4

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 5-2. Deaths, maternal deaths, infant deaths, neonatal deaths and fetal deaths, Oregon residents, selected years, 1910-2017 — Continued

Year	Deaths		Maternal deaths ¹		Infant deaths ²		Neonatal deaths ³		Fetal deaths ⁴	
	Number	Rate ⁵	Number	Rate ⁶	Number	Rate ⁷	Number	Rate ⁷	Number	Ratio ⁷
1998	29,346	9.0	5	11.1	246	5.4	143	3.2	208	4.6
1999	29,356	8.9	3	6.6	261	5.8	191	4.2	216	4.8
2000	29,541	8.6	4	8.7	255	5.6	165	3.6	201	4.4
2001	30,128	8.7	3	6.6	245	5.4	158	3.5	205	4.5
2002	31,082	8.9	3	6.6	260	5.8	172	3.8	222	4.9
2003	30,813	8.7	1	2.2	256	5.6	173	3.8	184	4.0
2004	30,201	8.4	6	13.1	252	5.5	178	3.9	184	4.0
2005	30,854	8.5	3	6.5	270	5.9	177	3.9	170	3.7
2006	31,304	8.5	9	18.5	269	5.5	183	3.8	177	3.6
2007	31,433	8.4	9	18.2	278	5.6	192	3.9	181	3.7
2008	32,020	8.4	5	10.2	252	5.1	155	3.2	212	4.3
2009	31,547	8.3	7	14.8	228	4.8	157	3.3	216	4.6
2010	31,899	8.3	4	8.8	225	4.9	153	3.4	181	4.0
2011	32,731	8.5	10	22.2	210	4.7	141	3.1	186	4.1
2012	32,475	8.4	7	15.5	239	5.3	163	3.6	206	4.6
2013	33,931	8.7	12	26.6	225	5.0	156	3.5	189	4.2
2014	34,160	8.6	9	19.8	234	5.1	158	3.5	191	4.2
2015	35,709	8.9	4	8.8	233	5.1	150	3.3	186	4.1
2016	35,799	8.8	8	17.6	211	4.6	148	3.3	184	4.0
2017	36,640	8.8	12	27.5	236	5.4	157	3.6	185	4.2

— Data not available.

§ Incomplete total; ratio not calculated.

¹ Prior to 2006, maternal deaths only included deaths that occurred during pregnancy or within 42 days of delivery. Since 2006, maternal deaths include deaths that occurred during pregnancy or within one year of delivery.

² Infant deaths occur in the first year of life.

³ Neonatal deaths occur within the first 27 days of life.

⁴ Includes fetuses with birthweight of at least 350 grams or, if birthweight is unknown, gestation of at least 20 weeks.

⁵ Per 1,000 population.

⁶ Per 100,000 live births.

⁷ Per 1,000 live births.

**TABLE 5-3. Deaths, infant deaths, neonatal deaths and fetal deaths
by county of residence, Oregon, 2017**

County of residence	Deaths		Infant deaths		Neonatal deaths		Fetal deaths	
	Number	Rate ¹	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²	Number	Ratio ³
Total ⁴	36,640	8.8	236	5.4	157	3.6	185	4.2
Baker	208	*12.4	1	6.4	—	—	2	12.8
Benton	590	*6.4	4	5.7	2	2.9	5	7.2
Clackamas	3,409	*8.3	16	3.9	10	2.4	15	3.7
Clatsop	437	*11.3	1	2.7	—	—	1	2.7
Columbia	461	9.0	2	3.9	2	3.9	1	1.9
Coos	974	*15.4	2	3.3	1	1.7	—	—
Crook	274	*12.4	1	3.8	1	3.8	1	3.8
Curry	375	*16.4	—	—	—	—	—	—
Deschutes	1,516	*8.3	6	3.3	2	1.1	5	2.8
Douglas	1,554	*14.0	9	8.4	4	3.7	4	3.7
Gilliam	21	10.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grant	94	*12.7	—	—	—	—	1	15.9
Harney	66	9.0	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hood River	190	*7.6	—	—	—	—	1	3.8
Jackson	2,470	*11.4	14	6.2	10	4.4	13	5.8
Jefferson	201	8.7	4	15.2	3	11.4	1	3.8
Josephine	1,235	*14.4	4	4.5	3	3.4	3	3.4
Klamath	833	*12.3	8	10.1	5	6.3	4	5.1
Lake	75	9.2	—	—	—	—	1	16.1
Lane	3,720	*10.0	20	5.8	13	3.8	11	3.2
Lincoln	652	*13.6	2	5.0	1	2.5	3	7.4
Linn	1,321	*10.7	7	4.8	4	2.7	11	7.5
Malheur	323	*10.1	1	2.5	1	2.5	3	7.5
Marion	2,879	8.5	25	5.6	23	5.2	24	5.4
Morrow	73	*6.1	2	11.8	1	5.9	—	—
Multnomah	5,821	*7.2	42	5.0	27	3.2	40	4.7
Polk	718	8.9	8	9.3	7	8.1	6	7.0
Sherman	19	10.6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tillamook	302	*11.5	1	4.6	—	—	—	—
Umatilla	658	8.2	6	6.3	5	5.3	5	5.3
Union	265	9.9	2	6.7	1	3.4	1	3.4
Wallowa	89	*12.4	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wasco	334	*12.3	1	3.2	1	3.2	—	—
Washington	3,433	*5.8	40	6.0	25	3.8	17	2.6
Wheeler	17	11.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yamhill	1,032	*9.7	7	6.3	5	4.5	6	5.4

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rates per 1,000 population for deaths.

² Rates per 1,000 live births for infant and neonatal deaths.

³ Ratios per 1,000 live births for fetal deaths.

⁴ Total includes unknown county of residence.

* Indicates rate is statistically significantly different from the state rate (P < 0.05).

WARNING: Rates or ratios based on less than five events are unreliable.

NOTE: Infant deaths occur in the first year of life. Neonatal deaths occur within the first 27 days of life. Fetal deaths include fetuses with birthweight of 350 grams or more or, if birthweight was unknown, gestational age of 20 weeks or more.

TABLE 5-4. Population and deaths by city of residence, Oregon, 2017

City of residence	Estimated population July 1, 2017	Deaths	
		Number	Rate
Albany (Linn, Benton)	52,710	541	10.3
Ashland (Jackson)	20,700	190	9.2
Baker City (Baker)	9,890	137	13.9
Beaverton (Washington)	95,685	828	8.7
Bend (Deschutes)	86,765	716	8.3
Canby (Clackamas)	16,660	155	9.3
Central Point (Jackson)	17,700	220	12.4
Coos Bay (Coos)	16,615	256	15.4
Cornelius (Washington)	11,915	62	5.2
Corvallis (Benton)	58,735	365	6.2
Cottage Grove (Lane)	9,920	130	13.1
Dallas (Polk)	15,570	229	14.7
Eugene (Lane)	167,780	1,627	9.7
Forest Grove (Washington)	23,555	225	9.6
Gladstone (Clackamas)	11,840	128	10.8
Grants Pass (Josephine)	37,135	536	14.4
Gresham (Multnomah)	109,820	708	6.4
Happy Valley (Clackamas)	19,985	180	9.0
Hermiston (Umatilla)	17,985	144	8.0
Hillsboro (Washington)	101,540	544	5.4
Keizer (Marion)	38,345	365	9.5
Klamath Falls (Klamath)	21,770	282	13.0
La Grande (Union)	13,245	145	10.9
Lake Oswego (Clackamas, Multnomah, Washington)	37,490	310	8.3
Lebanon (Linn)	16,720	239	14.3
McMinnville (Yamhill)	33,665	425	12.6
Medford (Jackson)	79,590	1,066	13.4
Milwaukie (Clackamas)	20,550	500	24.3
Newberg (Yamhill)	23,480	231	9.8
Newport (Lincoln)	10,215	130	12.7
Ontario (Malheur)	11,465	145	12.6
Oregon City (Clackamas)	34,610	382	11.0
Pendleton (Umatilla)	16,890	129	7.6
Portland (Clackamas, Multnomah, Washington)	639,100	5,132	8.0
Prineville (Crook)	9,880	161	16.3
Redmond (Deschutes)	28,265	274	9.7
Roseburg (Douglas)	24,015	429	17.9
Salem (Marion, Polk)	163,480	1,631	10.0
Sandy (Clackamas)	10,855	95	8.8
Sherwood (Washington)	19,350	101	5.2
Silverton (Marion)	10,070	78	7.7
Springfield (Lane)	60,655	693	11.4
St. Helens (Columbia)	13,240	133	10.0
The Dalles (Wasco)	14,625	258	17.6
Tigard (Washington)	50,985	438	8.6
Troutdale (Multnomah)	16,070	92	5.7
Tualatin (Clackamas, Washington)	26,960	173	6.4
West Linn (Clackamas)	25,695	170	6.6
Wilsonville (Clackamas, Washington)	24,315	167	6.9
Woodburn (Marion)	24,685	220	8.9

Includes top 50 cities by population. Counties listed in parentheses.
Population source: Population Research Center, Portland State University.
Rate per 1,000 population.

SECTION 6: MORTALITY

Mortality

As Oregon's population both ages and increases, the annual number of deaths generally trends upward. In 2017, the number of deaths increased to 36,640, up from 35,799 the previous year.* The crude death rate† increased from 878.2 per 100,000 population in 2016 to 884.8 in 2017 (see Figure 6-1 and Table 6-3). The age-adjusted death rate also increased from 702.6 to 707.0 (see Table 6-47t).

In 2016, the most recent year for which final U.S. data are available (1), Oregon's age-adjusted death rate was 3.1% lower than the U.S. rate and ranked 38th (first being highest) among the states and the District of Columbia (see Table 6-55). During the past 25 years, the greatest difference between the United States and Oregon age-adjusted death rates occurred in 1991 when Oregon's rate was 6.8% lower than the U.S. rate (859.6 versus 921.9) and ranked 36th among the states and the District of Columbia.

Oregon's age-adjusted, cause-specific death rates ranked among the 10 highest in the states and the District of Columbia‡ for four causes: viral hepatitis (fourth highest), alcohol-induced deaths (fifth), Parkinson's disease (seventh) and hypertension (eighth). At the same time, Oregon was among the 10 states with the lowest rates for eight causes: septicemia and influenza/pneumonia (both were third lowest); heart disease; HIV/AIDS; nephritis/nephrosis and perinatal conditions (each of which was fifth lowest); atherosclerosis (ninth lowest); and homicide (10th lowest).

Life expectancy at birth

The longest living Oregonian ever recorded was a Siberian-born man who died in 1999 at 117 years of age. Most of the state's residents have much shorter lives, but the long-term trend is for increasing life expectancy. Since 1960, the life expectancy of Oregonians at the time of their birth has increased from 70.9 years to 79.7 in 2017 (see Table A).

* State vital records offices within the United States maintain an inter-jurisdictional exchange agreement to provide a copy of the death record, or electronic equivalent, to the vital records office of the decedent's residence state if the person dies outside his or her home state. This exchange is highly dependent on the capacity of the state in which the death occurred to provide those files to Oregon.

† Unless otherwise specified, references to death rates mean crude death rates. See Appendix B for further discussion of crude and age-adjusted rates.

‡ This excludes states with unreliable data for each cause.

Oregon's age-adjusted death rate increased from 702.6 to 707.0.

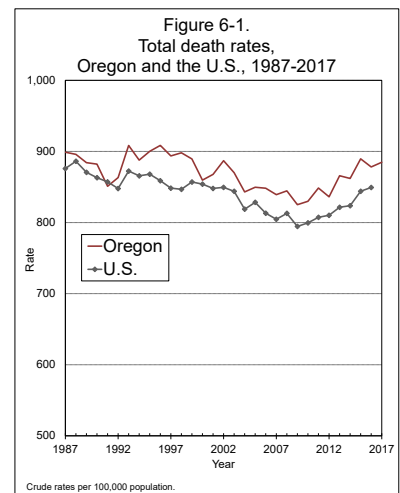
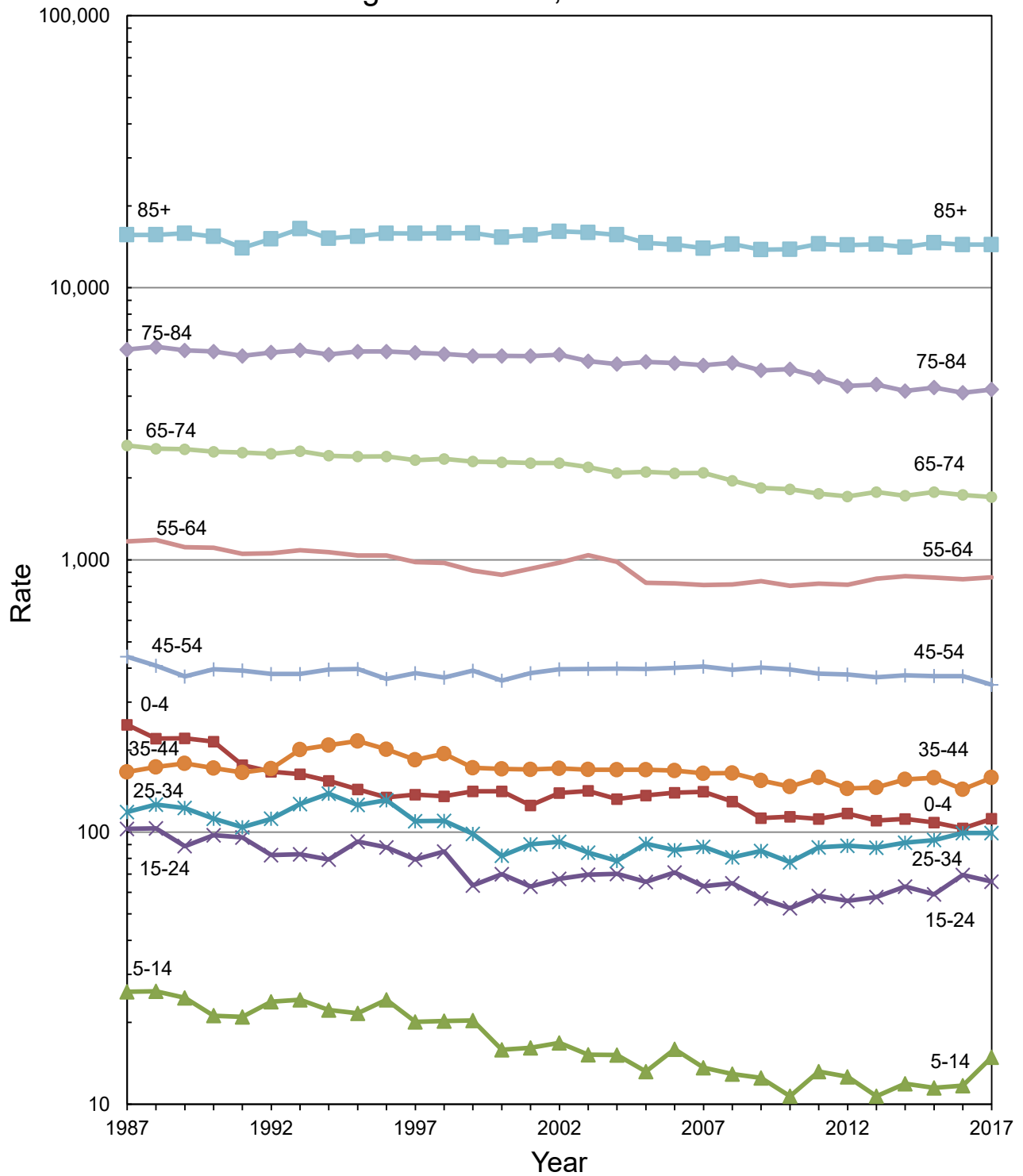


Figure 6-2.
Age-specific death rates,
Oregon residents, 1987-2017



Rates per 100,000 population.
Note: A logarithmic scale is used for the vertical axis.

Table A - Life expectancy, Oregon and the United States, 1960-2017						
Year	Oregon			United States		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
1960	70.9	N.A.	N.A.	69.7	66.6	73.1
1970	72.1	68.4	76.2	70.8	67.1	74.7
1980	75.0	71.4	78.8	73.7	70.0	77.4
1990	76.7	73.3	80.1	75.4	71.8	78.8
2000	78.0	75.6	80.4	76.8	74.1	79.3
2010	79.5	77.4	81.6	78.7	76.2	81.0
2015	79.6	77.3	81.8	78.8	76.3	81.2
2016	79.8	77.4	82.2	78.6	76.1	81.1
2017	79.7	77.3	82.0	N/A	N/A	N/A

2016 is the most recent year for which final U.S. data are available. U.S. data source: National Center for Health Statistics. Deaths: Final Data for 2016. National Vital Statistics Reports, Vol 67 no 5. (www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr67/nvsr67_05.pdf)

Life expectancy is a hypothetical construct representing the average number of years a group of infants would live if they were to experience, throughout their lives, the age-specific death rates present at the time of their birth. Such factors as the environment, the economy, health behaviors and changing medical technology affect life expectancy.

The life expectancy of Oregonians was similar in 2016 (79.8 years) and 2017 (79.7). Using a five-year average from 2013 through 2017, life expectancy varied by 7.3 years among Oregon's counties (see Table 6-57). Six counties had a life expectancy significantly longer than the state average (79.7): Benton (83.4), Washington (82.3), Grant (81.7), Hood River (81.5), Clackamas (80.9) and Deschutes (80.6). The 16 counties with significantly shorter life expectancies than the state average were Curry (76.1), Coos (76.5), Josephine and Klamath (76.9), Douglas and Jefferson (77.4), Lincoln (77.7), Clatsop and Linn (77.9), Wasco (78.0), Malheur (78.2), Crook (78.5), Tillamook (78.7), Jackson and Umatilla (78.9), and Multnomah (79.2).

Demographic characteristics

Sex

Between 2016 and 2017, the mortality rate increased for both males and females, resulting in an overall increase in Oregon's crude death rate (see Table 6-1). The male rate increased 0.1% (914.2 per 100,000 population in 2016 compared to 915.0 in 2017), and the female rate increased 1.4% (843.1 in 2016 compared to 855.2 in 2017).

Table B - Age-adjusted death rates by county of residence, 2017	
County	Rate
Oregon total	707.0
Baker	712.4
Benton**	529.5
Clackamas**	621.6
Clatsop*	807.8
Columbia	714.3
Coos*	937.6
Crook	744.7
Curry*	835.6
Deschutes**	664.2
Douglas*	810.3
Gilliam	561.4
Grant	646.7
Harney	610.3
Hood River	630.0
Jackson*	741.2
Jefferson	737.1
Josephine*	811.6
Klamath*	895.4
Lake	562.7
Lane*	734.8
Lincoln*	828.1
Linn*	819.8
Malheur*	796.3
Marion*	736.6
Morrow**	545.2
Multnomah*	730.9
Polk	717.3
Sherman	591.9
Tillamook	745.1
Umatilla	743.4
Union	662.8
Wallowa	638.1
Wasco*	796.6
Washington**	574.5
Wheeler	533.6
Yamhill*	763.7
Rates per 100,000 population.	
* Significantly higher than the state rate.	
** Significantly lower than the state rate.	

During 2017, the female crude death rate was lower than the male rate. While this was typical during the 20th century, the female rate has occasionally been higher than the male rate in recent years (see Table 6-1). Increases in female crude death rates vis-à-vis male rates seen over the past decade are largely due to the changing age distribution within these two groups, rather than a decline in the health status of females. There are simply more elderly women than men, and the elderly — even under the best of circumstances — are more likely to die than their younger counterparts are. Despite recent fluctuations in crude death rates, the age-adjusted death rates for males have consistently been higher than for females. In 2015–2017, the male age-adjusted death rate was 38.0% higher than the female rate — 833.8 compared to 604.4 (see Table 6-48m and Table 6-48f).*

Age

Compared with Oregon rates in 2010, age-specific death rates have increased for four of the six age groups shown in Table 6-1. The exceptions are Oregonians 0–4 years of age, where the rate decreased by 1.8%, and those aged 65 years and older, where the rate decreased 14.6%. Those aged 5–14 years saw the greatest increase (39.3%). (See Figure 6-2 and Figure 6-3.)

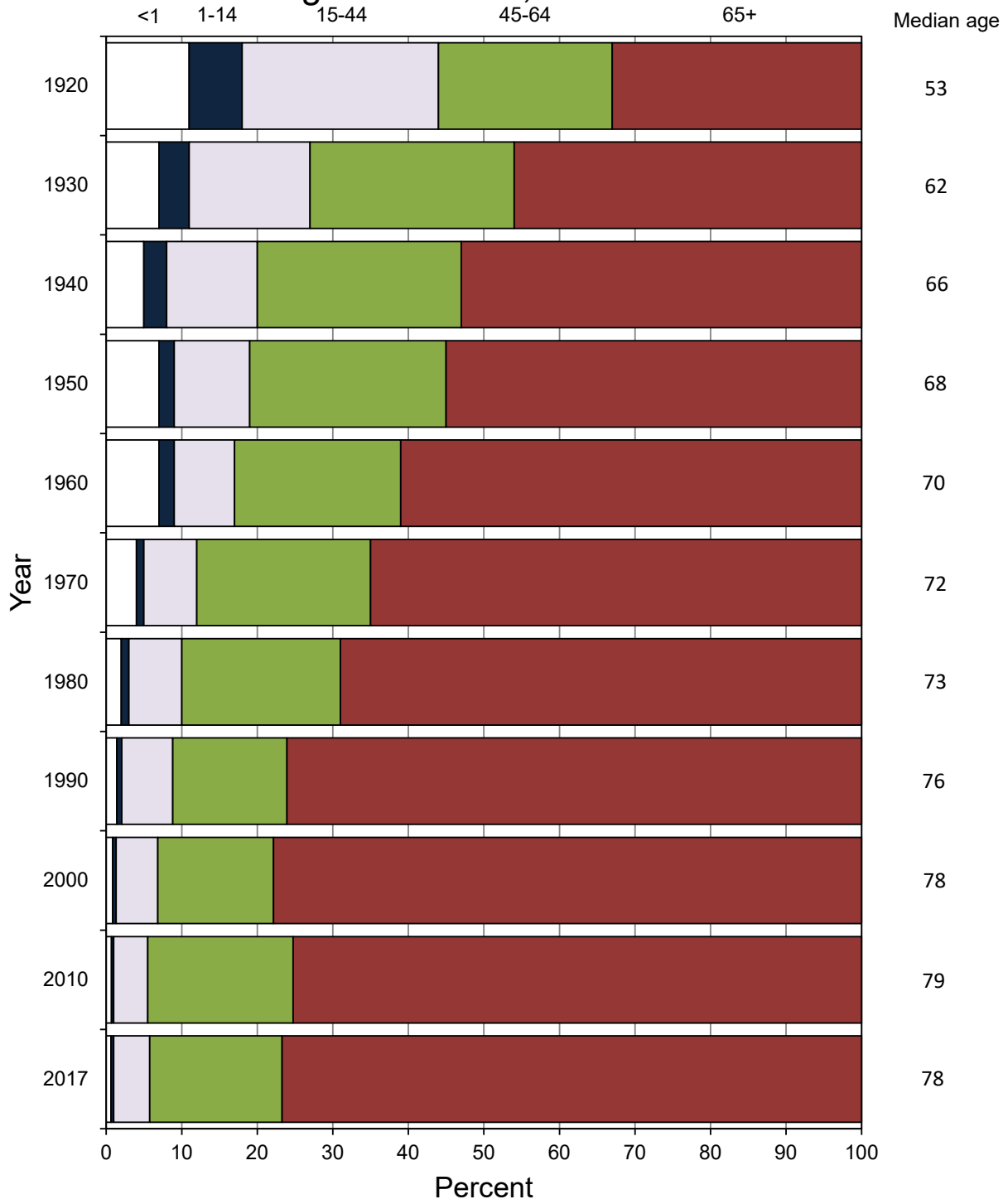
Table 6-1 shows the disparity in age-specific death rates by sex. Male rates are higher than female rates in all six age categories. The age-specific death rate for males 15–24 years old was more than twice as high as the rate for women in the same age group — 92.4 versus 38.1 (per 100,000). The median age at death for both sexes combined was 78 years, which is unchanged since 2013 (see Table 6-15). The median ages at death for each sex were unchanged from the previous year — 74 years for males, and 81 years for females.

County of residence

In 2017, the state age-adjusted death rate was 707.0 per 100,000 population. Fifteen counties had significantly higher age-adjusted rates, while five counties had significantly lower rates (see Table B). Simply residing in a particular county will not necessarily increase or

* See Appendix B for further information about age-specific and age-adjusted death rates.

Figure 6-3.
 Proportion of deaths by selected age groups,
 Oregon residents, 1920-2017



Race group*	Number	Percent
Total multiple race	275	100.0
White	247	89.8
African American	34	12.4
American Indian	187	68.0
Asian ¹	63	22.9
Hawaiian & Pacific Islander ²	27	9.8

* Decedents of Hispanic ethnicity may belong to any race. Columns will not add to total due to multiple race selections.

¹ Includes Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese, and other Asian.

² Includes Native Hawaiian, Guamanian, Samoan, and other Pacific Islander.

decrease one's chance of dying in a given year. Mortality is a consequence of many factors including socioeconomic status, education, employment, smoking, other individual health behaviors, environmental exposure, availability and quality of medical care, and heredity.

Race and Hispanic ethnicity

There are six major race categories: White, Black or African American, American Indian/Alaska Native, Asian, Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, and Other Specified. Beginning in 2006, multiple race and ethnicity categories may be reported for a single decedent. There are four Hispanic ethnicity choices based on the country or countries of origin: Mexican, Cuban, Puerto Rican and Other Hispanic. A person of Hispanic ethnicity may belong to any race category.

The data collected for the Asian categories allow for differentiation by Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese and Other Asian. Among Pacific Islanders, the data collected allow for differentiation among Hawaiian, Guamanian, Samoan and Other Pacific Islander. However, the counts in these more specific race categories are too small for reliable statistical reporting.

Most (91.7%) decedents are reported as non-Hispanic White only. Multiple race categories were marked on the death records of 275 decedents (0.8%) in 2017 (see Table 6-9 and Table C). Among decedents recorded as having multiple race categories, 89.8% were identified as White and 68.0% as American Indian, each in combination with other categories. Allowing multiple race selections raises the mortality counts for all race categories. For instance, when looking at single-mention race categories, the count of American Indian decedents in 2017 was 389 (see Table 6-9). This count increased by 48.1% to 576 when also including multiple-race decedents identifying in part as American Indian, in combination with other races (see Table 6-10). Other databases such as birth, youth surveys and adult telephone surveys are now also collecting multiple race categories. The younger participants in those databases more frequently report multiple races.

Leading causes of death^{*†}

Overview

During the 20th century, with the notable exception of the great influenza pandemic of 1918–1919, heart disease was consistently the leading cause of death among Oregonians. In the 21st century, however, cancer has emerged as the leading cause of death. In 2001, for the first time, more Oregonians died from cancer, also referred to as malignant neoplasms, than from diseases of the heart. During 2017, 8,084 Oregonians died from cancer while 6,945 died from heart disease.

The first and second leading causes of death during 2017 were malignant neoplasms and heart disease; combined, they accounted for 41.0% of all deaths. Malignant neoplasms resulted in almost twice as many years of potential life lost as heart disease, reflecting the younger ages of cancer patients (see Table 6-14). The apparent increasing risk of cancer vis-à-vis heart disease during the 21st century is not the result of an increasing cancer death rate, but rather a declining heart disease death rate. In fact, the malignant neoplasm death rate has trended downward in the past 25 years, but the heart disease death rate has fallen more rapidly.

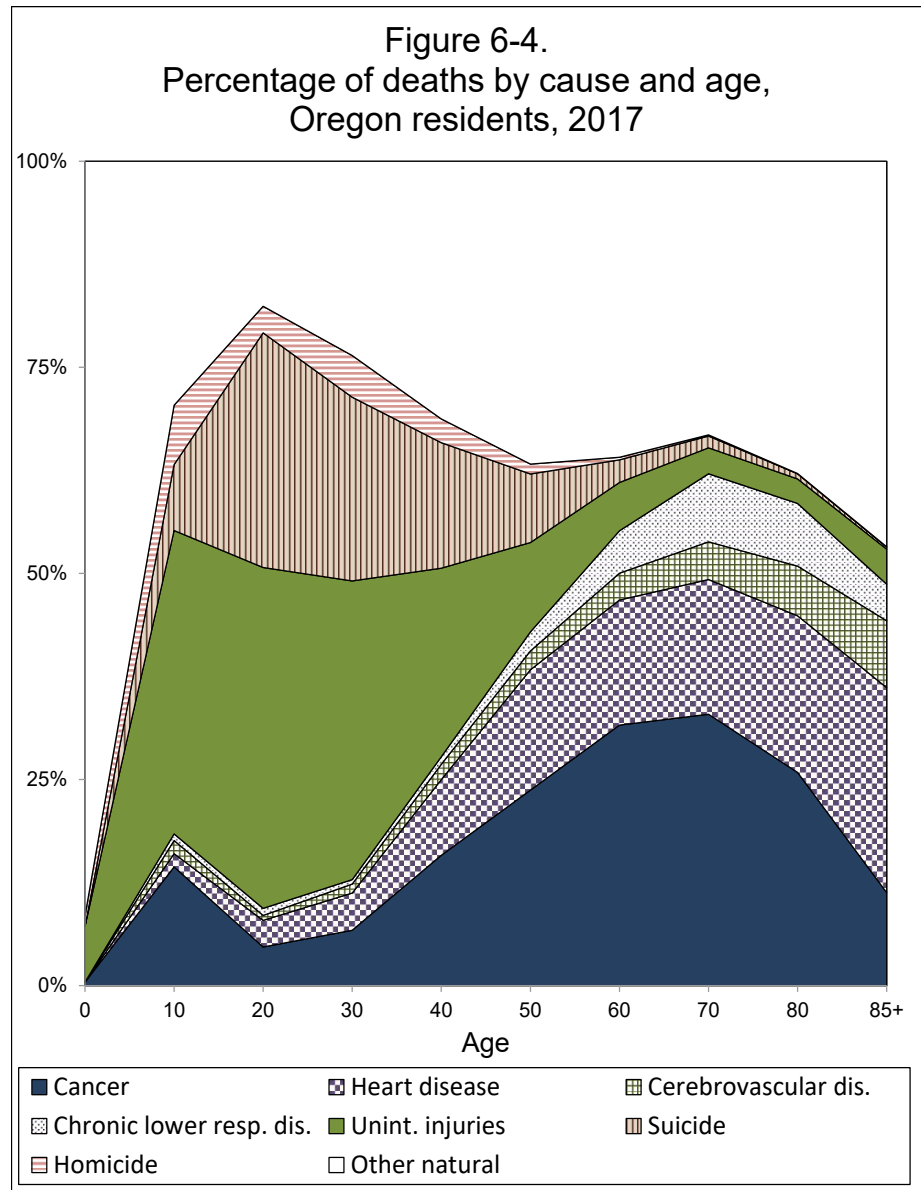
Causes of death varied by age group. Among infants, perinatal conditions were most common. Unintentional injuries ranked first for Oregonians aged 1 through 44. From age 45 through 84, cancer was the leading cause of death. Among residents 85 or older, heart disease ranked first (see Table 6-4 and Figure 6-4).

Years of potential life lost

Mortality rates alone do not show the full impact upon society of certain causes of death. The deaths of young people are a greater cost to society in terms of years of potential life lost (YPLL) than are the deaths of older people. The YPLL yardstick quantifies premature mortality

* Statewide records of cause of death were first collected in 1908.

† The International Classification of Diseases is periodically revised. The 10th revision was implemented in 1999. It had considerably greater detail for some diseases and less for others; shifts of inclusion in terms and titles from one category, section or chapter to another; regrouping of diseases; new titles in sections; and modification of the coding rules. As a result, serious breaks in the comparability occurred for several causes of death. Readers wishing to compare numbers of deaths or rates for 1999 and subsequent years to prior years should use the final comparability ratios described in Appendix B. Table 6-3 data apply final comparability ratios.

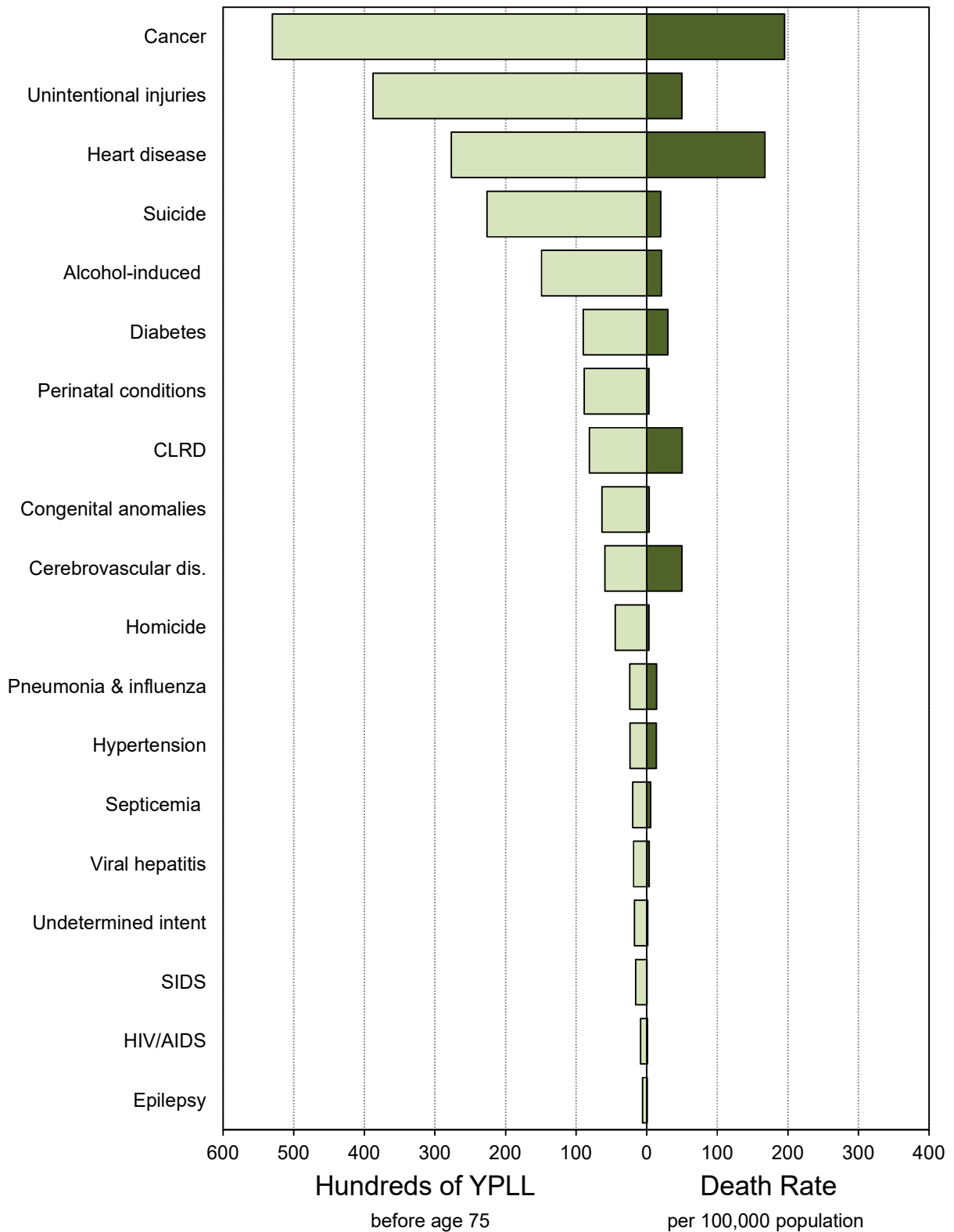


occurring in younger age groups by measuring the number of years between age at death and a set standard age. With the standard set at 75 years, a death at age 21 years results in 54 years lost. The numbers of YPLL for all decedents are then totaled. Figure 6-5 shows the disparity between death rates and the years of potential life lost. In all references to YPLL in this report, the standard is 75 years unless otherwise noted. Use of YPLL measures in Figure 6-5 highlights the impact of death due to unintentional injuries.

Cancer

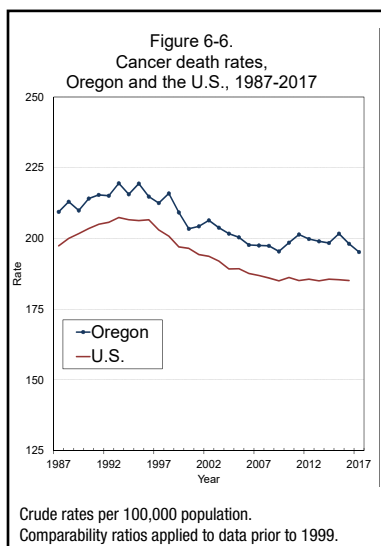
During 2017, cancer was the leading cause of death among Oregonians, claiming 8,084 lives. Malignant neoplasms were also a contributing factor, but not the underlying

Figure 6-5.
 Leading causes of years of potential life lost and corresponding death rates, Oregon residents, 2017



Year	Ratio
1965	5.5
1975	3.6
1985	2.0
1995	1.2
2005	1.2
2015	1.0
2017	1.0

Lung cancer claimed the lives of almost twice as many women as did breast cancer.



cause, in another 1,114 deaths. The cancer crude death rate increased for many decades before hitting a plateau in the 1990s. The rate then trended downward for several years but has remained relatively stable for the last decade (see Figure 6-6). From 2016 to 2017, the crude death rate decreased from 198.1 per 100,000 population to 195.2 (see Table 6-3). The age-adjusted death rate also decreased, from 154.9 per 100,000 population to 152.1 (see Table 6-47t).

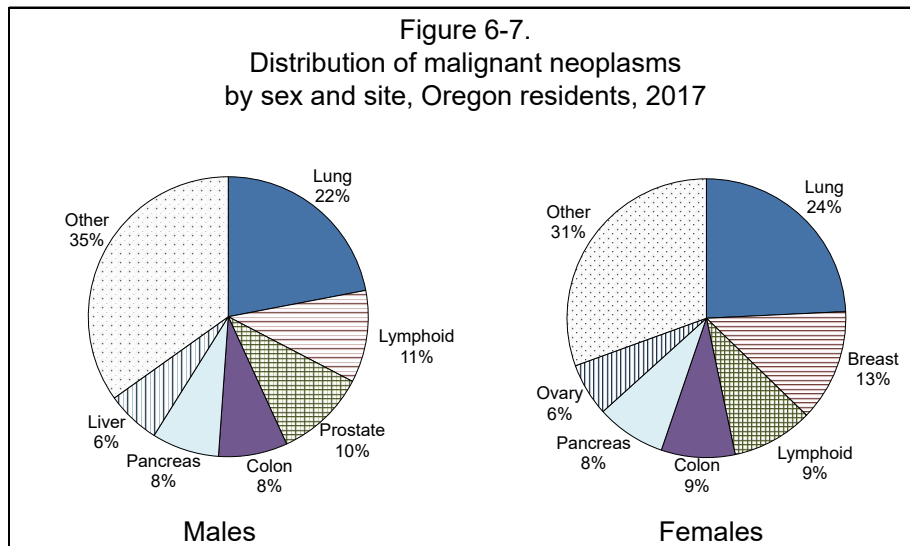
Malignant neoplasms were the leading cause of death for both sexes, and the difference in death rates between males and females has narrowed during the past two decades. During 2017 the crude death rate for cancer was 10.7% higher for males than females — 205.3 versus 185.4 (see Table 6-4). The disparity was far greater when comparing age-adjusted death rates: 175.7 for males versus 134.6 for females, a 30.5% difference (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f).

Cancer was one of the five leading causes of death among Oregonians of all ages except infants; it was the leading cause of death for residents aged 45 through 84 years. The median age at death from cancer in 2017 was 73 years, unchanged from 2016. Malignant neoplasms were the leading cause of premature death and accounted for 53,022 years of potential life lost (see Table 6-13).

During 2015–2017, 10 Oregon counties had age-adjusted cancer death rates significantly higher than the state rate (155.4): Coos (191.8), Crook (190.2), Tillamook (187.4), Curry (184.8), Lincoln (184.4), Josephine (176.2), Linn (175.3), Douglas (174.5), Klamath (173.0) and Marion (163.1). Seven counties recorded significantly lower rates than the state rate: Grant (101.9), Wallowa (113.1), Harney (114.4), Benton (120.4), Washington (132.0), Deschutes (143.5) and Clackamas (146.4).

Prior to 2001, Oregon's age-adjusted cancer death rate was typically lower than the U.S. rate but has since trended higher. In 2016, Oregon's rate was only 0.1% higher than the nation's (155.9 compared to 155.8) and ranked 32nd (from highest to lowest) among the states and District of Columbia (see Table 6-55) (1).

The most common fatal cancer for both sexes is bronchus/lung cancer, which rarely occurs in the absence of smoking.



In the past, smoking rates have been much higher in men than women, resulting in higher lung cancer rates for men; in 1965, there were 5.5 male deaths due to lung cancer for every female death. However, as smoking among women increased, so did their mortality rates from lung cancer; by 2015, there was one male death for every female death (see Table D). Breast cancer is more often in the public eye; however, during 2017, lung cancer claimed the lives of almost twice as many women as breast cancer did: 943 versus 506, respectively (see Table 6-6 and Figure 6-7).

Heart disease

Despite the long-term downward trend in its crude death rate, heart disease was the leading cause of death in Oregon during most of the 20th century. In 2001, for the first time, more deaths resulted from cancer than from heart disease. During 2017, heart disease was the second leading cause of death; 6,945 Oregonians succumbed to it — 1,139 fewer than from malignant neoplasms. The crude death rate from heart disease decreased slightly from 171.0 in 2016 to 167.7 in 2017 (see Figure 6-8), while the age-adjusted death rate decreased from 134.3 per 100,000 population to 131.5. By comparison, the age-adjusted death rate was 264.2 in 1990, 100.9% higher than the 2017 rate. An additional 7,439 death records listed heart disease as a contributing factor in decedents' deaths, but not the underlying cause.

The 2017 crude death rate for heart disease was 21.4% higher for males than for females (184.1 versus 151.7). The age-adjusted death rate for heart disease was 66.1% higher

***The age-adjusted
heart disease death
rate decreased
slightly in 2017.***

for males than for females (168.8 versus 101.6), reflecting the younger ages at which men are more likely than women to die from heart disease (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f).

Heart disease was the leading cause of death for Oregonians age 85 years or older and one of the five leading causes among Oregonians age 35 years and older. It was the second leading cause of death for residents aged 45–84 years (see Table 6-4). The median age at death from heart disease was 82 years in 2017 (see Table 6-15). The relatively older ages at which Oregonians died from heart disease lower its rank among the causes of premature death. In 2017, heart disease resulted in 27,675 years of potential life lost, making heart disease the third leading cause of premature death, following cancer and unintentional injuries (see Table 6-13).

Oregon's 2016 age-adjusted heart disease death rate was the fifth lowest nationally.

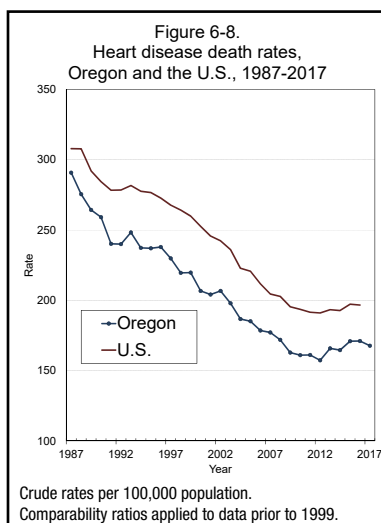
During 2015–2017, 12 Oregon counties had age-adjusted heart disease death rates significantly higher than the state's (133.7): Sherman (220.9), Malheur (185.1), Curry (177.7), Coos (169.7), Wasco (168.4), Linn (167.3), Clatsop (165.6), Crook (165.4), Klamath (163.4), Columbia (160.3), Yamhill (149.3) and Multnomah (143.6). Five counties had significantly lower rates: Benton (102.9), Washington (114.0), Clackamas (114.8), Lane (125.1) and Jackson (126.5).

In 2016, the state's age-adjusted heart disease death rate was 18.4% lower than the U.S. rate, and Oregon ranked 47th (fifth lowest) among the states and the District of Columbia (see Table 6-55) (1). Oregon's heart disease death rate has long been lower than the U.S. rate, even as the United States has seen a striking downward trend in the overall age-adjusted heart disease death rate. In 2006, the U.S. age-adjusted rate was 200.2, compared to 165.5 in 2016 (see Table 6-58).

Chronic lower respiratory disease

Chronic lower respiratory disease (CLRD) includes a variety of conditions including emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), bronchitis and asthma.

Oregon's CLRD crude death rates increased steadily for several decades, reaching a record high of 54.9 per 100,000 population in 1996. Increased smoking, particularly by women, drove the rising death rate. CLRD is now the third leading cause of death, with 15 more deaths than unintentional injuries. Since 2000, the rate varied little, ranging between 48.9 and 52.8 per 100,000 (see Table 6-3



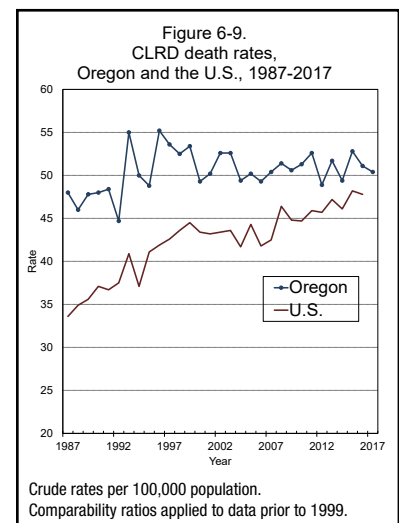
and Figure 6-9). The crude death rate for CLRD decreased from 51.1 per 100,000 in 2016 to 50.4 in 2017. The age-adjusted death rate also decreased from 40.0 to 39.0 (see Table 6-47t). CLRD was the underlying cause of death for 2,088 of Oregon's residents, but it contributed to an even larger number of deaths (2,662), for which it was not the underlying cause (see Table 6-6 and Table 6-51).

In 2017, more females than males died from CLRD (1,139 versus 949), and the crude rate was also higher for females than for males (54.3 versus 46.5). However, the age-adjusted death rate was slightly higher for males: 40.5 per 100,000 population versus 38.0 for females, a 6.6% difference (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f). For most of the 20th century, far more males succumbed to CLRD than did females, but since 1999 this pattern has generally reversed (with the exceptions of 2002 and 2008). The increasing number of women dying from CLRD reflects the higher numbers of older women than older men in Oregon. Even in years when more females than males died of CLRD, the age-adjusted death rates were still higher for males than females.

CLRD is the fifth leading cause of death for Oregonians aged 85 and older, and third for decedents aged 65 to 84. Residents aged 75 to 84 had the largest number of CLRD deaths with 660 (see Table 6-4). Although the third most common cause of death overall, chronic lower respiratory disease ranked eighth in the number of years of potential life lost (8,150). The median age at death was 77 in 2017, unchanged from the previous year (see Table 6-13 and Table 6-15).

During 2015–2017, 13 counties had CLRD age-adjusted death rates significantly higher than the state's (40.2): Lake (68.5), Klamath (65.5), Grant (62.5), Tillamook (58.9), Baker (58.3), Curry (57.3), Umatilla (56.6), Douglas (55.9), Union (54.6), Josephine and Coos (52.8), Linn (48.5), and Jackson (47.1). Excluding those with fewer than 20 CLRD deaths, four counties with 20 or more CLRD deaths had significantly lower rates: Washington (24.4), Benton (25.4), Clackamas (31.7) and Polk (32.7).

Oregon's age-adjusted CLRD death rate has long been higher than the U.S. rate, but the disparity has abated in recent years. The greatest disparity occurred in 1987, when Oregon's rate was 26.8% higher and ranked 11th among



the states and District of Columbia. During 2016, the state's rate was 0.5% lower than the nation's rate and ranked 30th (see Table 6-55) (1).

Unintentional injuries

Unintentional injury mortality* is a broad category that includes car crashes, falls, and drug overdose deaths and other causes. Oregon's unintentional injury crude death rate decreased from 51.7 in 2016 to 50.1 in 2017 (see Table 6-3 and Figure 6-10). Fatal unintentional injuries claimed the lives of 2,073 Oregonians and contributed to the deaths of another 648 residents (see Table 6-51). The age-adjusted death rate decreased from 46.0 in 2016 to 44.5 in 2017. Unintentional injuries were Oregon's fourth leading cause of death.

A strong dichotomy exists in unintentional injury deaths between sexes. The crude death rate was 61.7% higher for males than for females (62.1 versus 38.4). The disparity in age-adjusted death rates was even greater; the male rate was 96.4% higher than the female rate: 59.7 versus 30.4 (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f).

Unintentional injuries were the leading cause of death among children and adults aged 1–44 years (see Table 6-4). While age-specific rates vary little from the mid-teens until middle age, the oldest age groups have a greatly increased unintentional injury death rate largely due to the increased risk of falling (see Table 6-7t and Figure 6-11). Although it was the fourth leading cause of death in 2017, unintentional injuries ranked second in years of potential life lost at 38,787, a 3.4% decrease from 2016 (see Table 6-13 and Figure 6-5). This reflects unintentional injuries' role as the most common cause of death of young Oregonians. Despite this, the median age at death from unintentional injuries has trended upward, to 63 in 2017. By comparison, the median age at death in 2002 was 54 (see Table 6-15).

During 2015–2017, nine counties had age-adjusted unintentional injury death rates significantly higher than the state rate (44.9): Grant (76.8), Jefferson (74.9), Curry (71.2), Josephine (67.1), Coos (66.4), Lincoln (61.3), Douglas

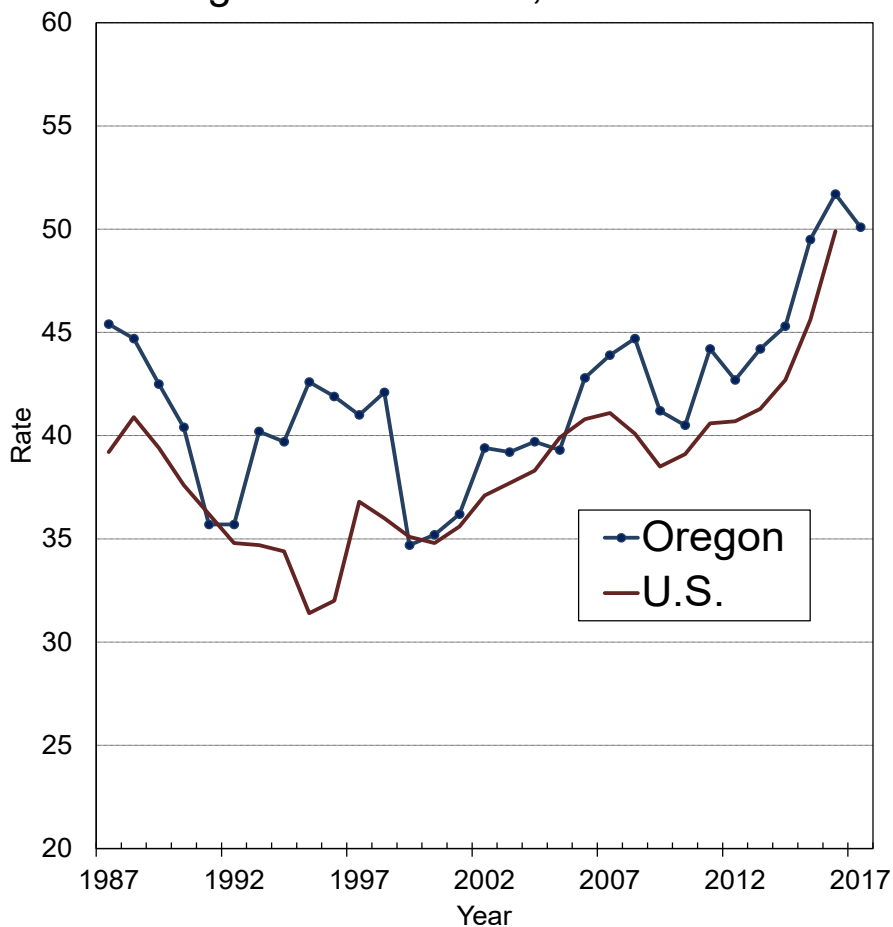
* The public health community prefers “unintentional injuries” to the term “accidents.”

(60.8), Lane (57.3) and Linn (56.4). Three counties had significantly lower rates: Washington (26.5), Benton (33.8) and Clackamas (38.4).

During most of the past several decades, Oregon's unintentional injury death rate has been higher than the nation's. However, in 2016 the state's age-adjusted death rate from unintentional injuries was 3.0% below the national rate and ranked 34th among the states and District of Columbia (1).

In 2017, 56 work-related deaths occurred in Oregon to both residents and non-residents. The victims were overwhelmingly male (54 males versus two females), with motor vehicle crashes being the most common cause of death from unintentional work-related injuries (see Table 6-50).

Figure 6-10.
Unintentional injury death rates,
Oregon and the U.S., 1987-2017



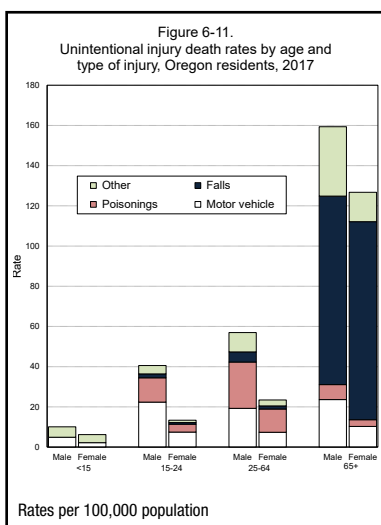
Crude rates per 100,000 population.
Comparability ratios applied to data prior to 1999.

Just as the leading cause of death varies by age, so does the type of fatal unintentional injury (see Figure 6-11). Unintentional injury deaths among children under 5 years of age most commonly resulted from suffocation or airway obstruction. Transportation-related injuries were the most common unintentional injury cause among decedents aged 5–24. Among those aged 25–54, poisoning (usually of drugs used in an illicit or inappropriate manner) was the most common cause of unintentional injury death. Transportation-related injuries were the most common unintentional injury cause among decedents aged 55–64, and falls were the most common type among Oregonians 65 or older (see Table 6-27).

Falls. Falls were the state’s most common type of fatal unintentional injury in 2017. Falls claimed the lives of 764 Oregonians, most of whom (89.8%) were 65 or older (see Table 6-27). Most falls occurred on the same level of ground or flooring (512, or 67.0%). For falls not occurring on the same level, 38 falls involved stairs, 26 involved a wheelchair and 25 were from bed (see Table 6-28). The age-adjusted death rate for fatal falls among males was 36.0% higher than among females (17.0 versus 12.5) (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f). The age-adjusted death rate for falls increased 10.6% since 2013, from 13.2 per 100,000 population to 14.6 per 100,000 in 2017 (see Table 6-47t).

Transportation and related fatalities. Transportation-related injuries accounted for the second largest number of unintentional injury deaths (553) among Oregon residents, with motor vehicle traffic accidents accounting for 85.5% of all transportation injury deaths (see Table 6-27). Of the 473 motor vehicle traffic accidents, 70.6% occurred among males. The age-adjusted motor vehicle traffic accident death rate for males was more than twice as high as the rate for females (15.8 per 100,000 population versus 6.2) (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f). Although teens and young adults aged 15–24 years accounted for 15.9% of all motor vehicle traffic accident fatalities, age-specific death rates were highest among adults over 85 (33.2 per 100,000 population) (see Table E and Table 6-7t).

In most land-transport motor-vehicle deaths occurring in Oregon, the fatalities occurred among persons traveling by car (203), foot (103), unspecified vehicle (72), motorcycle (64), or pickup or van (61). Less common were the deaths of



those traveling by all-terrain vehicle (20), pedal cycle (18), heavy transport vehicle (4) or agricultural vehicle (2). Of all fatalities among persons in cars, 27.1% resulted from non-collisions (e.g., rollovers following loss of control); among fatalities of persons in pickups or vans, 32.8% occurred in non-collisions (see Table 6-29).

Overdoses and poisonings. Unintentional poisonings involving drugs/medications, most often by narcotics and hallucinogens, ranked third among the types of fatal unintentional injuries, claiming the lives of 450 Oregonians in 2017 (see Table 6-27). The 2017 age-adjusted death rate for poisonings is 12.6% higher than the age-adjusted rate 10 years ago (10.7 in 2017 versus 9.5 in 2007). As with most other types of unintentional injuries, age-adjusted poisoning death rates were far higher for males than females (14.4 versus 7.0) (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f). The death rate peaked among residents aged 45–54 (20.2 per 100,000) (see Table 6-7t). More than 60% of this year’s unintentional poisoning deaths involved opioids (see Table 6-35).

Although 450 deaths were attributed to unintentional poisonings, they alone do not account for all deaths resulting from overdoses and poisonings. Depending on how the fatality was reported on the death record, a death could be attributed to an unintentional injury or to a mental/behavioral disorder (see Table 6-35, footnote 1).

Suffocation or obstruction. Ranking fourth among fatal unintentional injuries, suffocation or airway obstruction (including hanging and strangulation) accounted for the deaths of 95 Oregon residents (see Table 6-27). Of these deaths, 35 (36.8%) involved inhalation or ingestion of objects or substances other than food or gastric contents. Oregonians aged 85 years and older accounted for the highest number of suffocation or obstruction deaths (25 or 26.3%), followed by those 75–84 years old (18 or 18.9%).

Drownings. Ranking fifth among causes of death from unintentional injuries, drownings (including those involving watercraft) accounted for the deaths of 49 Oregon residents (see Table 6-27). Fifty-nine Oregon residents and non-residents drowned in Oregon during 2017; most of these deaths did not involve watercraft. Thirty-six drownings were in natural water, six deaths in bathtubs or hot tubs and six in swimming pools. Eight deaths involved watercraft (see Table 6-32).

Age group	Rate
85+	20.0
75-84	19.0
65-74	12.3
55-64	15.3
45-54	9.6
35-44	11.6
25-34	13.3
15-24	14.5
5-14	2.6
1-4	3.3
< 1	2.3

Crude rates per 100,000 population.

Cerebrovascular disease

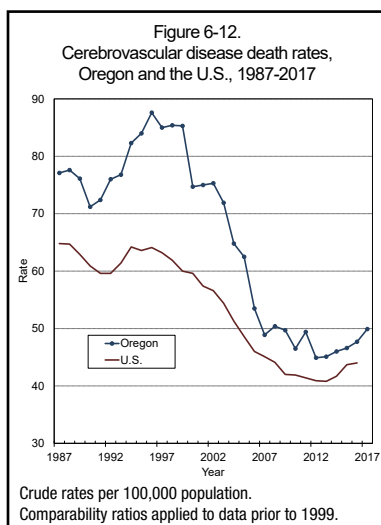
Accounting for 5.6% of all deaths, cerebrovascular disease (i.e., stroke) was the fifth leading cause of mortality among Oregonians. The number of deaths attributed to cerebrovascular disease increased from 1,944 in 2016 to 2,066 in 2017. The number of deaths in which this disease was a contributing factor also increased, from 1,713 deaths in 2016 to 1,847 deaths in 2017 (see Table 6-3 and Table 6-51). The crude death rate for this cause trended downward during 1996–2012*, but has increased each of the last five years. Between 2016 and 2017, the crude death rate increased from 47.7 to 49.9 per 100,000 population (see Figure 6-12). The age-adjusted death rate also increased from 37.5 in 2016 to 39.0 in 2017 (see Table 6-47t).

More females than males died from cerebrovascular disease, and the male crude death rate was 22.1% lower than the female rate (43.6 versus 56.0, see Table 6-2). However, the age-adjusted rate for males was 7.2% higher than the rate for females (40.3 versus 37.6) (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f).

Fatal cerebrovascular disease was uncommon before age 65 years, but it was the fourth most common cause of death among Oregon residents aged 65 and older (see Table 6-4). Despite its relatively high frequency of occurrence, cerebrovascular disease ranked 10th by years of potential life lost (5,950), a consequence of the older ages of decedents compared to the relatively younger ages at death for many other causes (see Table 6-13). Nearly three-fourths of the deaths occurred after age 74 years, and the median age at death in 2017 held steady from the previous year at 84 years (see Table 6-6 and Table 6-15).

The age-adjusted cerebrovascular disease death rates for two counties during 2015–2017 were significantly higher than the state rate (37.9): Crook (56.1) and Multnomah (43.0). Two counties had a significantly lower rate: Benton (28.7) and Washington (33.6).

Oregon’s cerebrovascular disease death rate typically exceeds the rate for the United States as a whole. In 2016, the age-



* For trend analysis, researchers should be aware of a coding change that occurred in 2005 when the National Center for Health Statistics altered the cause of death classification methodology. In prior years, “multi-infarct dementia” and “vascular dementia” were coded as forms of cerebrovascular disease (163.9 and 167.9, respectively). Beginning in 2005, these diseases were coded as forms of organic dementia (F01.1 and F01.9, respectively). This coding change resulted in a drop in the number and rate of deaths attributed to cerebrovascular disease.

adjusted death rate was 1.3% higher than the nation's, ranking 25th among the states and the District of Columbia (see Table 6-55) (1).

Intracerebral hemorrhages and cerebral infarctions are two forms of cerebrovascular disease, but the more general term “stroke” appears most commonly on death records.

Alzheimer's disease

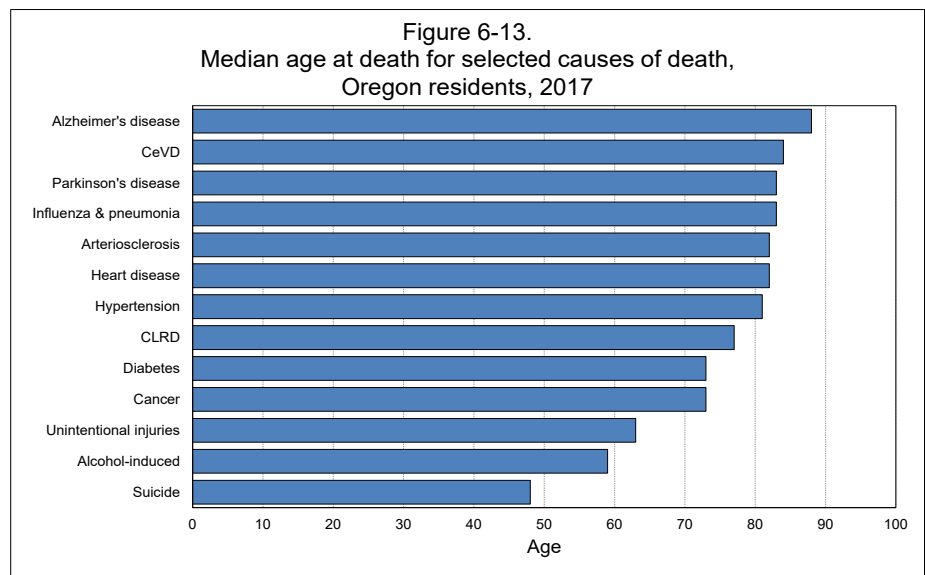
Historically, the number of deaths from Alzheimer's disease has mirrored the aging of Oregon's population. Deaths from Alzheimer's disease fluctuated little in prior years but are now on the rise; they have increased from 1,786 in 2016 to 1,850 in 2017 — a record high for the fourth year in a row. The crude death rate from Alzheimer's disease increased 2.1%, from 43.8 per 100,000 in 2016 to 44.7 in 2017 (see Table 6-3).

The age-adjusted death rate from Alzheimer's disease also increased, from 34.5 in 2016 to 35.0 in 2017 (see Table 6-47t). The age-adjusted death rate from Alzheimer's disease held relatively steady during the past decade, but the 2017 age-adjusted rate is 117.4% higher than the 1990 rate (16.1). This is the largest increase seen among the 10 leading causes of death. Alzheimer's disease also contributed to 488 deaths of which it was not the underlying cause.

Women are at greater risk of dying from Alzheimer's disease, in part because they are less likely to die from causes that most commonly lead to death at younger ages. The age-adjusted Alzheimer's disease death rate for women was 40.6% higher than that for men (39.5 versus 28.1) (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f). Alzheimer's disease was the ninth leading cause of death among men but third among women (see Table 6-2).

People with Alzheimer's disease tend to die at an older age than people who die from other causes. In 2017, 92.5% of Alzheimer's deaths occurred after the decedent's 75th birthday (see Table 6-6). The median age at death from Alzheimer's disease was 88 years, unchanged from 2016 and the highest median age at death among Oregon's most common causes of death (see Table 6-15 and Figure 6-13). Alzheimer's disease was the sixth leading cause of death overall.

Deaths due to Alzheimer's disease set a record high for the fourth consecutive year.



Five counties had significantly higher age-adjusted death rates from Alzheimer's disease than the state (34.1) during 2015–2017: Lane (49.5), Malheur (45.8), Coos (43.4) and Linn (41.2). Excluding those with fewer than 20 Alzheimer's deaths, five counties had significantly lower rates: Crook (18.2), Curry (22.2), Josephine (23.8), Marion (26.8) and Douglas (27.8).

Oregonians have long had higher rates than other U.S. residents of death from Alzheimer's disease. In 2016, the state's age-adjusted death rate was 14.9% higher than the nation's (34.8 and 30.3, respectively) and ranked 20th among the states and District of Columbia (see Table 6-55) (1).

Although this report counts deaths resulting from Alzheimer's disease, it does not count deaths attributed to dementia, organic dementia, presenile dementia, multi-infarct dementia and vascular dementia. ICD-10 codes F00 (dementia in Alzheimer's disease), F01 (vascular dementia) and F03 (unspecified dementia) include these causes (see Table 6-6).

As noted in the section on cerebrovascular disease, a coding change beginning in 2005 resulted in an increase in the number of deaths attributed to organic dementia and a decline in deaths from cerebrovascular disease (see Table 6-6, footnote 10 for more information). During 2017, the deaths of 2,138 Oregonians were attributed under the rubric "organic dementia" (ICD codes F01 and F03). Together, organic dementia and Alzheimer's disease/dementia accounted for

3,988 deaths, surpassing the third leading cause of death, chronic lower respiratory disease (2,088).

Diabetes mellitus

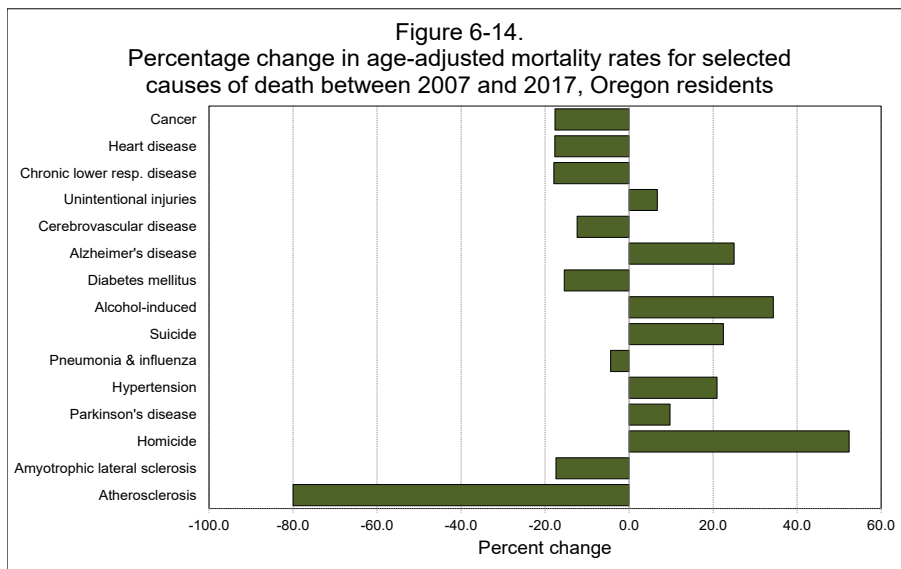
During 2017, diabetes mellitus was the seventh leading cause of mortality in Oregon. The crude death rate for diabetes rose throughout most of the 1980s and 1990s, reaching a high of 31.1 per 100,000 population in 2005. The rate has since inched downward. The rate decreased slightly from 30.4 in 2016 to 30.0 in 2017 (see Table 6-3). The age-adjusted rate in 2017 (23.6) was 37.2% higher than the rate in 1990 (17.2) and 19.5% lower than 2005’s record high (29.3) (see Figure 6-14 and Figure 6-15). Diabetes was a contributing factor more often than it was the underlying cause of death: 3,300 versus 1,243, respectively (see Table 6-51).

The diabetes crude death rate for males was 35.7% higher than the rate for females (34.6 versus 25.5) (see Table 6-2). The difference between male and female rates was even larger when looking at age-adjusted rates. The age-adjusted death rate for males was 61.3% higher than the rate for females (30.0 versus 18.6) (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f).

Most diabetes deaths (89.5%) occurred after age 54 years, and only three Oregonians younger than 25 years old died from diabetes in 2017. It was the fifth leading cause of death among Oregonians aged 55–74 years (see Table 6-4). The median age at death was unchanged from 2016 at 73 years (see Table 6-15). Diabetes resulted in a loss of 8,993 years of potential life (see Table 6-13).

Table F - Diabetes age-adjusted death rates and state ranking		
Year	U.S.	Oregon
1982	17.2	12.2
Percent difference: -29.1		
Rank: Lowest		
2016	21.0	24.0
Percent difference: +14.3		
Rank: 11th highest		

Oregon’s 2016 age-adjusted diabetes death rate went from 21st to 11th highest, nationally.



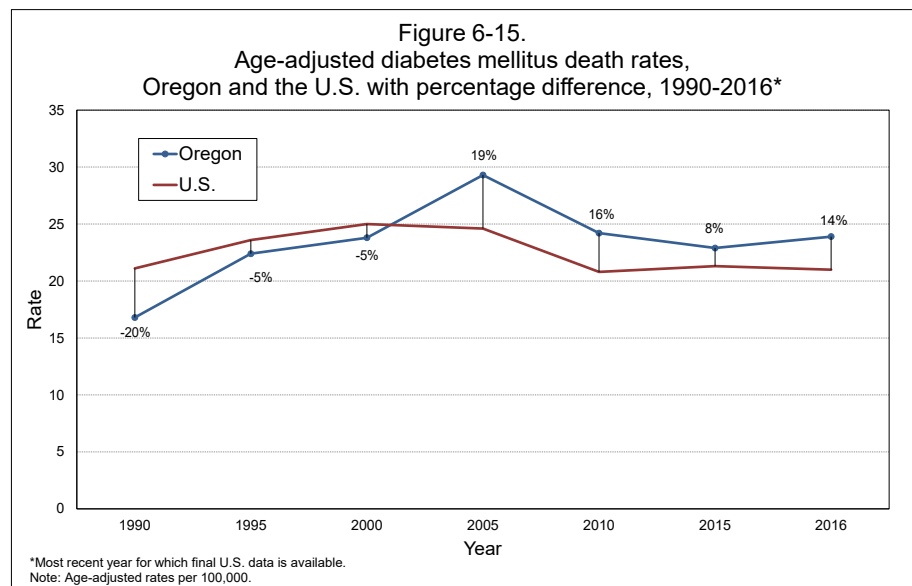
Six counties had significantly higher age-adjusted diabetes death rates compared to the state during 2015–2017 (23.5): Jefferson (40.5), Umatilla (34.9), Douglas (33.4), Linn (32.3), Coos (31.4) and Marion (30.0). Four counties had a significantly lower rate: Benton (15.8), Deschutes (16.1), Washington (18.6) and Clackamas (19.9).

Prior to 1987, Oregon’s age-adjusted diabetes death rate was consistently 25% to 30% lower than the national rate. Oregon’s rate exceeded the U.S. rate for the first time in 1998 (13.7 per 100,000 population, versus 13.6). In 2016, Oregon’s age-adjusted rate was 14.3% higher than the U.S. rate (24.0 per 100,000 population versus 21.0), ranking 11th among the states and District of Columbia (see Table 6-55 and Table F) (1).

Alcohol-induced deaths*

The alcohol-induced deaths category summarizes alcohol-related deaths but excludes alcohol-related injury deaths. The National Center for Health Statistics’ taxonomy does not typically report alcohol-related injury as a “leading cause of death.” However, when alcohol conditions are combined, it becomes the eighth leading cause of death in Oregon. This category comprises alcohol-related disorders from multiple organ systems, with alcoholic liver disease accounting for the greatest number of deaths (59.5%,

* Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis, as well as nephritis, were not discussed as leading causes in the narrative section, although they would be ranked respectively as the ninth and 13th leading causes of death under the NCHS rubric. Most of these deaths were counted as alcohol-induced deaths in the narrative section.



see Table G). If the category included intentional and unintentional injury deaths in which alcohol was a factor (e.g., motor vehicle crashes and homicides), the count would be considerably higher. Death records rarely report the role, if any, of alcohol in injury deaths.

Alcohol-induced deaths claimed the lives of 878 Oregonians during 2017 (see Table 6-6). Alcohol was a contributing factor but not the direct cause in another 708 deaths (see Table 6-51). The crude death rate increased to 21.2 per 100,000 population in 2017 from 20.3 during 2016, and the age-adjusted death rate increased from 16.9 in 2016 to 17.6 in 2017 (see Table 6-47t).

Fatal alcohol abuse was the eighth leading cause of death among men and the 10th leading cause among women, but the difference was greater when age-adjusted. The age-adjusted death rate for males was 2.5 times the rate for females — 25.6 versus 10.2, respectively (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f).

Age-specific alcohol-induced death rates ranked third among the leading causes of death for residents aged 55–64 years (see Table 6-4 and Figure 6-16). This category was the fourth leading cause of death among residents aged 25–34 years and 45–54 years, and the fifth leading cause among those aged 35–44 years. The median age at death increased by one year — to age 59 — in 2017 (see Table 6-15). Oregonians are dying at markedly younger ages from this cause than they were in 1988, when the median age of alcohol-induced death was 62 years. In 2017, alcohol-

Diagnosis	Count
Alcoholic liver disease	522
Mental/behavioral disorders	292
Poisoning, accidental	35
Cardiomyopathy	11
Acute or chronic pancreatitis	7
Nervous system degeneration	4
Poisoning, suicide	3
Poisoning, undetermined intent	3
Gastritis	2

Oregon's 2016 age-adjusted alcohol-induced death rate was the fifth highest nationally.

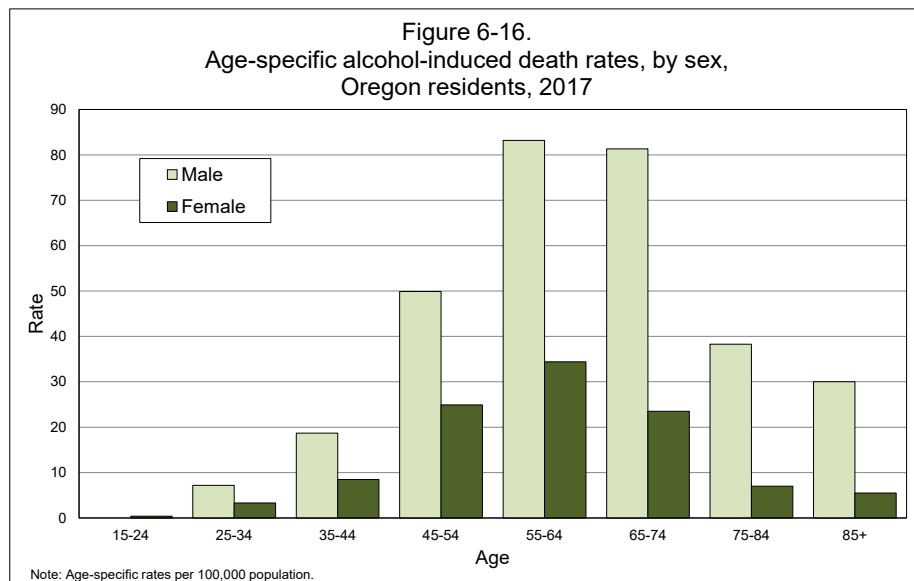


Table H - Number of times more likely a male Oregonian was to die by suicide than a female, by age, 2013-2017	
5-14	1.5
15-24	3.6
25-34	4.0
35-44	3.2
45-54	2.4
55-64	3.2
65-74	3.7
75-84	6.6
85+	12.3

induced death was the fifth leading cause of years of potential life lost (1,895; see Table 6-13).

Excluding counties with fewer than 20 deaths in this category, seven counties had age-adjusted alcohol-induced death rates significantly higher than the state's rate (17.7) during 2015–2017: Coos (41.0), Jefferson (32.9), Klamath (32.2), Wasco (31.2), Lincoln (31.0), Josephine (28.9) and Douglas (24.6). Rates were significantly below the state rate in four counties: Benton (11.0), Washington (11.1), Yamhill (12.4) and Clackamas (14.6).

The Oregon alcohol-induced death rate has long been higher than that for the United States. In 2016, Oregon's age-adjusted rate was 77.9% higher than the nation's and ranked fifth among the states and the District of Columbia (1). However, at least part of the difference between Oregon's and the national rate likely results from a reporting artifact; Oregon Center for Health Statistics staff ask physicians for more information when causes listed on death records (e.g., esophageal varices) suggest alcohol use, while many states do not.

Suicide

Suicide was reported as the manner of death for 825 Oregonians during 2017, increasing from 771 deaths the previous year. The crude death rate reached a record high of 19.9 per 100,000 in 2017, up from 18.9 in 2016 (see Table 6-3). The age-adjusted death rate also saw a record high in 2017, increasing from 17.8 to 19.1 (see Table 6-47t).

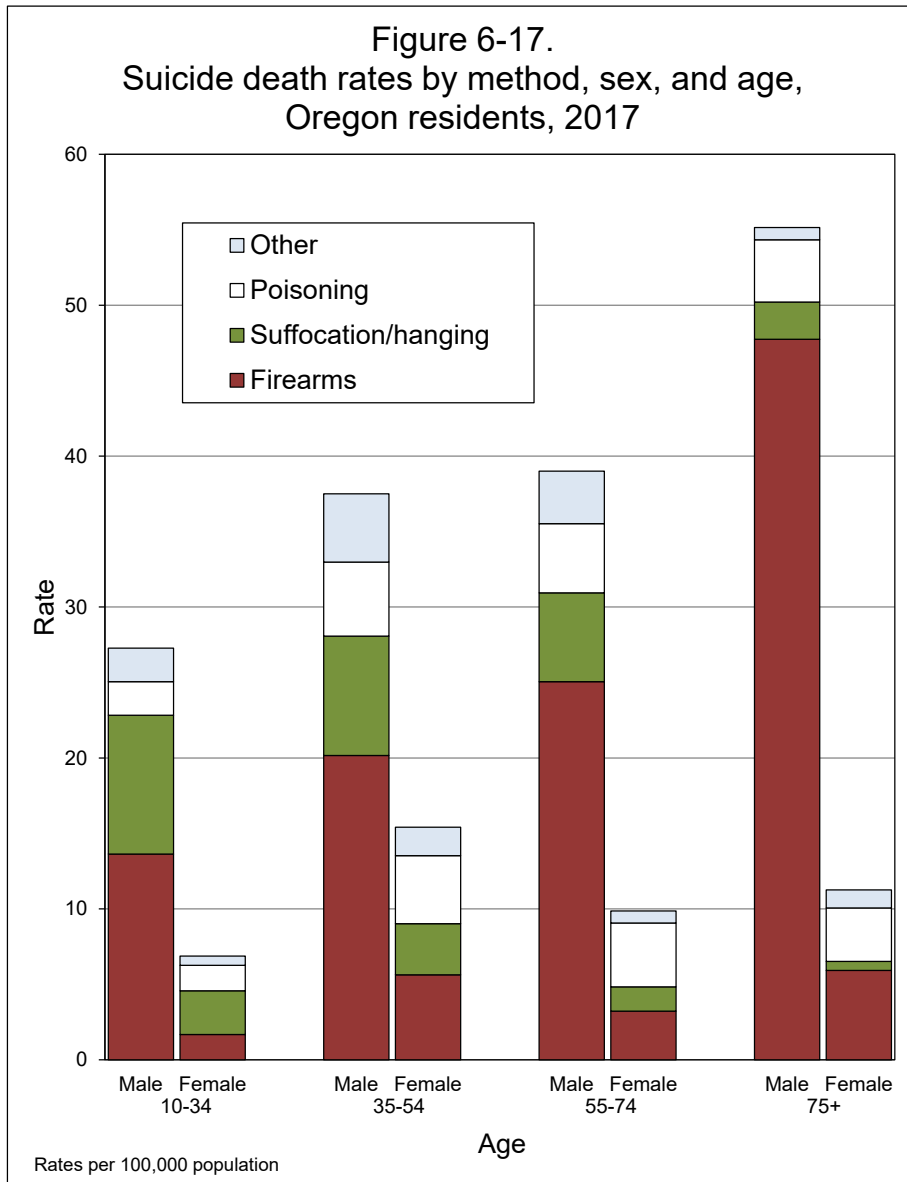
Males are more likely than females to die from suicide, with age-adjusted death rates of 29.7 and 9.1, respectively (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f). Sex-specific rate differences were greatest among the elderly (see Table H).

Overall, suicide rates peak among the elderly, but this masks a dichotomy between the sexes: Females were more likely to die by suicide in middle age, where the crude rate peaked at 19.1 among those 45 to 54 years old. In contrast, rates among males generally increased with age, with the highest crude rate (83.4) recorded among those aged 85 years and older (see Table 6-7t, Table 6-7m and Table 6-7f). Although suicide death rates are high among the elderly, 61.9% of deaths occurred before age 55, resulting in the fourth-largest number of years of potential life lost (22,602) by cause (see

Oregon's suicide death rate reached a record high in 2017.

Table 6-13). Suicide was the second leading cause of death among residents between the ages of 15 and 34 years; it was the third leading cause among those aged 5–14 years and 35–44 years, and fifth among those aged 45–54 years (see Table 6-4). The median age at death from suicide decreased from 50 to 48 years during 2017 (see Table 6-15). The youngest person to die by suicide was an 11-year-old male and the oldest a 96-year-old female.

Eight Oregon counties had age-adjusted suicide death rates significantly higher than the state's rate (18.2) during 2015–2017: Curry (43.9), Lincoln (31.3), Klamath and Tillamook (30.1), Josephine (28.1), Douglas (25.7), Jackson (23.4) and Deschutes (22.3). Three counties had significantly lower rates: Polk (10.7), Washington (12.9) and Multnomah (15.2). See Table I for more information.



Age	Metro ¹	Coastal ²	Other
<25	11.6%	10.9%	14.0%
25-64	70.0%	64.1%	61.0%
65+	18.4%	25.0%	25.0%
Method	Metro ¹	Coastal ²	Other
Poison	15.2%	18.8%	15.7%
Hanging/suff.	26.0%	14.1%	20.5%
Firearm	45.1%	60.9%	56.8%
Other	13.7%	6.3%	7.0%

¹ Metro counties: Clackamas, Multnomah, and Washington.
² Coastal counties: Clatsop, Coos, Curry, Lincoln, and Tillamook.

Oregonians have long had higher suicide rates than residents of most other states. In 2016, Oregon's age-adjusted suicide rate was 31.9% higher than the nation's and ranked 16th among the states and District of Columbia (1).

The method of suicide varied by age and sex but, overall, more than half of suicide deaths (53.2%) resulted from fatal gunshot injuries (see Table 6-33 and Figure 6-17). Firearms were the most common method of suicide for males (59.1%) and for females (34.4%). Handguns were used in 73.6% of firearm suicides.

Hanging/suffocation was the second most common method of suicide (21.8%). A higher proportion of females than males died by suicide in this manner (23.6% and 21.3%, respectively), although the method was the second most common for males and third most for females (see Table 6-33).

Poisoning was the third most common method of suicide overall (15.8%) and more common among females. The proportion of suicides among females from poisoning was approximately three times that among males (31.8% versus 10.7%). Drugs and medications were the most common method of suicide by poisoning for both females (83.9%) and males (56.7%) (see Table 6-33 and Table 6-35).

Influenza and pneumonia

In 1918, influenza spread across the United States in less than a week and around the world in three months. The pandemic persisted into 1919, with influenza the leading cause of death in Oregon during both years. In 1918 alone, the pandemic claimed the lives of 2,105 Oregonians at a time when Oregon's population was much smaller than it is today.

During 2017, influenza and pneumonia was the 10th leading cause of death for Oregonians, claiming 573 lives, up from 452 a year earlier. The crude death rate increased from 11.1 in 2016 to 13.8 in 2017 (see Table 6-3). In addition, the age-adjusted rate increased from 8.8 to 10.9 (see Table 6-47t). Influenza and pneumonia contributed to 1,076 deaths — nearly twice as many deaths as they directly caused (see Table 6-51).

Although more women than men died from these two infectious diseases in 2017 (291 versus 282, respectively, see Table 6-2), age-adjusted death rates revealed the greater risk

for males (12.8 per 100,000 population versus 9.4) (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f). Although these two related types of respiratory infections caused deaths across age groups, 69.3% of the deaths occurred after age 74. The median age at death increased from 80 in 2016 to 83 in 2017 (see Table 6-15).

Two counties had an age-adjusted influenza and pneumonia death rate significantly higher than the state rate (9.6) during 2015–2017: Coos (14.1) and Multnomah (11.6). Excluding those with fewer than 20 deaths in this category, one county had a rate significantly lower than that of the state: Washington (7.3).

In recent years, Oregon's age-adjusted death rate for influenza and pneumonia has been markedly lower than the rates for most other states. In 2016, Oregon's age-adjusted death rate (8.9) was 34.1% lower than the U.S. rate (13.5) and the third-lowest of all states and the District of Columbia (see Table 6-55) (1).

Hypertension

During 2017, 561 Oregonians died as a consequence of hypertension (including hypertensive renal disease, see Table 6-6), making it the 11th leading cause of death. However, the number of deaths attributed to hypertension does not include all deaths related to this cause because many have been classified to more specific manifestations of cardiovascular disease. The crude hypertension death rate decreased slightly — from 13.7 in 2016 to 13.5 in 2017 (see Table 6-3), which is 2.7 times higher than the 1990 rate of 5.0. The age-adjusted death rate also decreased slightly from 10.5 in 2016 to 10.4 in 2017 (see Table 6-47t).

The hypertension crude death rate for females was slightly higher than that for males (13.8 versus 13.3). However, the age-adjusted death rate for males was higher than the rate for females — 11.8 versus 9.2 (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f).

Deaths from hypertension are rare among middle-aged and younger Oregonians, but by age 55 years, the number of deaths begins to increase sharply. Age-specific hypertension death rates are 13.0 times as high among residents 85 years or older as among those aged 65–74 years (289.3 versus 22.3; see Table 6-7t).

Four counties had age-adjusted hypertension death rates significantly higher than the state rate (10.7) from 2015–2017: Wasco (18.6), Josephine and Douglas (14.6), and Linn (14.4).

Oregon's 2016 age-adjusted influenza and pneumonia death rate was the third lowest in the nation.

Two counties had rates significantly lower than that of the state: Deschutes (6.6) and Clackamas (8.6).

Oregon's age-adjusted hypertension death rate was markedly lower than the U.S. rate through 1985, but this trend has since reversed. In 2016, Oregon's age-adjusted hypertension death rate was 23.3% higher than the U.S. rate (10.6 versus 8.6) and ranked eighth nationally (see Table 6-55) (1).

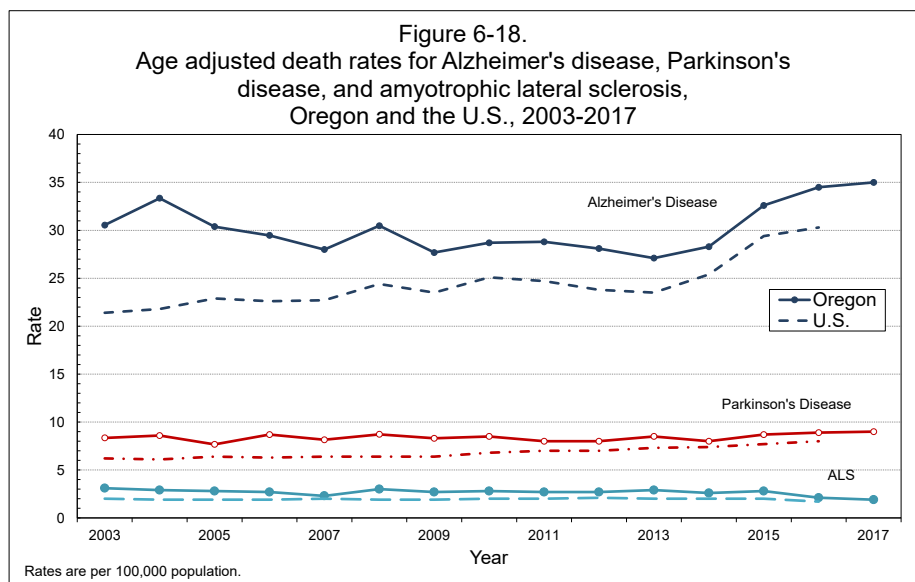
Parkinson's disease

Ranking 12th among causes of death during 2017, Parkinson's disease claimed the lives of 465 Oregon residents. The crude death rate increased slightly to 11.2 per 100,000 population from 11.1 in 2016 (see Table 6-3). The 2017 age-adjusted death rate increased slightly from 8.9 in 2016 to 9.0 in 2017 (see Table 6-47t). While the mortality rates for many causes fell in recent decades, the rate for this neurological disorder continues to trend upward, despite short-term fluctuations (see Table 6-3). The age-adjusted Parkinson's death rate among males was 2.8 times as high as that among females (14.4 versus 5.2) (see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f).

Parkinson's disease most often kills persons age 55 or older (see Table 6-6). The median age at death has fluctuated little during the previous decade, ranging between 82 and 84 years. The median age of death decreased slightly to 83 years, down from 84 years in 2016 (see Table 6-15).

Only one county had an age-adjusted rate significantly higher than the state rate (8.9) during 2015–2017: Deschutes (14.1). No counties had an age-adjusted rate significantly lower than the state rate.

Oregon's 2016 age-adjusted Parkinson's disease death rate was the seventh highest nationally.



Oregon's age-adjusted Parkinson's disease death rate has long been higher than the nation's, as have those of two other neurological disorders: Alzheimer's disease and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (see Table 6-55 and Figure 6-18). During 2016, Oregon's age-adjusted Parkinson's disease death rate of 9.1 was 13.8% higher than the U.S. rate of 8.0 and ranked seventh among the states and District of Columbia (1).

Viral hepatitis

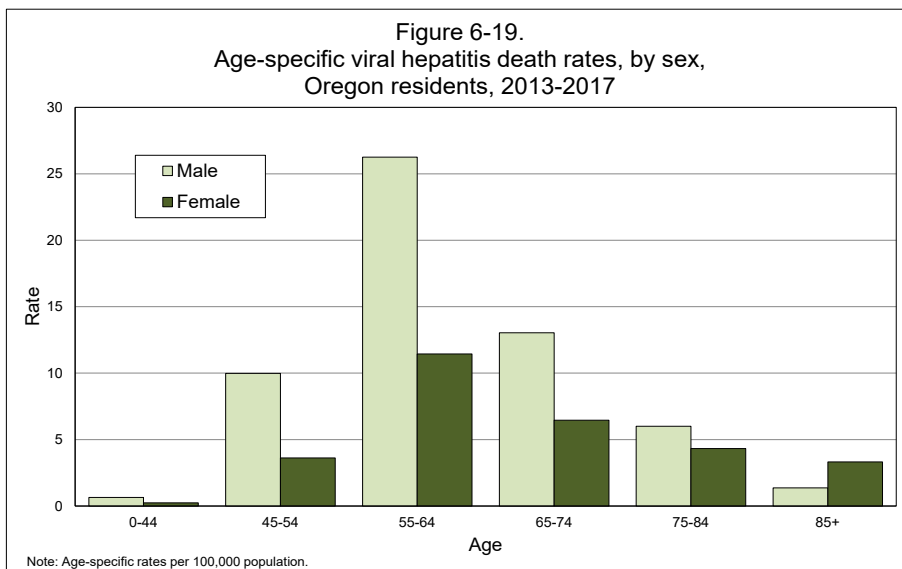
Viral hepatitis deaths* peaked in 2013 with 234 deaths. Since that time, viral hepatitis deaths have declined each year and totaled 139 deaths in 2017 (see Table 6-3). The age-adjusted death rate also declined from 4.6 per 100,000 population to 2.6 over the same period (see Table 6-47t). Viral hepatitis ranked as the 19th leading cause of death among Oregonians in 2017 and resulted in 1,864 years of potential life lost. Consistent with previous years, more than 90% of viral hepatitis deaths (95.7% in 2017) were due to the hepatitis C virus.

There are large disparities by sex and age when looking at risk of death from viral hepatitis because it most often claims middle-aged males (see Figure 6-19). The male age-adjusted rate during 2013–2017† was more than twice the female rate (4.9 and 2.2, respectively; see Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f).

Oregon's 2016 age-adjusted viral hepatitis death rate was the fourth highest nationally.

* This analysis is based on deaths where viral hepatitis was the underlying cause of death. Other data sources (e.g., CDC) use both the underlying and contributing causes of death to identify viral hepatitis deaths. As a result, CDC estimates will be higher than the estimates in this report.

† Data for five years were aggregated for this analysis because rates based on multiple years' data yield more representative values than those based on the relatively small numbers recorded for any single year.



The median age at death from viral hepatitis has increased over time, from 59 in 2012 to 62 in 2017 (see Table 6-13).

In 2017, viral hepatitis was a contributing cause in 393 deaths, in addition to the 139 deaths where it was the underlying cause. Viral hepatitis is often associated with chronic liver disease and appeared as a contributing cause in 30.9% of liver cancer deaths and 8.0% of deaths from other liver diseases.

From 2013 to 2017, only six counties had 50 or more deaths due to viral hepatitis. Two of these counties had age-adjusted death rates significantly higher than the state rate (3.5): Jackson (4.9) and Multnomah (4.3). Two counties had rates significantly lower than the state rate: Washington (1.8) and Clackamas (2.3).

Oregon's viral hepatitis age-adjusted death rate is one of the highest in the nation. In 2016, it was 81.3% higher than the national rate and ranked fourth among 48 states and the District of Columbia (see Table 6-55) (1).

Homicide

Oregon's homicide rate decreased in 2017 from 3.2 per 100,000 population in 2016 to 3.1 (see Table 6-3). With 128 victims, homicide was the 20th leading cause of death. Only two counties – Multnomah and Marion – had more than 10 residents die from homicide in 2017 (see Table 6-36).

Every year, more males than females are murdered, and 2017 was no exception. The male age-adjusted death rate increased from 4.6 per 100,000 population in 2016 to 4.8 in 2017, while the female rate decreased from 1.9 to 1.5. The total (both sexes) age-adjusted rate was 3.2 in 2017, unchanged from last year (see Table 6-47t, Table 6-47m and Table 6-47f).

Infants had higher homicide death rates than Oregonians in any other age category. During 2013–2017,* infants' homicide rate was 5.3 per 100,000 population. The group with the second-highest homicide death rate was aged 25–

* Data for five years were aggregated for analysis because rates based on multiple years' data yield more representative values than those based on the relatively small numbers recorded for any single year.

34 (4.6). Children between the ages of 5 and 14 years had a homicide death rate of 0.6, the lowest of all age groups during this period (see Figure 6-20).

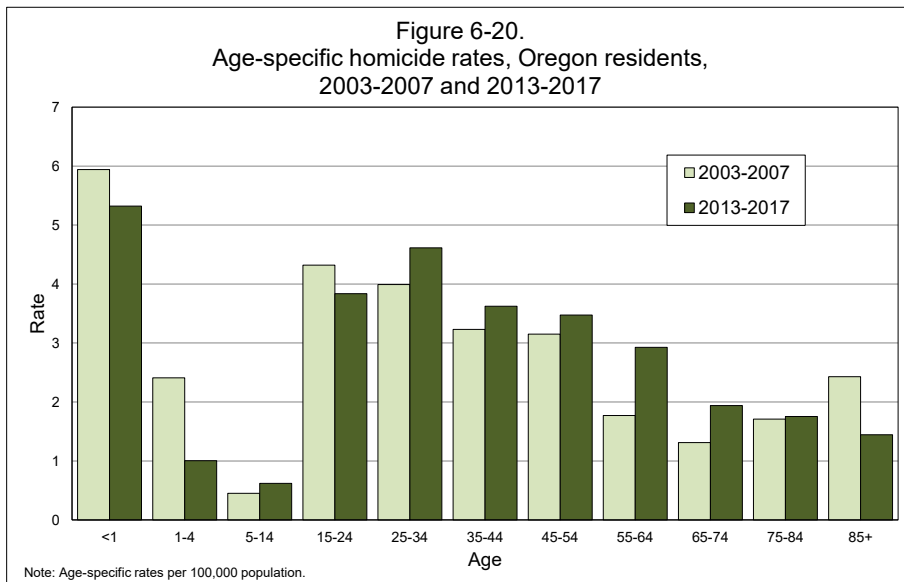
The median age at death for homicide victims in 2017 was 39 years, which was an increase from the median age of 34 years in 2016 (see Table 6-15). However, homicide continues to have the lowest median age at death among the leading causes (except for causes associated with infancy). With 4,472 years of potential life lost, homicide was the 11th leading cause (see Table 6-13).

Excluding counties with fewer than 20 deaths in this category, one county had an age-adjusted homicide rate significantly higher than the state rate (3.3) during 2015–2017: Douglas (11.2). This is due in large part to a single shooting incident at Umpqua Community College on Oct. 1, 2015. One county had a significantly lower rate than the state: Washington (1.5).

Historically, Oregon’s homicide death rate has been markedly lower than the nation’s. During 2016, the state’s rate was 46.8% lower and ranked 37th among 47 states and the District of Columbia (see Table 6-55) (1).

Firearms were the most common implement of homicide, accounting for 74 (57.8%) of the homicide deaths in 2017 (see Table 6-33 and Table J).

Method	Count
Firearms	74
Sharp Objects	16
Hanging/Strang./Suff.	4
Smoke/Fire/Flames	4
Blunt Objects	2
Bodily Force	2



Drug-induced deaths

During 2017, fewer deaths were attributed to drug-related causes than to alcohol — 671 versus 878 (see Table 6-6). Drug-induced death is not considered a leading cause due to considerable overlap with other cause-of-death categories. Nevertheless, with a crude death rate of 16.2 per 100,000 population, drugs represented a significant cause of mortality among Oregonians (see Table 6-7t). The drug-induced death rate has trended up recently, and this year's rate is another record high, breaking the previous one (15.9) set in 2016.

Males were more likely than females to die from drug-induced causes (see Figure 6-21). Their age-adjusted death rate was 19.4 per 100,000 population compared to 11.6 for females. More than half of all drug-induced deaths (58.7%) occurred among residents aged 35–64.

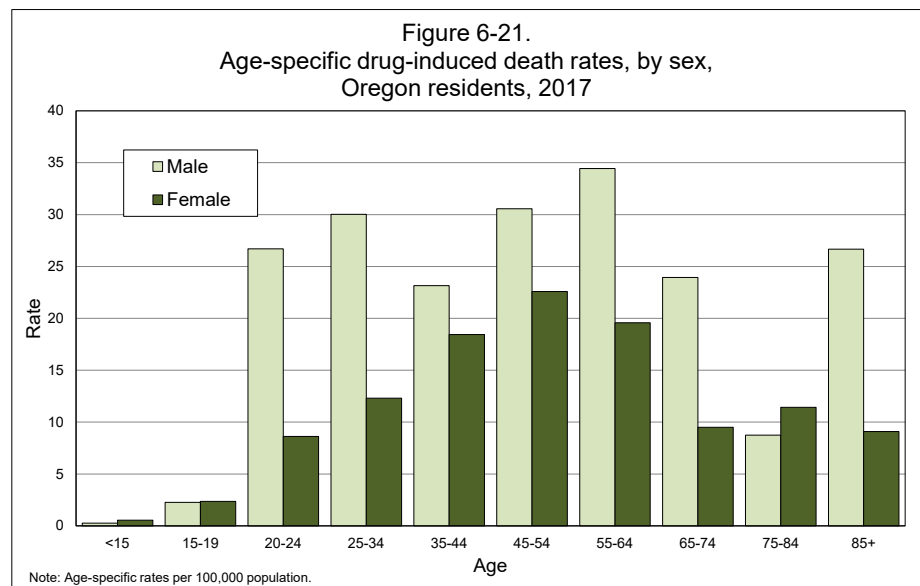
Excluding counties with fewer than 20 deaths in this category, four counties had age-adjusted rates significantly higher than the state rate (14.8) from 2015–2017: Curry (27.5), Josephine (21.0), Lane (20.9) and Multnomah (19.1). Three counties had rates significantly lower than that of the state: Benton (8.8), Washington (9.1) and Clackamas (11.3).

This category consists of ICD codes included in other cause-of-death rubrics, with most deaths categorized as mental disorders, unintentional injuries and suicide.

Maternal deaths

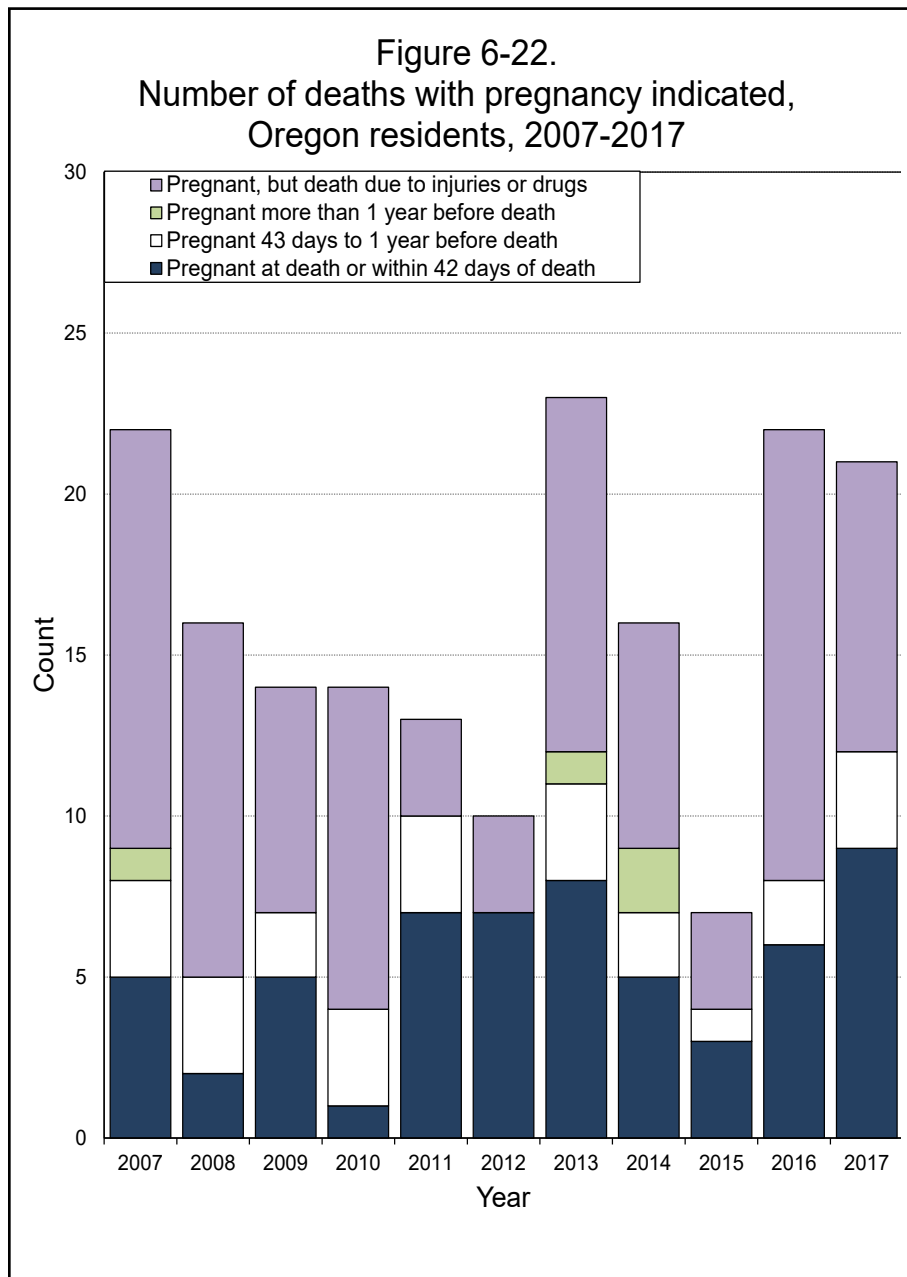
Before 2006, the category for maternal death (ICD10 codes O00–O99) included only fatalities where the female was

For the second consecutive year, Oregon's drug-induced death rate reached a record high in 2017.



either pregnant at the time of death or pregnant within 42 days before death. In addition, for every death of a female between 17 and 44 attributable to such causes as infections, cerebrovascular disease, digestive diseases or ill-defined unknown causes, the Center for Health Statistics re-contacted the physician and asked whether the woman was pregnant at the time of death or within 42 days before death. These queries might typically yield one additional maternal death record. However, the records queried were small in number.

Beginning in 2006, Oregon modified the reporting of maternal deaths by adding to the death record an item-specific checkbox under the section for causes of death.



For all female decedents 10–60 years of age, the medical certifier must now indicate whether the decedent was pregnant at death, pregnant within 42 days before death or pregnant before one year of death. As shown in Figure 6-22, the addition of this question has increased the count of maternal deaths. Under this expanded definition, 2017 saw 12 maternal deaths in Oregon.

Male veteran deaths

In 2017, there were 9,439 deaths among veterans — 331 women and 9,108 men. Due to the small number of female veterans in Oregon, throughout this section of the report the terms “non-veterans” and “veterans” refer only to males aged 18 and older. Table 6-22 contains cause-of-death information for veterans and non-veterans. Male veteran population estimates for rate calculations came from the U.S. Department of Veteran Affairs, VetPop 2017 State Data Tables (2), and those shown in Appendix A, Table A-3.

The death rate for veterans in 2017 was almost five times as high as the rate for non-veterans (3,274.0 per 100,000 population versus 707.6), but much of this difference was due to a larger number of veterans in the older age groups. While the age-specific death rates for veterans exceeded those for non-veterans in all age groups, the difference was significant only among those aged 55–74 (2,012.8 versus 1,299.2) and aged 75 and up (8,955.5 versus 5,707.9). Rate differences for those aged 18–34 (186.5 versus 126.3) and aged 35–54 (312.5 versus 297.9) were not significant (see Table 6-22).

The top two causes of both veteran and non-veteran deaths in 2017 were heart disease and cancer. The third most cited cause of death was chronic lower respiratory disease (CLRD) for veterans and unintentional injuries for non-veterans (see Table 6-22). Because there are more veteran deaths than non-veteran deaths in the oldest age group, veteran death rates for causes seen primarily in older persons (e.g., CLRD) tend to be higher for veterans than for non-veterans.

Male veterans and suicide

Suicide is the ninth leading cause of death for veterans and the fourth leading cause of death for non-veterans. However, the overall veteran suicide rate was almost 70% higher than for non-veterans (57.2 versus 34.3). The suicide rates for

veterans were higher than the rates for non-veterans in all age groups. The difference in rates was greatest among those 18–34, where the veteran suicide rate is almost three times higher than the rate for non-veterans (88.4 versus 32.4) (see Table 6-22). The second greatest difference in rates was in the 35–54 age group, in which the veteran suicide rate was almost twice as high as the rate for non-veterans (63.6 versus 34.0) (see Table 6-22).

Among veterans who died from suicide between 2015 and 2017*, 32.0% had been in combat and 56.5% were non-combat veterans (combat status was unknown for 11.5% of veterans). Combat veterans aged 18–49 had a higher percentage of deaths due to suicide than non-combat veterans (37.1% versus 29.4%), while combat veterans aged 50 or older's percentage was similar to non-combat veterans (1.2% versus 1.5%).

Deaths due to military operations

The Oregon vital statistics data files do not include deaths among Oregon residents who died in military operations outside the United States. Death records of military personnel are registered with the U.S. Department of Defense, which does not forward the records to the decedents' state of residence. However, these deaths (with each decedent's name, date of death, home city, age and sex) are posted weekly on the Department of Defense's website.† In 2017, no Oregon residents died in military operations.

* Data for three years were aggregated for analysis because statistics based on multiple years' data yield more representative values than those based on the relatively small numbers recorded for any single year.

† Counts of Oregon residents who died in military operations outside the United States were obtained from U.S. Department of Defense: <https://www.dmdc.osd.mil/dcas/pages/casualties.xhtml>. Accessed Sept. 7, 2018.

Endnotes

1. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. CDC WONDER database. [cited 2019 Feb 26.] Available at: <http://wonder.cdc.gov/mortSQL.html>.

These data are from the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) WONDER online database. 2016 was the last year of available mortality data when this report was compiled Oregon mortality data from the WONDER database may vary slightly from Oregon data presented elsewhere within this annual report due to different file closure dates, different population estimate methodologies, out-of-state reporting by other states to CDC and incorporation of Oregon's physician query results.

2. U.S. Department of Veteran Affairs, Table 6L: VetPop2016 living veterans by state, age group, gender, 2015–2045 [cited 2018 June 16.] Available at: www.va.gov/vetdata/Veteran_Population.asp.

Male veteran population estimates for calculating crude death rates were obtained from this table.

TABLE 6-1. Age-specific death rates by sex, Oregon residents, 1940-2017 (selected years)

Year and sex	Total	Age groups					
		0-4	5-14	15-24	25-44	45-64	65+
1940 deaths	1141.2	953.9	116.6	199.1	317.7	1322.7	7154.3
Male	1336.2	1122.6	140.5	267.4	374.5	1650.8	7831.0
Female	912.7	788.1	91.9	130.4	258.2	944.7	6395.2
1950 deaths	912.9	588.1	61.7	148.2	242.0	1105.7	5836.7
Male	1097.2	459.9	74.1	226.0	317.4	1411.4	6619.2
Female	722.6	515.6	48.7	73.0	166.0	711.9	5025.0
1960 deaths	949.1	566.3	42.5	107.0	210.5	1053.1	5796.9
Male	1141.2	640.3	53.3	158.4	273.3	1420.3	6854.2
Female	758.9	489.7	31.2	58.3	149.9	679.0	4838.8
1970 deaths	933.8	411.4	42.9	134.4	184.4	1015.1	5617.3
Male	1107.6	437.8	56.5	198.9	241.7	1375.4	6893.0
Female	767.2	383.9	28.7	74.4	128.7	670.2	4607.6
1980 deaths	826.4	310.7	31.9	115.8	140.8	870.8	4977.2
Male	931.8	333.9	36.9	167.8	193.4	1157.4	6013.3
Female	724.1	286.1	26.7	63.6	87.5	602.9	4209.3
1990 deaths	882.1	215.0	21.2	97.3	142.7	711.7	4872.9
Male	935.0	237.8	21.3	142.2	204.2	889.7	5591.3
Female	831.0	191.1	21.0	50.6	81.2	540.2	4349.3
2000 deaths	859.6	141.1	15.9	70.0	128.7	556.0	5225.4
Male	850.6	172.7	16.7	101.4	160.8	682.3	5589.6
Female	868.4	107.9	15.0	37.0	95.5	432.2	4957.1
2010 deaths	829.8	114.0	10.7	52.5	111.7	591.8	4626.4
Male	828.5	126.0	11.8	76.8	144.3	719.3	4766.7
Female	831.1	101.4	9.5	27.1	77.1	467.1	4513.2
2015 deaths	889.6	108.4	11.5	59.1	125.4	618.5	4143.3
Male	908.9	122.5	13.1	85.5	163.8	760.5	4314.0
Female	870.9	93.4	9.8	31.6	86.7	481.8	4003.2
2016 deaths	878.2	103.2	11.7	69.5	121.1	614.0	3985.0
Male	914.2	110.6	14.7	96.4	160.0	750.9	4254.5
Female	843.1	94.6	8.5	41.7	81.9	482.2	3762.8
2017 deaths	884.8	111.9	14.9	65.8	128.5	608.9	3949.4
Male	915.0	125.1	15.6	92.4	166.0	753.8	4170.9
Female	855.2	98.0	14.3	38.1	90.6	469.3	3766.5

All rates per 100,000 population within the specific age groups.

TABLE 6-2. Leading causes of death for males and females by rank order, number, rate, percent, and median age at death, Oregon residents, 2017

Cause of death in rank order	Rank	No.	Rate ¹	Pct.	Median age
Males					
Total		18,689	915.0	100.0	74
Malignant neoplasms	1	4,194	205.3	22.4	73
Diseases of the heart	2	3,761	184.1	20.1	78
Unintended injuries	3	1,268	62.1	6.8	58
Chronic lower respiratory disease	4	949	46.5	5.1	75
Cerebrovascular disease	5	890	43.6	4.8	81
Diabetes mellitus	6	707	34.6	3.8	72
Suicide	7	629	30.8	3.4	48
Alcohol-induced	8	622	30.5	3.3	60
Alzheimer's disease	9	569	27.9	3.0	87
Parkinson's disease	10	305	14.9	1.6	82
Influenza & pneumonia	11	282	13.8	1.5	80
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease	12	272	13.3	1.5	76
Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome, etc.	13	203	9.9	1.1	78
Septicemia	14	122	6.0	0.7	73
Neoplasms not known to be malignant	15	121	5.9	0.6	78
Aortic aneurysm	16	110	5.4	0.6	77
Homicide	17	97	4.7	0.5	38
Viral hepatitis	18	89	4.4	0.5	62
Pneumonitis due to solids & liquids	19	77	3.8	0.4	84
Congenital malformations	20	72	3.5	0.4	40
Females					
Total		17,949	855.2	100.0	81
Malignant neoplasms	1	3,890	185.4	21.7	73
Diseases of the heart	2	3,183	151.7	17.7	86
Alzheimer's disease	3	1,281	61.0	7.1	89
Cerebrovascular disease	4	1,176	56.0	6.6	86
Chronic lower respiratory disease	5	1,139	54.3	6.3	78
Unintended injuries	6	805	38.4	4.5	77
Diabetes mellitus	7	536	25.5	3.0	75
Influenza & pneumonia	8	291	13.9	1.6	86
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease	9	289	13.8	1.6	86
Alcohol-induced	10	256	12.2	1.4	58
Suicide	11	195	9.3	1.1	48
Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome, etc.	12	174	8.3	1.0	83
Parkinson's disease	13	160	7.6	0.9	83
Septicemia	14	120	5.7	0.7	76
Neoplasms not known to be malignant	15	103	4.9	0.6	81
Pneumonitis due to solids & liquids	16	77	3.7	0.4	83
Congenital malformations	17	72	3.4	0.4	11
Aortic aneurysm	18	69	3.3	0.4	80
Nutritional deficiencies	19	60	2.9	0.3	87
Viral hepatitis	20	50	2.4	0.3	63

¹ All rates per 100,000 population.

TABLE 6-3. Selected leading causes of death with rates, Oregon residents, 1998-2017

Year	Total	Cancer	Major cardiovascular diseases				CLRD	Alzheimer's disease	Diabetes mellitus
			Heart disease	CeVD	HBP	Arteriosclerosis			
Number of deaths									
1998	29,346	7,072	7,168	2,768	224	220	1,705	806	887
1999	29,356	6,903	7,252	2,817	246	198	1,762	868	855
2000	29,541	6,989	7,104	2,567	225	230	1,696	905	847
2001	30,128	7,091	7,086	2,604	312	195	1,743	1,038	1,033
2002	31,082	7,232	7,245	2,639	353	210	1,842	1,125	1,034
2003	30,813	7,217	7,008	2,548	345	205	1,818	1,149	1,032
2004	30,201	7,227	6,687	2,322	358	174	1,770	1,263	1,072
2005	30,854	7,277	6,721	2,268	429	191	1,822	1,231	1,131
2006	31,304	7,295	6,588	1,973	362	118	1,820	1,228	1,139
2007	31,433	7,398	6,632	1,833	361	124	1,886	1,195	1,114
2008	32,020	7,484	6,516	1,909	406	92	1,950	1,299	1,030
2009	31,547	7,470	6,226	1,900	424	79	1,935	1,212	1,069
2010	31,899	7,630	6,191	1,787	442	69	1,973	1,297	1,052
2011	32,731	7,768	6,215	1,906	449	88	2,031	1,325	1,114
2012	32,475	7,761	6,109	1,745	500	53	1,901	1,320	1,122
2013	33,931	7,798	6,497	1,769	523	59	2,025	1,311	1,111
2014	34,160	7,862	6,523	1,821	499	41	1,958	1,412	1,083
2015	35,709	8,094	6,858	1,869	567	47	2,118	1,650	1,149
2016	35,799	8,076	6,972	1,944	557	49	2,081	1,786	1,240
2017	36,640	8,084	6,945	2,066	561	31	2,088	1,850	1,243
Rate per 100,000 population									
1998	898.1	216.4	219.4	84.7	6.9	6.7	52.2	24.7	27.1
1999	889.4	209.1	219.7	85.3	7.5	6.0	53.4	26.3	25.9
2000	859.6	203.4	206.7	74.7	6.5	6.7	49.3	26.3	24.6
2001	867.8	204.3	204.1	75.0	9.0	5.6	50.2	29.9	29.8
2002	886.9	206.4	206.7	75.3	10.1	6.0	52.6	32.1	29.5
2003	870.1	203.8	197.9	71.9	9.7	5.8	51.3	32.4	29.1
2004	843.0	201.7	186.7	64.8	10.0	4.9	49.4	35.3	29.9
2005	849.6	200.4	185.1	62.5	11.8	5.3	50.2	33.9	31.1
2006	848.2	197.7	178.5	53.5	9.8	3.2	49.3	33.3	30.9
2007	839.2	197.5	177.1	48.9	9.6	3.3	50.4	31.9	29.7
2008	844.6	197.4	171.9	50.4	10.7	2.4	51.4	34.3	27.2
2009	825.1	195.4	162.8	49.7	11.1	2.1	50.6	31.7	28.0
2010	829.8	198.5	161.0	46.5	11.5	1.8	51.3	33.7	27.4
2011	848.5	201.4	161.1	49.4	11.6	2.3	52.6	34.3	28.9
2012	836.2	199.8	157.3	44.9	12.9	1.4	48.9	34.0	28.9
2013	865.8	199.0	165.8	45.1	13.3	1.5	51.7	33.5	28.3
2014	862.0	198.4	164.6	46.0	12.6	1.0	49.4	35.6	27.3
2015	889.6	201.7	170.9	46.6	14.1	1.2	52.8	41.1	28.6
2016	878.2	198.1	171.0	47.7	13.7	1.2	51.1	43.8	30.4
2017	884.8	195.2	167.7	49.9	13.5	0.7	50.4	44.7	30.0

Abbreviations: CeVD = Cerebrovascular disease; HBP = Hypertensive blood pressure; CLRD = Chronic lower respiratory disease.

Note: Beginning in 1999, causes of death were classified using the rubrics and methodology of the tenth revision of the International Classification of Disease (which supplanted the ninth revision). Final comparability ratios have been applied to death rates for all causes except alcohol-induced deaths, Alzheimer's disease, and firearms, where they were not available/apposite to Oregon data. See the Technical Notes in Appendix B for further information. See annual reports prior to 2003 for unadjusted figures.

TABLE 6-3. Selected leading causes of death with rates, Oregon residents, 1998-2017

Year	Alcohol-induced	Pneumonia & influenza	Parkinson's disease	Viral hepatitis	External cause			
					Unintentional injuries	Suicide	Firearms (any manner)	Homicide
Number of deaths								
1998	380	704	278	76	1,371	570	441	134
1999	304	684	256	45	1,144	499	391	109
2000	383	637	278	77	1,211	502	378	93
2001	431	576	293	92	1,257	524	360	107
2002	442	661	306	128	1,382	517	376	106
2003	518	633	310	95	1,388	589	393	91
2004	510	554	321	107	1,423	555	383	112
2005	536	606	298	93	1,427	559	400	103
2006	473	522	346	90	1,579	573	381	111
2007	542	481	327	183	1,643	604	387	80
2008	540	519	352	169	1,694	581	387	99
2009	571	509	344	175	1,577	640	413	102
2010	571	419	356	179	1,557	685	458	114
2011	644	396	349	184	1,705	639	417	107
2012	670	379	362	160	1,659	717	442	110
2013	713	501	394	234	1,732	697	461	90
2014	760	449	381	210	1,796	781	497	99
2015	894	453	428	182	1,987	761	486	139
2016	829	452	452	159	2,108	771	510	129
2017	878	573	465	139	2,073	825	529	128
Rate per 100,000 population								
1998	11.6	21.6	8.5	2.3	41.9	17.5	13.5	4.1
1999	9.2	20.7	7.8	1.4	34.7	15.1	11.8	3.3
2000	11.1	18.5	8.1	2.2	35.2	14.6	11.0	2.7
2001	12.4	16.6	8.4	2.6	36.2	15.1	10.4	3.1
2002	12.6	18.9	8.7	3.7	39.4	14.8	10.7	3.0
2003	14.6	17.9	8.8	2.7	39.2	16.6	11.1	2.6
2004	14.2	15.5	9.0	3.0	39.7	15.5	10.7	3.1
2005	14.8	16.7	8.2	2.6	39.3	15.4	11.0	2.8
2006	12.8	14.1	9.4	2.4	42.8	15.5	10.3	3.0
2007	14.5	12.8	8.7	4.9	43.9	16.1	10.3	2.1
2008	14.2	13.7	9.3	4.5	44.7	15.3	10.2	2.6
2009	14.9	13.3	9.0	4.6	41.2	16.7	10.8	2.7
2010	14.9	10.9	9.3	4.7	40.5	17.8	11.9	3.0
2011	16.7	10.3	9.0	4.8	44.2	16.6	10.8	2.8
2012	17.3	9.8	9.3	4.1	42.7	18.5	11.4	2.8
2013	18.2	12.8	10.1	6.0	44.2	17.8	11.8	2.3
2014	19.2	11.3	9.6	5.3	45.3	19.7	12.5	2.5
2015	22.3	11.3	10.7	4.5	49.5	19.0	12.1	3.5
2016	20.3	11.1	11.1	3.9	51.7	18.9	12.5	3.2
2017	21.2	13.8	11.2	3.4	50.1	19.9	12.8	3.1

Abbreviations: CeVD = Cerebrovascular disease; HBP = Hypertensive blood pressure; CLRD = Chronic lower respiratory disease.

Note: Beginning in 1999, causes of death were classified using the rubrics and methodology of the tenth revision of the International Classification of Disease (which supplanted the ninth revision). Final comparability ratios have been applied to death rates for all causes except alcohol-induced deaths, Alzheimer's disease, and firearms, where they were not available/apposite to Oregon data. See the Technical Notes in Appendix B for further information. See annual reports prior to 2003 for unadjusted figures.

TABLE 6-4. Leading causes of death by age group and sex, Oregon residents, 2017

Cause of death in rank order	Rank	Total ¹			Male		Female	
		No.	Rate ²	Pct.	No.	Rate ²	No.	Rate ²
All ages								
Total		36,640	884.8	100.0	18,689	915.0	17,949	855.2
Malignant neoplasms	1	8,084	195.2	22.1	4,194	205.3	3,890	185.4
Heart disease	2	6,945	167.7	19.0	3,761	184.1	3,183	151.7
Chronic lower respiratory disease	3	2,088	50.4	5.7	949	46.5	1,139	54.3
Unintentional injuries	4	2,073	50.1	5.7	1,268	62.1	805	38.4
Cerebrovascular disease	5	2,066	49.9	5.6	890	43.6	1,176	56.0
Under 1 year								
Total		236	540.9	100.0	134	596.9	102	481.6
Perinatal conditions	1	117	268.2	49.6	70	311.8	47	221.9
Congenital malformations	2	55	126.1	23.3	24	106.9	31	146.4
Sudden infant death syndrome	3	21	48.1	8.9	17	75.7	4	18.9
Unintentional injuries	4	16	36.7	6.8	10	44.5	6	28.3
Diarrhea & gastroenteritis	5	4	9.2	1.7	1	4.5	3	14.2
1-4 years								
Total		50	23.6	100.0	30	27.6	20	19.4
Unintentional injuries	1	20	9.4	40.0	12	11.0	8	7.7
Malignant neoplasms	2	5	2.4	10.0	3	2.8	2	1.9
Congenital malformations	3	4	1.9	8.0	3	2.8	1	1.0
Homicide	4	2	0.9	4.0	2	1.8	—	—
Pneumonitis due to solids & liquids ...	4	2	0.9	4.0	1	0.9	1	1.0
5-14 years								
Total		75	14.9	100.0	40	15.6	35	14.3
Unintentional injuries	1	26	5.2	34.7	17	6.6	9	3.7
Malignant neoplasms	2	13	2.6	17.3	7	2.7	6	2.4
Suicide	3	10	2.0	13.3	5	1.9	5	2.0
Homicide	4	7	1.4	9.3	3	1.2	4	1.6
Congenital malformations	5	6	1.2	8.0	1	0.4	5	2.0
15-24 years								
Total		341	65.8	100.0	244	92.4	97	38.1
Unintentional injuries	1	141	27.2	41.3	107	40.5	34	13.4
Suicide	2	97	18.7	28.4	80	30.3	17	6.7
Malignant neoplasms	3	16	3.1	4.7	6	2.3	10	3.9
Homicide	4	11	2.1	3.2	10	3.8	1	0.4
Heart disease	4	11	2.1	3.2	5	1.9	6	2.4

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-4. Leading causes of death by age group and sex, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Cause of death in rank order	Rank	Total ¹			Male		Female	
		No.	Rate ²	Pct.	No.	Rate ²	No.	Rate ²
25-34 years								
Total		552	99.3	100.0	394	140.9	157	56.8
Unintentional injuries	1	200	36.0	36.2	151	54.0	49	17.7
Suicide	2	123	22.1	22.3	99	35.4	23	8.3
Malignant neoplasms	3	37	6.7	6.7	20	7.2	17	6.2
Alcohol-induced	4	29	5.2	5.3	20	7.2	9	3.3
Homicide	5	28	5.0	5.1	23	8.2	5	1.8
35-44 years								
Total		861	158.5	100.0	522	191.8	339	125.0
Unintentional injuries	1	197	36.3	22.9	130	47.8	67	24.7
Malignant neoplasms	2	136	25.0	15.8	53	19.5	83	30.6
Suicide	3	131	24.1	15.2	99	36.4	32	11.8
Heart disease	4	79	14.5	9.2	55	20.2	24	8.9
Alcohol-induced	5	74	13.6	8.6	51	18.7	23	8.5
45-54 years								
Total		1,808	347.9	100.0	1,084	419.3	724	277.2
Malignant neoplasms	1	429	82.6	23.7	202	78.1	227	86.9
Heart disease	2	264	50.8	14.6	192	74.3	72	27.6
Unintentional injuries	3	196	37.7	10.8	134	51.8	62	23.7
Alcohol-induced	4	194	37.3	10.7	129	49.9	65	24.9
Suicide	5	150	28.9	8.3	100	38.7	50	19.1
55-64 years								
Total		4,610	862.8	100.0	2,813	1,088.4	1,796	651.0
Malignant neoplasms	1	1,457	272.7	31.6	797	308.4	660	239.2
Heart disease	2	699	130.8	15.2	514	198.9	184	66.7
Alcohol-induced	3	310	58.0	6.7	215	83.2	95	34.4
Unintentional injuries	4	270	50.5	5.9	194	75.1	76	27.5
Diabetes mellitus	5	244	45.7	5.3	150	58.0	94	34.1
65-74 years								
Total		7,173	1,702.5	100.0	4,183	2,086.7	2,990	1,353.8
Malignant neoplasms	1	2,361	560.4	32.9	1,290	643.5	1,071	484.9
Heart disease	2	1,172	278.2	16.3	764	381.1	408	184.7
Chronic lower respiratory disease	3	591	140.3	8.2	310	154.6	281	127.2
Cerebrovascular disease	4	329	78.1	4.6	189	94.3	140	63.4
Diabetes mellitus	5	301	71.4	4.2	188	93.8	113	51.2

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-4. Leading causes of death by age group and sex, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Cause of death in rank order	Rank	Total ¹			Male		Female	
		No.	Rate ²	Pct.	No.	Rate ²	No.	Rate ²
75-84 years								
Total		8,685	4,229.9	100.0	4,535	4,956.7	4,150	3,645.7
Malignant neoplasms	1	2,247	1,094.4	25.9	1,178	1,287.5	1,069	939.1
Heart disease	2	1,648	802.6	19.0	963	1,052.6	685	601.8
Chronic lower respiratory disease	3	660	321.4	7.6	295	322.4	365	320.6
Cerebrovascular disease	4	526	256.2	6.1	242	264.5	284	249.5
Alzheimer's disease	5	444	216.2	5.1	163	178.2	281	246.9
85+ years								
Total		12,249	14,405.7	100.0	4,710	15,703.7	7,539	13,698.3
Heart disease	1	3,045	3,581.1	24.9	1,254	4,181.0	1,791	3,254.2
Malignant neoplasms	2	1,382	1,625.3	11.3	638	2,127.2	744	1,351.8
Alzheimer's disease	3	1,268	1,491.3	10.4	361	1,203.6	907	1,648.0
Cerebrovascular disease	4	993	1,167.8	8.1	336	1,120.3	657	1,193.8
Chronic lower respiratory disease	5	543	638.6	4.4	213	710.2	330	599.6

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Includes unknown sex.

² All rates per 100,000 population.

Note: Many deaths among 15- to 54-year-olds result from drug use. The rank order of drug-induced deaths may be ascertained from the data in Table 6-35, but note that many of these deaths are included in the intentional and unintentional injury categories shown in this table.

TABLE 6-5. Deaths by marital status, sex, and age, Oregon residents, 2017

Marital status and sex	Total	Age at death							
		<15	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49
Total	36,640	361	113	228	268	284	399	462	680
Male	18,689	204	76	168	187	207	254	268	406
Female	17,949	157	37	60	81	76	145	194	274
Unknown	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Single	3,928	361	112	208	213	179	198	173	200
Male	2,582	204	75	158	154	133	143	113	132
Female	1,345	157	37	50	59	46	55	60	68
Unknown	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Married	13,350	—	1	18	38	55	117	149	250
Male	8,830	—	1	9	22	40	64	78	141
Female	4,519	—	—	9	16	14	53	71	109
Unknown	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Widowed	11,692	—	—	—	—	1	3	6	15
Male	3,215	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	8
Female	8,477	—	—	—	—	1	2	6	7
Divorced	7,424	—	—	2	17	46	78	130	206
Male	3,874	—	—	1	11	31	45	75	118
Female	3,550	—	—	1	6	15	33	55	88
Not stated	246	—	—	—	—	3	3	4	9
Male	188	—	—	—	—	3	1	2	7
Female	58	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	2

Marital status and sex	Age at death								
	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85-89	90+
Total	1,128	1,984	2,626	3,374	3,799	4,158	4,527	5,117	7,132
Male	678	1,223	1,590	2,011	2,172	2,237	2,298	2,300	2,410
Female	450	761	1,035	1,363	1,627	1,921	2,229	2,817	4,722
Unknown	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Single	300	401	412	318	257	177	129	129	161
Male	224	280	287	209	181	108	71	58	52
Female	76	121	124	109	76	69	58	71	109
Unknown	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Married	436	801	1,065	1,592	1,823	1,989	2,022	1,712	1,282
Male	236	481	627	1,001	1,184	1,315	1,373	1,249	1,009
Female	200	320	438	591	639	674	649	463	273
Unknown	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Widowed	37	91	193	375	594	1,003	1,628	2,630	5,116
Male	9	30	67	129	194	320	521	740	1,196
Female	28	61	126	246	400	683	1,107	1,890	3,920
Divorced	343	656	914	1,048	1,081	960	736	635	572
Male	203	404	574	642	579	470	324	245	152
Female	140	252	340	406	502	490	412	390	420
Not stated	12	35	42	41	44	29	12	11	1
Male	6	28	35	30	34	24	9	8	1
Female	6	7	7	11	10	5	3	3	—

— Quantity is zero.

TABLE 6-6. Number of deaths from selected causes by age and sex, Oregon residents, 2017

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Total	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Total*	36,640	236	50	75	341	552	861	1,808	4,610	7,173	8,685	12,249
Male	18,689	134	30	40	244	394	522	1,084	2,813	4,183	4,535	4,710
Female	17,949	102	20	35	97	157	339	724	1,796	2,990	4,150	7,539
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	695	9	3	1	1	6	20	61	137	162	137	158
Male	366	5	2	1	1	4	10	40	83	90	69	61
Female	329	4	1	–	–	2	10	21	54	72	68	97
Tuberculosis (A16-A19)	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	3	–	1
Male	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	3	–	–
Female	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Septicemia (A40-A41)	242	3	1	1	1	2	7	14	39	56	57	61
Male	122	2	–	1	1	2	2	6	20	33	27	28
Female	120	1	1	–	–	–	5	8	19	23	30	33
Creutzfeldt-Jacob disease (A81.0)	11	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	7	2	1
Male	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	3	1	1
Female	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	1	–
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	139	–	–	–	–	–	2	25	58	41	8	5
Male	89	–	–	–	–	–	1	16	39	26	6	1
Female	50	–	–	–	–	–	1	9	19	15	2	4
HIV/AIDS (B20-B24) ²	42	–	–	–	–	–	7	15	13	5	1	1
Male	34	–	–	–	–	–	6	14	8	5	1	–
Female	8	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	5	–	–	1
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	8,084	1	5	13	16	37	136	429	1,457	2,361	2,247	1,382
Male	4,194	–	3	7	6	20	53	202	797	1,290	1,178	638
Female	3,890	1	2	6	10	17	83	227	660	1,071	1,069	744
Lip, oral cavity & pharynx (C00-C14)	145	–	–	–	1	–	2	9	37	55	27	14
Male	112	–	–	–	–	–	2	9	30	43	19	9
Female	33	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	7	12	8	5
Digestive organs (C15-C26)	2,151	–	–	2	–	5	38	127	464	631	568	316
Male	1,251	–	–	2	–	2	18	80	301	405	305	138
Female	900	–	–	–	–	3	20	47	163	226	263	178
Esophagus (C15)	249	–	–	–	–	–	4	20	57	88	59	21
Male	209	–	–	–	–	–	2	18	49	72	50	18
Female	40	–	–	–	–	–	2	2	8	16	9	3
Stomach (C16)	97	–	–	–	–	–	6	6	13	33	24	15
Male	60	–	–	–	–	–	4	3	7	22	13	11
Female	37	–	–	–	–	–	2	3	6	11	11	4
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	667	–	–	–	–	4	16	45	134	147	192	129
Male	334	–	–	–	–	2	6	25	78	80	102	41
Female	333	–	–	–	–	2	10	20	56	67	90	88

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-6. Number of deaths from selected causes by age and sex, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Total	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Colon (C18)	437	—	—	—	—	4	9	27	77	96	136	88
Male	213	—	—	—	—	2	4	13	47	50	69	28
Female	224	—	—	—	—	2	5	14	30	46	67	60
Rectosigmoid junction (C19)	53	—	—	—	—	—	5	4	16	9	11	8
Male	31	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	9	4	8	5
Female	22	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	7	5	3	3
Rectum (C20)	143	—	—	—	—	—	2	11	31	35	36	28
Male	78	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	17	22	23	8
Female	65	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	14	13	13	20
Liver & intrahepatic bile ducts (C22)	379	—	—	2	—	—	4	17	117	143	67	29
Male	262	—	—	2	—	—	2	9	85	107	43	14
Female	117	—	—	—	—	—	2	8	32	36	24	15
Pancreas (C25)	640	—	—	—	—	—	7	31	120	195	196	91
Male	326	—	—	—	—	—	3	19	69	110	84	41
Female	314	—	—	—	—	—	4	12	51	85	112	50
Respiratory, intrathoracic organs (C30-C39) ...	1,911	—	—	—	—	1	9	68	334	661	594	244
Male	954	—	—	—	—	—	6	33	179	344	286	106
Female	957	—	—	—	—	1	3	35	155	317	308	138
Larynx (C32)	27	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	11	8	2
Male	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	10	6	2
Female	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	—
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	1,865	—	—	—	—	—	8	66	325	645	581	240
Male	922	—	—	—	—	—	5	32	171	332	278	104
Female	943	—	—	—	—	—	3	34	154	313	303	136
Bronchus & lung (C34)	1,865	—	—	—	—	—	8	66	325	645	581	240
Male	922	—	—	—	—	—	5	32	171	332	278	104
Female	943	—	—	—	—	—	3	34	154	313	303	136
Skin (C43-C44)	194	—	—	—	1	4	8	5	37	44	55	40
Male	136	—	—	—	—	3	6	5	26	38	37	21
Female	58	—	—	—	1	1	2	—	11	6	18	19
Melanoma of skin (C43)	133	—	—	—	—	3	7	4	26	32	38	23
Male	91	—	—	—	—	2	5	4	18	28	24	10
Female	42	—	—	—	—	1	2	—	8	4	14	13
Mesothelioma (C45)	41	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	11	23	5
Male	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	9	17	3
Female	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	6	2
Breast (C50)	516	—	—	—	—	1	25	57	110	132	103	88
Male	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	4	2
Female	506	—	—	—	—	1	25	57	109	129	99	86

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-6. Number of deaths from selected causes by age and sex, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Total	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Female genital organs (C51-C58)	465	—	—	—	—	6	13	45	78	149	100	74
Male	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female	465	—	—	—	—	6	13	45	78	149	100	74
Cervix uteri (C53)	47	—	—	—	—	3	4	13	6	11	5	5
Male	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female	47	—	—	—	—	3	4	13	6	11	5	5
Corpus uteri (C54-C55) ³	138	—	—	—	—	—	6	11	24	55	22	20
Male	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female	138	—	—	—	—	—	6	11	24	55	22	20
Ovary (C56)	239	—	—	—	—	3	3	19	44	70	62	38
Male	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female	239	—	—	—	—	3	3	19	44	70	62	38
Male genital organs (C60-C63)	455	—	—	—	3	2	1	7	34	121	151	136
Male	455	—	—	—	3	2	1	7	34	121	151	136
Female	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Prostate (C61)	441	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	32	118	151	134
Male	441	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	32	118	151	134
Female	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	190	—	—	—	—	1	1	15	27	60	53	33
Male	131	—	—	—	—	1	1	9	22	47	34	17
Female	59	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	5	13	19	16
Bladder (C67)	254	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	29	53	79	88
Male	173	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	23	39	48	60
Female	81	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	6	14	31	28
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ⁴	246	—	1	4	2	7	15	21	64	82	35	15
Male	140	—	1	1	1	6	6	14	45	40	22	4
Female	106	—	—	3	1	1	9	7	19	42	13	11
Thyroid/endocrine gland (C73-C75)	38	1	1	—	—	—	—	2	8	14	7	5
Male	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	5	8	4	2
Female	17	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	3	6	3	3
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	814	—	2	2	4	4	10	34	114	191	266	187
Male	447	—	1	1	—	3	7	21	67	109	154	84
Female	367	—	1	1	4	1	3	13	47	82	112	103
Hodgkin's disease (C81)	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	3	4	1
Male	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	—
Female	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	3	1
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	279	—	—	—	—	—	2	11	41	70	93	62
Male	149	—	—	—	—	—	2	8	26	40	48	25
Female	130	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	15	30	45	37

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-6. Number of deaths from selected causes by age and sex, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Total	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Leukemia (C91-C95)	346	—	2	2	4	4	8	17	46	73	108	82
Male	193	—	1	1	—	3	5	8	27	40	69	39
Female	153	—	1	1	4	1	3	9	19	33	39	43
Lymphoid leukemia (C91)	90	—	1	1	2	2	2	—	11	12	30	29
Male	53	—	1	—	—	1	2	—	7	8	17	17
Female	37	—	—	1	2	1	—	—	4	4	13	12
Myeloid leukemia (C92)	206	—	1	—	2	2	5	15	31	49	63	38
Male	112	—	—	—	—	2	2	6	16	27	45	14
Female	94	—	1	—	2	—	3	9	15	22	18	24
Multiple myeloma (C88, C90)⁵	174	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	26	45	58	40
Male	99	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	13	27	35	19
Female	75	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	18	23	21
Neoplas. not specif. as malig. (D00-D48)⁶ ...	224	1	—	1	2	1	2	1	16	58	70	72
Male	121	—	—	1	—	1	2	—	8	31	41	37
Female	103	1	—	—	2	—	—	1	8	27	29	35
Myelodysplastic syndromes (D46)	94	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	21	36	35
Male	55	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	12	22	20
Female	39	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	9	14	15
Diseases of the blood (D50-89)⁷	126	2	2	2	1	3	2	6	15	25	27	41
Male	69	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	11	15	15	17
Female	57	1	1	1	—	1	—	3	4	10	12	24
Anemias (D50-D64)	61	1	1	—	1	1	1	—	5	10	10	31
Male	30	1	—	—	1	1	1	—	3	5	5	13
Female	31	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	5	5	18
Endocrine & nutritional dis. (E00-E88)⁸	1,844	1	1	1	5	18	46	137	345	432	426	432
Male	1,017	1	1	—	2	9	25	79	210	260	235	195
Female	827	—	—	1	3	9	21	58	135	172	191	237
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	1,243	—	—	—	3	8	28	92	244	301	295	272
Male	707	—	—	—	1	5	15	49	150	188	167	132
Female	536	—	—	—	2	3	13	43	94	113	128	140
Nutritional deficiencies (E40-E64)	98	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	3	12	22	58
Male	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	3	13	19
Female	60	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	1	9	9	39
Malnutrition (E40-E46)	98	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	3	12	22	58
Male	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	3	13	19
Female	60	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	1	9	9	39
Mental disorders (F01-F99)⁹	2,658	1	—	—	4	24	31	107	171	259	530	1,531
Male	1,090	1	—	—	2	16	15	75	122	162	252	445
Female	1,568	—	—	—	2	8	16	32	49	97	278	1,086

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-6. Number of deaths from selected causes by age and sex, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Total	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Organic dementia (F01, F03) ¹⁰	2,138	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	20	133	485	1,498
Male	730	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	9	70	226	424
Female	1,408	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	11	63	259	1,074
Due to alcohol (F10) ¹¹	292	—	—	—	—	9	20	69	98	75	16	5
Male	211	—	—	—	—	5	11	50	76	54	12	3
Female	81	—	—	—	—	4	9	19	22	21	4	2
Due to psychoactive substance (F11-F19)	145	—	—	—	4	13	10	34	35	33	8	8
Male	101	—	—	—	2	9	3	22	28	28	4	5
Female	44	—	—	—	2	4	7	12	7	5	4	3
Nervous system disease (G00-G99)	3,145	2	5	3	9	12	18	41	154	387	853	1,661
Male	1,297	—	4	2	8	5	10	15	81	209	408	555
Female	1,848	2	1	1	1	7	8	26	73	178	445	1,106
Meningitis (G00, G03)	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	—	—
Male	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—
Female	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (G12.2)	102	—	—	—	—	—	4	4	28	38	24	4
Male	55	—	—	—	—	—	4	2	12	26	9	2
Female	47	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	16	12	15	2
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	465	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	12	68	192	192
Male	305	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	7	46	131	120
Female	160	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	22	61	72
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	1,850	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	20	115	444	1,268
Male	569	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	37	163	361
Female	1,281	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	12	78	281	907
Multiple sclerosis (G35)	77	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	17	30	21	7
Male	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	18	5	2
Female	45	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	11	12	16	5
Epilepsy (G40-G41)	35	—	—	—	2	2	2	8	5	6	5	5
Male	13	—	—	—	1	—	1	5	2	2	1	1
Female	22	—	—	—	1	2	1	3	3	4	4	4
Ear & mastoid process dis. (H60-H95)	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—
Male	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—
Circulatory system diseases (I00-I99)	9,993	—	2	3	15	35	111	332	981	1,671	2,412	4,431
Male	5,151	—	—	2	6	21	73	230	688	1,062	1,323	1,746
Female	4,841	—	2	1	9	14	38	102	292	609	1,089	2,685
Major cardiovascular disease (I00-I78)	9,930	—	2	2	14	33	108	329	971	1,658	2,396	4,417
Male	5,119	—	—	1	6	20	72	229	680	1,054	1,316	1,741
Female	4,810	—	2	1	8	13	36	100	290	604	1,080	2,676

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-6. Number of deaths from selected causes by age and sex, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Total	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	6,945	—	1	1	11	25	79	264	699	1,172	1,648	3,045
Male	3,761	—	—	—	5	14	55	192	514	764	963	1,254
Female	3,183	—	1	1	6	11	24	72	184	408	685	1,791
Rheumatic heart disease (I00-I09) ¹²	87	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	8	17	19	40
Male	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	3	2	10
Female	68	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	5	14	17	30
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	273	—	—	—	—	2	4	6	12	34	59	156
Male	105	—	—	—	—	—	4	4	8	16	31	42
Female	168	—	—	—	—	2	—	2	4	18	28	114
Hypertensive heart & renal dis. (I13)	87	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	8	22	50
Male	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	3	12	20
Female	47	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	5	10	30
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	3,387	—	—	—	2	7	47	149	429	709	839	1,205
Male	2,168	—	—	—	2	4	38	119	342	493	555	615
Female	1,219	—	—	—	—	3	9	30	87	216	284	590
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	1,088	—	—	—	1	2	15	48	137	281	266	338
Male	648	—	—	—	1	1	12	39	106	182	163	144
Female	440	—	—	—	—	1	3	9	31	99	103	194
Other acute ischemic hrt. dis. (I24)	26	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	7	9	9
Male	15	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	5	7	2
Female	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	7
Chronic isch. heart dis. (I20, I25)	2,273	—	—	—	1	5	31	101	292	421	564	858
Male	1,505	—	—	—	1	3	25	80	236	306	385	469
Female	768	—	—	—	—	2	6	21	56	115	179	389
Atheroscler. cardiovascular dis. ¹³ ...	138	—	—	—	—	1	2	13	40	25	31	26
Male	94	—	—	—	—	1	2	10	32	21	16	12
Female	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	8	4	15	14
Other chr. ischemic heart dis. ¹⁴	2,135	—	—	—	1	4	29	88	252	396	533	832
Male	1,411	—	—	—	1	2	23	70	204	285	369	457
Female	724	—	—	—	—	2	6	18	48	111	164	375
Nonrheumatic mitral valve dis. (I34)	51	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	5	14	27
Male	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	4	6	5
Female	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	8	22
Nonrheumatic aortic valve dis. (I35)	469	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	15	36	107	309
Male	210	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	10	23	54	121
Female	259	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	13	53	188
Cardiomyopathy (I42)	252	—	—	—	4	5	7	30	47	46	62	51
Male	166	—	—	—	1	5	5	25	38	31	38	23
Female	86	—	—	—	3	—	2	5	9	15	24	28

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-6. Number of deaths from selected causes by age and sex, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Total	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Heart failure (I50)	1,034	—	—	—	—	3	4	19	52	144	229	583
Male	470	—	—	—	—	2	2	10	33	87	118	218
Female	564	—	—	—	—	1	2	9	19	57	111	365
Congestive heart failure (I50.0)	764	—	—	—	—	1	2	16	40	94	165	446
Male	344	—	—	—	—	1	1	9	26	57	83	167
Female	420	—	—	—	—	—	1	7	14	37	82	279
Left ventricular heart failure (I50.1)	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	1
Male	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	1
Female	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—
Heart failure, unspecified (I50.9)	263	—	—	—	—	2	2	3	12	45	63	136
Male	122	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	7	28	34	50
Female	141	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	5	17	29	86
HBP (I10, I12, I15) ¹⁵	561	—	—	—	—	—	6	16	84	94	115	246
Male	272	—	—	—	—	—	4	8	54	61	61	84
Female	289	—	—	—	—	—	2	8	30	33	54	162
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ¹⁰	2,066	—	1	1	2	6	16	41	151	329	526	993
Male	890	—	—	1	—	5	8	23	86	189	242	336
Female	1,176	—	1	—	2	1	8	18	65	140	284	657
Subarachnoid hemorrhage (I60)	59	—	—	—	1	—	3	9	18	9	10	9
Male	19	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	5	—	2	5
Female	40	—	—	—	1	—	2	3	13	9	8	4
Intracerebral hemorrhage (I61-I62) ¹⁶	395	—	—	1	—	4	10	13	42	84	103	138
Male	190	—	—	1	—	3	5	5	27	47	49	53
Female	205	—	—	—	—	1	5	8	15	37	54	85
Cerebral infarction (I63)	221	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	18	43	62	94
Male	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	12	26	31	28
Female	121	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	17	31	66
Stroke (type not specified) (I64)	768	—	1	—	—	1	2	7	41	112	208	396
Male	311	—	—	—	—	1	2	4	24	62	94	124
Female	457	—	1	—	—	—	—	3	17	50	114	272
Atherosclerosis (I70)	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	11	14
Male	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	4	6
Female	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	7	8
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	179	—	—	—	1	2	3	6	22	25	60	60
Male	110	—	—	—	1	1	2	6	16	19	31	34
Female	69	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	6	6	29	26
Diseases of arteries (I72-I78) ¹⁷	148	—	—	—	—	—	4	2	14	33	36	59
Male	73	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	10	18	15	27
Female	75	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	4	15	21	32

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-6. Number of deaths from selected causes by age and sex, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Total	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Respiratory system diseases (J00-J99)	3,300	1	4	—	8	5	24	78	368	796	997	1,019
Male	1,560	1	1	—	6	2	8	42	182	428	470	420
Female	1,740	—	3	—	2	3	16	36	186	368	527	599
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	573	1	1	—	2	—	8	22	63	79	130	267
Male	282	1	—	—	2	—	4	15	35	53	66	106
Female	291	—	1	—	—	—	4	7	28	26	64	161
Influenza (J09-J11)	203	—	—	—	—	—	2	8	21	26	42	104
Male	96	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	12	17	18	42
Female	107	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	9	9	24	62
Pneumonia (J12-J18)	370	1	1	—	2	—	6	14	42	53	88	163
Male	186	1	—	—	2	—	3	9	23	36	48	64
Female	184	—	1	—	—	—	3	5	19	17	40	99
Other acute lower resp. infect'ns (J20-J22)	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	4
Male	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Female	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	3
Acute bronchitis (J20-J21)¹⁸	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
Male	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Female	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Chronic lower respiratory dis. (J40-J47)¹⁹	2,088	—	1	—	3	3	8	42	237	591	660	543
Male	949	—	—	—	2	—	2	19	108	310	295	213
Female	1,139	—	1	—	1	3	6	23	129	281	365	330
Bronchitis, chronic & unspec. (J40-J42)	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	—	3	3
Male	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	1
Female	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	3	2
Emphysema (J43)	144	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	22	43	39	35
Male	54	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	9	16	15	12
Female	90	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	13	27	24	23
Asthma (J45-J46)	65	—	1	—	3	2	2	6	11	12	7	21
Male	16	—	—	—	2	—	1	2	2	5	1	3
Female	49	—	1	—	1	2	1	4	9	7	6	18
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	1,870	—	—	—	—	1	5	31	202	536	611	484
Male	876	—	—	—	—	—	1	15	95	289	279	197
Female	994	—	—	—	—	1	4	16	107	247	332	287
Bronchiectasis (J47)	19	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	3	6	8
Male	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	3
Female	14	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	3	4	5
Pneumoconioses (J60-J66, J68)²⁰	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	6
Male	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	3	6
Female	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-6. Number of deaths from selected causes by age and sex, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Total	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Pneumonitis due to solids & liquids (J69)	154	—	2	—	1	2	—	3	13	21	40	72
Male	77	—	1	—	—	2	—	2	7	11	18	36
Female	77	—	1	—	1	—	—	1	6	10	22	36
Digestive system diseases (K00-K92)	1,652	3	—	1	5	24	70	165	330	369	299	386
Male	891	1	—	—	3	17	45	101	200	223	157	144
Female	761	2	—	1	2	7	25	64	130	146	142	242
Peptic ulcer (K25-K28)	68	—	—	—	1	1	—	1	9	15	19	22
Male	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6	9	10	9
Female	33	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	3	6	9	13
Diseases of the appendix (K35-K38)	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	2
Male	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	—
Female	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Appendicitis (K35-K37)	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	2
Male	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	—
Female	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Hernia (K40-K46)	45	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	12	26
Male	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	5	10
Female	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	7	16
Vascular disorders of the intestine (K55)	117	1	—	—	—	—	1	5	11	33	30	36
Male	41	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	6	11	10	12
Female	76	1	—	—	—	—	1	3	5	22	20	24
Chronic liver disease (K70, K73-K74) ²¹	642	—	—	—	—	18	51	122	212	169	52	18
Male	408	—	—	—	—	13	36	76	129	114	31	9
Female	234	—	—	—	—	5	15	46	83	55	21	9
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²²	522	—	—	—	—	16	48	106	195	126	24	7
Male	363	—	—	—	—	12	34	68	125	97	21	6
Female	159	—	—	—	—	4	14	38	70	29	3	1
Cholelithiasis (K80-K82) ²³	68	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	11	17	34
Male	45	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	9	13	19
Female	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	4	15
Diseases of the skin (L00-L98)²⁴	89	—	—	—	—	2	1	4	15	12	14	41
Male	37	—	—	—	—	2	1	1	6	6	7	14
Female	52	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	6	7	27
Musculoskeletal disease (M00-M99)²⁵	249	—	—	—	—	1	4	16	28	51	70	79
Male	95	—	—	—	—	—	2	8	12	19	29	25
Female	154	—	—	—	—	1	2	8	16	32	41	54
Genitourinary system dis. (N00-N99)	671	—	—	—	1	3	12	18	62	128	176	271
Male	322	—	—	—	—	2	6	10	34	71	92	107
Female	349	—	—	—	1	1	6	8	28	57	84	164

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-6. Number of deaths from selected causes by age and sex, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Total	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27)²⁶	377	–	–	–	–	3	9	13	42	72	101	137
Male	203	–	–	–	–	2	5	7	29	42	62	56
Female	174	–	–	–	–	1	4	6	13	30	39	81
Acute nephrotic syndr. (N00-N01, N04)²⁷ ..	9	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	2	6
Male	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	2
Female	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	4
Chr. nephritis (N02-N03, N05-N07, N26)²⁸	14	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	–	2	6	3
Male	6	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	2	2	1
Female	8	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	4	2
Renal failure (N17-N19)	353	–	–	–	–	2	8	12	40	70	93	128
Male	192	–	–	–	–	1	5	7	28	40	58	53
Female	161	–	–	–	–	1	3	5	12	30	35	75
Other disorders of kidney (N25, N27)	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
Male	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
Female	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kidney infect'ns (N10-N12, N13.6, N15.1)	23	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	2	7	3	8
Male	8	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	4	–	3
Female	15	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	2	3	3	5
Urinary tract infection (N39.0)	163	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	12	26	41	82
Male	53	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	11	14	27
Female	110	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	11	15	27	55
Hyperplasia of prostate (N40)	22	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	2	6	13
Male	22	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	2	6	13
Female	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Female pelvic inflam. dis. (N70-N76)²⁹	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
Male	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Female	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
Pregnancy & childbirth (O00-O99)³⁰	12	–	–	–	4	4	3	1	–	–	–	–
Male	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Female	12	–	–	–	4	4	3	1	–	–	–	–
Pregnancy with abortive outcome (O00-O07)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Male	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Female	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	120	117	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–
Male	71	70	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
Female	49	47	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)³¹	144	55	4	6	5	7	8	12	18	11	8	10
Male	72	24	3	1	–	7	5	8	10	3	5	6
Female	72	31	1	5	5	–	3	4	8	8	3	4

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-6. Number of deaths from selected causes by age and sex, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Total	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Malformation of the heart (Q20-Q24)	35	14	1	1	2	3	3	2	3	1	1	4
Male	23	9	—	—	—	3	2	2	3	—	1	3
Female	12	5	1	1	2	—	1	—	—	1	—	1
Other malf. of the circul. sys. (Q25-Q28)	8	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	1	1	3
Male	3	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Female	5	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	2
Malf. of the respiratory system (Q30-Q34)	4	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Male	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Female	3	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Symptoms & signs (R00-R99)³²	468	23	—	—	4	8	10	21	73	90	85	154
Male	263	18	—	—	3	5	8	14	54	59	46	56
Female	205	5	—	—	1	3	2	7	19	31	39	98
Senility (R54)	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	21
Male	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	7
Female	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	14
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	21	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Male	17	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
External causes of death (V01-Y89)	3,164	20	23	44	261	361	363	378	440	360	333	581
Male	2,073	12	15	25	206	281	257	256	315	254	208	244
Female	1,090	8	8	19	55	79	106	122	125	106	125	337
Accidents (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	2,073	16	20	26	141	200	197	196	270	227	256	524
Male	1,268	10	12	17	107	151	130	134	194	152	156	205
Female	805	6	8	9	34	49	67	62	76	75	100	319
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	553	1	12	15	79	78	71	64	100	63	49	21
Male	396	—	9	11	60	59	47	52	69	43	33	13
Female	157	1	3	4	19	19	24	12	31	20	16	8
Motor vehicle acc. (Many codes) ³³	507	1	12	14	78	76	65	56	89	55	43	18
Male	360	—	9	10	59	57	42	45	62	37	29	10
Female	147	1	3	4	19	19	23	11	27	18	14	8
Motor veh. traf. acc. (Many codes) ³⁴	473	1	7	13	75	74	63	50	82	52	39	17
Male	334	—	4	9	59	56	40	39	56	35	26	10
Female	139	1	3	4	16	18	23	11	26	17	13	7
Other land trans. acc. (Many codes) ³⁵	17	—	—	1	1	—	5	3	3	1	2	1
Male	14	—	—	1	1	—	4	3	2	1	1	1
Female	3	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
Water transport accidents (V90-V94)	6	—	—	—	—	2	—	2	—	1	1	—
Male	5	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	—	1	1	—
Female	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-6. Number of deaths from selected causes by age and sex, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Total	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Air transport accidents (V95-V97)	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	1	—
Male	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	—
Female	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59,Y86)	1,520	15	8	11	62	122	126	132	170	164	207	503
Male	872	10	3	6	47	92	83	82	125	109	123	192
Female	648	5	5	5	15	30	43	50	45	55	84	311
Falls (W00-W19)	764	—	—	—	7	10	10	13	38	83	160	443
Male	361	—	—	—	5	7	8	8	31	49	93	160
Female	403	—	—	—	2	3	2	5	7	34	67	283
Firearms (W32-W34)	4	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	1	—
Male	4	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	1	—
Female	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Drowning & submersion (W65-W74)	49	1	2	3	10	9	5	3	5	7	3	1
Male	39	1	1	3	9	6	4	2	4	6	3	—
Female	10	—	1	—	1	3	1	1	1	1	—	1
Exposure to smoke & fire (X00-X09)	36	1	3	6	1	—	6	4	4	1	5	5
Male	20	1	—	3	—	—	3	2	2	—	4	5
Female	16	—	3	3	1	—	3	2	2	1	1	—
Poisoning (X40-X49) ³⁶	450	—	—	—	42	94	92	92	93	27	4	6
Male	302	—	—	—	32	71	57	55	63	18	2	4
Female	148	—	—	—	10	23	35	37	30	9	2	2
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	825	—	—	10	97	123	131	150	126	102	55	31
Male	629	—	—	5	80	99	99	100	94	85	42	25
Female	195	—	—	5	17	23	32	50	32	17	13	6
Poisoning (X60-X69)	130	—	—	1	8	18	22	28	26	16	9	2
Male	67	—	—	—	5	10	13	13	11	10	3	2
Female	62	—	—	1	3	7	9	15	15	6	6	—
Hanging/suffocation (X70)	180	—	—	7	31	43	35	25	21	14	1	3
Male	134	—	—	4	24	34	25	17	17	10	—	3
Female	46	—	—	3	7	9	10	8	4	4	1	—
Firearm discharge (X72-X74)	439	—	—	2	48	53	59	78	65	66	44	24
Male	372	—	—	1	43	48	50	57	55	60	39	19
Female	67	—	—	1	5	5	9	21	10	6	5	5
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	128	3	2	7	11	28	25	22	14	11	4	1
Male	97	1	2	3	10	23	20	19	10	7	1	1
Female	31	2	—	4	1	5	5	3	4	4	3	—
Firearm discharge (X93-X95)	74	—	—	6	8	18	18	13	4	3	3	1
Male	58	—	—	2	7	16	16	11	2	3	—	1
Female	16	—	—	4	1	2	2	2	2	—	3	—

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-6. Number of deaths from selected causes by age and sex, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Total	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Legal intervention (Y35, Y89.0) ³⁷	11	—	—	—	3	3	3	1	—	1	—	—
Male	11	—	—	—	3	3	3	1	—	1	—	—
Female	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Undeterm. intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	60	1	1	1	9	7	6	8	19	5	3	—
Male	32	1	1	—	6	5	4	1	10	2	2	—
Female	28	—	—	1	3	2	2	7	9	3	1	—
Medical care complica'ns (Y40-Y84, Y88)	67	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	11	14	15	25
Male	36	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	7	7	7	13
Female	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	7	8	12
<i>Injury by firearms (Many codes)</i> ³⁸	529	—	—	8	59	75	80	93	69	72	48	25
Male	445	—	—	3	53	68	69	69	57	66	40	20
Female	84	—	—	5	6	7	11	24	12	6	8	5
<i>Alcohol-induced deaths (Many codes)</i> ^{39,40}	878	—	—	—	1	29	74	194	310	215	43	12
Male	622	—	—	—	—	20	51	129	215	163	35	9
Female	256	—	—	—	1	9	23	65	95	52	8	3
<i>Drug-induced deaths (Many codes)</i> ^{41,42}	671	1	1	1	52	119	113	138	143	69	21	13
Male	418	—	1	—	38	84	63	79	89	48	8	8
Female	252	1	—	1	14	34	50	59	54	21	13	5
<i>Injury at work</i> ⁴³	61	—	—	—	1	10	10	12	19	8	—	1
Male	58	—	—	—	1	10	9	12	17	8	—	1
Female	3	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	—	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

* Includes unknown sex.

1 International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision. Geneva: World Health Organization, 1992.

2 Human immunodeficiency virus/ acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

3 Includes uterus, part unspecified.

4 Includes meninges and other parts of the central nervous system.

5 Includes immunoproliferative neoplasms.

6 Includes in situ neoplasms, benign neoplasms, and neoplasms of uncertain or unknown behavior.

7 Includes diseases of the blood forming-organs and disorders involving the immune mechanism.

8 Includes metabolic diseases.

9 Includes behavioral disorders.

10 In 2005, the National Center for Health Statistics changed the ICD-10 codes to which certain brain disorders were coded. In prior years, "multi-infarct dementia" was coded to I63.9 (cerebral infarction, unspecified) and "vascular dementia" as I67.9 (cerebrovascular disease, unspecified). Beginning in 2005, "multi-infarct dementia" is assigned to code F01.1 and "vascular dementia" to F01.9. Therefore, certain deaths formerly attributed to the cerebrovascular disease rubric are now counted as forms of organic dementia.

11 For all deaths due to alcohol, see "Alcohol-induced deaths" at the end of the table.

12 Includes acute rheumatic fever.

13 The ICD-10 code is I25.0.

14 Includes angina, arteriosclerotic heart disease, coronary heart disease, and related disorders. The ICD-10 codes are I20, I25.1-I25.9.

15 Hypertension with/without renal disease.

16 Includes other intracranial hemorrhages.

- 17 Includes diseases of the arterioles and capillaries.
- 18 Includes acute bronchiolitis.
- 19 Formerly chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD).
- 20 Includes respiratory conditions due to inhalation of chemicals, gases, fumes, and vapors.
- 21 Includes liver cirrhosis.
- 22 For all deaths due to alcohol, see "Alcohol-induced deaths" at the end of the table.
- 23 Includes other diseases of the gallbladder.
- 24 Includes subcutaneous tissues.
- 25 Includes connective tissue.
- 26 Includes nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis.
- 27 Includes acute and rapidly progressive nephritic and nephrotic syndrome.
- 28 Includes chronic glomerulonephritis, nephritis and nephritis not specified as acute or chronic, and renal sclerosis unspecified.
- 29 Inflammatory diseases of female pelvic organs.
- 30 Includes the puerperium.
- 31 Includes congenital deformations and chromosomal abnormalities.
- 32 Includes abnormal clinical and laboratory findings not elsewhere classified.
- 33 Includes the following ICD-10 codes: V02-V04, V09.0, V09.2, V12-V14, V19.0-V19.2, V19.4-V19.6, V20-V79, V80.3-V80.5, V81.0-V81.1, V82.0-V82.1, V83-V86, V87.0-V87.8, V88.0-V88.8, V89.0, V89.2.
- 34 Includes the following ICD-10 codes: V02-V04(.1-.9), V09.2, V12-V14(.3-.9), V19(.4-.6), V20-V28(.3-.9), V29(.4-.9), V30-V39(.4-.9), V40-V49(.4-.9), V50-V59(.4-.9), V60-V69(.4-.9), V70-V79(.4-.9), V80(.3-.5), V81.1, V82.1, V83-V86(.0-.3), V87(.0-.8), V89.2.
- 35 Includes the following ICD-10 codes: V01, V05-V06, V09.1, V09.3-V09.9, V10-V11, V15-V18, V19.3, V19.8-V19.9, V80.0-V80.2, V80.6-V80.9, V81.2-V81.9, V82.2-V82.9, V87.9, V88.9, V89.1, V89.3, V89.9.
- 36 Includes exposure to noxious substances.
- 37 Legal intervention is the intentional or unintentional death of a person resulting from the actions of a law enforcement agent. This figure may not include all such deaths if the certifying medical examiner failed to note (on the death certificate) the involvement of a law enforcement agent.
- 38 Includes accidental, suicidal, homicidal, and undetermined intent gunshot deaths (ICD-10 codes W32-W34, X72-X74, X93-X95, Y22-Y24, and Y35.0). Note this category includes injuries included in other cause of death categories.
- 39 Includes: alcoholic mental/behavioral disorders, degeneration of nervous system, polyneuropathy, alcoholic myopathy, cardiomyopathy, gastritis, liver disease, chronic pancreatitis, alcohol in the blood, accidental poisoning by alcohol, intentional self-poisoning, and poisoning of undetermined intent. Note disorders included here are also included in other cause of death categories.
- 40 The ICD-10 codes for the above categories are E24.4, F10, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1, I42.6, K29.2, K70, K85.2, K86.0, R78.0, X45, X65, and Y15.
- 41 Includes a variety of conditions affecting multiple organ systems, such as poisonings/overdoses and mental/behavioral disorders due to substance use/abuse. Other conditions, such as drug-induced hypoglycemia and drug-induced Parkinsonism are also included here. Note disorders included here are also included in other cause of death categories.
- 42 The ICD-10 codes for the above categories are: D52.1, D59.0, D59.2, D61.1, D64.2, E06.4, E16.0, E23.1, E24.2, E27.3, E66.1, F11.1-F11.5, F11.7-F11.9, F12.1-F12.5, F12.7-F12.9, F13.1-F13.5, F13.7-F13.9, F14.1-F14.5, F14.7-F14.9, F15.1-F15.5, F15.7-F15.9, F16.1-F16.5, F16.7-F16.9, F18.1-F18.5, F18.7-F18.9, F19.1-F19.5, F19.7-F19.9, G21.1, G24.0, G25.1, G25.4, G25.6, G44.4, G62.0, G72.0, I95.2, J70.2-J70.4, K85.3, L10.5, L27.0-L27.1, M10.2, M32.0, M80.4, M81.4, M83.5, M87.1, R50.2, R78.1-R78.5, X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14.
- 43 Recorded as a separate item on the death certificate by the medical examiner.

TABLE 6-7t. Total death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Total	884.8	540.9	23.6	14.9	65.8	99.3	158.5	347.9	862.8	1,702.5	4,229.9	14,405.7
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	16.8	20.6	1.4	0.2	0.2	1.1	3.7	11.7	25.6	38.5	66.7	185.8
Tuberculosis (A16-A19)	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	0.7	—	1.2
Septicemia (A40-A41)	5.8	6.9	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.4	1.3	2.7	7.3	13.3	27.8	71.7
Creutzfeldt-Jacob disease (A81.0)	0.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	1.7	1.0	1.2
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	3.4	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	4.8	10.9	9.7	3.9	5.9
HIV/AIDS (B20-B24) ³	1.0	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	2.9	2.4	1.2	0.5	1.2
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	195.2	2.3	2.4	2.6	3.1	6.7	25.0	82.6	272.7	560.4	1,094.4	1,625.3
Lip, oral cavity & pharynx (C00-C14)	3.5	—	—	—	0.2	—	0.4	1.7	6.9	13.1	13.1	16.5
Digestive organs (C15-26)	51.9	—	—	0.4	—	0.9	7.0	24.4	86.8	149.8	276.6	371.6
Esophagus (C15)	6.0	—	—	—	—	—	0.7	3.8	10.7	20.9	28.7	24.7
Stomach (C16)	2.3	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	1.2	2.4	7.8	11.7	17.6
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	16.1	—	—	—	—	0.7	2.9	8.7	25.1	34.9	93.5	151.7
Colon (C18)	10.6	—	—	—	—	0.7	1.7	5.2	14.4	22.8	66.2	103.5
Rectosigmoid junction (C19)	1.3	—	—	—	—	—	0.9	0.8	3.0	2.1	5.4	9.4
Rectum (C20)	3.5	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	2.1	5.8	8.3	17.5	32.9
Liver & intrahepatic bile ducts (C22)	9.2	—	—	0.4	—	—	0.7	3.3	21.9	33.9	32.6	34.1
Pancreas (C25)	15.5	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	6.0	22.5	46.3	95.5	107.0
Respiratory, intrathoracic org'ns (C30-C39)	46.1	—	—	—	—	0.2	1.7	13.1	62.5	156.9	289.3	287.0
Larynx (C32)	0.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.9	2.6	3.9	2.4
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	45.0	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	12.7	60.8	153.1	283.0	282.3
Bronchus & lung (C34)	45.0	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	12.7	60.8	153.1	283.0	282.3
Skin (C43-C44)	4.7	—	—	—	0.2	0.7	1.5	1.0	6.9	10.4	26.8	47.0
Melanoma of skin (C43)	3.2	—	—	—	—	0.5	1.3	0.8	4.9	7.6	18.5	27.0
Mesothelioma (C45)	1.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	2.6	11.2	5.9
Breast (C50)	12.5	—	—	—	—	0.2	4.6	11.0	20.6	31.3	50.2	103.5
Female genital organs (C51-58)	11.2	—	—	—	—	1.1	2.4	8.7	14.6	35.4	48.7	87.0
Cervix uteri (C53)	1.1	—	—	—	—	0.5	0.7	2.5	1.1	2.6	2.4	5.9
Corpus uteri (C54-C55) ⁴	3.3	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	2.1	4.5	13.1	10.7	23.5
Ovary (C56)	5.8	—	—	—	—	0.5	0.6	3.7	8.2	16.6	30.2	44.7
Male genital organs (C60-C63)	11.0	—	—	—	0.6	0.4	0.2	1.3	6.4	28.7	73.5	159.9
Prostate (C61)	10.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	6.0	28.0	73.5	157.6
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	4.6	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	2.9	5.1	14.2	25.8	38.8
Bladder (C67)	6.1	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.8	5.4	12.6	38.5	103.5
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ⁵	5.9	—	0.5	0.8	0.4	1.3	2.8	4.0	12.0	19.5	17.0	17.6

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-7t. Total death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Thyroid/endocrine gland (C73-C75)	0.9	2.3	0.5	—	—	—	—	0.4	1.5	3.3	3.4	5.9
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	19.7	—	0.9	0.4	0.8	0.7	1.8	6.5	21.3	45.3	129.6	219.9
Hodgkin's disease (C81)	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	0.7	1.9	1.2
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	6.7	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	2.1	7.7	16.6	45.3	72.9
Leukemia (C91-C95)	8.4	—	0.9	0.4	0.8	0.7	1.5	3.3	8.6	17.3	52.6	96.4
Lymphoid leukemia (C91)	2.2	—	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	—	2.1	2.8	14.6	34.1
Myeloid leukemia (C92)	5.0	—	0.5	—	0.4	0.4	0.9	2.9	5.8	11.6	30.7	44.7
Multiple myeloma (C88, C90) ⁶	4.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.0	4.9	10.7	28.2	47.0
Neopla. not specif. as malign. (D00-D48)⁷	5.4	2.3	—	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.2	3.0	13.8	34.1	84.7
Myelodysplastic syndromes (D46)	2.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	5.0	17.5	41.2
Diseases of the blood (D50-89)⁸	3.0	4.6	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.4	1.2	2.8	5.9	13.1	48.2
Anemias (D50-D64)	1.5	2.3	0.5	—	0.2	0.2	0.2	—	0.9	2.4	4.9	36.5
Endocrine & nutritional dis. (E00-E88)⁹	44.5	2.3	0.5	0.2	1.0	3.2	8.5	26.4	64.6	102.5	207.5	508.1
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	30.0	—	—	—	0.6	1.4	5.2	17.7	45.7	71.4	143.7	319.9
Nutritional deficiencies (E40-E64)	2.4	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.2	0.6	2.8	10.7	68.2
Malnutrition (E40-E46)	2.4	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.2	0.6	2.8	10.7	68.2
Mental disorders (F01-F99)¹⁰	64.2	2.3	—	—	0.8	4.3	5.7	20.6	32.0	61.5	258.1	1,800.6
Organic dementia (F01, F03) ¹¹	51.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	3.7	31.6	236.2	1,761.8
Due to alcohol (F10) ¹²	7.1	—	—	—	—	1.6	3.7	13.3	18.3	17.8	7.8	5.9
Due to psychoactive substance (F11-F19)	3.5	—	—	—	0.8	2.3	1.8	6.5	6.6	7.8	3.9	9.4
Nervous system dis. (G00-G99)	75.9	4.6	2.4	0.6	1.7	2.2	3.3	7.9	28.8	91.9	415.4	1,953.5
Meningitis (G00, G03)	0.1	—	0.5	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	0.2	—	—
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (G12.2)	2.5	—	—	—	—	—	0.7	0.8	5.2	9.0	11.7	4.7
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	11.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	2.2	16.1	93.5	225.8
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	44.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.6	3.7	27.3	216.2	1,491.3
Multiple sclerosis (G35)	1.9	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	3.2	7.1	10.2	8.2
Epilepsy (G40-G41)	0.8	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.5	0.9	1.4	2.4	5.9
Ear & mastoid process dis. (H60-H95)	<0.05	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	0.2	—	—	—	—
Circulatory system diseases (I00-I99)	241.3	—	0.9	0.6	2.9	6.3	20.4	63.9	183.6	396.6	1,174.7	5,211.2
Major cardiovascular disease (I00-I78)	239.8	—	0.9	0.4	2.7	5.9	19.9	63.3	181.7	393.5	1,166.9	5,194.7
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	167.7	—	0.5	0.2	2.1	4.5	14.5	50.8	130.8	278.2	802.6	3,581.1
Rheumatic heart disease (I00-I09) ¹³ ..	2.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.6	1.5	4.0	9.3	47.0
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	6.6	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.7	1.2	2.2	8.1	28.7	183.5
Hypertensive heart & renal dis. (I13) ..	2.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	1.1	1.9	10.7	58.8
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	81.8	—	—	—	0.4	1.3	8.7	28.7	80.3	168.3	408.6	1,417.2
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	26.3	—	—	—	0.2	0.4	2.8	9.2	25.6	66.7	129.6	397.5

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-7t. Total death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Other acute ischemic hrt. dis. (I24) ..	0.6	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	1.7	4.4	10.6
Chronic isch. heart dis. (I20, I25)	54.9	—	—	—	0.2	0.9	5.7	19.4	54.6	99.9	274.7	1,009.1
Atheroscler. cardiovascular dis. ¹⁴	3.3	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.4	2.5	7.5	5.9	15.1	30.6
Other chr. ischemic heart dis. ¹⁵ ...	51.6	—	—	—	0.2	0.7	5.3	16.9	47.2	94.0	259.6	978.5
Nonrheumatic mitral valve dis. (I34) ...	1.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.6	1.2	6.8	31.8
Nonrheumatic aortic valve dis. (I35) ...	11.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	2.8	8.5	52.1	363.4
Cardiomyopathy (I42)	6.1	—	—	—	0.8	0.9	1.3	5.8	8.8	10.9	30.2	60.0
Heart failure (I50)	25.0	—	—	—	—	0.5	0.7	3.7	9.7	34.2	111.5	685.6
Congestive heart failure (I50.0)	18.4	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.4	3.1	7.5	22.3	80.4	524.5
Left ventricular heart failure (I50.1)	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	0.5	1.2
Heart failure, unspecified (I50.9)	6.4	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	0.6	2.2	10.7	30.7	159.9
HBP (I10, I12, I15) ¹⁶	13.5	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	3.1	15.7	22.3	56.0	289.3
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ¹¹	49.9	—	0.5	0.2	0.4	1.1	2.9	7.9	28.3	78.1	256.2	1,167.8
Subarachnoid hemorrhage (I60)	1.4	—	—	—	0.2	—	0.6	1.7	3.4	2.1	4.9	10.6
Intracerebral hemorrhage (I61-I62) ¹⁷	9.5	—	—	0.2	—	0.7	1.8	2.5	7.9	19.9	50.2	162.3
Cerebral infarction (I63)	5.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.8	3.4	10.2	30.2	110.6
Stroke (type not specified) (I64)	18.5	—	0.5	—	—	0.2	0.4	1.3	7.7	26.6	101.3	465.7
Atherosclerosis (I70)	0.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	1.2	5.4	16.5
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	4.3	—	—	—	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.2	4.1	5.9	29.2	70.6
Diseases of arteries (I72-I78) ¹⁸	3.6	—	—	—	—	—	0.7	0.4	2.6	7.8	17.5	69.4
Respiratory system diseases (J00-J99) ..	79.7	2.3	1.9	—	1.5	0.9	4.4	15.0	68.9	188.9	485.6	1,198.4
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	13.8	2.3	0.5	—	0.4	—	1.5	4.2	11.8	18.8	63.3	314.0
Influenza (J09-J11)	4.9	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	1.5	3.9	6.2	20.5	122.3
Pneumonia (J12-J18)	8.9	2.3	0.5	—	0.4	—	1.1	2.7	7.9	12.6	42.9	191.7
Other acute lower resp. infect'ns (J20-J22)	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	—	—	4.7
Acute bronchitis (J20-J21) ¹⁹	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.5
Chronic lower respiratory dis. (J40-J47) ²⁰ ..	50.4	—	0.5	—	0.6	0.5	1.5	8.1	44.4	140.3	321.4	638.6
Bronchitis, chronic & unspec. (J40-J42)	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.4	—	1.5	3.5
Emphysema (J43)	3.5	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.8	4.1	10.2	19.0	41.2
Asthma (J45-J46)	1.6	—	0.5	—	0.6	0.4	0.4	1.2	2.1	2.8	3.4	24.7
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	45.2	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.9	6.0	37.8	127.2	297.6	569.2
Bronchiectasis (J47)	0.5	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	0.2	0.7	2.9	9.4
Pneumoconioses (J60-J66, J68) ²¹	0.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.9	1.5	7.1
Pneumonitis due to solids & liquids (J69) ...	3.7	—	0.9	—	0.2	0.4	—	0.6	2.4	5.0	19.5	84.7
Digestive system diseases (K00-K92)	39.9	6.9	—	0.2	1.0	4.3	12.9	31.8	61.8	87.6	145.6	454.0
Peptic ulcer (K25-K28)	1.6	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	—	0.2	1.7	3.6	9.3	25.9

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-7t. Total death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Diseases of the appendix (K35-K38)	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.5	1.0	2.4
Appendicitis (K35-K37)	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.5	1.0	2.4
Hernia (K40-K46)	1.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.7	0.7	5.8	30.6
Vascular disorders of the intestine (K55)	2.8	2.3	—	—	—	—	0.2	1.0	2.1	7.8	14.6	42.3
Chronic liver disease (K70, K73-K74) ²²	15.5	—	—	—	—	3.2	9.4	23.5	39.7	40.1	25.3	21.2
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²³	12.6	—	—	—	—	2.9	8.8	20.4	36.5	29.9	11.7	8.2
Cholelithiasis (K80-K82) ²⁴	1.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	2.6	8.3	40.0
Diseases of the skin (L00-L98)²⁵	2.1	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.2	0.8	2.8	2.8	6.8	48.2
Musculoskeletal disease (M00-M99)²⁶	6.0	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.7	3.1	5.2	12.1	34.1	92.9
Genitourinary system dis. (N00-N99)	16.2	—	—	—	0.2	0.5	2.2	3.5	11.6	30.4	85.7	318.7
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²⁷ ..	9.1	—	—	—	—	0.5	1.7	2.5	7.9	17.1	49.2	161.1
Acute nephrotic syndrome ²⁸	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	1.0	7.1
Chronic nephritis ²⁹	0.3	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	0.2	—	0.5	2.9	3.5
Renal failure (N17-N19)	8.5	—	—	—	—	0.4	1.5	2.3	7.5	16.6	45.3	150.5
Kidney infect'ns (N10-N12, N13.6, N15.1) ..	0.6	—	—	—	0.2	—	0.2	0.2	0.4	1.7	1.5	9.4
Urinary tract infection (N59.0)	3.9	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	2.2	6.2	20.0	96.4
Hyperplasia of prostate (N40)	0.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	0.5	2.9	15.3
Female pelvic inflam. dis. (N70-N76) ³⁰	<0.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	—
Pregnancy & childbirth (O00-O99)³¹	0.3	—	—	—	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.2	—	—	—	—
Pregnancy with abortive outcome (O00-O07)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	2.9	268.2	0.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.5	—
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)³² ..	3.5	126.1	1.9	1.2	1.0	1.3	1.5	2.3	3.4	2.6	3.9	11.8
Malformation of the heart (Q20-Q24)	0.8	32.1	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.5	4.7
Other malf. of the circul. sys. (Q25-Q28)	0.2	2.3	—	0.2	—	0.2	—	—	—	0.2	0.5	3.5
Malf. of the respiratory system (Q30-Q34) ..	0.1	6.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	—
Symptoms & signs (R00-R99)³³	11.3	52.7	—	—	0.8	1.4	1.8	4.0	13.7	21.4	41.4	181.1
Senility (R54)	0.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	1.9	24.7
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	0.5	48.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
External causes of death (V01-Y89)	76.4	45.8	10.8	8.8	50.3	64.9	66.8	72.7	82.3	85.4	162.2	683.3
Accidents (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	50.1	36.7	9.4	5.2	27.2	36.0	36.3	37.7	50.5	53.9	124.7	616.3
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	13.4	2.3	5.7	3.0	15.2	14.0	13.1	12.3	18.7	15.0	23.9	24.7
Motor vehicle acc. (Many codes) ³⁴	12.2	2.3	5.7	2.8	15.0	13.7	12.0	10.8	16.7	13.1	20.9	21.2
Motor veh. traf. (Many codes) ³⁵	11.4	2.3	3.3	2.6	14.5	13.3	11.6	9.6	15.3	12.3	19.0	20.0
Other land trans. acc. (Many codes) ³⁶ ..	0.4	—	—	0.2	0.2	—	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.2	1.0	1.2
Water transport accidents (V90-V94)	0.1	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.4	—	0.2	0.5	—

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-7t. Total death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Air transport accidents (V95-V97)	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	—
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59,Y86)	36.7	34.4	3.8	2.2	12.0	21.9	23.2	25.4	31.8	38.9	100.8	591.6
Falls (W00-W19)	18.4	—	—	—	1.4	1.8	1.8	2.5	7.1	19.7	77.9	521.0
Firearms (W32-W34)	0.1	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	—	0.5	0.5	—
Drowning & submersion (W65-W74) ..	1.2	2.3	0.9	0.6	1.9	1.6	0.9	0.6	0.9	1.7	1.5	1.2
Exposure to smoke & fire (X00-X09) ..	0.9	2.3	1.4	1.2	0.2	—	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.2	2.4	5.9
Poisoning (X40-X49) ³⁷	10.9	—	—	—	8.1	16.9	16.9	17.7	17.4	6.4	1.9	7.1
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	19.9	—	—	2.0	18.7	22.1	24.1	28.9	23.6	24.2	26.8	36.5
Poisoning (X60-X69)	3.1	—	—	0.2	1.5	3.2	4.0	5.4	4.9	3.8	4.4	2.4
Hanging/suffocation (X70)	4.3	—	—	1.4	6.0	7.7	6.4	4.8	3.9	3.3	0.5	3.5
Firearm discharge (X72-X74)	10.6	—	—	0.4	9.3	9.5	10.9	15.0	12.2	15.7	21.4	28.2
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	3.1	6.9	0.9	1.4	2.1	5.0	4.6	4.2	2.6	2.6	1.9	1.2
Firearm discharge (X93-X95)	1.8	—	—	1.2	1.5	3.2	3.3	2.5	0.7	0.7	1.5	1.2
Legal intervention (Y35, Y89.0) ³⁸	0.3	—	—	—	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.2	—	0.2	—	—
Undeterm. intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	1.4	2.3	0.5	0.2	1.7	1.3	1.1	1.5	3.6	1.2	1.5	—
Medical care complications (Y40-Y84, Y88) ..	1.6	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	2.1	3.3	7.3	29.4
<i>Injury by firearms (Many codes)³⁹</i>	12.8	—	—	1.6	11.4	13.5	14.7	17.9	12.9	17.1	23.4	29.4
<i>Alcohol-induced deaths (Many codes)^{40,41}</i>	21.2	—	—	—	0.2	5.2	13.6	37.3	58.0	51.0	20.9	14.1
<i>Drug-induced deaths (Many codes)^{42,43}</i>	16.2	2.3	0.5	0.2	10.0	21.4	20.8	26.6	26.8	16.4	10.2	15.3
<i>Injury at work⁴⁴</i>	1.5	—	—	—	0.2	1.8	1.8	2.3	3.6	1.9	—	1.2

— Quantity is zero.

¹ International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision. Geneva: World Health Organization, 1992.

² Rates per 100,000 population.

³ Human immunodeficiency virus/ acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

⁴ Includes uterus, part unspecified.

⁵ Includes meninges and other parts of the central nervous system.

⁶ Includes immunoproliferative neoplasms.

⁷ Includes in situ neoplasms, benign neoplasms, and neoplasms of uncertain or unknown behavior.

⁸ Includes diseases of the blood forming-organs and disorders involving the immune mechanism.

⁹ Includes metabolic diseases.

¹⁰ Includes behavioral disorders.

¹¹ In 2005, the National Center for Health Statistics changed the ICD-10 codes to which certain brain disorders were coded. In prior years, "multi-infarct dementia" was coded to I63.9 (cerebral infarction, unspecified) and "vascular dementia" as I67.9 (cerebrovascular disease, unspecified). Beginning in 2005, "multi-infarct dementia" is assigned to code F01.1 and "vascular dementia" to F01.9. Therefore, certain deaths formerly attributed to the cerebrovascular disease rubric are now counted as forms of organic dementia.

¹² For all deaths due to alcohol, see "Alcohol-induced deaths" at the end of the table.

¹³ Includes acute rheumatic fever.

¹⁴ The ICD-10 code is I25.0.

- 15 Includes angina, arteriosclerotic heart disease, coronary heart disease, and related disorders. The ICD-10 codes are I20, I25.1-I25.9.
- 16 Hypertension with/without renal disease.
- 17 Includes other intracranial hemorrhages.
- 18 Includes diseases of the arterioles and capillaries.
- 19 Includes acute bronchiolitis.
- 20 Formerly chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD).
- 21 Includes respiratory conditions due to inhalation of chemicals, gases, fumes, and vapors.
- 22 Includes liver cirrhosis.
- 23 For all deaths due to alcohol, see "Alcohol-induced deaths" at the end of the table.
- 24 Includes other diseases of the gallbladder.
- 25 Includes subcutaneous tissues.
- 26 Includes connective tissue.
- 27 Includes nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis.
- 28 Includes acute and rapidly progressive nephritic and nephrotic syndrome.
- 29 Includes chronic glomerulonephritis, nephritis and nephritis not specified as acute or chronic, and renal sclerosis unspecified.
- 30 Inflammatory diseases of female pelvic organs.
- 31 Includes the puerperium.
- 32 Includes congenital deformations and chromosomal abnormalities.
- 33 Includes abnormal clinical and laboratory findings not elsewhere classified.
- 34 Includes the following ICD-10 codes: V02-V04, V09.0, V09.2, V12-V14, V19.0-V19.2, V19.4-V19.6, V20-V79, V80.3-V80.5, V81.0-V81.1, V82.0-V82.1, V83-V86, V87.0-V87.8, V88.0-V88.8, V89.0, V89.2.
- 35 Includes the following ICD-10 codes: V02-V04(.1,.9), V09.2, V12-V14(.3-.9), V19(.4-.6), V20-V28(.3-.9), V29(.4-.9), V30-V39(.4-.9), V40-V49(.4-.9), V50-V59(.4-.9), V60-V69(.4-.9), V70-V79(.4-.9), V80(.3-.5), V81.1, V82.1, V83-V86(.0-.3), V87(.0-.8), V89.2.
- 36 Includes the following ICD-10 codes: V01, V05-V06, V09.1, V09.3-V09.9, V10-V11, V15-V18, V19.3, V19.8-V19.9, V80.0-V80.2, V80.6-V80.9, V81.2-V81.9, V82.2-V82.9, V87.9, V88.9, V89.1, V89.3, V89.9.
- 37 Includes exposure to noxious substances.
- 38 Legal intervention is the intentional or unintentional death of a person resulting from the actions of a law enforcement agent. This category may not include all such deaths if the certifying medical examiner failed to note (on the death certificate) the involvement of a law enforcement agent.
- 39 Includes accidental, suicidal, homicidal, and undetermined intent gunshot deaths (ICD-10 codes W32-W34, X72-X74, X93-X95, Y22-Y24, and Y35.0). Note that injuries included here are also included in other cause of death categories.
- 40 Includes: alcoholic mental/behavioral disorders, degeneration of nervous system, polyneuropathy, alcoholic myopathy, cardiomyopathy, gastritis, liver disease, chronic pancreatitis, alcohol in the blood, accidental poisoning by alcohol, intentional self-poisoning, and poisoning of undetermined intent. Note that disorders included here are also included in other cause of death categories.
- 41 The ICD-10 codes for the above categories are E24.4, F10, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1, I42.6, K29.2, K70, K85.2, K86.0, R78.0, X45, X65, and Y15.
- 42 Includes a variety of conditions affecting multiple organ systems, such as poisonings/overdoses and mental/behavioral disorders due to substance use/abuse. Other causes, such as drug-induced hypoglycemia and drug-induced Parkinsonism, are also included here. Note that disorders included here are also included in other cause of death categories.
- 43 The ICD-10 codes for the above categories are: D52.1, D59.0, D59.2, D61.1, D64.2, E06.4, E16.0, E23.1, E24.2, E27.3, E66.1, F11.1-F11.5, F11.7-F11.9, F12.1-F12.5, F12.7-F12.9, F13.1-F13.5, F13.7-F13.9, F14.1-F14.5, F14.7-F14.9, F15.1-F15.5, F15.7-F15.9, F16.1-F16.5, F16.7-F16.9, F18.1-F18.5, F18.7-F18.9, F19.1-F19.5, F19.7-F19.9, G21.1, G24.0, G25.1, G25.4, G25.6, G44.4, G62.0, G72.0, I95.2, J70.2-J70.4, K85.3, L10.5, L27.0-L27.1, M10.2, M32.0, M80.4, M81.4, M83.5, M87.1, R50.2, R78.1-R78.5, X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14.
- 44 Recorded as a separate item on the death certificate by the Medical Examiner.

TABLE 6-7m. Male death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Total	915.0	596.9	27.6	15.6	92.4	140.9	191.8	419.3	1,088.4	2,086.7	4,956.7	15,703.7
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	17.9	22.3	1.8	0.4	0.4	1.4	3.7	15.5	32.1	44.9	75.4	203.4
Tuberculosis (A16-A19)	0.2	–	–	–	–	–	–	0.4	0.4	1.5	–	–
Septicemia (A40-A41)	6.0	8.9	–	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.7	2.3	7.7	16.5	29.5	93.4
Creutzfeldt-Jacob disease (A81.0)	0.3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0.4	1.5	1.1	3.3
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	4.4	–	–	–	–	–	0.4	6.2	15.1	13.0	6.6	3.3
HIV/AIDS (B20-B24) ³	1.7	–	–	–	–	–	2.2	5.4	3.1	2.5	1.1	–
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	205.3	–	2.8	2.7	2.3	7.2	19.5	78.1	308.4	643.5	1,287.5	2,127.2
Lip, oral cavity & pharynx (C00-C14)	5.5	–	–	–	–	–	0.7	3.5	11.6	21.5	20.8	30.0
Digestive organs (C15-26)	61.3	–	–	0.8	–	0.7	6.6	30.9	116.5	202.0	333.4	460.1
Esophagus (C15)	10.2	–	–	–	–	–	0.7	7.0	19.0	35.9	54.6	60.0
Stomach (C16)	2.9	–	–	–	–	–	1.5	1.2	2.7	11.0	14.2	36.7
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	16.4	–	–	–	–	0.7	2.2	9.7	30.2	39.9	111.5	136.7
Colon (C18)	10.4	–	–	–	–	0.7	1.5	5.0	18.2	24.9	75.4	93.4
Rectosigmoid junction (C19)	1.5	–	–	–	–	–	0.7	1.2	3.5	2.0	8.7	16.7
Rectum (C20)	3.8	–	–	–	–	–	–	3.1	6.6	11.0	25.1	26.7
Liver & intrahepatic bile ducts (C22)	12.8	–	–	0.8	–	–	0.7	3.5	32.9	53.4	47.0	46.7
Pancreas (C25)	16.0	–	–	–	–	–	1.1	7.3	26.7	54.9	91.8	136.7
Respiratory, intrathoracic org'ns (C30-C39)	46.7	–	–	–	–	–	2.2	12.8	69.3	171.6	312.6	353.4
Larynx (C32)	1.2	–	–	–	–	–	–	0.4	1.9	5.0	6.6	6.7
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	45.1	–	–	–	–	–	1.8	12.4	66.2	165.6	303.9	346.7
Bronchus & lung (C34)	45.1	–	–	–	–	–	1.8	12.4	66.2	165.6	303.9	346.7
Skin (C43-C44)	6.7	–	–	–	–	1.1	2.2	1.9	10.1	19.0	40.4	70.0
Melanoma of skin (C43)	4.5	–	–	–	–	0.7	1.8	1.5	7.0	14.0	26.2	33.3
Mesothelioma (C45)	1.5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0.4	4.5	18.6	10.0
Breast (C50)	0.5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0.4	1.5	4.4	6.7
Female genital organs (C51-58)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cervix uteri (C53)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Corpus uteri (C54-C55) ⁴	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ovary (C56)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Male genital organs (C60-C63)	22.3	–	–	–	1.1	0.7	0.4	2.7	13.2	60.4	165.0	453.4
Prostate (C61)	21.6	–	–	–	–	–	–	2.3	12.4	58.9	165.0	446.8
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	6.4	–	–	–	–	0.4	0.4	3.5	8.5	23.4	37.2	56.7
Bladder (C67)	8.5	–	–	–	–	–	0.4	0.8	8.9	19.5	52.5	200.0
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ⁵	6.9	–	0.9	0.4	0.4	2.1	2.2	5.4	17.4	20.0	24.0	13.3

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-7m. Male death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Thyroid/endocrine gland (C73-C75)	1.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.8	1.9	4.0	4.4	6.7
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	21.9	—	0.9	0.4	—	1.1	2.6	8.1	25.9	54.4	168.3	280.1
Hodgkin's disease (C81)	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.0	1.1	—
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	7.3	—	—	—	—	—	0.7	3.1	10.1	20.0	52.5	83.4
Leukemia (C91-C95)	9.4	—	0.9	0.4	—	1.1	1.8	3.1	10.4	20.0	75.4	130.0
Lymphoid leukemia (C91)	2.6	—	0.9	—	—	0.4	0.7	—	2.7	4.0	18.6	56.7
Myeloid leukemia (C92)	5.5	—	—	—	—	0.7	0.7	2.3	6.2	13.5	49.2	46.7
Multiple myeloma (C88, C90) ⁶	4.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.9	5.0	13.5	38.3	63.3
Neopla. not specif. as malign. (D00-D48)⁷	5.9	—	—	0.4	—	0.4	0.7	—	3.1	15.5	44.8	123.4
Myelodysplastic syndromes (D46)	2.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	6.0	24.0	66.7
Diseases of the blood (D50-89)⁸	3.4	4.5	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.7	1.2	4.3	7.5	16.4	56.7
Anemias (D50-D64)	1.5	4.5	—	—	0.4	0.4	0.4	—	1.2	2.5	5.5	43.3
Endocrine & nutritional dis. (E00-E88)⁹	49.8	4.5	0.9	—	0.8	3.2	9.2	30.6	81.2	129.7	256.9	650.2
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	34.6	—	—	—	0.4	1.8	5.5	19.0	58.0	93.8	182.5	440.1
Nutritional deficiencies (E40-E64)	1.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.8	1.5	14.2	63.3
Malnutrition (E40-E46)	1.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.8	1.5	14.2	63.3
Mental disorders (F01-F99)¹⁰	53.4	4.5	—	—	0.8	5.7	5.5	29.0	47.2	80.8	275.4	1,483.7
Organic dementia (F01, F03) ¹¹	35.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	3.5	34.9	247.0	1,413.7
Due to alcohol (F10) ¹²	10.3	—	—	—	—	1.8	4.0	19.3	29.4	26.9	13.1	10.0
Due to psychoactive substance (F11-F19)	4.9	—	—	—	0.8	3.2	1.1	8.5	10.8	14.0	4.4	16.7
Nervous system dis. (G00-G99)	63.5	—	3.7	0.8	3.0	1.8	3.7	5.8	31.3	104.3	445.9	1,850.4
Meningitis (G00, G03)	0.1	—	0.9	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.5	—	—
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (G12.2)	2.7	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	0.8	4.6	13.0	9.8	6.7
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	14.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	2.7	22.9	143.2	400.1
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	27.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.1	18.5	178.2	1,203.6
Multiple sclerosis (G35)	1.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	2.3	9.0	5.5	6.7
Epilepsy (G40-G41)	0.6	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.4	1.9	0.8	1.0	1.1	3.3
Ear & mastoid process dis. (H60-H95)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Circulatory system diseases (I00-I99)	252.2	—	—	0.8	2.3	7.5	26.8	89.0	266.2	529.8	1,446.0	5,821.4
Major cardiovascular disease (I00-I78)	250.6	—	—	0.4	2.3	7.2	26.5	88.6	263.1	525.8	1,438.4	5,804.7
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	184.1	—	—	—	1.9	5.0	20.2	74.3	198.9	381.1	1,052.6	4,181.0
Rheumatic heart disease (I00-I09) ¹³ ..	0.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	1.2	1.5	2.2	33.3
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	5.1	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	1.5	3.1	8.0	33.9	140.0
Hypertensive heart & renal dis. (I13) ..	2.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	1.5	1.5	13.1	66.7
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	106.1	—	—	—	0.8	1.4	14.0	46.0	132.3	245.9	606.6	2,050.5
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	31.7	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	4.4	15.1	41.0	90.8	178.2	480.1

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-7m. Male death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Other acute ischemic hrt. dis. (I24) ..	0.7	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	—	2.5	7.7	6.7
Chronic isch. heart dis. (I20, I25)	73.7	—	—	—	0.4	1.1	9.2	30.9	91.3	152.6	420.8	1,563.7
Atheroscler. cardiovascular dis. ¹⁴	4.6	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.7	3.9	12.4	10.5	17.5	40.0
Other chr. ischemic heart dis. ¹⁵ ...	69.1	—	—	—	0.4	0.7	8.5	27.1	78.9	142.2	403.3	1,523.7
Nonrheumatic mitral valve dis. (I34) ...	0.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.8	2.0	6.6	16.7
Nonrheumatic aortic valve dis. (I35) ...	10.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.8	3.9	11.5	59.0	403.4
Cardiomyopathy (I42)	8.1	—	—	—	0.4	1.8	1.8	9.7	14.7	15.5	41.5	76.7
Heart failure (I50)	23.0	—	—	—	—	0.7	0.7	3.9	12.8	43.4	129.0	726.8
Congestive heart failure (I50.0)	16.8	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	3.5	10.1	28.4	90.7	556.8
Left ventricular heart failure (I50.1)	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.0	1.1	3.3	—
Heart failure, unspecified (I50.9)	6.0	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	0.4	2.7	14.0	37.2	166.7
HBP (I10, I12, I15) ¹⁶	13.3	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	3.1	20.9	30.4	66.7	280.1
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ¹¹	43.6	—	—	0.4	—	1.8	2.9	8.9	33.3	94.3	264.5	1,120.3
Subarachnoid hemorrhage (I60)	0.9	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	2.3	1.9	—	2.2	16.7
Intracerebral hemorrhage (I61-I62) ¹⁷	9.3	—	—	0.4	—	1.1	1.8	1.9	10.4	23.4	53.6	176.7
Cerebral infarction (I63)	4.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	4.6	13.0	33.9	93.4
Stroke (type not specified) (I64)	15.2	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.7	1.5	9.3	30.9	102.7	413.4
Atherosclerosis (I70)	0.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	4.4	20.0
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	5.4	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	0.7	2.3	6.2	9.5	33.9	113.4
Diseases of arteries (I72-I78) ¹⁸	3.6	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	—	3.9	9.0	16.4	90.0
Respiratory system diseases (J00-J99) ..	76.4	4.5	0.9	—	2.3	0.7	2.9	16.2	70.4	213.5	513.7	1,400.3
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	13.8	4.5	—	—	0.8	—	1.5	5.8	13.5	26.4	72.1	353.4
Influenza (J09-J11)	4.7	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	2.3	4.6	8.5	19.7	140.0
Pneumonia (J12-J18)	9.1	4.5	—	—	0.8	—	1.1	3.5	8.9	18.0	52.5	213.4
Other acute lower resp. infect'ns (J20-J22)	<0.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.3
Acute bronchitis (J20-J21) ¹⁹	<0.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.3
Chronic lower respiratory dis. (J40-J47) ²⁰ ..	46.5	—	—	—	0.8	—	0.7	7.3	41.8	154.6	322.4	710.2
Bronchitis, chronic & unspec. (J40-J42)	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.8	—	—	3.3
Emphysema (J43)	2.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.8	3.5	8.0	16.4	40.0
Asthma (J45-J46)	0.8	—	—	—	0.8	—	0.4	0.8	0.8	2.5	1.1	10.0
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	42.9	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	5.8	36.8	144.2	304.9	656.8
Bronchiectasis (J47)	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.2	10.0
Pneumoconioses (J60-J66, J68) ²¹	0.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	3.3	20.0
Pneumonitis due to solids & liquids (J69) ...	3.8	—	0.9	—	—	0.7	—	0.8	2.7	5.5	19.7	120.0
Digestive system diseases (K00-K92)	43.6	4.5	—	—	1.1	6.1	16.5	39.1	77.4	111.2	171.6	480.1
Peptic ulcer (K25-K28)	1.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	2.3	4.5	10.9	30.0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-7m. Male death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Diseases of the appendix (K35-K38)	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.0	1.1	—
Appendicitis (K35-K37)	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.0	1.1	—
Hernia (K40-K46)	0.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.8	1.0	5.5	33.3
Vascular disorders of the intestine (K55)	2.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.8	2.3	5.5	10.9	40.0
Chronic liver disease (K70, K73-K74) ²²	20.0	—	—	—	—	4.6	13.2	29.4	49.9	56.9	33.9	30.0
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²³	17.8	—	—	—	—	4.3	12.5	26.3	48.4	48.4	23.0	20.0
Cholelithiasis (K80-K82) ²⁴	2.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	4.5	14.2	63.3
Diseases of the skin (L00-L98)²⁵	1.8	—	—	—	—	0.7	0.4	0.4	2.3	3.0	7.7	46.7
Musculoskeletal disease (M00-M99)²⁶	4.7	—	—	—	—	—	0.7	3.1	4.6	9.5	31.7	83.4
Genitourinary system dis. (N00-N99)	15.8	—	—	—	—	0.7	2.2	3.9	13.2	35.4	100.6	356.7
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²⁷	9.9	—	—	—	—	0.7	1.8	2.7	11.2	21.0	67.8	186.7
Acute nephrotic syndrome ²⁸	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.2	6.7
Chronic nephritis ²⁹	0.3	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	—	—	1.0	2.2	3.3
Renal failure (N17-N19)	9.4	—	—	—	—	0.4	1.8	2.7	10.8	20.0	63.4	176.7
Kidney infect'ns (N10-N12, N13.6, N15.1) ..	0.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	2.0	—	10.0
Urinary tract infection (N59.0)	2.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	5.5	15.3	90.0
Hyperplasia of prostate (N40)	1.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	1.0	6.6	43.3
Female pelvic inflam. dis. (N70-N76) ³⁰	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pregnancy & childbirth (O00-O99)³¹	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pregnancy with abortive outcome (O00-O07)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	3.5	311.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.5	—	—
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)³² ..	3.5	106.9	2.8	0.4	—	2.5	1.8	3.1	3.9	1.5	5.5	20.0
Malformation of the heart (Q20-Q24)	1.1	40.1	—	—	—	1.1	0.7	0.8	1.2	—	1.1	10.0
Other malf. of the circul. sys. (Q25-Q28)	0.1	4.5	—	—	—	0.4	—	—	—	—	—	3.3
Malf. of the respiratory system (Q30-Q34)	<0.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.5	—	—
Symptoms & signs (R00-R99)³³	12.9	80.2	—	—	1.1	1.8	2.9	5.4	20.9	29.4	50.3	186.7
Senility (R54)	0.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	23.3
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	0.8	75.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
External causes of death (V01-Y89)	101.5	53.5	13.8	9.7	78.0	100.5	94.5	99.0	121.9	126.7	227.3	813.5
Accidents (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	62.1	44.5	11.0	6.6	40.5	54.0	47.8	51.8	75.1	75.8	170.5	683.5
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	19.4	—	8.3	4.3	22.7	21.1	17.3	20.1	26.7	21.5	36.1	43.3
Motor vehicle acc. (Many codes) ³⁴	17.6	—	8.3	3.9	22.4	20.4	15.4	17.4	24.0	18.5	31.7	33.3
Motor veh. traf. (Many codes) ³⁵	16.4	—	3.7	3.5	22.4	20.0	14.7	15.1	21.7	17.5	28.4	33.3
Other land trans. acc. (Many codes) ³⁶	0.7	—	—	0.4	0.4	—	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.5	1.1	3.3
Water transport accidents (V90-V94)	0.2	—	—	—	—	0.7	—	0.4	—	0.5	1.1	—

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-7m. Male death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Air transport accidents (V95-V97)	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.5	1.1	—
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59,Y86)	42.7	44.5	2.8	2.3	17.8	32.9	30.5	31.7	48.4	54.4	134.4	640.1
Falls (W00-W19)	17.7	—	—	—	1.9	2.5	2.9	3.1	12.0	24.4	101.6	533.5
Firearms (W32-W34)	0.2	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	—	—	1.0	1.1	—
Drowning & submersion (W65-W74) ..	1.9	4.5	0.9	1.2	3.4	2.1	1.5	0.8	1.5	3.0	3.3	—
Exposure to smoke & fire (X00-X09) ..	1.0	4.5	—	1.2	—	—	1.1	0.8	0.8	—	4.4	16.7
Poisoning (X40-X49) ³⁷	14.8	—	—	—	12.1	25.4	20.9	21.3	24.4	9.0	2.2	13.3
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	30.8	—	—	1.9	30.3	35.4	36.4	38.7	36.4	42.4	45.9	83.4
Poisoning (X60-X69)	3.3	—	—	—	1.9	3.6	4.8	5.0	4.3	5.0	3.3	6.7
Hanging/suffocation (X70)	6.6	—	—	1.6	9.1	12.2	9.2	6.6	6.6	5.0	—	10.0
Firearm discharge (X72-X74)	18.2	—	—	0.4	16.3	17.2	18.4	22.0	21.3	29.9	42.6	63.3
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	4.7	4.5	1.8	1.2	3.8	8.2	7.4	7.3	3.9	3.5	1.1	3.3
Firearm discharge (X93-X95)	2.8	—	—	0.8	2.7	5.7	5.9	4.3	0.8	1.5	—	3.3
Legal intervention (Y35, Y89.0) ³⁸	0.5	—	—	—	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.4	—	0.5	—	—
Undeterm. intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	1.6	4.5	0.9	—	2.3	1.8	1.5	0.4	3.9	1.0	2.2	—
Medical care complications (Y40-Y84, Y88) ..	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	2.7	3.5	7.7	43.3
<i>Injury by firearms (Many codes)³⁹</i>	21.8	—	—	1.2	20.1	24.3	25.4	26.7	22.1	32.9	43.7	66.7
<i>Alcohol-induced deaths (Many codes)^{40,41}</i>	30.5	—	—	—	—	7.2	18.7	49.9	83.2	81.3	38.3	30.0
<i>Drug-induced deaths (Many codes)^{42,43}</i>	20.5	—	0.9	—	14.4	30.0	23.2	30.6	34.4	23.9	8.7	26.7
<i>Injury at work⁴⁴</i>	2.8	—	—	—	0.4	3.6	3.3	4.6	6.6	4.0	—	3.3

— Quantity is zero.

1 International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision. Geneva: World Health Organization, 1992.

2 Rates per 100,000 population.

3 Human immunodeficiency virus/ acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

4 Includes uterus, part unspecified.

5 Includes meninges and other parts of the central nervous system.

6 Includes immunoproliferative neoplasms.

7 Includes in situ neoplasms, benign neoplasms, and neoplasms of uncertain or unknown behavior.

8 Includes diseases of the blood forming-organs and disorders involving the immune mechanism.

9 Includes metabolic diseases.

10 Includes behavioral disorders.

11 In 2005, the National Center for Health Statistics changed the ICD-10 codes to which certain brain disorders were coded. In prior years, "multi-infarct dementia" was coded to I63.9 (cerebral infarction, unspecified) and "vascular dementia" as I67.9 (cerebrovascular disease, unspecified). Beginning in 2005, "multi-infarct dementia" is assigned to code F01.1 and "vascular dementia" to F01.9. Therefore, certain deaths formerly attributed to the cerebrovascular disease rubric are now counted as forms of organic dementia.

12 For all deaths due to alcohol, see "Alcohol-induced deaths" at the end of the table.

13 Includes acute rheumatic fever.

14 The ICD-10 code is I25.0.

- 15 Includes angina, arteriosclerotic heart disease, coronary heart disease, and related disorders. The ICD-10 codes are I20, I25.1-I25.9.
- 16 Hypertension with/without renal disease.
- 17 Includes other intracranial hemorrhages.
- 18 Includes diseases of the arterioles and capillaries.
- 19 Includes acute bronchiolitis.
- 20 Formerly chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD).
- 21 Includes respiratory conditions due to inhalation of chemicals, gases, fumes, and vapors.
- 22 Includes liver cirrhosis.
- 23 For all deaths due to alcohol, see "Alcohol-induced deaths" at the end of the table.
- 24 Includes other diseases of the gallbladder.
- 25 Includes subcutaneous tissues.
- 26 Includes connective tissue.
- 27 Includes nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis.
- 28 Includes acute and rapidly progressive nephritic and nephrotic syndrome.
- 29 Includes chronic glomerulonephritis, nephritis and nephritis not specified as acute or chronic, and renal sclerosis unspecified.
- 30 Inflammatory diseases of female pelvic organs.
- 31 Includes the puerperium.
- 32 Includes congenital deformations and chromosomal abnormalities.
- 33 Includes abnormal clinical and laboratory findings not elsewhere classified.
- 34 Includes the following ICD-10 codes: V02-V04, V09.0, V09.2, V12-V14, V19.0-V19.2, V19.4-V19.6, V20-V79, V80.3-V80.5, V81.0-V81.1, V82.0-V82.1, V83-V86, V87.0-V87.8, V88.0-V88.8, V89.0, V89.2.
- 35 Includes the following ICD-10 codes: V02-V04(.1,.9), V09.2, V12-V14(.3-.9), V19(.4-.6), V20-V28(.3-.9), V29(.4-.9), V30-V39(.4-.9), V40-V49(.4-.9), V50-V59(.4-.9), V60-V69(.4-.9), V70-V79(.4-.9), V80(.3-.5), V81.1, V82.1, V83-V86(.0-.3), V87(.0-.8), V89.2.
- 36 Includes the following ICD-10 codes: V01, V05-V06, V09.1, V09.3-V09.9, V10-V11, V15-V18, V19.3, V19.8-V19.9, V80.0-V80.2, V80.6-V80.9, V81.2-V81.9, V82.2-V82.9, V87.9, V88.9, V89.1, V89.3, V89.9.
- 37 Includes exposure to noxious substances.
- 38 Legal intervention is the intentional or unintentional death of a person resulting from the actions of a law enforcement agent. This category may not include all such deaths if the certifying medical examiner failed to note (on the death certificate) the involvement of a law enforcement agent.
- 39 Includes accidental, suicidal, homicidal, and undetermined intent gunshot deaths (ICD-10 codes W32-W34, X72-X74, X93-X95, Y22-Y24, and Y35.0). Note that injuries included here are also included in other cause of death categories.
- 40 Includes: alcoholic mental/behavioral disorders, degeneration of nervous system, polyneuropathy, alcoholic myopathy, cardiomyopathy, gastritis, liver disease, chronic pancreatitis, alcohol in the blood, accidental poisoning by alcohol, intentional self-poisoning, and poisoning of undetermined intent. Note that disorders included here are also included in other cause of death categories.
- 41 The ICD-10 codes for the above categories are E24.4, F10, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1, I42.6, K29.2, K70, K85.2, K86.0, R78.0, X45, X65, and Y15.
- 42 Includes a variety of conditions affecting multiple organ systems, such as poisonings/overdoses and mental/behavioral disorders due to substance use/abuse. Other causes, such as drug-induced hypoglycemia and drug-induced Parkinsonism, are also included here. Note that disorders included here are also included in other cause of death categories.
- 43 The ICD-10 codes for the above categories are: D52.1, D59.0, D59.2, D61.1, D64.2, E06.4, E16.0, E23.1, E24.2, E27.3, E66.1, F11.1-F11.5, F11.7-F11.9, F12.1-F12.5, F12.7-F12.9, F13.1-F13.5, F13.7-F13.9, F14.1-F14.5, F14.7-F14.9, F15.1-F15.5, F15.7-F15.9, F16.1-F16.5, F16.7-F16.9, F18.1-F18.5, F18.7-F18.9, F19.1-F19.5, F19.7-F19.9, G21.1, G24.0, G25.1, G25.4, G25.6, G44.4, G62.0, G72.0, I95.2, J70.2-J70.4, K85.3, L10.5, L27.0-L27.1, M10.2, M32.0, M80.4, M81.4, M83.5, M87.1, R50.2, R78.1-R78.5, X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14.
- 44 Recorded as a separate item on the death certificate by the Medical Examiner.

TABLE 6-7f. Female death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Total	855.2	481.6	19.4	14.3	38.1	56.8	125.0	277.2	651.0	1,353.8	3,645.7	13,698.3
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	15.7	18.9	1.0	–	–	0.7	3.7	8.0	19.6	32.6	59.7	176.2
Tuberculosis (A16-A19)	<0.05	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1.8
Septicemia (A40-A41)	5.7	4.7	1.0	–	–	–	1.8	3.1	6.9	10.4	26.4	60.0
Creutzfeldt-Jacob disease (A81.0)	0.2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1.8	0.9	–
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	2.4	–	–	–	–	–	0.4	3.4	6.9	6.8	1.8	7.3
HIV/AIDS (B20-B24) ³	0.4	–	–	–	–	–	0.4	0.4	1.8	–	–	1.8
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	185.4	4.7	1.9	2.4	3.9	6.2	30.6	86.9	239.2	484.9	939.1	1,351.8
Lip, oral cavity & pharynx (C00-C14)	1.6	–	–	–	0.4	–	–	–	2.5	5.4	7.0	9.1
Digestive organs (C15-26)	42.9	–	–	–	–	1.1	7.4	18.0	59.1	102.3	231.0	323.4
Esophagus (C15)	1.9	–	–	–	–	–	0.7	0.8	2.9	7.2	7.9	5.5
Stomach (C16)	1.8	–	–	–	–	–	0.7	1.1	2.2	5.0	9.7	7.3
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	15.9	–	–	–	–	0.7	3.7	7.7	20.3	30.3	79.1	159.9
Colon (C18)	10.7	–	–	–	–	0.7	1.8	5.4	10.9	20.8	58.9	109.0
Rectosigmoid junction (C19)	1.0	–	–	–	–	–	1.1	0.4	2.5	2.3	2.6	5.5
Rectum (C20)	3.1	–	–	–	–	–	0.7	1.1	5.1	5.9	11.4	36.3
Liver & intrahepatic bile ducts (C22)	5.6	–	–	–	–	–	0.7	3.1	11.6	16.3	21.1	27.3
Pancreas (C25)	15.0	–	–	–	–	–	1.5	4.6	18.5	38.5	98.4	90.8
Respiratory, intrathoracic org'ns (C30-C39)	45.6	–	–	–	–	0.4	1.1	13.4	56.2	143.5	270.6	250.7
Larynx (C32)	0.1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0.5	1.8	–
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	44.9	–	–	–	–	–	1.1	13.0	55.8	141.7	266.2	247.1
Bronchus & lung (C34)	44.9	–	–	–	–	–	1.1	13.0	55.8	141.7	266.2	247.1
Skin (C43-C44)	2.8	–	–	–	0.4	0.4	0.7	–	4.0	2.7	15.8	34.5
Melanoma of skin (C43)	2.0	–	–	–	–	0.4	0.7	–	2.9	1.8	12.3	23.6
Mesothelioma (C45)	0.5	–	–	–	–	–	–	0.4	–	0.9	5.3	3.6
Breast (C50)	24.1	–	–	–	–	0.4	9.2	21.8	39.5	58.4	87.0	156.3
Female genital organs (C51-58)	22.2	–	–	–	–	2.2	4.8	17.2	28.3	67.5	87.8	134.5
Cervix uteri (C53)	2.2	–	–	–	–	1.1	1.5	5.0	2.2	5.0	4.4	9.1
Corpus uteri (C54-C55) ⁴	6.6	–	–	–	–	–	2.2	4.2	8.7	24.9	19.3	36.3
Ovary (C56)	11.4	–	–	–	–	1.1	1.1	7.3	15.9	31.7	54.5	69.0
Male genital organs (C60-C63)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Prostate (C61)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	2.8	–	–	–	–	–	–	2.3	1.8	5.9	16.7	29.1
Bladder (C67)	3.9	–	–	–	–	–	–	0.8	2.2	6.3	27.2	50.9
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ⁵	5.1	–	–	1.2	0.4	0.4	3.3	2.7	6.9	19.0	11.4	20.0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-7f. Female death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Thyroid/endocrine gland (C73-C75)	0.8	4.7	1.0	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	2.7	2.6	5.5
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	17.5	—	1.0	0.4	1.6	0.4	1.1	5.0	17.0	37.1	98.4	187.2
Hodgkin's disease (C81)	0.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.5	2.6	1.8
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	6.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	5.4	13.6	39.5	67.2
Leukemia (C91-C95)	7.3	—	1.0	0.4	1.6	0.4	1.1	3.4	6.9	14.9	34.3	78.1
Lymphoid leukemia (C91)	1.8	—	—	0.4	0.8	0.4	—	—	1.4	1.8	11.4	21.8
Myeloid leukemia (C92)	4.5	—	1.0	—	0.8	—	1.1	3.4	5.4	10.0	15.8	43.6
Multiple myeloma (C88, C90) ⁶	3.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.7	8.1	20.2	38.2
Neopla. not specif. as malign. (D00-D48)⁷	4.9	4.7	—	—	0.8	—	—	0.4	2.9	12.2	25.5	63.6
Myelodysplastic syndromes (D46)	1.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	4.1	12.3	27.3
Diseases of the blood (D50-89)⁸	2.7	4.7	1.0	0.4	—	0.4	—	1.1	1.4	4.5	10.5	43.6
Anemias (D50-D64)	1.5	—	1.0	—	—	—	—	—	0.7	2.3	4.4	32.7
Endocrine & nutritional dis. (E00-E88)⁹	39.4	—	—	0.4	1.2	3.3	7.7	22.2	48.9	77.9	167.8	430.6
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	25.5	—	—	—	0.8	1.1	4.8	16.5	34.1	51.2	112.4	254.4
Nutritional deficiencies (E40-E64)	2.9	—	—	—	—	0.7	—	—	0.4	4.1	7.9	70.9
Malnutrition (E40-E46)	2.9	—	—	—	—	0.7	—	—	0.4	4.1	7.9	70.9
Mental disorders (F01-F99)¹⁰	74.7	—	—	—	0.8	2.9	5.9	12.3	17.8	43.9	244.2	1,973.3
Organic dementia (F01, F03) ¹¹	67.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	4.0	28.5	227.5	1,951.4
Due to alcohol (F10) ¹²	3.9	—	—	—	—	1.4	3.3	7.3	8.0	9.5	3.5	3.6
Due to psychoactive substance (F11-F19)	2.1	—	—	—	0.8	1.4	2.6	4.6	2.5	2.3	3.5	5.5
Nervous system dis. (G00-G99)	88.1	9.4	1.0	0.4	0.4	2.5	3.0	10.0	26.5	80.6	390.9	2,009.6
Meningitis (G00, G03)	<0.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	—	—	—
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (G12.2)	2.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.8	5.8	5.4	13.2	3.6
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	7.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.8	10.0	53.6	130.8
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	61.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	4.3	35.3	246.9	1,648.0
Multiple sclerosis (G35)	2.1	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	4.0	5.4	14.1	9.1
Epilepsy (G40-G41)	1.0	—	—	—	0.4	0.7	0.4	1.1	1.1	1.8	3.5	7.3
Ear & mastoid process dis. (H60-H95)	0.1	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.4	—	—	—	—
Circulatory system diseases (I00-I99)	230.7	—	1.9	0.4	3.5	5.1	14.0	39.1	105.8	275.7	956.7	4,878.6
Major cardiovascular disease (I00-I78)	229.2	—	1.9	0.4	3.1	4.7	13.3	38.3	105.1	273.5	948.8	4,862.3
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	151.7	—	1.0	0.4	2.4	4.0	8.9	27.6	66.7	184.7	601.8	3,254.2
Rheumatic heart disease (I00-I09) ¹³ ..	3.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.8	1.8	6.3	14.9	54.5
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	8.0	—	—	—	—	0.7	—	0.8	1.4	8.1	24.6	207.1
Hypertensive heart & renal dis. (I13) ..	2.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.7	2.3	8.8	54.5
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	58.1	—	—	—	—	1.1	3.3	11.5	31.5	97.8	249.5	1,072.0
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	21.0	—	—	—	—	0.4	1.1	3.4	11.2	44.8	90.5	352.5

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-7f. Female death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Other acute ischemic hrt. dis. (I24) ..	0.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.9	1.8	12.7
Chronic isch. heart dis. (I20, I25)	36.6	—	—	—	—	0.7	2.2	8.0	20.3	52.1	157.2	706.8
Atheroscler. cardiovascular dis. ¹⁴	2.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	2.9	1.8	13.2	25.4
Other chr. ischemic heart dis. ¹⁵ ...	34.5	—	—	—	—	0.7	2.2	6.9	17.4	50.3	144.1	681.4
Nonrheumatic mitral valve dis. (I34) ...	1.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	0.5	7.0	40.0
Nonrheumatic aortic valve dis. (I35) ...	12.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.8	5.9	46.6	341.6
Cardiomyopathy (I42)	4.1	—	—	—	1.2	—	0.7	1.9	3.3	6.8	21.1	50.9
Heart failure (I50)	26.9	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.7	3.4	6.9	25.8	97.5	663.2
Congestive heart failure (I50.0)	20.0	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	2.7	5.1	16.8	72.0	506.9
Left ventricular heart failure (I50.1)	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.4	—	—
Heart failure, unspecified (I50.9)	6.7	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	0.8	1.8	7.7	25.5	156.3
HBP (I10, I12, I15) ¹⁶	13.8	—	—	—	—	—	0.7	3.1	10.9	14.9	47.4	294.4
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ¹¹	56.0	—	1.0	—	0.8	0.4	3.0	6.9	23.6	63.4	249.5	1,193.8
Subarachnoid hemorrhage (I60)	1.9	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.7	1.1	4.7	4.1	7.0	7.3
Intracerebral hemorrhage (I61-I62) ¹⁷	9.8	—	—	—	—	0.4	1.8	3.1	5.4	16.8	47.4	154.4
Cerebral infarction (I63)	5.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	2.2	7.7	27.2	119.9
Stroke (type not specified) (I64)	21.8	—	1.0	—	—	—	—	1.1	6.2	22.6	100.1	494.2
Atherosclerosis (I70)	0.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.9	6.1	14.5
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	3.3	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	—	2.2	2.7	25.5	47.2
Diseases of arteries (I72-I78) ¹⁸	3.6	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.8	1.4	6.8	18.4	58.1
Respiratory system diseases (J00-J99) ..	82.9	—	2.9	—	0.8	1.1	5.9	13.8	67.4	166.6	463.0	1,088.4
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	13.9	—	1.0	—	—	—	1.5	2.7	10.1	11.8	56.2	292.5
Influenza (J09-J11)	5.1	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.8	3.3	4.1	21.1	112.7
Pneumonia (J12-J18)	8.8	—	1.0	—	—	—	1.1	1.9	6.9	7.7	35.1	179.9
Other acute lower resp. infect'ns (J20-J22)	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	—	—	5.5
Acute bronchitis (J20-J21) ¹⁹	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.6
Chronic lower respiratory dis. (J40-J47) ²⁰ ..	54.3	—	1.0	—	0.4	1.1	2.2	8.8	46.8	127.2	320.6	599.6
Bronchitis, chronic & unspec. (J40-J42)	0.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	—	2.6	3.6
Emphysema (J43)	4.3	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.8	4.7	12.2	21.1	41.8
Asthma (J45-J46)	2.3	—	1.0	—	0.4	0.7	0.4	1.5	3.3	3.2	5.3	32.7
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	47.4	—	—	—	—	0.4	1.5	6.1	38.8	111.8	291.7	521.5
Bronchiectasis (J47)	0.7	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.4	1.4	3.5	9.1
Pneumoconioses (J60-J66, J68) ²¹	<0.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.5	—	—
Pneumonitis due to solids & liquids (J69) ...	3.7	—	1.0	—	0.4	—	—	0.4	2.2	4.5	19.3	65.4
Digestive system diseases (K00-K92)	36.3	9.4	—	0.4	0.8	2.5	9.2	24.5	47.1	66.1	124.7	439.7
Peptic ulcer (K25-K28)	1.6	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	—	—	1.1	2.7	7.9	23.6

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-7f. Female death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Diseases of the appendix (K35-K38)	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.9	3.6
Appendicitis (K35-K37)	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.9	3.6
Hernia (K40-K46)	1.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.7	0.5	6.1	29.1
Vascular disorders of the intestine (K55)	3.6	4.7	—	—	—	—	0.4	1.1	1.8	10.0	17.6	43.6
Chronic liver disease (K70, K73-K74) ²²	11.1	—	—	—	—	1.8	5.5	17.6	30.1	24.9	18.4	16.4
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²³	7.6	—	—	—	—	1.4	5.2	14.6	25.4	13.1	2.6	1.8
Cholelithiasis (K80-K82) ²⁴	1.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.7	0.9	3.5	27.3
Diseases of the skin (L00-L98)²⁵	2.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	3.3	2.7	6.1	49.1
Musculoskeletal disease (M00-M99)²⁶	7.3	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.7	3.1	5.8	14.5	36.0	98.1
Genitourinary system dis. (N00-N99)	16.6	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	2.2	3.1	10.1	25.8	73.8	298.0
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²⁷	8.3	—	—	—	—	0.4	1.5	2.3	4.7	13.6	34.3	147.2
Acute nephrotic syndrome ²⁸	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	—	7.3
Chronic nephritis ²⁹	0.4	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	—	—	3.5	3.6
Renal failure (N17-N19)	7.7	—	—	—	—	0.4	1.1	1.9	4.3	13.6	30.7	136.3
Kidney infect'ns (N10-N12, N13.6, N15.1) ..	0.7	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.4	—	0.7	1.4	2.6	9.1
Urinary tract infection (N59.0)	5.2	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.4	4.0	6.8	23.7	99.9
Hyperplasia of prostate (N40)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female pelvic inflam. dis. (N70-N76) ³⁰	<0.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.5	—	—
Pregnancy & childbirth (O00-O99)³¹	0.6	—	—	—	1.6	1.4	1.1	0.4	—	—	—	—
Pregnancy with abortive outcome (O00-O07)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	2.3	221.9	1.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.9	—
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)³² ..	3.4	146.4	1.0	2.0	2.0	—	1.1	1.5	2.9	3.6	2.6	7.3
Malformation of the heart (Q20-Q24)	0.6	23.6	1.0	0.4	0.8	—	0.4	—	—	0.5	—	1.8
Other malf. of the circul. sys. (Q25-Q28)	0.2	—	—	0.4	—	—	—	—	—	0.5	0.9	3.6
Malf. of the respiratory system (Q30-Q34)	0.1	14.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Symptoms & signs (R00-R99)³³	9.8	23.6	—	—	0.4	1.1	0.7	2.7	6.9	14.0	34.3	178.1
Senility (R54)	0.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.5	2.6	25.4
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	0.2	18.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
External causes of death (V01-Y89)	51.9	37.8	7.7	7.7	21.6	28.6	39.1	46.7	45.3	48.0	109.8	612.3
Accidents (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	38.4	28.3	7.7	3.7	13.4	17.7	24.7	23.7	27.5	34.0	87.8	579.6
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	7.5	4.7	2.9	1.6	7.5	6.9	8.9	4.6	11.2	9.1	14.1	14.5
Motor vehicle acc. (Many codes) ³⁴	7.0	4.7	2.9	1.6	7.5	6.9	8.5	4.2	9.8	8.1	12.3	14.5
Motor veh. traf. (Many codes) ³⁵	6.6	4.7	2.9	1.6	6.3	6.5	8.5	4.2	9.4	7.7	11.4	12.7
Other land trans. acc. (Many codes) ³⁶	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.4	—	0.9	—
Water transport accidents (V90-V94)	<0.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	—	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-7f. Female death rates for selected causes by age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes) ¹	Rate ²	Age at death										
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Air transport accidents (V95-V97)	<0.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	—	—
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59,Y86)	30.9	23.6	4.8	2.0	5.9	10.9	15.9	19.1	16.3	24.9	73.8	565.1
Falls (W00-W19)	19.2	—	—	—	0.8	1.1	0.7	1.9	2.5	15.4	58.9	514.2
Firearms (W32-W34)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Drowning & submersion (W65-W74) ..	0.5	—	1.0	—	0.4	1.1	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	—	1.8
Exposure to smoke & fire (X00-X09) ..	0.8	—	2.9	1.2	0.4	—	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.9	—
Poisoning (X40-X49) ³⁷	7.1	—	—	—	3.9	8.3	12.9	14.2	10.9	4.1	1.8	3.6
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	9.3	—	—	2.0	6.7	8.3	11.8	19.1	11.6	7.7	11.4	10.9
Poisoning (X60-X69)	3.0	—	—	0.4	1.2	2.5	3.3	5.7	5.4	2.7	5.3	—
Hanging/suffocation (X70)	2.2	—	—	1.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	3.1	1.4	1.8	0.9	—
Firearm discharge (X72-X74)	3.2	—	—	0.4	2.0	1.8	3.3	8.0	3.6	2.7	4.4	9.1
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	1.5	9.4	—	1.6	0.4	1.8	1.8	1.1	1.4	1.8	2.6	—
Firearm discharge (X93-X95)	0.8	—	—	1.6	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	—	2.6	—
Legal intervention (Y35, Y89.0) ³⁸	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Undeterm. intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	1.3	—	—	0.4	1.2	0.7	0.7	2.7	3.3	1.4	0.9	—
Medical care complica'ns (Y40-Y84, Y88) ..	1.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.4	3.2	7.0	21.8
<i>Injury by firearms (Many codes)³⁹</i>	4.0	—	—	2.0	2.4	2.5	4.1	9.2	4.3	2.7	7.0	9.1
<i>Alcohol-induced deaths (Many codes)^{40,41}</i>	12.2	—	—	—	0.4	3.3	8.5	24.9	34.4	23.5	7.0	5.5
<i>Drug-induced deaths (Many codes)^{42,43}</i>	12.0	4.7	—	0.4	5.5	12.3	18.4	22.6	19.6	9.5	11.4	9.1
<i>Injury at work⁴⁴</i>	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.7	—	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

¹ International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision. Geneva: World Health Organization, 1992.

² Rates per 100,000 population.

³ Human immunodeficiency virus/ acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

⁴ Includes uterus, part unspecified.

⁵ Includes meninges and other parts of the central nervous system.

⁶ Includes immunoproliferative neoplasms.

⁷ Includes in situ neoplasms, benign neoplasms, and neoplasms of uncertain or unknown behavior.

⁸ Includes diseases of the blood forming-organs and disorders involving the immune mechanism.

⁹ Includes metabolic diseases.

¹⁰ Includes behavioral disorders.

¹¹ In 2005, the National Center for Health Statistics changed the ICD-10 codes to which certain brain disorders were coded. In prior years, "multi-infarct dementia" was coded to I63.9 (cerebral infarction, unspecified) and "vascular dementia" as I67.9 (cerebrovascular disease, unspecified). Beginning in 2005, "multi-infarct dementia" is assigned to code F01.1 and "vascular dementia" to F01.9. Therefore, certain deaths formerly attributed to the cerebrovascular disease rubric are now counted as forms of organic dementia.

¹² For all deaths due to alcohol, see "Alcohol-induced deaths" at the end of the table.

¹³ Includes acute rheumatic fever.

¹⁴ The ICD-10 code is I25.0.

- 15 Includes angina, arteriosclerotic heart disease, coronary heart disease, and related disorders. The ICD-10 codes are I20, I25.1-I25.9.
- 16 Hypertension with/without renal disease.
- 17 Includes other intracranial hemorrhages.
- 18 Includes diseases of the arterioles and capillaries.
- 19 Includes acute bronchiolitis.
- 20 Formerly chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD).
- 21 Includes respiratory conditions due to inhalation of chemicals, gases, fumes, and vapors.
- 22 Includes liver cirrhosis.
- 23 For all deaths due to alcohol, see "Alcohol-induced deaths" at the end of the table.
- 24 Includes other diseases of the gallbladder.
- 25 Includes subcutaneous tissues.
- 26 Includes connective tissue.
- 27 Includes nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis.
- 28 Includes acute and rapidly progressive nephritic and nephrotic syndrome.
- 29 Includes chronic glomerulonephritis, nephritis and nephritis not specified as acute or chronic, and renal sclerosis unspecified.
- 30 Inflammatory diseases of female pelvic organs.
- 31 Includes the puerperium.
- 32 Includes congenital deformations and chromosomal abnormalities.
- 33 Includes abnormal clinical and laboratory findings not elsewhere classified.
- 34 Includes the following ICD-10 codes: V02-V04, V09.0, V09.2, V12-V14, V19.0-V19.2, V19.4-V19.6, V20-V79, V80.3-V80.5, V81.0-V81.1, V82.0-V82.1, V83-V86, V87.0-V87.8, V88.0-V88.8, V89.0, V89.2.
- 35 Includes the following ICD-10 codes: V02-V04(.1-.9), V09.2, V12-V14(.3-.9), V19(.4-.6), V20-V28(.3-.9), V29(.4-.9), V30-V39(.4-.9), V40-V49(.4-.9), V50-V59(.4-.9), V60-V69(.4-.9), V70-V79(.4-.9), V80(.3-.5), V81.1, V82.1, V83-V86(.0-.3), V87(.0-.8), V89.2.
- 36 Includes the following ICD-10 codes: V01, V05-V06, V09.1, V09.3-V09.9, V10-V11, V15-V18, V19.3, V19.8-V19.9, V80.0-V80.2, V80.6-V80.9, V81.2-V81.9, V82.2-V82.9, V87.9, V88.9, V89.1, V89.3, V89.9.
- 37 Includes exposure to noxious substances.
- 38 Legal intervention is the intentional or unintentional death of a person resulting from the actions of a law enforcement agent. This category may not include all such deaths if the certifying medical examiner failed to note (on the death certificate) the involvement of a law enforcement agent.
- 39 Includes accidental, suicidal, homicidal, and undetermined intent gunshot deaths (ICD-10 codes W32-W34, X72-X74, X93-X95, Y22-Y24, and Y35.0). Note that injuries included here are also included in other cause of death categories.
- 40 Includes: alcoholic mental/behavioral disorders, degeneration of nervous system, polyneuropathy, alcoholic myopathy, cardiomyopathy, gastritis, liver disease, chronic pancreatitis, alcohol in the blood, accidental poisoning by alcohol, intentional self-poisoning, and poisoning of undetermined intent. Note that disorders included here are also included in other cause of death categories.
- 41 The ICD-10 codes for the above categories are E24.4, F10, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1, I42.6, K29.2, K70, K85.2, K86.0, R78.0, X45, X65, and Y15.
- 42 Includes a variety of conditions affecting multiple organ systems, such as poisonings/overdoses and mental/behavioral disorders due to substance use/abuse. Other causes, such as drug-induced hypoglycemia and drug-induced Parkinsonism, are also included here. Note that disorders included here are also included in other cause of death categories.
- 43 The ICD-10 codes for the above categories are: D52.1, D59.0, D59.2, D61.1, D64.2, E06.4, E16.0, E23.1, E24.2, E27.3, E66.1, F11.1-F11.5, F11.7-F11.9, F12.1-F12.5, F12.7-F12.9, F13.1-F13.5, F13.7-F13.9, F14.1-F14.5, F14.7-F14.9, F15.1-F15.5, F15.7-F15.9, F16.1-F16.5, F16.7-F16.9, F18.1-F18.5, F18.7-F18.9, F19.1-F19.5, F19.7-F19.9, G21.1, G24.0, G25.1, G25.4, G25.6, G44.4, G62.0, I95.2, J70.2-J70.4, K85.3, L10.5, L27.0-L27.1, M10.2, M32.0, M80.4, M81.4, M83.5, M87.1, R50.2, R78.1-R78.5, X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14.
- 44 Recorded as a separate item on the death certificate by the Medical Examiner.

TABLE 6-8. Number of deaths by cause and month of death, Oregon residents, 2017

Cause of death	Total	Month of death											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Total	36,640	3,756	3,052	3,176	2,987	3,072	2,805	2,963	2,876	2,765	3,085	2,892	3,211
Malignant neoplasms	8,084	698	609	671	661	679	621	722	714	669	717	612	711
Heart disease	6,945	718	574	651	600	599	535	523	511	465	582	552	635
Chronic lower respiratory disease	2,088	219	183	217	187	194	158	168	140	143	165	158	156
Unintentional injuries	2,073	179	148	154	162	178	163	184	199	162	187	194	163
Cerebrovascular disease	2,066	226	187	189	163	158	168	157	155	154	178	174	157
Alzheimer's disease	1,850	215	170	128	141	151	144	162	138	147	144	132	178
Diabetes mellitus	1,243	134	103	85	101	118	97	94	97	110	113	80	111
Alcohol-induced ^{1,2}	878	69	64	69	69	59	79	70	76	77	93	72	81
Suicide	825	74	67	66	74	65	63	74	75	69	73	63	62
Influenza & pneumonia	573	158	73	44	35	32	26	27	16	18	32	37	75
Hypertension & renal hypertension	561	69	57	56	47	37	42	29	40	43	45	36	60
Parkinson's disease	465	50	35	39	38	43	31	30	42	36	38	39	44
Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome, etc.	377	39	35	30	27	38	29	32	29	24	37	37	20
Septicemia	242	35	18	15	15	16	14	24	20	9	28	25	23
Neoplasms not known to be malign.	224	22	27	17	13	18	15	18	20	23	11	15	25
Aortic aneurysm	179	15	10	22	13	18	13	11	17	14	10	19	17
Pneumonitis due to solids/liquids	154	20	13	15	17	12	14	10	16	8	11	9	9
Congenital malformations	144	11	14	18	13	10	11	10	11	12	13	10	11
Viral hepatitis	139	16	11	12	10	12	6	9	16	8	17	13	9
Homicide	128	17	7	10	9	10	9	13	11	12	9	12	9
Perinatal conditions	120	8	9	9	14	14	10	9	6	12	12	7	10
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	102	13	10	10	7	7	9	8	10	4	5	9	10
Nutritional deficiencies	98	13	6	14	4	7	7	6	10	5	11	10	5
Peptic ulcer	68	6	7	13	4	8	6	3	4	3	3	7	4
Gallbladder disorders	68	4	5	5	5	6	8	3	8	7	7	6	4
All other causes	6,995	732	613	620	565	587	531	570	500	532	550	567	628

¹ Includes the following ICD-10 codes: E24.4, F10, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1, I42.6, K29.2, K70, K85.2, K86.0, R78.0, X45, X65, and Y15.

² Alcohol category is not mutually exclusive. Columns may not add to row totals.

TABLE 6-9. Deaths by age, single mention race, and ethnicity, Oregon residents, 2017

Single mention race and ethnicity	Total	Age at death								
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44
All races	36,640	236	50	75	113	228	268	284	399	462
Hispanic	1,074	58	10	18	18	27	31	29	34	40
Non-Hispanic	35,470	177	40	56	95	200	237	254	362	422
Not stated ¹	96	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	3	—
White	34,381	173	42	61	82	192	235	243	358	394
Hispanic	776	40	7	16	10	24	22	18	27	28
Non-Hispanic	33,605	133	35	45	72	168	213	225	331	366
Black	520	15	1	4	8	9	6	9	8	14
Hispanic	5	1	—	1	1	—	—	1	—	—
Non-Hispanic	515	14	1	3	7	9	6	8	8	14
American Indian	389	4	—	2	3	10	6	3	11	17
Hispanic	14	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	—
Non-Hispanic	375	4	—	2	3	10	4	3	10	17
Asian²	665	11	—	2	6	5	5	8	6	11
Hispanic	6	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Non-Hispanic	659	10	—	2	6	5	5	7	6	11
HI & Pac. Is.³	77	8	2	1	3	1	2	4	1	6
Hispanic	6	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-Hispanic	71	6	2	1	3	1	2	4	1	6
Other races & not stated	333	16	4	2	7	3	8	10	7	13
Hispanic	257	13	3	1	7	3	7	9	6	12
Non-Hispanic	76	3	1	1	—	—	1	1	1	1
Multiple races	275	9	1	3	4	8	6	7	8	7
Hispanic	10	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-Hispanic	265	8	1	3	4	8	6	7	8	7

Single mention race and ethnicity	Age at death								
	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85+
All races	680	1,128	1,984	2,626	3,374	3,799	4,158	4,527	12,249
Hispanic	57	61	79	65	89	74	94	87	203
Non-Hispanic	621	1,063	1,893	2,547	3,271	3,710	4,053	4,432	12,037
Not stated ¹	2	4	12	14	14	15	11	8	9
White	594	1,009	1,821	2,419	3,147	3,596	3,936	4,308	11,771
Hispanic	44	51	56	49	63	54	60	64	143
Non-Hispanic	550	958	1,765	2,370	3,084	3,542	3,876	4,244	11,628
Black	20	37	53	67	62	41	36	46	84
Hispanic	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-Hispanic	20	37	52	67	62	41	36	46	84
American Indian	17	28	34	40	43	37	38	43	53
Hispanic	—	—	2	2	2	—	—	1	4
Non-Hispanic	17	28	32	38	41	37	38	42	49
Asian²	25	23	28	43	47	57	76	81	231
Hispanic	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2
Non-Hispanic	24	23	28	43	47	57	75	81	229
HI & Pac. Is.³	2	8	7	5	7	7	5	3	5
Hispanic	—	1	—	—	1	1	—	—	1
Non-Hispanic	2	7	7	5	6	6	5	3	4
Other races & not stated	14	12	23	22	34	33	43	26	56
Hispanic	11	9	20	13	23	17	31	22	50
Non-Hispanic	3	3	3	9	11	16	12	4	6
Multiple races	8	11	18	30	34	28	24	20	49
Hispanic	1	—	—	1	—	2	2	—	3
Non-Hispanic	7	11	18	29	34	26	22	20	46

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Ethnicity not reported. These cases are included in the non-Hispanic totals for racial categories.

² Includes Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese, and other Asian.

³ Includes Guamanian, Hawaiian, Samoan, and other Pacific Islander.

TABLE 6-10. Deaths by age, race (any mention), and ethnicity, Oregon residents, 2017

Any mention race and ethnicity ¹	Total	Age at death								
		<1	1-4	5-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44
All races	36,640	236	50	75	113	228	268	284	399	462
Hispanic	1,074	58	10	18	18	27	31	29	34	40
Non-Hispanic	35,470	177	40	56	95	200	237	254	362	422
Not stated ²	96	1	–	1	–	1	–	1	3	–
White	34,628	178	42	64	85	200	241	250	364	399
Hispanic	786	41	7	16	10	24	22	18	27	28
Non-Hispanic	33,842	137	35	48	75	176	219	232	337	371
Black	554	21	2	5	10	14	7	11	13	15
Hispanic	6	2	–	1	1	–	–	1	–	–
Non-Hispanic	548	19	2	4	9	14	7	10	13	15
American Indian	576	5	–	3	5	11	8	7	15	18
Hispanic	20	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	1	–
Non-Hispanic	556	5	–	3	5	11	6	7	14	18
Asian ³	728	15	–	3	7	6	8	10	7	16
Hispanic	9	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
Non-Hispanic	719	14	–	3	7	6	8	9	7	16
HI & Pacific Islander ⁴	104	10	3	1	3	2	2	4	1	8
Hispanic	6	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Non-Hispanic	98	8	3	1	3	2	2	4	1	8
Other races & not stated	357	17	5	4	7	4	8	10	7	13
Hispanic	268	14	4	3	7	3	7	9	6	12
Non-Hispanic	89	3	1	1	–	1	1	1	1	1

Any mention race and ethnicity ¹	Age at death								
	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85+
All races	680	1,128	1,984	2,626	3,374	3,799	4,158	4,527	12,249
Hispanic	57	61	79	65	89	74	94	87	203
Non-Hispanic	621	1,063	1,893	2,547	3,271	3,710	4,053	4,432	12,037
Not stated ²	2	4	12	14	14	15	11	8	9
White	602	1,018	1,839	2,447	3,175	3,623	3,957	4,327	11,817
Hispanic	45	51	56	50	63	56	62	64	146
Non-Hispanic	557	967	1,783	2,397	3,112	3,567	3,895	4,263	11,671
Black	21	37	55	69	64	41	36	46	87
Hispanic	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Non-Hispanic	21	37	54	69	64	41	36	46	87
American Indian	23	36	48	58	72	60	60	60	87
Hispanic	1	–	2	3	2	1	2	1	5
Non-Hispanic	22	36	46	55	70	59	58	59	82
Asian ³	25	26	30	54	54	62	79	83	243
Hispanic	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	4
Non-Hispanic	24	26	30	54	54	61	78	83	239
HI & Pacific Islander ⁴	3	10	7	7	11	9	7	5	11
Hispanic	–	1	–	–	1	1	–	–	1
Non-Hispanic	3	9	7	7	10	8	7	5	10
Other races & not stated	15	14	25	25	38	33	44	26	62
Hispanic	12	9	22	15	24	17	31	22	51
Non-Hispanic	3	5	3	10	14	16	13	4	11

– Quantity is zero.

¹ Includes any race (one or more) and ethnicity mention. Race categories will not sum to the total since multiple race selections could be made for each decedent.

² Ethnicity not reported. These cases are included in the non-Hispanic totals for racial categories.

³ Includes Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese, and other Asian.

⁴ Includes Guamanian, Hawaiian, Samoan, and other Pacific Islander.

TABLE 6-11. Deaths by cause, single mention race, and ethnicity, Oregon residents, 2017

Selected causes of death	Total	Non-Hispanic single mention race						Mult. races	Hispanic ³
		White	Black	Am. Indian	Asian ¹	HI & Pac. Is. ²	Other & not stated		
Total	36,640	33,605	515	375	659	71	76	265	1,074
Infections & parasitic disease	695	627	8	14	16	2	—	5	23
Septicemia	242	219	3	4	5	1	—	1	9
Viral hepatitis	139	120	3	3	5	—	—	3	5
HIV disease	42	37	1	—	—	—	—	—	4
Malignant neoplasms	8,084	7,425	103	75	189	16	14	54	208
Colon	437	394	5	4	15	—	1	2	16
Pancreas	640	593	8	9	17	—	1	3	9
Bronchus & lung	1,865	1,718	29	20	36	3	4	16	39
Skin	194	192	—	—	—	1	1	—	—
Breast	516	469	8	5	12	3	—	6	13
Prostate	441	408	9	2	6	—	1	1	14
Kidney & renal pelvis	190	183	1	—	—	—	—	2	4
Bladder	254	248	—	2	1	—	—	—	3
Lymphatic	814	747	10	6	20	2	1	7	21
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma	279	249	3	5	12	—	—	5	5
Leukemia	346	323	5	—	4	1	1	—	12
Benign & uncertain neoplasms	224	204	5	1	4	1	1	3	5
Diabetes mellitus	1,243	1,087	37	14	28	7	3	15	52
Organic dementia	2,138	2,015	20	8	39	1	2	6	47
Parkinson's disease	465	446	2	2	10	1	1	—	3
Alzheimer's disease	1,850	1,758	13	12	24	1	—	7	35
Diseases of circulatory sys.	9,993	9,264	139	76	184	18	24	65	223
Diseases of heart	6,945	6,465	94	56	101	11	17	49	152
Ischemic heart disease	3,387	3,143	45	30	57	4	8	23	77
Myocardial infarction	1,088	999	15	9	26	2	2	12	23
Cerebrovascular disease	2,066	1,878	32	15	64	6	6	13	52
Intracerebral hemorrhage	395	348	10	5	13	3	1	2	13
Cerebral infarction	221	208	2	2	4	—	1	—	4
Stroke of unspecified type	768	698	13	6	29	1	4	2	15
Hypertension & hyp. renal dis ..	561	535	6	2	6	—	1	1	10
Aortic aneurysm	179	161	4	2	7	—	—	1	4
Influenza & pneumonia	573	524	9	10	9	2	1	3	15
Chronic lower respiratory dis.	2,088	1,994	19	22	10	1	9	13	20
Diseases of the digestive sys.	1,652	1,481	16	37	19	—	—	16	83
Dis. of the genitourinary sys.	671	609	12	10	11	1	3	2	23
Nephritis, nephrosis, etc.	377	335	6	7	9	1	—	2	17
Perinatal conditions	120	68	6	1	7	4	3	3	28
Congenital malformations	144	108	3	3	1	2	—	3	24
Sudden infant death syndrome	21	15	2	—	—	—	—	2	2
Unintentional injuries	2,073	1,818	39	28	36	1	4	25	122
Suicide	825	728	10	14	16	2	2	17	36
Homicide	128	91	7	1	3	—	—	4	22
Undetermined intent	60	49	3	5	—	—	—	—	3
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ⁴	878	770	10	32	—	—	3	13	50
<i>Drug-induced</i> ⁴	671	586	17	11	8	—	1	13	35
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ⁴	529	467	9	9	8	1	1	7	27

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Includes Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese, and other Asian.

² Includes Guamanian, Hawaiian, Samoan, and other Pacific Islander.

³ Decedents of Hispanic ethnicity may belong to any race but have been removed from all race categories in this table.

⁴ See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

TABLE 6-12. Deaths by cause, race (any mention), and ethnicity, Oregon residents, 2017

Selected causes of death	Total ¹	White	Black	Am. Indian	Asian ²	HI & Pac. Is. ³	Other & not stated	Hispanic ⁴
Total	36,640	34,628	554	576	728	104	357	1,074
Infections & parasitic disease	695	646	8	18	18	3	9	23
Septicemia	242	226	3	5	6	1	3	9
Viral hepatitis	139	126	3	6	5	—	2	5
HIV disease	42	40	1	—	—	—	1	4
Malignant neoplasms	8,084	7,628	108	121	202	21	65	208
Colon	437	406	6	5	16	2	4	16
Pancreas	640	602	10	11	18	—	2	9
Bronchus & lung	1,865	1,759	30	37	37	3	17	39
Skin	194	192	—	—	—	1	1	—
Breast	516	487	9	8	14	3	1	13
Prostate	441	415	9	3	6	—	9	14
Kidney & renal pelvis	190	188	1	1	1	1	—	4
Bladder	254	250	—	2	1	—	1	3
Lymphatic	814	768	10	14	20	2	9	21
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma	279	258	3	10	12	—	2	5
Leukemia	346	331	5	1	4	1	5	12
Benign & uncertain neoplasms	224	211	5	3	5	2	1	5
Diabetes mellitus	1,243	1,137	39	26	31	8	18	52
Organic dementia	2,138	2,053	20	10	44	3	16	47
Parkinson's disease	465	447	2	2	10	1	3	3
Alzheimer's disease	1,850	1,788	14	17	27	2	10	35
Diseases of circulatory sys.	9,993	9,481	142	128	197	29	92	223
Diseases of heart	6,945	6,617	95	96	112	21	62	152
Ischemic heart disease	3,387	3,221	46	49	62	7	29	77
Myocardial infarction	1,088	1,024	15	18	28	4	12	23
Cerebrovascular disease	2,066	1,929	34	24	66	6	20	52
Intracerebral hemorrhage	395	359	11	6	13	3	5	13
Cerebral infarction	221	211	2	2	4	—	2	4
Stroke of unspecified type	768	714	13	8	29	1	5	15
Hypertension & hyp. renal dis ..	561	541	6	3	6	—	6	10
Aortic aneurysm	179	165	4	3	7	1	1	4
Influenza & pneumonia	573	537	11	10	11	3	5	15
Chronic lower respiratory dis.	2,088	2,024	19	33	13	1	12	20
Diseases of the digestive sys.	1,652	1,558	17	55	20	1	20	83
Dis. of the genitourinary sys	671	630	12	11	12	1	7	23
Nephritis, nephrosis, etc.	377	352	6	8	10	1	2	17
Perinatal conditions	120	92	7	2	9	6	8	28
Congenital malformations	144	126	4	5	2	2	9	24
Sudden infant death syndrome	21	18	4	—	—	1	—	2
Unintentional injuries	2,073	1,928	46	43	44	5	38	122
Suicide	825	772	15	23	21	2	11	36
Homicide	128	111	10	4	4	1	3	22
Undetermined intent	60	52	3	5	—	—	—	3
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ⁵	878	822	11	44	1	1	14	50
<i>Drug-induced</i> ⁵	671	625	19	17	13	2	9	35
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ⁵	529	496	13	14	8	1	5	27

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Race categories will not add up to the total since multiple race selections could be made for each decedent.

² Includes Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese, and other Asian.

³ Includes Guamanian, Hawaiian, Samoan, and other Pacific Islander.

⁴ Decedents of Hispanic ethnicity may belong to any race.

⁵ See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

TABLE 6-13. Years of potential life lost before age 75 from the leading causes of death, by year, Oregon residents, 2003-2017

Year	Total	Cancer	Unintended injury	Heart disease	Suicide	Alcohol-induced ¹	Diabetes	Perinatal conditions	Chronic lower respiratory disease
2003	225,545	50,810	34,383	28,869	15,585	10,033	7,237	8,591	6,493
2004	221,453	50,892	34,830	26,449	15,294	9,877	7,497	8,396	5,848
2005	224,868	53,166	31,845	26,721	14,874	9,553	7,585	10,131	6,543
2006	231,592	52,025	36,529	26,871	16,158	9,082	7,590	9,067	6,807
2007	234,443	51,747	36,820	27,845	16,266	10,168	7,551	10,311	7,307
2008	231,750	51,479	38,621	27,793	16,342	10,362	6,621	8,994	7,598
2009	230,153	53,568	34,029	25,605	17,158	10,686	7,530	8,323	7,341
2010	224,366	54,941	30,199	23,929	17,963	10,666	7,292	7,891	7,799
2011	230,525	55,353	33,117	24,368	18,023	11,984	7,831	8,201	7,604
2012	228,909	54,352	31,236	24,889	19,481	11,856	7,273	8,473	7,141
2013	233,367	53,926	30,610	24,786	19,119	12,867	7,665	9,188	8,121
2014	241,894	55,761	33,715	24,665	20,875	13,653	7,988	9,671	8,543
2015	245,051	54,811	35,984	26,157	20,564	15,347	8,141	8,544	7,704
2016	247,542	54,393	40,139	26,410	20,427	14,448	8,691	7,498	8,501
2017	251,589	53,022	38,787	27,675	22,602	14,895	8,993	8,848	8,150

Year	Congenital anomalies	Cerebro-vascular disease	Homicide ²	Pneu-monia & influenza	Septicemia	Viral hepatitis	Undeter-mined external causes	Sudden infant death syndrome	HIV disease
2003	6,313	6,108	3,522	1,985	1,309	2,050	3,575	1,714	2,675
2004	6,720	6,221	4,502	1,671	1,481	2,105	3,284	1,416	1,902
2005	5,695	6,274	4,078	2,421	1,658	1,717	3,370	1,491	1,729
2006	6,918	5,737	4,429	1,578	1,429	1,817	3,390	2,236	1,478
2007	6,293	6,339	3,147	1,684	1,709	3,536	3,691	2,833	1,518
2008	6,271	5,135	3,949	2,236	1,839	2,860	2,693	1,492	1,045
2009	4,264	5,714	3,684	3,822	2,096	3,276	3,004	2,163	1,076
2010	5,688	5,206	4,080	1,760	1,660	3,197	3,432	2,385	1,130
2011	5,831	5,709	4,235	1,786	1,581	3,177	2,437	2,087	859
2012	5,405	5,171	4,159	1,482	1,253	2,597	2,379	1,865	1,359
2013	5,607	5,302	3,211	1,915	1,403	3,858	2,316	1,715	1,234
2014	4,338	6,228	3,334	2,734	1,321	3,030	2,131	1,863	711
2015	5,214	5,488	4,918	1,638	1,804	2,618	2,354	1,714	909
2016	5,593	5,585	4,859	2,818	2,168	2,117	1,756	1,566	772
2017	6,318	5,950	4,472	2,381	1,997	1,864	1,734	1,566	888

¹ See Table 6-6, footnotes 39-40, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.² Excludes legal intervention.

TABLE 6-14. Years of potential life lost by cause and sex, Oregon residents, 2017

Selected causes of death	Before age 65			Before age 75			Before age 85		
	Total ¹	M	F	Total ¹	M	F	Total ¹	M	F
Total	128,476	80,855	47,586	251,589	155,829	95,705	455,041	274,989	179,977
Infections & parasitic disease	3,192	1,991	1,201	6,542	4,018	2,524	11,283	6,751	4,532
Septicemia	992	535	457	1,997	1,072	925	3,550	1,887	1,663
Viral hepatitis	707	454	253	1,864	1,214	650	3,170	2,071	1,099
HIV disease	504	435	69	888	749	139	1,298	1,089	209
Malignant neoplasms	19,515	9,432	10,083	53,022	27,220	25,802	110,191	57,735	52,456
Colon	1,100	584	516	2,825	1,553	1,272	5,686	3,107	2,579
Pancreas	1,166	647	519	3,793	2,208	1,585	8,477	4,767	3,710
Bronchus & lung	2,710	1,416	1,294	9,956	5,185	4,771	23,730	12,255	11,475
Skin	637	455	182	1,432	1,065	367	2,676	2,011	665
Breast	2,045	10	2,035	4,762	35	4,727	8,566	92	8,474
Cervical	439	–	439	751	–	751	1,155	–	1,155
Uterine	430	–	430	1,138	–	1,138	2,219	–	2,219
Ovarian	653	–	653	1,745	–	1,745	3,520	–	3,520
Prostate	212	212	–	1,138	1,138	–	3,498	3,498	–
Kidney & renal pelvis	395	293	102	1,144	854	290	2,467	1,829	638
Bladder	190	130	60	778	585	193	2,106	1,500	606
Brain	1,599	937	662	3,201	1,890	1,311	5,369	3,159	2,210
Lymphatic	1,796	976	820	4,418	2,474	1,944	9,517	5,421	4,096
Benign & uncertain neoplasms ...	397	172	225	898	432	466	2,087	1,105	982
Diabetes mellitus	3,685	2,088	1,597	8,993	5,231	3,762	17,486	10,314	7,172
Organic dementia	102	51	51	917	451	466	4,664	2,218	2,446
Meningitis	87	70	17	121	94	27	161	124	37
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	264	176	88	840	510	330	1,742	1,018	724
Parkinson's disease	66	49	17	486	323	163	2,312	1,546	766
Alzheimer's disease	93	18	75	802	247	555	4,189	1,412	2,777
Epilepsy	355	152	203	580	256	324	864	373	491
Diseases of circulatory system ...	14,690	9,724	4,963	38,006	25,463	12,530	81,968	53,375	28,570
Hypertension	800	499	301	2,348	1,487	861	4,958	3,102	1,856
Heart disease	10,843	7,456	3,384	27,675	19,272	8,390	58,724	39,872	18,829
Cerebrovascular disease	2,129	1,185	944	5,950	3,377	2,573	14,071	7,764	6,307
Arteriosclerosis	1	0	1	27	8	19	139	59	80
Aortic aneurysm	400	304	96	867	663	204	1,820	1,293	527
Influenza & pneumonia	1,017	608	409	2,381	1,418	963	4,837	2,835	2,002
Chronic lower respiratory dis.	2,231	896	1,335	8,150	3,832	4,318	20,793	9,974	10,819
Pneumonitis due to solids/liq.	350	198	152	663	372	291	1,304	689	615
Digestive system disease	7,254	4,494	2,760	15,283	9,435	5,848	26,576	16,221	10,355
Genitourinary system disease	990	516	474	2,584	1,377	1,207	5,795	3,118	2,677
Nephritis, nephrosis, etc.	712	433	279	1,762	1,056	706	3,714	2,256	1,458
Pregnancy & childbirth	412	–	412	532	–	532	652	–	652
Congenital malformations	5,105	2,344	2,761	6,318	2,942	3,376	7,629	3,589	4,040
Sudden infant death syndrome ...	1,356	1,097	259	1,566	1,267	299	1,776	1,437	339
Unintentional injuries	26,829	19,035	7,794	38,787	27,485	11,302	53,058	37,403	15,655
Suicide	15,605	11,997	3,576	22,602	17,289	5,271	30,330	23,151	7,127
Homicide	3,294	2,520	774	4,472	3,437	1,035	5,728	4,392	1,336
Undetermined intent	1,192	724	468	1,734	1,012	722	2,324	1,326	998
Legal intervention	343	343	–	448	448	–	558	558	–
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ²	7,459	5,065	2,394	14,895	10,245	4,650	23,392	16,249	7,143
<i>Drug-induced</i> ²	12,535	8,037	4,466	18,641	11,888	6,711	25,147	15,957	9,138
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ²	9,594	8,093	1,501	13,902	11,714	2,188	18,757	15,801	2,956

¹ Includes unknown sex.

² See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

Note: A zero indicates no deaths occurred before the base age, while a dash indicates no deaths of any kind.

TABLE 6-15. Median age at death by year and cause, Oregon residents, 2003-2017

Year	Total	Alzheimer's disease	Cerebro-vascular disease	Parkinson's disease	Pneu-monia & influenza	Heart disease	Arterio-sclerosis	Chronic lower respiratory disease
2003	78	86	84	82	86	81	85	78
2004	79	86	84	83	86	82	85	78
2005	79	87	84	83	85	83	85	78
2006	79	87	83	83	85	82	85	78
2007	79	87	83	84	86	83	84	78
2008	79	87	84	83	85	83	85	78
2009	79	87	84	84	83	83	86	78
2010	79	88	84	83	85	83	85	78
2011	79	87	84	83	85	83	83	78
2012	79	88	84	84	85	84	89	78
2013	78	88	84	83	84	83	85	77
2014	78	88	83	83	81	83	83	77
2015	78	88	84	83	85	83	78	78
2016	78	88	84	84	80	83	81	77
2017	78	88	84	83	83	82	82	77

Year	Diabetes	Cancer	Unintended injury	Viral hepatitis	Alcohol-induced ¹	Suicide	Undeter-mined external causes	Homicide ²
2003	76	74	51	51	55	48	42	34
2004	76	74	52	53	55	47	43	33
2005	76	73	54	54	56	48	42	34
2006	76	74	53	55	55	47	45	36
2007	75	74	53	56	56	48	44	34
2008	75	74	54	57	56	48	45	35
2009	75	73	55	55	56	49	48	40
2010	75	73	60	57	56	49	44	41
2011	75	73	59	58	56	47	47	33
2012	75	73	62	59	57	49	48	33
2013	75	73	64	59	58	50	40	36
2014	73	72	61	61	57	49	47	42
2015	73	72	63	61	58	49	44	40
2016	73	73	63	62	58	50	48	34
2017	73	73	63	62	59	48	52	39

¹ See Table 6-6, footnotes 39-40, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

² Excludes legal intervention.

TABLE 6-16. Selected causes of death among infants, children, and adolescents, by age, Oregon residents less than 20 years old, 2017

Manner and cause of death	Total	Age groups								
		0-17	1-17	13-19	<1	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-17	18-19
Total	474	411	175	134	236	50	29	46	50	63
Total natural causes	301	290	74	31	216	27	14	17	16	11
Perinatal conditions	118	118	1	—	117	1	—	—	—	—
Congenital anomalies	67	65	10	2	55	4	4	2	—	2
Cancer	25	23	22	7	1	5	4	9	4	2
SIDS	21	21	—	—	21	—	—	—	—	—
Heart disease	5	4	4	3	—	1	—	1	2	1
Septicemia	5	5	2	—	3	1	1	—	—	—
Cerebrovascular dis.	4	4	4	2	—	1	1	—	2	—
Neoplasms not known to be malignant	4	3	2	2	1	—	1	—	1	1
Diarrhea/gastroenteritis	4	4	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—
Anemias	3	3	2	1	1	1	—	—	1	—
Influenza & pneumonia	3	3	2	1	1	1	—	—	1	—
Pneumonitis due to solids & liquids	3	3	3	1	—	2	—	—	1	—
Infantile cerebral palsy	3	2	2	2	—	1	—	1	—	1
Other	36	32	20	10	12	9	3	4	4	4
Total external causes¹	173	121	101	103	20	23	15	29	34	52
<u>Unintentional injuries</u>	102	72	56	48	16	20	13	13	10	30
Motor vehicle	52	35	34	29	1	12	7	7	8	17
Suffocation	14	14	1	—	13	1	—	—	—	—
Fire	11	10	9	3	1	3	3	3	—	1
Drowning ²	10	7	6	5	1	2	1	2	1	3
Poisoning	7	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	7
Struck by/against	3	3	3	1	—	1	1	1	—	—
Fall	3	1	1	3	—	—	—	—	1	2
Other	2	2	2	—	—	1	1	—	—	—
<u>Suicide</u>	49	31	31	47	—	—	—	10	21	18
Suffocation/hanging	24	16	16	22	—	—	—	7	9	8
Firearm	19	13	13	19	—	—	—	2	11	6
Cut/pierce	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Fall	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	—
Poisoning	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Other	3	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	3
<u>Homicide</u>	14	13	10	2	3	2	2	5	1	1
Firearm	8	7	7	2	—	—	2	4	1	1
Child abuse/neglect ³	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Poisoning	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Other	4	4	2	—	2	2	—	—	—	—
<u>Undetermined intent</u>	6	3	2	4	1	1	—	1	—	3
Drowning ²	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	2
Poisoning	2	1	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	1
Suffocation	2	2	1	1	1	—	—	1	—	—
<i>Gunshot (any manner)</i>	29	22	22	23	—	—	2	6	14	7
<i>Drug-induced⁴</i>	9	3	2	7	1	1	—	1	—	6

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Includes deaths resulting from complications of medical and surgical care (Y40-Y84, Y88).

² Includes drownings that involved watercraft (V90, V92), as well as those that did not (W65-W74).

³ Abuse and neglect deaths are underreported on death certificates.

⁴ Includes any manner of overdose, as well as deaths resulting from substance abuse by mothers during pregnancy (O35.4-O35.5, P04.3-P04.4).

TABLE 6-17. Deaths due to alcohol or drugs by sex, age, race/ethnicity, and educational attainment, Oregon residents, 2017

Demographic characteristics	Total		Chronic alcoholic liver disease		Other alcohol-induced		Opioid-induced ¹		Other drug-induced		Unintended injuries		Suicides		Undetermined intent	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total*	1,549	100	522	100	316	100	22	100	125	100	436	100	94	100	34	100
Sex																
Male	1,040	67	363	70	231	73	11	50	90	72	291	67	40	43	14	41
Female	508	33	159	30	85	27	11	50	35	28	145	33	53	56	20	59
Age																
<15	3	<0.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	1	1	1	3
15-17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
18-19	6	<0.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	1	—	—	—	—
20-24	47	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	3	35	8	5	5	3	9
25-29	74	5	5	1	3	1	1	5	4	3	53	12	7	7	1	3
30-34	74	5	11	2	6	2	4	18	4	3	39	9	9	10	1	3
35-44	187	12	48	9	21	7	2	9	8	6	88	20	16	17	4	12
45-54	332	21	106	20	76	24	4	18	30	24	91	21	18	19	7	21
55-64	453	29	195	37	102	32	5	23	30	24	89	20	20	21	12	35
65-74	284	18	126	24	84	27	2	9	31	25	27	6	10	11	4	12
75-84	64	4	24	5	19	6	1	5	8	6	3	1	8	9	1	3
85+	25	2	7	1	5	2	3	14	5	4	5	1	—	—	—	—
Race/ethnicity																
White only	1,356	88	452	87	286	91	19	86	116	93	367	84	87	93	29	85
Black only	27	2	3	1	6	2	—	—	2	2	15	3	—	—	1	3
Am. Indian only	43	3	21	4	9	3	1	5	1	1	7	2	1	1	3	9
Asian only	8	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	2	1	1	—	—
HI & Pac. Is. only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other & not stated	4	<0.5	—	—	3	1	—	—	—	—	1	<0.5	—	—	—	—
Multiple races	26	2	9	2	3	1	—	—	2	2	11	3	1	1	—	—
Hispanic ²	85	5	37	7	9	3	2	9	4	3	28	6	4	4	1	3
Education																
Less than high school	248	16	73	14	39	12	4	18	31	25	83	19	9	10	9	26
High school / GED	635	41	221	42	148	47	11	50	47	38	177	41	23	24	8	24
Some college	423	27	141	27	76	24	7	32	31	25	122	28	38	40	8	24
Bachelor's degree	141	9	53	10	29	9	—	—	4	3	33	8	19	20	3	9
Master's degree	44	3	17	3	11	3	—	—	2	2	8	2	4	4	2	6
Doc. or pro. degree	12	1	8	2	1	<0.5	—	—	1	1	1	<0.5	1	1	—	—
Not stated	46	3	9	2	12	4	—	—	9	7	12	3	—	—	4	12

— Quantity is zero.

* Includes unknown sex.

¹ Includes ICD-10 codes F11.1-F11.5, F11.7-F11.9, and R78.1. Does not include drug overdoses.

² Decedents of Hispanic ethnicity may belong to any race but have been removed from all race categories in this table.

NOTE: Overdoses/poisonings are shown under "Unintentional injuries," "Suicides," or "Undetermined intent" in this table. See Table 6-35 for more information.

TABLE 6-18. Deaths due to alcohol or drugs by county of residence, Oregon, 2017

County of residence	Total		Chronic alcoholic liver disease		Other alcohol-induced		Opioid use ¹		Other drug-induced		Unintended injuries		Suicides		Undetermined intent	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total	1,549	100	522	100	316	100	22	100	125	100	436	100	94	100	34	100
Baker	11	1	5	1	2	1	–	–	1	1	2	<0.5	1	1	–	–
Benton	10	1	1	<0.5	3	1	1	5	1	1	3	1	1	1	–	–
Clackamas	120	8	45	9	25	8	–	–	15	12	25	6	7	7	3	9
Clatsop	17	1	11	2	3	1	–	–	1	1	1	<0.5	1	1	–	–
Columbia	13	1	4	1	2	1	–	–	–	–	6	1	1	1	–	–
Coos	55	4	22	4	11	3	–	–	9	7	13	3	–	–	–	–
Crook	8	1	4	1	1	<0.5	1	5	–	–	1	<0.5	1	1	–	–
Curry	16	1	8	2	1	<0.5	–	–	–	–	3	1	2	2	2	6
Deschutes	57	4	24	5	6	2	1	5	3	2	14	3	7	7	2	6
Douglas	53	3	23	4	13	4	–	–	3	2	10	2	4	4	–	–
Grant	2	<0.5	2	<0.5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Harney	4	<0.5	3	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Hood River	9	1	4	1	2	1	–	–	–	–	3	1	–	–	–	–
Jackson	94	6	36	7	16	5	2	9	13	10	16	4	10	11	1	3
Jefferson	9	1	1	<0.5	4	1	–	–	1	1	3	1	–	–	–	–
Josephine	60	4	18	3	17	5	–	–	6	5	17	4	2	2	–	–
Klamath	44	3	18	3	10	3	–	–	5	4	7	2	3	3	1	3
Lane	175	11	49	9	37	12	2	9	11	9	61	14	11	12	4	12
Lincoln	30	2	11	2	6	2	1	5	2	2	3	1	6	6	1	3
Linn	47	3	22	4	11	3	1	5	3	2	5	1	3	3	2	6
Malheur	9	1	4	1	2	1	–	–	–	–	2	<0.5	1	1	–	–
Marion	110	7	30	6	22	7	2	9	12	10	34	8	7	7	3	9
Morrow	1	<0.5	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Multnomah	330	21	72	14	64	20	9	41	24	19	141	32	13	14	7	21
Polk	29	2	9	2	12	4	–	–	3	2	4	1	1	1	–	–
Tillamook	16	1	7	1	2	1	–	–	1	1	3	1	1	1	2	6
Umatilla	36	2	20	4	6	2	–	–	1	1	8	2	–	–	1	3
Union	10	1	2	<0.5	3	1	–	–	1	1	4	1	–	–	–	–
Wallowa	3	<0.5	–	–	1	<0.5	–	–	1	1	1	<0.5	–	–	–	–
Wasco	12	1	4	1	4	1	–	–	–	–	3	1	1	1	–	–
Washington	125	8	51	10	25	8	1	5	5	4	30	7	8	9	5	15
Wheeler	2	<0.5	–	–	2	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Yamhill	32	2	12	2	3	1	1	5	1	1	13	3	2	2	–	–

– Quantity is zero.

¹ Includes ICD-10 codes F11.1-F11.5, F11.7-F11.9, and R78.1. Does not include drug overdoses.

NOTE: Overdoses/poisonings are shown under "Unintentional injuries," "Suicides," or "Undetermined intent" in this table. See Table 6-35 for more information.

**TABLE 6-19. Tobacco-linked deaths by sex, age, and education,
Oregon residents, 2017**

Sex, age, and education	Total	Linked ¹		Not linked		Unknown	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Both sexes [*]							
Total	36,640	7,843	21.4	20,053	54.7	8,744	23.9
<25 ²	702	4	0.6	652	92.9	46	6.6
25-34	552	13	2.4	479	86.8	60	10.9
35-44	861	71	8.2	613	71.2	177	20.6
45-54	1,808	375	20.7	987	54.6	446	24.7
55-64	4,610	1,434	31.1	2,099	45.5	1,077	23.4
65-74	7,173	2,289	31.9	3,207	44.7	1,677	23.4
75-84	8,685	2,215	25.5	4,287	49.4	2,183	25.1
85-94	9,708	1,305	13.4	5,888	60.7	2,515	25.9
95+	2,541	137	5.4	1,841	72.5	563	22.2
Median	78	73	~	80	~	79	~
Male							
Total	18,689	4,608	24.7	9,310	49.8	4,771	25.5
<25 ²	448	3	0.7	414	92.4	31	6.9
25-34	394	6	1.5	345	87.6	43	10.9
35-44	522	47	9.0	370	70.9	105	20.1
45-54	1,084	239	22.0	575	53.0	270	24.9
55-64	2,813	895	31.8	1,209	43.0	709	25.2
65-74	4,183	1,426	34.1	1,694	40.5	1,063	25.4
75-84	4,535	1,239	27.3	2,054	45.3	1,242	27.4
85-94	4,031	696	17.3	2,199	54.6	1,136	28.2
95+	679	57	8.4	450	66.3	172	25.3
Median	74	72	~	75	~	76	~
Female							
Total	17,949	3,234	18.0	10,743	59.9	3,972	22.1
<25 ²	254	1	0.4	238	93.7	15	5.9
25-34	157	7	4.5	134	85.4	16	10.2
35-44	339	24	7.1	243	71.7	72	21.2
45-54	724	136	18.8	412	56.9	176	24.3
55-64	1,796	538	30.0	890	49.6	368	20.5
65-74	2,990	863	28.9	1,513	50.6	614	20.5
75-84	4,150	976	23.5	2,233	53.8	941	22.7
85-94	5,677	609	10.7	3,689	65.0	1,379	24.3
95+	1,862	80	4.3	1,391	74.7	391	21.0
Median	81	75	~	83	~	82	~
Education³							
8th grade or less	2,032	421	20.7	1,111	54.7	500	24.6
9th-12th, no diploma	3,225	971	30.1	1,481	45.9	773	24.0
High school/GED	14,205	3,406	24.0	7,282	51.3	3,517	24.8
Some college	6,749	1,508	22.3	3,596	53.3	1,645	24.4
Associate degree	2,351	476	20.2	1,316	56.0	559	23.8
Bachelor's degree	4,262	617	14.5	2,705	63.5	940	22.1
Master's degree	1,819	185	10.2	1,189	65.4	445	24.5
Doc. or pro. degree	745	86	11.5	503	67.5	156	20.9
Not stated	550	169	30.7	218	39.6	163	29.6

* Includes unknown sex.

¹ The Oregon death certificate provides four possible answers to the question, "Did tobacco use contribute to death?": yes, probably, no and unknown. The linked category includes deaths listed as yes or probably, or if a contributing cause is F17.

² The number of infant deaths due to exposure to tobacco combustion products is underreported.

³ Excludes decedents under 25 years of age.

TABLE 6-20. Tobacco-linked deaths by cause of death, Oregon residents, 2017

Selected causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes)	Total	Linked ¹		Not linked		Unknown	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total ²	36,640	7,843	21.4	20,053	54.7	8,744	23.9
Malignant neoplasms	3,670	1,830	49.9	1,159	31.6	681	18.6
Oral cavity, lip, pharynx (C00.0-C14.8)	145	68	46.9	44	30.3	33	22.8
Esophagus (C15)	249	109	43.8	88	35.3	52	20.9
Stomach (C16)	97	22	22.7	40	41.2	35	36.1
Pancreas (C25)	640	87	13.6	416	65.0	137	21.4
Larynx (C32)	27	19	70.4	2	7.4	6	22.2
Lung, bronchi, and trachea (C33-C34)	1,865	1,401	75.1	210	11.3	254	13.6
Cervix uteri (C53)	47	4	8.5	30	63.8	13	27.7
Kidney, other urinary tract (C64-C65)	190	33	17.4	103	54.2	54	28.4
Urinary bladder (C67)	254	83	32.7	93	36.6	78	30.7
Acute myeloid leukemia (C92.0)	156	4	2.6	133	85.3	19	12.2
Cardiovascular disease	9,009	2,048	22.7	4,226	46.9	2,735	30.4
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	3,387	1,098	32.4	1,323	39.1	966	28.5
Other heart disease (I00-I09, I26-I51)	3,198	525	16.4	1,730	54.1	943	29.5
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69)	2,066	304	14.7	1,039	50.3	723	35.0
Atherosclerosis (I70)	31	12	38.7	10	32.3	9	29.0
Aortic aneurysm (I71)	179	58	32.4	64	35.8	57	31.8
Other arterial disease (I72-I78)	148	51	34.5	60	40.5	37	25.0
Respiratory diseases	2,577	1,698	65.9	482	18.7	397	15.4
Pneumonia and influenza (J09-J18)	573	83	14.5	334	58.3	156	27.2
Bronchitis and emphysema (J40-J43)	153	129	84.3	13	8.5	11	7.2
Other chronic airways obstruction (J44)	1,851	1,486	80.3	135	7.3	230	12.4
Perinatal conditions ³	67	—	—	64	95.5	3	4.5
Selected perinatal conditions ⁴	46	—	—	45	97.8	1	2.2
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	21	—	—	19	90.5	2	9.5
Other causes	21,317	2,267	10.6	14,122	66.2	4,928	23.1

— Quantity is zero.

¹ The Oregon death certificate provides four possible answers to the question, "Did tobacco use contribute to death?": yes, probably, no and unknown. The linked category includes deaths listed as yes or probably, or if a contributing cause is F17.

² The causes of death shown in this table are those linked to tobacco use by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC. Annual Smoking-Attributable Mortality, Years of Potential Life Lost, and Productivity Losses -- United States, 1997-2001. MMWR 2005; 54:625-628.).

³ The number of infant deaths resulting from exposure to tobacco combustion products is underreported.

⁴ The category includes the following conditions: other disorders related to short gestation and low birthweight (P07), respiratory distress of newborn (P22), congenital pneumonia (P23), neonatal aspiration syndromes (P24), and other respiratory conditions originating in the perinatal period (P25-P28).

TABLE 6-21. Tobacco-linked deaths by county of residence, Oregon, 2017

County of residence	Total	Linked ¹		Not linked		Unknown	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	36,640	7,843	21.4	20,053	54.7	8,744	23.9
Baker	208	57	27.4	124	59.6	27	13.0
Benton	590	92	15.6	357	60.5	141	23.9
Clackamas	3,409	679	19.9	1,946	57.1	784	23.0
Clatsop	437	107	24.5	217	49.7	113	25.9
Columbia	461	125	27.1	195	42.3	141	30.6
Coos	974	290	29.8	442	45.4	242	24.8
Crook	274	60	21.9	132	48.2	82	29.9
Curry	375	80	21.3	149	39.7	146	38.9
Deschutes	1,516	278	18.3	799	52.7	439	29.0
Douglas	1,554	418	26.9	821	52.8	315	20.3
Gilliam	21	6	28.6	12	57.1	3	14.3
Grant	94	27	28.7	45	47.9	22	23.4
Harney	66	14	21.2	41	62.1	11	16.7
Hood River	190	41	21.6	115	60.5	34	17.9
Jackson	2,470	515	20.9	1,464	59.3	491	19.9
Jefferson	201	49	24.4	112	55.7	40	19.9
Josephine	1,235	325	26.3	629	50.9	281	22.8
Klamath	833	207	24.8	442	53.1	184	22.1
Lake	75	15	20.0	41	54.7	19	25.3
Lane	3,720	735	19.8	1,980	53.2	1,005	27.0
Lincoln	652	182	27.9	376	57.7	94	14.4
Linn	1,321	290	22.0	671	50.8	360	27.3
Malheur	323	71	22.0	201	62.2	51	15.8
Marion	2,879	591	20.5	1,535	53.3	753	26.2
Morrow	73	15	20.5	41	56.2	17	23.3
Multnomah	5,821	1,203	20.7	3,274	56.2	1,344	23.1
Polk	718	151	21.0	385	53.6	182	25.3
Sherman	19	5	26.3	11	57.9	3	15.8
Tillamook	302	96	31.8	141	46.7	65	21.5
Umatilla	658	174	26.4	334	50.8	150	22.8
Union	265	61	23.0	115	43.4	89	33.6
Wallowa	89	20	22.5	60	67.4	9	10.1
Wasco	334	76	22.8	182	54.5	76	22.8
Washington	3,433	570	16.6	2,049	59.7	814	23.7
Wheeler	17	2	11.8	9	52.9	6	35.3
Yamhill	1,032	216	20.9	605	58.6	211	20.4
Unknown	1	—	—	1	100.0	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

¹ The Oregon death certificate provides four possible answers to the question, "Did tobacco use contribute to death?": yes, probably, no and unknown. The linked category includes deaths listed as yes or probably, or if a contributing cause is F17.

TABLE 6-22. Selected causes of death among adult males by veteran status and age, Oregon residents, 2017

Selected causes of death	All males, age 18+		Male veteran age groups ²									
			Total (18+)		18-34		35-54		55-74		75+	
	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹
Total	18,448	1170.9	9,108	3274.0	38	186.5	177	312.5	2,645	2012.8	6,248	8955.5
Infections & parasitic disease	358	22.7	148	53.2	—	—	2	3.5	65	49.5	81	116.1
Septicemia	119	7.6	53	19.1	—	—	—	—	21	16.0	32	45.9
Viral hepatitis	89	5.6	28	10.1	—	—	1	1.8	24	18.3	3	4.3
HIV disease	34	2.2	8	2.9	—	—	1	1.8	7	5.3	—	—
Malignant neoplasms	4,181	265.4	2,024	727.6	1	4.9	31	54.7	816	620.9	1,176	1685.6
Colon	213	13.5	89	32.0	—	—	2	3.5	33	25.1	54	77.4
Pancreas	326	20.7	143	51.4	—	—	5	8.8	62	47.2	76	108.9
Bronchus & lung	922	58.5	482	173.3	—	—	5	8.8	220	167.4	257	368.4
Skin	136	8.6	65	23.4	—	—	—	—	20	15.2	45	64.5
Breast	10	0.6	5	1.8	—	—	—	—	1	0.8	4	5.7
Prostate	441	28.0	246	88.4	—	—	—	—	66	50.2	180	258.0
Kidney & renal pelvis	131	8.3	73	26.2	—	—	1	1.8	34	25.9	38	54.5
Bladder	173	11.0	99	35.6	—	—	—	—	24	18.3	75	107.5
Brain	137	8.7	41	14.7	1	4.9	2	3.5	22	16.7	16	22.9
Lymphatic	445	28.2	216	77.6	—	—	4	7.1	74	56.3	138	197.8
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma	149	9.5	62	22.3	—	—	2	3.5	25	19.0	35	50.2
Leukemia	191	12.1	99	35.6	—	—	1	1.8	29	22.1	69	98.9
Benign & uncertain neoplasms	120	7.6	71	25.5	—	—	—	—	20	15.2	51	73.1
Diabetes mellitus	707	44.9	326	117.2	—	—	5	8.8	130	98.9	191	273.8
Organic dementia	730	46.3	493	177.2	—	—	—	—	40	30.4	453	649.3
Parkinson's disease	305	19.4	199	71.5	—	—	—	—	27	20.5	172	246.5
Alzheimer's disease	569	36.1	405	145.6	—	—	—	—	21	16.0	384	550.4
Diseases of circulatory sys.	5,148	326.7	2,812	1010.8	—	—	35	61.8	658	500.7	2,119	3037.3
Heart disease	3,760	238.6	2,063	741.6	—	—	24	42.4	494	375.9	1,545	2214.5
Ischemic heart disease	2,168	137.6	1,165	418.8	—	—	18	31.8	340	258.7	807	1156.7
Cerebrovascular disease	889	56.4	490	176.1	—	—	4	7.1	104	79.1	382	547.5
Intracerebral hemorrhage	189	12.0	100	35.9	—	—	1	1.8	27	20.5	72	103.2
Cerebral infarction	100	6.3	51	18.3	—	—	1	1.8	15	11.4	35	50.2
Stroke, unspecified type	311	19.7	175	62.9	—	—	1	1.8	31	23.6	143	205.0
Hypertension & hyp. renal dis.	272	17.3	134	48.2	—	—	4	7.1	30	22.8	100	143.3
Aortic aneurysm	110	7.0	59	21.2	—	—	3	5.3	13	9.9	43	61.6
Influenza & pneumonia	280	17.8	149	53.6	—	—	1	1.8	33	25.1	115	164.8
Chronic lower respiratory dis.	949	60.2	547	196.6	—	—	2	3.5	202	153.7	343	491.6
Diseases of digestive sys.	890	56.5	327	117.5	1	4.9	10	17.7	118	89.8	198	283.8
Dis. of genitourinary sys.	322	20.4	169	60.7	—	—	2	3.5	37	28.2	130	186.3
Nephritis	203	12.9	107	38.5	—	—	2	3.5	27	20.5	78	111.8
Congenital malformations	44	2.8	9	3.2	1	4.9	—	—	2	1.5	6	8.6
Unintentional injuries	1,221	77.5	408	146.7	12	58.9	29	51.2	118	89.8	249	356.9
Suicide	608	38.6	159	57.2	18	88.4	36	63.6	61	46.4	44	63.1
Homicide	90	5.7	11	4.0	1	4.9	2	3.5	6	4.6	2	2.9
Undetermined intent	30	1.9	4	1.4	—	—	—	—	3	2.3	1	1.4
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ³	622	39.5	150	53.9	2	9.8	17	30.0	104	79.1	27	38.7
<i>Drug-induced</i> ³	417	26.5	74	26.6	6	29.5	16	28.2	43	32.7	9	12.9
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ³	431	27.4	132	47.4	17	83.5	24	42.4	51	38.8	40	57.3

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rates per 100,000 population. Rates were calculated using 2017 population estimates from Portland State University (Appendix A) and 2017 veteran population estimates from the United States Department of Veteran Affairs (http://www1.va.gov/vetdata/Veteran_Population.asp).

² Excludes blank and unknown veteran status.

³ See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

WARNING: Rates based on less than five events are unreliable.

TABLE 6-23. Selected causes of death among adult males by veteran and combat status and age, Oregon occurrence, 2015-2017

Selected causes of death	All males, age 18+ ¹		Non-veteran				Veteran											
			18-49		50 or greater		Combat				Non-combat				Unk. combat status			
	No.	Col %	No.	Col %	No.	Col %	18-49		50 or greater		18-49		50 or greater		18-49		50 or greater	
							No.	Col %	No.	Col %	No.	Col %	No.	Col %	No.	Col %	No.	Col %
Total ²	54,526	100.0	4,277	100.0	21,974	100.0	116	100.0	9,285	100.0	228	100.0	13,210	100.0	45	100.0	4,942	100.0
Malignant neoplasms	12,608	23.1	380	8.9	5,747	26.2	12	10.3	1,984	21.4	29	12.7	3,313	25.1	6	13.3	1,061	21.5
Heart disease	11,224	20.6	401	9.4	4,401	20.0	6	5.2	2,267	24.4	15	6.6	2,957	22.4	4	8.9	1,098	22.2
Unintentional injuries	3,659	6.7	1,278	29.9	1,154	5.3	30	25.9	359	3.9	51	22.4	533	4.0	10	22.2	214	4.3
Chronic lower respiratory dis.	2,902	5.3	27	0.6	1,115	5.1	—	—	592	6.4	1	0.4	784	5.9	1	2.2	348	7.0
Cerebrovascular disease	2,486	4.6	72	1.7	992	4.5	1	0.9	473	5.1	4	1.8	666	5.0	—	—	253	5.1
Diabetes mellitus	2,064	3.8	126	2.9	941	4.3	2	1.7	344	3.7	7	3.1	456	3.5	1	2.2	169	3.4
Alzheimer's disease	1,633	3.0	1	>0	463	2.1	—	—	428	4.6	—	—	535	4.0	—	—	204	4.1
Hypertension & hyp. renal dis.	792	1.5	21	0.5	345	1.6	2	1.7	144	1.6	3	1.3	182	1.4	3	6.7	86	1.7
Parkinson's disease	845	1.5	1	>0	301	1.4	—	—	166	1.8	—	—	287	2.2	—	—	89	1.8
Influenza & pneumonia	700	1.3	32	0.7	259	1.2	—	—	140	1.5	—	—	187	1.4	1	2.2	72	1.5
Viral hepatitis	317	0.6	20	0.5	185	0.8	—	—	28	0.3	2	0.9	49	0.4	—	—	28	0.6
Nephritis	626	1.1	23	0.5	244	1.1	—	—	121	1.3	3	1.3	158	1.2	—	—	72	1.5
Benign & uncertain neoplasms	371	0.7	13	0.3	146	0.7	—	—	68	0.7	1	0.4	115	0.9	—	—	28	0.6
Septicemia	357	0.7	20	0.5	149	0.7	—	—	56	0.6	—	—	95	0.7	—	—	25	0.5
Aortic aneurysm	273	0.5	8	0.2	112	0.5	2	1.7	46	0.5	1	0.4	78	0.6	—	—	25	0.5
Pneumonitis due to solids & liquids	252	0.5	6	0.1	92	0.4	—	—	55	0.6	—	—	58	0.4	—	—	40	0.8
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	189	0.3	12	0.3	100	0.5	—	—	22	0.2	—	—	47	0.4	—	—	8	0.2
Congenital malformations	127	0.2	37	0.9	64	0.3	—	—	5	0.1	2	0.9	13	0.1	—	—	5	0.1
Suicide	1,787	3.3	768	18.0	540	2.5	43	37.1	107	1.2	67	29.4	198	1.5	7	15.6	47	1.0
Homicide	273	0.5	177	4.1	58	0.3	2	1.7	5	0.1	8	3.5	18	0.1	—	—	3	0.1
Undetermined intent	118	0.2	67	1.6	32	0.1	2	1.7	—	—	1	0.4	11	0.1	—	—	4	0.1
Operations of war	1	>0	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	>0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ³	1,278	2.3	527	12.3	365	1.7	35	30.2	89	1.0	53	23.2	162	1.2	3	6.7	39	0.8
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ³	1,864	3.4	325	7.6	997	4.5	9	7.8	132	1.4	10	4.4	243	1.8	6	13.3	106	2.1
<i>Drug-induced</i> ³	1,186	2.2	569	13.3	370	1.7	16	13.8	44	0.5	28	12.3	102	0.8	5	11.1	37	0.7

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Total includes all males age 18 and older with missing or unknown veteran status.

² The causes in this table represent a selection of the total possible causes; the rows will not add up to the total.

³ See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

>0 Value too small to display.

TABLE 6-24. Injury deaths by intent, mechanism of injury, and age, Oregon residents, 2017

	Total	Age at death												
		<1	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Total external	3,164	20	23	15	29	34	52	175	361	363	378	440	360	914
Cut/pierce	38	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	3	5	10	10	4	2
Drowning	70	1	2	1	2	1	5	9	12	8	4	12	8	5
Fall	790	—	—	—	—	2	2	5	16	16	18	43	84	604
Fire/hot object or substance	42	1	3	3	3	—	1	1	—	8	4	4	4	10
Firearm	529	—	—	2	6	14	7	38	75	80	93	69	72	73
Machinery	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	4	1	2
All transport ¹	538	1	12	8	7	8	18	54	80	70	63	93	58	66
Motor vehicle traffic	473	1	7	6	7	7	17	51	74	63	50	82	52	56
Other land transport ²	55	—	5	2	—	1	1	3	4	7	10	10	4	8
Other transport	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	3	1	2	2
Natural/environmental	23	—	1	—	—	—	—	2	1	4	4	2	4	5
Poisoning	618	1	1	—	1	—	8	46	114	118	127	131	48	23
Struck by or against	28	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	5	2	3	3	7	5
Suffocation	281	14	1	—	8	9	8	14	45	42	31	31	31	47
Other and unspecified	131	2	2	—	1	—	2	3	10	9	18	27	25	32
Medical care complications	67	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	11	14	40
Unintentional	2,073	16	20	13	13	10	30	101	200	197	196	270	227	780
Cut/pierce	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Drowning	49	1	2	1	2	1	3	6	9	5	3	5	7	4
Fall	764	—	—	—	—	1	2	4	10	10	13	38	83	603
Fire/hot object or substance	36	1	3	3	3	—	1	—	—	6	4	4	1	10
Firearm	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	1
Machinery	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	4	1	2
All transport ¹	534	1	12	8	7	8	17	54	78	70	62	93	58	66
Motor vehicle traffic	473	1	7	6	7	7	17	51	74	63	50	82	52	56
Other land transport ²	51	—	5	2	—	1	—	3	2	7	9	10	4	8
Other transport	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	3	1	2	2
Natural/environmental	23	—	1	—	—	—	—	2	1	4	4	2	4	5
Poisoning	450	—	—	—	—	—	7	35	94	92	92	93	27	10
Struck by or against	24	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	4	1	2	2	7	5
Suffocation	95	13	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	6	10	16	43
Other and unspecified	83	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	4	8	19	20	30

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-24. Injury deaths by intent, mechanism of injury, and age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

	Total	Age at death												
		<1	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Suicide	825	—	—	—	10	21	18	58	123	131	150	126	102	86
Cut/pierce	20	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	4	7	6	—	—
Drowning	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	1	2	1	1
Fall	25	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	5	6	5	5	1	1
Fire/hot object or substance	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—
Firearm	439	—	—	—	2	11	6	31	53	59	78	65	66	68
All transport ¹	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Other land transport ²	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Poisoning	130	—	—	—	1	—	—	8	18	22	28	26	16	11
Suffocation	180	—	—	—	7	9	8	14	43	35	25	21	14	4
Other and unspecified	19	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	2	2	5	1	3	1
Homicide	128	3	2	2	5	1	1	9	28	25	22	14	11	5
Cut/pierce	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	1	3	4	3	1
Fire/hot object or substance	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	2	—
Firearm	74	—	—	2	4	1	1	6	18	18	13	4	3	4
All transport ¹	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Other land transport ²	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Poisoning	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Struck by or against	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	1	—	—
Suffocation	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	—	—	1	—
Other and unspecified	24	2	2	—	1	—	—	—	5	2	5	5	2	—
Undetermined	60	1	1	—	1	—	3	6	7	6	8	19	5	3
Drowning	13	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	2	1	—	5	—	—
Fall	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Firearm	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
All transport ¹	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Other land transport ²	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Poisoning	37	—	1	—	—	—	1	3	2	4	7	12	5	2
Suffocation	2	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other and unspecified	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	2	—	1
Legal intervention/war³	11	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	3	3	1	—	1	—
Firearm	11	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	3	3	1	—	1	—

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Excludes late effects of transport accidents (ICD-10 code Y85).

² Includes non-traffic accidents involving pedestrians or cyclists (see Table 6-26).

³ Includes late effects of injuries sustained in war. Oregon residents who died outside the U.S. while on active duty are not reported to the Center for Health Statistics.

TABLE 6-25. Injury death rates by intent, mechanism of injury, and age, Oregon residents, 2017

	Total	Rate ¹	Age at death												
			<1	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Total external	3,164	76.4	45.8	10.8	6.1	11.4	22.1	49.2	67.6	64.9	66.8	72.7	82.3	85.4	314.8
Cut/pierce	38	0.9	—	—	—	—	—	0.9	1.2	0.5	0.9	1.9	1.9	0.9	0.7
Drowning	70	1.7	2.3	0.9	0.4	0.8	0.6	4.7	3.5	2.2	1.5	0.8	2.2	1.9	1.7
Fall	790	19.1	—	—	—	—	1.3	1.9	1.9	2.9	2.9	3.5	8.0	19.9	208.0
Fire/hot object or substance	42	1.0	2.3	1.4	1.2	1.2	—	0.9	0.4	—	1.5	0.8	0.7	0.9	3.4
Firearm	529	12.8	—	—	0.8	2.4	9.1	6.6	14.7	13.5	14.7	17.9	12.9	17.1	25.1
Machinery	9	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.7	0.2	0.7
All transport ²	538	13.0	2.3	5.7	3.2	2.7	5.2	17.0	20.9	14.4	12.9	12.1	17.4	13.8	22.7
Motor vehicle traffic	473	11.4	2.3	3.3	2.4	2.7	4.5	16.1	19.7	13.3	11.6	9.6	15.3	12.3	19.3
Other land transport ³	55	1.3	—	2.4	0.8	—	0.6	0.9	1.2	0.7	1.3	1.9	1.9	0.9	2.8
Other transport	10	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.7
Natural/environmental	23	0.6	—	0.5	—	—	—	—	0.8	0.2	0.7	0.8	0.4	0.9	1.7
Poisoning	618	14.9	2.3	0.5	—	0.4	—	7.6	17.8	20.5	21.7	24.4	24.5	11.4	7.9
Struck by or against	28	0.7	—	0.5	0.4	0.4	—	—	—	0.9	0.4	0.6	0.6	1.7	1.7
Suffocation	281	6.8	32.1	0.5	—	3.1	5.8	7.6	5.4	8.1	7.7	6.0	5.8	7.4	16.2
Other and unspecified	131	3.2	4.6	0.9	—	0.4	—	1.9	1.2	1.8	1.7	3.5	5.1	5.9	11.0
Medical care complications	67	1.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	2.1	3.3	13.8
Unintentional	2,073	50.1	36.7	9.4	5.3	5.1	6.5	28.4	39.0	36.0	36.3	37.7	50.5	53.9	268.6
Cut/pierce	2	<.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.3
Drowning	49	1.2	2.3	0.9	0.4	0.8	0.6	2.8	2.3	1.6	0.9	0.6	0.9	1.7	1.4
Fall	764	18.4	—	—	—	—	0.6	1.9	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.5	7.1	19.7	207.7
Fire/hot object or substance	36	0.9	2.3	1.4	1.2	1.2	—	0.9	—	—	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.2	3.4
Firearm	4	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	—	0.5	0.3
Machinery	9	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.7	0.2	0.7
All transport ²	534	12.9	2.3	5.7	3.2	2.7	5.2	16.1	20.9	14.0	12.9	11.9	17.4	13.8	22.7
Motor vehicle traffic	473	11.4	2.3	3.3	2.4	2.7	4.5	16.1	19.7	13.3	11.6	9.6	15.3	12.3	19.3
Other land transport ³	51	1.2	—	2.4	0.8	—	0.6	—	1.2	0.4	1.3	1.7	1.9	0.9	2.8
Other transport	10	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.7
Natural/environmental	23	0.6	—	0.5	—	—	—	—	0.8	0.2	0.7	0.8	0.4	0.9	1.7
Poisoning	450	10.9	—	—	—	—	—	6.6	13.5	16.9	16.9	17.7	17.4	6.4	3.4
Struck by or against	24	0.6	—	0.5	0.4	0.4	—	—	—	0.7	0.2	0.4	0.4	1.7	1.7
Suffocation	95	2.3	29.8	0.5	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.9	1.2	1.9	3.8	14.8
Other and unspecified	83	2.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.7	1.5	3.6	4.7	10.3

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-25. Injury death rates by intent, mechanism of injury, and age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

	Total	Rate ¹	Age at death												
			<1	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
Suicide	825	19.9	—	—	—	3.9	13.6	17.0	22.4	22.1	24.1	28.9	23.6	24.2	29.6
Cut/pierce	20	0.5	—	—	—	—	—	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.7	1.3	1.1	—	—
Drowning	8	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.3
Fall	25	0.6	—	—	—	—	0.6	—	0.4	0.9	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.2	0.3
Fire/hot object or substance	2	<.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—
Firearm	439	10.6	—	—	—	0.8	7.1	5.7	12.0	9.5	10.9	15.0	12.2	15.7	23.4
All transport ²	2	<.05	—	—	—	—	—	0.9	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	—
Other land transport ³	2	<.05	—	—	—	—	—	0.9	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	—
Poisoning	130	3.1	—	—	—	0.4	—	—	3.1	3.2	4.0	5.4	4.9	3.8	3.8
Suffocation	180	4.3	—	—	—	2.7	5.8	7.6	5.4	7.7	6.4	4.8	3.9	3.3	1.4
Other and unspecified	19	0.5	—	—	—	—	—	1.9	1.2	0.4	0.4	1.0	0.2	0.7	0.3
Homicide	128	3.1	6.9	0.9	0.8	2.0	0.6	0.9	3.5	5.0	4.6	4.2	2.6	2.6	1.7
Cut/pierce	16	0.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.3
Fire/hot object or substance	4	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.2	—	—	0.5	—
Firearm	74	1.8	—	—	0.8	1.6	0.6	0.9	2.3	3.2	3.3	2.5	0.7	0.7	1.4
All transport ²	1	<.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	—	—	—
Other land transport ³	1	<.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	—	—	—
Poisoning	1	<.05	2.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Struck by or against	4	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	—	—
Suffocation	4	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.4	—	—	0.2	—
Other and unspecified	24	0.6	4.6	0.9	—	0.4	—	—	—	0.9	0.4	1.0	0.9	0.5	—
Undetermined	60	1.4	2.3	0.5	—	0.4	—	2.8	2.3	1.3	1.1	1.5	3.6	1.2	1.0
Drowning	13	0.3	—	—	—	—	—	1.9	1.2	0.4	0.2	—	0.9	—	—
Fall	1	<.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	—	—	—
Firearm	1	<.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	—
All transport ²	1	<.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	—	—	—
Other land transport ³	1	<.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	—	—	—
Poisoning	37	0.9	—	0.5	—	—	—	0.9	1.2	0.4	0.7	1.3	2.2	1.2	0.7
Suffocation	2	<.05	2.3	—	—	0.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other and unspecified	5	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2	—	0.4	—	0.3
Legal intervention/war⁴	11	0.3	—	—	—	—	1.3	—	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.2	—	0.2	—
Firearm	11	0.3	—	—	—	—	1.3	—	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.2	—	0.2	—

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rate per 100,000 population.

² Excludes late effects of transport accidents (ICD-10 code Y85).

³ Includes non-traffic accidents involving pedestrians or cyclists (see Table 6-26).

⁴ Includes late effects of injuries sustained in war. Oregon residents who died outside the U.S. while on active duty are not reported to the Center for Health Statistics.

TABLE 6-26. Injury deaths and crude death rates by mechanism and intent, Oregon residents, 2017

Mechanism	Total external		Unintentional		Suicide		Homicide		Undetermined		Legal intervention/ war ²	
	Total	Rate ¹	Total	Rate ¹	Total	Rate ¹	Total	Rate ¹	Total	Rate ¹	Total	Rate ¹
Total	3,164	76.4	2,073	50.1	825	19.9	128	3.1	60	1.4	11	0.3
Cut/pierce	38	0.9	2	<.05	20	0.5	16	0.4	—	—	—	—
Drowning	70	1.7	49	1.2	8	0.2	—	—	13	0.3	—	—
Fall	790	19.1	764	18.4	25	0.6	—	—	1	<.05	—	—
Fire/hot object or substance	42	1.0	36	0.9	2	<.05	4	0.1	—	—	—	—
Firearm	529	12.8	4	0.1	439	10.6	74	1.8	1	<.05	11	0.3
Machinery	9	0.2	9	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All transport ³	538	13.0	534	12.9	2	<.05	1	<.05	1	<.05	—	—
Motor vehicle traffic	473	11.4	473	11.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Occupant ⁴	258	6.2	258	6.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Driver ⁵	188	4.5	188	4.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Passenger ⁵	59	1.4	59	1.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Motorcyclist ⁶	58	1.4	58	1.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pedal cyclist ⁶	9	0.2	9	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pedestrian	78	1.9	78	1.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other and unspecified	70	1.7	70	1.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pedal cyclist, other	7	0.2	7	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pedestrian, other	19	0.5	19	0.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other land transport	29	0.7	25	0.6	2	<.05	1	<.05	1	<.05	—	—
Other transport	10	0.2	10	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Natural/environmental	23	0.6	23	0.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Poisoning	618	14.9	450	10.9	130	3.1	1	<.05	37	0.9	—	—
Struck by or against	28	0.7	24	0.6	—	—	4	0.1	—	—	—	—
Suffocation	281	6.8	95	2.3	180	4.3	4	0.1	2	<.05	—	—
Other and unspecified	131	3.2	83	2.0	19	0.5	24	0.6	5	0.1	—	—
Medical care complications	67	1.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rate per 100,000 population.

² Includes late effects of injuries sustained in war. Oregon residents who died outside the U.S. while on active duty are not reported to the Center for Health Statistics.

³ Excludes late effects of transport accidents (ICD-10 code Y85).

⁴ Excludes persons traveling by motorcycle and pedal cycle.

⁵ The sum of decedents who were drivers and passengers is less than the number shown in the occupant category because the passenger status was not stated in all cases.

⁶ Includes both drivers and passengers.

TABLE 6-27. Unintentional deaths by type or source of injury, age, and sex, Oregon residents, 2017

Type or source of unintentional injury	Total	Sex		Age at death									
		M	F	0-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Total ¹	2,073	1,268	805	36	26	141	200	197	196	270	227	256	524
Transportation ²	553	396	157	13	15	79	78	71	64	100	63	49	21
Motor vehicle traffic accident	473	334	139	8	13	75	74	63	50	82	52	39	17
Water transport	6	5	1	—	—	—	2	—	2	—	1	1	—
Air transport	4	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	1	—
Rail transport	8	5	3	—	—	1	—	2	1	1	1	1	1
Poisoning	450	302	148	—	—	42	94	92	92	93	27	4	6
Drugs and medications	401	266	135	—	—	40	88	84	80	79	22	3	5
Other/unspec solid or liquid	38	27	11	—	—	1	5	5	11	11	5	—	—
Gases or vapors	11	9	2	—	—	1	1	3	1	3	—	1	1
Suffocation or obstruction	95	58	37	14	—	—	1	5	6	10	16	18	25
In bed	15	9	6	11	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	1	1
Hanging/strangulation	5	5	—	1	—	—	—	1	1	2	—	—	—
Gastric contents	5	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	—	2
Food	25	14	11	—	—	—	—	2	1	1	7	5	9
Other substance/object ³	35	21	14	1	—	—	—	—	1	4	6	12	11
Inanimate mechanical forces	43	36	7	1	2	—	5	2	5	6	12	8	2
Struck by falling object ⁴	17	14	3	1	2	—	3	1	1	1	6	1	1
Struck by other object	7	3	4	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	1	2	1
Caught between objects	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Agricultural machinery	5	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	1	—
Other machinery	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	1	2	—
Firearms	4	4	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	1	—
Explosion of devices/materials ⁵ ..	3	3	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	1	—	—
Miscellaneous	903	456	447	8	9	20	22	26	26	54	101	174	463
Falls	764	361	403	—	—	7	10	10	13	38	83	160	443
Animal bite/envenomation	4	3	1	—	—	—	—	3	—	1	—	—	—
Drowning and submersion	49	39	10	3	3	10	9	5	3	5	7	3	1
Electric current	3	3	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	1	—	—
Fire, flames and smoke	36	20	16	4	6	1	—	6	4	4	1	5	5
Excessive natural heat	2	1	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Excessive natural cold	13	10	3	—	—	1	—	—	4	1	4	1	2

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Includes all unintentional injury deaths, not just those in the categories shown.

² Subsets are based on the victim's mode of transport, if known, except for railway transport accidents where all related deaths are included.

³ Inhalation and ingestion of objects/substances, other than food or gastric contents, causing obstruction of the respiratory tract.

⁴ Includes thrown and projected objects.

⁵ Includes explosion of fireworks, boiler, gas cylinder, pressurized tire, pipe, or hose, and other materials or pressurized devices.

TABLE 6-28. Unintentional fatal falls by type or source, age, and sex, Oregon residents, 2017

Type or source of fall	Total	Sex		Age at death									
		M	F	0-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Total	764	361	403	-	-	7	10	10	13	38	83	160	443
On same level	512	212	300	-	-	-	2	4	4	16	58	107	321
Involving ice and snow	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
From slipping or tripping	30	15	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	11	15
Collision with another person ¹	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Other	479	195	284	-	-	-	2	4	4	15	54	96	304
Involving skis, skates, skateboards	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
While carried by another	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Involving wheelchair	26	12	14	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	6	16
Involving bed	25	9	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	19
Involving chair	6	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	4
Involving other furniture	5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
Involving playground equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
On and from stairs	38	30	8	-	-	-	-	1	1	8	4	11	13
On and from ladder	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	2	2
On and from scaffolding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
From building or structure ²	7	7	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	1	1	1
From tree	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-
From cliff	9	7	2	-	-	3	3	-	1	1	1	-	-
While diving/jumping into water ³	2	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other multilevel fall ⁴	6	4	2	-	-	3	2	-	-	1	-	-	-
Unspecified fall	117	62	55	-	-	-	-	4	4	9	8	27	65

- Quantity is zero.

¹ Includes pushing by another person.

² Includes fall from, out of, or through building or structure.

³ Causing an injury other than drowning or submersion.

⁴ Includes falls from or into quarry, tank, dock, haystack, well, etc.

TABLE 6-29. Decedent's mode of travel by collision type for land transport-related deaths, Oregon occurrence injuries, 2017¹

Decedent's mode of travel	Total	In collision with								Non-collision	Other and not stated
		Pedestrian or animal ²	Pedal cycle	Motor-cycle ³	Car, van, pickup	Heavy transport vehicle ⁴	Railway train ⁵	Other nonmotor vehicle ⁶	Fixed object		
Total	547	—	1	1	197	39	11	—	62	95	141
Foot	103	—	—	1	67	6	9	—	—	—	20
Pedal cycle	18	—	—	—	5	3	—	—	1	6	3
Motorcycle ³	64	—	—	—	24	5	—	—	10	11	14
Car	203	—	—	—	86	15	1	—	39	55	7
Pickup or van	61	—	1	—	13	10	1	—	11	20	5
Heavy transport vehicle	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	—
Bus/coach	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Animal-drawn vehicle ⁷	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Railway train or vehicle	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Streetcar	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Industr./constr.vehicle	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Agricultural vehicle	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
All-terrain vehicle	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20
Unspecified vehicle	72	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	70

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Includes all land transport deaths regardless of whether or not they resulted from traffic accidents. Excludes residents of other states who were injured in Oregon but died outside of Oregon.

² Excludes collisions with animal-drawn vehicles or animals being ridden.

³ Includes three-wheeled motor vehicles such as motorized tricycles; excludes motor vehicles designed primarily for off-road use.

⁴ Includes buses and coaches.

⁵ Includes interurban electric cars (streetcars) operating on their own right-of-way and not open to other traffic.

⁶ Includes animal-drawn vehicles, animals being ridden, streetcars (when operating on a right-of-way that forms part of a public street), etc.

⁷ Includes animals being ridden.

TABLE 6-30. Fatal motor vehicle injuries by age, sex, occupant and traffic status, Oregon occurrence injuries, 2017¹

Mode of transport, traffic status & passenger status	Total	Sex		Age at death											
		M	F	<16	16-17	18-19	20-21	22-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Total ²	547	392	155	30	5	17	18	36	84	74	70	95	56	43	19
Motorcycle	64	55	9	1	—	1	2	1	9	13	10	14	10	3	—
Driver, nontraffic	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Passenger, nontraffic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified, nontraffic	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
While boarding or alighting ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Driver, traffic	44	41	3	—	—	1	2	—	8	11	3	9	9	1	—
Passenger, traffic	4	1	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	—	—	—
Unspecified, traffic	13	11	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	3	4	1	2	—
Car	203	127	76	12	2	10	9	15	35	28	25	23	17	15	12
Driver, nontraffic	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—
Passenger, nontraffic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Person on outside, nontraffic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified, nontraffic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
While boarding or alighting ...	3	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	2
Driver, traffic	148	95	53	1	—	6	4	12	28	21	21	20	14	13	8
Passenger, traffic	46	27	19	11	2	4	3	3	5	6	3	3	3	1	2
Person on outside, traffic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified, traffic	4	1	3	—	—	—	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—
Pickup truck or van	61	49	12	1	1	3	4	4	11	6	8	10	5	6	2
Driver, nontraffic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Passenger, nontraffic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Person on outside, nontraffic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified, nontraffic	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
While boarding or alighting ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Driver, traffic	42	40	2	—	1	2	2	2	6	4	7	8	3	6	1
Passenger, traffic	15	6	9	1	—	—	1	2	4	2	1	1	2	—	1
Person on outside, traffic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified, traffic	3	2	1	—	—	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Excludes residents of other states who were injured in Oregon but died outside of Oregon.

² Total includes all land transport deaths (e.g., water and air transport-related deaths are excluded). Only the most common types of motorized land transport vehicle-related fatalities are shown by category. See Table 6-29 for other categories.

TABLE 6-31. Traffic accidents by decedent's mode of transport, sex, and age, Oregon occurrence injuries, 2017¹

Mode of transport & leading accident types	Total	Sex		Age at death											
		M	F	<16	16-17	18-19	20-21	22-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Total	490	349	141	24	4	17	17	35	78	67	61	83	51	36	17
Pedestrian	81	54	27	8	—	—	1	8	10	13	10	17	8	4	2
Struck by car, van, pickup	59	37	22	4	—	—	—	4	6	10	10	15	5	3	2
Struck by heavy vehicle	4	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	—	—
Pedal cycle	16	14	2	1	—	—	—	—	1	3	4	4	2	1	—
Motorcycle	61	53	8	1	—	1	2	—	9	13	8	14	10	3	—
Collision with car, van, pickup	24	21	3	1	—	1	2	—	2	6	3	6	2	1	—
Collision with heavy vehicle	5	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	—	—	2	—	—
Collision with fixed object	10	9	1	—	—	—	—	—	5	2	—	1	2	—	—
Non-collision	10	8	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	4	3	—	—
Car	201	125	76	12	2	10	9	15	35	27	24	23	17	15	12
Collision with car, van, pickup	86	59	27	8	1	4	1	5	10	10	10	14	10	7	6
Collision with heavy vehicle	15	9	6	1	—	1	—	1	4	1	1	3	1	2	—
Collision with fixed object	39	26	13	—	1	3	2	4	9	7	5	3	2	3	—
Non-collision	53	29	24	3	—	1	4	5	12	9	8	2	1	2	6
Pickup or van	60	48	12	1	1	3	4	4	11	6	8	9	5	6	2
Collision with car, van, pickup	13	9	4	1	1	1	—	—	—	2	—	4	1	2	1
Collision with heavy vehicle	10	9	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	2	2	2	—
Collision with fixed object	11	9	2	—	—	—	1	1	3	1	3	2	—	—	—
Non-collision	19	16	3	—	—	1	2	3	5	2	3	1	—	1	1
Heavy transport vehicle	4	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
Bus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Animal-drawn vehicle ²	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Railway train or vehicle	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Streetcar	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other and unspecified	67	51	16	—	1	3	1	8	12	5	7	13	9	7	1

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Unlike tables 6-29 and 6-30 (which include all land transport accidents), this table includes only traffic accidents.

² Includes animals being ridden.

TABLE 6-32. Unintentional deaths due to drownings by sex, age, county of injury, and circumstances of drowning, Oregon occurrence injuries, 2017

Demographic characteristics	Total	Boating ¹	Bathtub & hot tub	Swimming pool	While in natural water	Fall into natural water	Other & unspec.
Total	59	8	6	6	32	4	3
Sex							
Male	46	8	3	4	24	4	3
Female	13	—	3	2	8	—	—
Age							
<1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—
1-4	2	—	—	1	—	1	—
5-14	3	—	—	—	2	1	—
15-17	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
18-19	3	—	—	—	3	—	—
20-24	7	—	—	1	5	—	1
25-34	13	3	1	1	8	—	—
35-44	5	—	1	—	4	—	—
45-54	4	1	—	—	2	—	1
55-64	7	1	1	1	3	1	—
65-74	8	2	—	1	3	1	1
75+	5	1	2	1	1	—	—
County							
Baker	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Clackamas	6	—	1	2	2	—	1
Clatsop	1	—	—	1	—	—	—
Columbia	4	1	—	—	2	1	—
Curry	2	—	—	—	2	—	—
Deschutes	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Douglas	6	1	1	1	3	—	—
Gilliam	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Hood River	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Jackson	4	—	1	—	3	—	—
Jefferson	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Josephine	4	—	—	—	4	—	—
Klamath	1	—	—	1	—	—	—
Lane	2	2	—	—	—	—	—
Lincoln	4	—	—	—	4	—	—
Linn	2	—	—	—	1	—	1
Malheur	1	—	—	—	—	1	—
Marion	5	1	1	—	2	—	1
Multnomah	5	—	1	—	4	—	—
Polk	2	—	—	1	—	1	—
Tillamook	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Umatilla	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Union	1	—	—	—	—	1	—
Washington	2	—	1	—	1	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Excludes deaths resulting from voluntarily jumping from a boat.

NOTE: Only age groups or counties with at least one unintentional death due to drowning are shown.

TABLE 6-33. Deaths from suicide, homicide, legal intervention, and undetermined intent external causes by age, sex, and method, Oregon residents, 2017

Manner and method of death ¹	Total*	All ages		<15		15-24		25-34		35-44		45-54		55-64		65-74		75-84		85+	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Suicide	825	629	195	5	5	80	17	99	23	99	32	100	50	94	32	85	17	42	13	25	6
Poisoning	130	67	62	–	1	5	3	10	7	13	9	13	15	11	15	10	6	3	6	2	–
<i>Drugs/medications</i>	91	38	52	–	1	2	3	8	7	8	7	7	11	5	13	6	4	2	6	–	–
<i>Other substances</i>	39	29	10	–	–	3	–	2	–	5	2	6	4	6	2	4	2	1	–	2	–
Suffocation	180	134	46	4	3	24	7	34	9	25	10	17	8	17	4	10	4	–	1	3	–
Drowning	8	7	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	2	–	1	–	2	–	–	1	–	–	1	–
Firearms ²	439	372	67	1	1	43	5	48	5	50	9	57	21	55	10	60	6	39	5	19	5
<i>Handguns</i>	323	262	61	–	1	26	5	34	4	37	8	34	18	39	10	47	5	30	5	15	5
<i>Long guns</i>	78	77	1	1	–	12	–	9	–	9	–	19	1	13	–	8	–	5	–	1	–
Fire/flame/hot object	2	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Sharp object	20	16	4	–	–	2	–	1	–	3	1	4	3	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Jumping from high place	25	16	9	–	–	2	–	3	2	3	3	4	1	3	2	1	–	–	–	–	1
Homicide	128	97	31	6	6	10	1	23	5	20	5	19	3	10	4	7	4	1	3	1	–
Suffocation	4	2	2	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–
Drowning	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Firearms ^{2,3}	74	58	16	2	4	7	1	16	2	16	2	11	2	2	2	3	–	–	3	1	–
<i>Handguns</i>	17	8	9	–	1	1	–	2	1	–	1	1	1	2	2	2	–	–	3	–	–
<i>Long guns</i>	9	8	1	2	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Sharp object	16	12	4	–	–	2	–	1	1	1	–	2	1	4	–	1	2	1	–	–	–
Blunt object	2	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Bodily force	2	2	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Neglect and maltreatment	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Legal intervention	11	11	–	–	–	3	–	3	–	3	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Firearms	11	11	–	–	–	3	–	3	–	3	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Undetermined manner	60	32	28	2	1	6	3	5	2	4	2	1	7	10	9	2	3	2	1	–	–
Poisoning	37	16	21	1	–	3	1	1	1	2	2	1	6	5	7	2	3	1	1	–	–
<i>Drugs/medications</i>	32	13	19	1	–	3	–	1	1	2	2	1	5	4	7	1	3	–	1	–	–
<i>Other substances</i>	5	3	2	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	–	1	–	–	–
Drowning	13	10	3	–	–	3	2	2	–	1	–	–	–	4	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Firearms ²	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
<i>Handguns</i>	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
<i>Long guns</i>	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

– Quantity is zero.

* Includes unknown sex.

¹ 'Other' and 'Unknown' subcategories are not shown but are included in the totals.

² Unlike ICD-9, ICD-10 does not distinguish between rifles, shotguns, and military (assault) weapons.

³ It is the Oregon Medical Examiner's policy not to specify the type of firearm used in a homicide on the death certificate.

TABLE 6-34. Deaths due to firearms by manner, sex, age, race/ethnicity, county of residence, and weapon type, Oregon residents, 2017

Characteristics	Total		Unintended injuries		Suicide		Homicide		Legal interven. ²		Undeterm. manner	
	All guns	Hand-guns ¹	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Total	529	343	4	-	372	67	58	16	11	-	-	1
Age												
<1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1-4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5-9	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
10-14	6	2	-	-	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-
15-17	14	5	-	-	8	3	1	-	2	-	-	-
18-19	7	3	-	-	6	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
20-21	19	15	-	-	15	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
22-24	19	9	-	-	14	-	3	1	1	-	-	-
25-34	75	41	1	-	48	5	16	2	3	-	-	-
35-44	80	46	-	-	50	9	16	2	3	-	-	-
45-54	93	54	-	-	57	21	11	2	1	-	-	1
55-64	69	53	-	-	55	10	2	2	-	-	-	-
65-74	72	56	2	-	60	6	3	-	1	-	-	-
75-84	48	39	1	-	39	5	-	3	-	-	-	-
85+	25	20	-	-	19	5	1	-	-	-	-	-
Single mention race/ethnicity												
White	467	311	4	-	340	60	41	14	7	-	-	1
Black	9	4	-	-	2	1	5	-	1	-	-	-
American Indian	9	3	-	-	7	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Asian ³	8	6	-	-	4	3	1	-	-	-	-	-
HI & Pac. Is. ⁴	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other & not stated	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Multiple races	7	4	-	-	4	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
Hispanic ⁵	27	13	-	-	13	1	9	2	2	-	-	-
County of residence												
Baker	4	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benton	11	7	-	-	9	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clackamas	38	23	-	-	28	3	3	2	2	-	-	-
Clatsop	6	6	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Columbia	7	5	-	-	5	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Coos	10	6	-	-	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crook	6	3	-	-	4	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Curry	11	8	-	-	8	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deschutes	38	31	1	-	24	10	2	1	-	-	-	-
Douglas	18	16	-	-	11	3	1	3	-	-	-	-
Gilliam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grant	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-34. Deaths due to firearms by manner, sex, age, race/ethnicity, county of residence, and weapon type, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Characteristics	Total		Unintended injuries		Suicide		Homicide		Legal interven. ²		Undeterm. manner	
	All guns	Hand-guns ¹	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
County of residence												
Harney	3	1	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hood River	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Jackson	36	23	1	—	23	7	5	—	—	—	—	—
Jefferson	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Josephine	28	23	—	—	18	5	3	1	1	—	—	—
Klamath	20	14	—	—	15	1	3	—	1	—	—	—
Lake	2	2	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lane	57	41	—	—	44	6	4	—	3	—	—	—
Lincoln	9	5	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linn	17	12	—	—	9	4	2	2	—	—	—	—
Malheur	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Marion	42	24	2	—	26	2	8	2	1	—	—	1
Morrow	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Multnomah	74	42	—	—	48	6	16	2	2	—	—	—
Polk	3	2	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sherman	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tillamook	4	1	—	—	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Umatilla	13	3	—	—	9	3	1	—	—	—	—	—
Union	3	1	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wallowa	4	4	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wasco	4	2	—	—	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Washington	47	29	—	—	36	4	3	3	1	—	—	—
Wheeler	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yamhill	8	4	—	—	6	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Weapon type												
Handgun	343	343	3	—	262	61	8	9	—	—	—	—
Long gun ⁶	88	—	1	—	77	1	8	1	—	—	—	—
Other & not stated ^{7,8} ...	98	—	—	—	33	5	42	6	11	—	—	1

— Quantity is zero.

¹ The 10th revision of the International Classification of Disease (ICD-10) does not distinguish between the types of firearms involved in legal intervention deaths. Although handguns were used in nearly all such deaths, they are not included in this column.

² Legal intervention is the intentional or unintentional death of a person resulting from the actions of a law enforcement agent. This category may not include all such deaths if the certifying medical examiner failed to note (on the death certificate) the involvement of a law enforcement agent.

³ Includes Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese and other Asian.

⁴ Includes Guamanian, Hawaiian, Samoan and other Pacific Islander.

⁵ Decedents of Hispanic ethnicity may belong to any race but have been removed from all race categories in this table.

⁶ The ICD-10, unlike ICD-9, does not distinguish between rifles, shotguns, and military (assault) weapons.

⁷ Because the ICD-10 does not include codes for the specific types of guns involved in legal intervention deaths, all such deaths are included here. However, nearly all legal intervention gunshot deaths involve handguns.

⁸ It is the Oregon Medical Examiner's policy not to specify the type of firearm used in a homicide on the death certificate.

TABLE 6-35. Fatal overdoses and poisonings by manner, type, sex, and age, Oregon residents, 2017

Manner and type of substance ¹	Total*	M	F	Age at death									
				0-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+
Total	1,052	694	357	2	1	58	136	148	230	264	154	38	21
Mental and behavioral disorders due to psychoactive substance use²	434	309	125	–	–	4	22	30	103	133	106	23	13
Alcohol ³	291	210	81	–	–	–	9	20	69	98	75	15	5
Opioids	22	11	11	–	–	–	5	2	4	5	2	1	3
Cannabinoids	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Sedatives and hypnotics	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cocaine	3	2	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	1	–	–
Other stimulants	36	26	10	–	–	–	1	4	15	11	5	–	–
Hallucinogens	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tobacco ⁴	54	44	10	–	–	–	–	1	8	15	20	6	4
Volatile solvents	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other (multiple) psychoactive substances	28	16	12	–	–	4	7	3	6	3	3	1	1
Unintentional overdoses/poisoning	450	302	148	–	–	42	94	92	92	93	27	4	6
Nonopioid analgesics, antipyretics, etc.	5	2	3	–	–	–	–	2	1	–	–	1	1
Psychotropic, sedative-hypnotic drugs	84	62	22	–	–	5	12	14	21	26	5	1	–
Narcotics and hallucinogens ⁵	167	115	52	–	–	25	57	27	25	24	9	–	–
Other and unspecified drugs ⁶	145	87	58	–	–	10	19	41	33	29	8	1	4
Alcohol	35	25	10	–	–	1	4	4	11	10	5	–	–
Organic solvents & halogenated HC ⁷	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Carbon monoxide & other gases	11	9	2	–	–	1	1	3	1	3	–	1	1
Pesticides	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
Other chemicals & substances	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
<i>Any opioid</i> ⁸	274	180	94	–	–	32	69	57	49	53	13	–	1
Intentional self-poisoning	130	67	62	–	1	8	18	22	28	26	16	9	2
Nonopioid analgesics, antipyretics, etc.	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Psychotropic, sedative-hypnotic drugs	17	6	11	–	–	–	6	1	4	4	2	–	–
Narcotics and hallucinogens ⁵	18	6	11	–	1	1	2	–	3	6	3	2	–
Other and unspecified drugs ⁶	55	25	30	–	–	4	8	13	11	8	5	6	–
Alcohol	3	2	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	2	–	–	–
Organic solvents & halogenated HC ⁷	5	1	4	–	–	–	–	2	1	1	1	–	–
Carbon monoxide & other gases	30	25	5	–	–	3	2	4	9	5	5	1	1
Pesticides	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other chemicals & substances	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
<i>Any opioid</i> ⁸	41	16	24	–	1	2	6	4	5	10	7	6	–

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-35. Fatal overdoses and poisonings by manner, type, sex, and age, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Manner and type of substance ¹	Total*	M	F	Age at death										
				0-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	85+	
Assault by poisoning	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Undetermined intent	37	16	21	1	—	4	2	4	7	12	5	2	—	
Nonopioid analgesics, antipyretics, etc.	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	
Psychotropic, sedative-hypnotic drugs	11	5	6	—	—	2	1	1	1	4	2	—	—	
Narcotics and hallucinogens ⁵	11	5	6	1	—	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	—	
Other and unspecified drugs ⁶	9	3	6	—	—	—	—	2	3	3	1	—	—	
Alcohol	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	
Organic solvents & halogenated HC ⁷	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Carbon monoxide & other gases	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	
Pesticides	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other chemicals & substances	1	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
<i>Any opioid</i> ⁸	18	7	11	1	—	1	1	3	4	5	2	1	—	

— Quantity is zero.

* Includes unknown sex.

¹ The distinction between deaths classified as mental/behavioral disorders due to psychoactive substance use versus injury deaths is somewhat factitious. Deaths attributed to drug toxicity are classified to the former category while deaths attributed to poisoning are classified as injury deaths. If the certifying physician notes that a death is due to chronic drug use, then the death is classified to mental/behavioral disorders, but this may not be done in all applicable cases. Other "natural" causes, such as drug-induced hypopituitarism, are not included here but are included in tables 6-6, 6-7, 6-17, and 6-18, among others.

² Includes ICD-10 codes F10-F19.

³ Most deaths involving abusive alcohol use are attributed to other organ systems (e.g., alcoholic cirrhosis of the liver). See "Alcohol-induced deaths" in other tables, such as 6-6, 6-7, 6-17, and 6-18, for a more inclusive count. Note these figures, too, are undercounts, as they do not include injury deaths in which alcohol played a critical role (e.g., motor vehicle crashes, homicides).

⁴ Most deaths resulting from tobacco use were attributed to other organ systems (e.g., lung cancer, emphysema, heart disease). See tables 6-19 through 6-21 for a more complete account of tobacco-linked deaths.

⁵ Includes other drugs acting on the autonomic nervous system.

⁶ Includes deaths due to poisoning from multiple substances in more than one category.

⁷ HC = hydrocarbons.

⁸ Fatal overdoses/poisonings in which a specific opioid was coded on the death certificate (ICD-10 codes T40.0-T40.4, T40.6). Some death certificates involving overdoses/poisonings do not mention the specific drug(s). Category is not mutually exclusive.

TABLE 6-36. Leading causes of death by county of residence, Oregon, 2017

County of residence	Total	Cancer	Heart dis	CLRD	Unint injur	CeVD	Alzheimer's	Dia-betes	Alcohol-induc. ²	Suicide	Flu & pneumonia	HBP
Total	36,640	8,084	6,945	2,088	2,073	2,066	1,850	1,243	878	825	573	561
Rate ¹	884.8	195.2	167.7	50.4	50.1	49.9	44.7	30.0	21.2	19.9	13.8	13.5
Median age	78	73	82	77	63	84	88	73	59	48	83	81
Baker	208	36	52	19	17	11	14	9	8	7	—	2
Benton	590	129	120	28	33	40	35	20	5	18	11	8
Clackamas	3,409	754	634	159	180	218	182	121	72	67	53	54
Clatsop	437	110	99	28	22	19	22	13	14	9	6	5
Columbia	461	123	108	29	23	18	17	14	7	9	7	5
Coos	974	213	205	67	47	50	55	42	40	16	16	19
Crook	274	65	71	14	13	31	8	5	5	5	6	2
Curry	375	92	88	24	14	20	13	7	9	14	5	4
Deschutes	1,516	346	286	83	104	80	79	37	33	57	21	11
Douglas	1,554	345	291	124	87	86	69	58	38	26	22	33
Gilliam	21	8	2	—	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	—
Grant	94	18	16	8	5	5	1	6	2	1	2	2
Harney	66	8	15	3	5	5	1	1	3	3	2	—
Hood River	190	32	51	5	7	10	5	6	6	6	2	1
Jackson	2,470	515	422	162	108	130	147	54	54	53	41	40
Jefferson	201	45	40	8	14	14	4	15	6	4	1	4
Josephine	1,235	259	228	78	69	66	48	37	36	29	22	19
Klamath	833	183	149	75	40	37	22	32	28	27	19	10
Lake	75	22	10	4	1	5	1	4	—	2	4	3
Lane	3,720	790	674	246	245	211	288	122	89	88	62	59
Lincoln	652	178	126	32	38	24	34	25	19	19	5	10
Linn	1,321	300	273	91	74	70	64	51	33	29	21	23
Malheur	323	76	77	16	19	19	20	10	7	3	3	3
Marion	2,879	643	536	148	169	152	112	102	54	58	41	40
Morrow	73	19	11	7	3	4	6	2	—	1	2	1
Multnomah	5,821	1,262	1,037	284	402	354	248	190	143	136	103	88
Polk	718	167	127	31	45	36	31	24	21	9	16	13
Sherman	19	3	6	1	2	1	—	1	—	—	—	—
Tillamook	302	81	55	26	17	16	9	12	10	6	4	4
Umatilla	658	132	123	50	31	33	28	35	28	20	13	5
Union	265	61	50	22	17	18	18	11	5	4	2	8
Wallowa	89	20	22	3	5	2	1	2	1	4	3	4
Wasco	334	68	69	23	16	16	6	9	8	4	6	12
Washington	3,433	778	642	129	148	211	203	117	77	74	40	55
Wheeler	17	3	4	—	—	1	—	1	2	1	—	3
Yamhill	1,032	200	225	61	53	50	59	45	15	16	12	11
Unknown	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rates per 100,000 population.

² See Table 6-6, footnotes 39-40, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

Abbreviations: Cancer = Malignant neoplasms; Heart dis = Heart disease; CLRD = Chronic lower respiratory disease; Unint injur = Unintentional injuries; CeVD = Cerebrovascular disease; Alcohol-induc = Alcohol-induced deaths; HBP = Hypertension with/without renal disease.

TABLE 6-36. Leading causes of death by county of residence, Oregon, 2017 — Continued

County of residence	Parkin-son's	Neph-ritis	Septi-cemia	Benign neopl	Aortic aneu-rysm	Pneu S&L	Cong anom	Viral hepa-titis	Homi-cide	Peri-natal cond.	ALS
Total	465	377	242	224	179	154	144	139	128	120	102
Rate ¹	11.2	9.1	5.8	5.4	4.3	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.5
Median age	83	79	74	79	79	84	31	62	39	0	68
Baker	2	3	2	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	—
Benton	12	11	1	4	2	3	3	1	1	1	—
Clackamas	57	34	29	19	14	15	11	11	8	8	11
Clatsop	5	3	2	1	2	3	—	1	1	—	—
Columbia	2	4	4	2	—	—	5	1	1	3	1
Coos	4	10	8	6	6	3	2	9	4	1	—
Crook	1	1	—	2	3	1	2	—	2	—	2
Curry	3	4	1	4	1	1	1	2	1	—	—
Deschutes	30	9	8	14	8	10	3	4	3	1	9
Douglas	13	25	10	18	5	3	4	6	6	3	2
Gilliam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grant	1	1	—	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	—
Harney	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	1	—	—
Hood River	4	2	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Jackson	38	32	15	18	15	10	11	11	8	7	4
Jefferson	2	4	1	1	—	—	3	—	—	1	2
Josephine	15	11	11	12	6	3	3	6	5	2	5
Klamath	5	6	4	3	4	2	3	2	4	5	1
Lake	2	1	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Lane	42	38	21	19	27	17	12	9	8	9	10
Lincoln	8	3	1	3	3	—	2	8	—	—	3
Linn	17	10	6	8	9	5	2	4	6	3	—
Malheur	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	—	—	1
Marion	34	28	22	10	13	16	12	12	16	18	9
Morrow	—	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	—
Multnomah	79	44	50	34	29	21	27	32	33	23	15
Polk	3	6	5	7	3	6	1	1	—	6	3
Sherman	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tillamook	2	2	2	5	4	—	1	2	1	—	3
Umatilla	4	10	1	5	4	4	2	2	3	5	1
Union	3	5	1	4	—	3	2	1	—	—	1
Wallowa	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Wasco	6	5	3	1	1	2	1	3	3	—	—
Washington	47	45	22	20	10	15	21	5	9	19	11
Wheeler	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yamhill	20	18	6	1	4	5	7	2	3	3	8
Unknown	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rates per 100,000 population.

Abbreviations: Nephritis = Nephritis, nephrosis, etc.; Benign neopl = Benign, In Situ, and neoplasms of uncertain behavior; Pneu S&L = Pneumonia due to solids and liquids; Cong anom = Congenital anomalies; ALS = Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.

TABLE 6-37. Deaths by age, sex, and county of residence, Oregon residents, 2017

County of residence	Total*	Age and sex											
		All ages		<1		1-4		5-14		15-24		25-34	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Total	36,640	18,689	17,949	134	102	30	20	40	35	244	97	394	157
Baker	208	117	91	1	—	—	—	1	1	1	—	1	1
Benton	590	297	293	1	3	—	—	—	1	2	3	6	5
Clackamas	3,409	1,632	1,777	11	5	—	2	5	4	21	6	30	17
Clatsop	437	209	228	1	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	5	2
Columbia	461	236	225	1	1	—	1	—	—	5	1	4	2
Coos	974	519	455	2	—	2	—	—	—	5	5	5	5
Crook	274	150	124	—	1	—	1	—	—	1	—	5	—
Curry	375	194	181	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	1	4	1
Deschutes	1,516	762	754	5	1	—	1	3	2	7	4	16	4
Douglas	1,554	835	719	7	2	1	2	4	2	7	1	9	5
Gilliam	21	10	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grant	94	45	49	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	1	—
Harney	66	34	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—
Hood River	190	102	88	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	—
Jackson	2,470	1,251	1,219	7	7	2	1	4	1	10	6	26	18
Jefferson	201	104	97	2	2	—	—	—	—	5	—	2	1
Josephine	1,235	654	581	2	2	—	1	1	—	10	4	9	3
Klamath	833	455	378	3	5	1	2	—	2	10	1	12	3
Lake	75	45	30	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lane	3,720	1,915	1,804	12	8	2	—	6	2	25	12	42	17
Lincoln	652	345	307	—	2	—	—	—	2	2	—	9	2
Linn	1,321	670	651	5	2	—	—	1	—	6	5	15	2
Malheur	323	164	159	—	1	2	—	—	—	3	—	4	2
Marion	2,879	1,448	1,431	13	12	4	1	5	5	25	11	24	10
Morrow	73	46	27	1	1	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	—
Multnomah	5,821	3,010	2,810	24	18	6	1	1	4	45	17	86	27
Polk	718	372	346	4	4	2	—	1	—	4	—	8	3
Sherman	19	9	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tillamook	302	160	142	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	2	1
Umatilla	658	353	305	3	3	—	—	1	—	9	1	12	1
Union	265	135	130	1	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	2	2
Wallowa	89	45	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—
Wasco	334	181	153	—	1	3	—	—	—	3	1	5	1
Washington	3,433	1,638	1,795	26	14	5	3	7	7	15	9	30	17
Wheeler	17	12	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yamhill	1,032	534	498	1	6	—	—	—	1	7	4	18	5
Unknown	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

* Includes unknown sex.

TABLE 6-37. Deaths by age, sex, and county of residence, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

County of residence	Age and sex											
	35-44		45-54		55-64		65-74		75-84		85+	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Total	522	339	1,084	724	2,813	1,796	4,183	2,990	4,535	4,150	4,710	7,539
Baker	1	1	1	3	12	11	25	13	36	26	38	35
Benton	3	5	17	7	32	16	54	38	81	72	101	143
Clackamas	46	31	89	69	223	167	347	267	422	392	438	817
Clatsop	4	5	12	13	40	32	57	32	53	44	32	99
Columbia	7	2	16	10	29	24	63	49	62	51	49	84
Coos	12	4	35	14	86	64	118	90	136	113	118	160
Crook	2	1	5	5	14	13	35	13	56	40	32	50
Curry	2	1	9	6	16	21	53	26	58	49	48	76
Deschutes	27	11	45	19	91	54	159	134	204	198	205	326
Douglas	13	11	49	20	123	87	190	127	242	182	190	280
Gilliam	1	—	—	—	—	1	2	1	4	5	3	4
Grant	2	—	1	1	7	6	12	8	6	10	16	21
Harney	3	1	2	1	2	1	9	4	9	10	8	14
Hood River	4	2	7	2	11	5	27	12	25	18	26	48
Jackson	20	21	55	42	154	99	305	193	323	301	345	530
Jefferson	2	4	4	6	10	11	26	21	32	19	21	33
Josephine	15	10	27	19	93	53	160	116	167	139	170	234
Klamath	9	16	29	17	78	41	99	52	115	107	99	132
Lake	1	—	2	2	5	4	15	4	10	9	12	10
Lane	47	17	121	68	292	178	422	308	452	422	494	772
Lincoln	10	6	12	13	61	36	77	55	97	76	77	115
Linn	11	16	39	32	105	62	166	121	157	156	165	255
Malheur	5	6	12	9	25	21	34	23	44	37	35	60
Marion	45	27	83	58	216	149	332	235	329	332	372	591
Morrow	—	1	1	—	7	4	11	7	11	4	12	10
Multnomah	139	81	214	147	583	293	661	493	582	584	669	1,145
Polk	11	5	17	15	54	39	84	55	71	65	116	160
Sherman	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	2	3	3	4	4
Tillamook	2	3	4	9	25	12	45	25	44	34	36	57
Umatilla	11	11	21	20	61	34	89	51	80	84	66	100
Union	3	3	3	5	19	16	40	21	33	27	33	54
Wallowa	1	—	1	—	6	7	11	6	14	11	11	19
Wasco	4	1	11	3	31	12	30	26	42	34	52	74
Washington	53	23	120	72	231	161	314	280	388	390	449	819
Wheeler	—	—	1	—	2	—	2	—	3	—	4	5
Yamhill	5	12	19	17	67	62	109	82	144	106	164	203
Unknown	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

TABLE 6-38. Years of potential life lost before age 75 by cause and county of residence, Oregon residents, 2017

County of residence	Total	Cancer	Unintentional injuries	Heart disease	Suicide	Alcohol induced ¹	Diabetes	Perinatal conditions	CLRD	Congenital anomalies	Cerebrovascular disease
Total	251,589	53,022	38,787	27,675	22,602	14,895	8,993	8,848	8,150	6,318	5,950
Baker	1,051	155	263	166	138	100	13	—	78	—	25
Benton	3,178	666	469	387	431	85	134	75	64	149	112
Clackamas	21,245	5,154	2,792	2,327	1,992	1,378	720	600	617	430	585
Clatsop	3,151	716	539	545	260	252	71	—	91	—	115
Columbia	3,112	695	543	584	288	141	47	224	126	133	12
Coos	6,333	1,399	959	734	322	774	316	75	242	3	161
Crook	1,433	321	298	134	132	57	11	—	32	118	37
Curry	1,929	435	247	284	241	176	71	—	55	25	21
Deschutes	8,945	1,934	1,496	753	1,581	553	315	75	168	141	203
Douglas	9,709	1,828	1,559	1,188	656	517	457	225	563	179	218
Gilliam	71	26	—	39	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Grant	666	99	146	63	35	29	25	—	58	52	71
Harney	435	19	67	35	110	82	34	—	8	—	—
Hood River	1,039	259	150	139	201	94	19	—	25	—	19
Jackson	14,749	3,403	1,868	1,389	1,309	842	352	452	604	453	223
Jefferson	1,736	235	508	192	106	123	85	75	44	150	9
Josephine	7,309	1,303	1,515	754	557	483	198	150	297	150	174
Klamath	6,857	1,115	789	787	939	362	265	375	304	181	211
Lake	440	149	26	2	39	—	39	—	15	—	19
Lane	24,816	5,074	4,610	2,593	2,232	1,419	820	675	901	485	517
Lincoln	4,188	1,000	433	556	352	321	121	—	115	149	77
Linn	8,765	1,868	937	1,259	926	610	392	225	335	75	251
Malheur	2,548	608	547	442	105	99	84	—	51	79	42
Marion	20,981	4,043	3,208	2,297	1,587	884	827	1,350	589	614	621
Morrow	643	172	106	57	18	—	2	150	7	—	20
Multnomah	48,341	9,951	8,056	4,943	4,032	2,515	1,558	1,649	1,327	1,215	1,170
Polk	5,028	1,201	756	452	282	381	245	450	232	17	78
Sherman	68	54	—	13	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Tillamook	1,796	476	147	164	195	135	70	—	67	20	71
Umatilla	5,526	844	656	409	730	504	289	375	215	30	131
Union	1,732	434	326	162	88	54	132	—	110	79	34
Wallowa	420	97	117	55	13	39	5	—	17	—	—
Wasco	2,228	418	487	298	204	129	17	—	27	75	35
Washington	24,356	5,607	3,123	2,603	1,907	1,550	941	1,424	506	1,002	560
Wheeler	72	20	—	12	29	2	—	—	—	—	—
Yamhill	6,657	1,244	1,047	822	565	205	317	225	260	313	122
Unknown	36	—	—	36	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-38. Years of potential life lost before age 75 by cause and county of residence, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

County of residence	Homicide	Flu & pneumonia	Hyper-tension	Septi-cemia	Viral hepatitis	Nephritis	Undeter-mined intent	SIDS	HIV/AIDS	Pneu-monitis due to solids & liquids	Epilepsy
Total	4,472	2,381	2,348	1,997	1,864	1,762	1,734	1,566	888	663	580
Baker	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
Benton	3	12	19	—	8	28	—	—	22	11	—
Clackamas	157	322	186	194	139	108	235	—	40	15	—
Clatsop	9	16	22	10	14	—	52	75	—	18	—
Columbia	37	4	41	25	12	6	14	—	—	—	—
Coos	107	47	90	69	118	47	14	75	48	14	14
Crook	43	47	5	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—
Curry	50	20	—	—	27	6	35	—	23	—	—
Deschutes	69	57	109	41	39	65	37	75	—	32	—
Douglas	287	78	216	72	113	134	—	149	—	22	—
Gilliam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grant	29	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Harney	16	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hood River	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	—	25
Jackson	250	62	144	151	127	160	16	149	26	99	65
Jefferson	—	—	—	9	—	15	—	—	—	—	—
Josephine	142	58	56	130	64	54	—	—	36	—	59
Klamath	150	87	29	13	22	19	22	—	30	6	8
Lake	—	19	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—
Lane	184	266	292	125	130	227	276	224	83	95	38
Lincoln	—	—	37	—	191	17	54	—	18	—	20
Linn	228	86	143	41	37	27	88	149	—	4	27
Malheur	—	—	39	39	51	18	—	—	—	4	—
Marion	694	144	181	212	140	138	122	—	187	145	—
Morrow	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	40	—	—
Multnomah	1,303	698	394	377	390	272	627	75	250	57	136
Polk	—	36	49	39	10	—	—	75	—	104	—
Sherman	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tillamook	26	15	18	12	47	10	19	75	14	—	—
Umatilla	86	130	20	33	42	62	54	—	—	—	23
Union	—	—	26	—	20	3	—	75	—	—	—
Wallowa	—	14	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wasco	89	20	14	9	24	29	—	—	—	—	—
Washington	366	90	153	310	60	203	69	373	53	9	102
Wheeler	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yamhill	148	25	39	87	39	94	—	—	—	21	63
Unknown	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

— Quantity is zero, either because no deaths occurred prior to age 75, or because there were no deaths in that cause category.

¹ See Table 6-6, footnotes 39-40, for a list of included conditions and their ICD-10 codes.

TABLE 6-39. Median age at death by sex and county of residence, Oregon residents, 2017

County of residence	Total*		Male		Female	
	Number	Median	Number	Median	Number	Median
Total	36,640	78	18,689	74	17,949	81
Baker	208	80	117	79	91	82
Benton	590	82	297	79	293	84
Clackamas	3,409	79	1,632	75	1,777	83
Clatsop	437	76	209	71	228	82
Columbia	461	76	236	74	225	79
Coos	974	76	519	74	455	79
Crook	274	79	150	77	124	82
Curry	375	79	194	77	181	82
Deschutes	1,516	79	762	76	754	82
Douglas	1,554	78	835	75	719	80
Gilliam	21	83	10	79	11	83
Grant	94	81	45	74	49	83
Harney	66	79	34	76	32	83
Hood River	190	81	102	75	88	86
Jackson	2,470	79	1,251	76	1,219	82
Jefferson	201	75	104	75	97	76
Josephine	1,235	78	654	75	581	81
Klamath	833	76	455	73	378	80
Lake	75	75	45	74	30	78
Lane	3,720	78	1,915	74	1,804	82
Lincoln	652	77	345	75	307	80
Linn	1,321	76	670	74	651	79
Malheur	323	78	164	73	159	80
Marion	2,879	78	1,448	74	1,431	81
Morrow	73	75	46	76	27	75
Multnomah	5,821	75	3,010	71	2,810	81
Polk	718	79	372	75	346	83
Sherman	19	81	9	81	10	82
Tillamook	302	77	160	75	142	81
Umatilla	658	75	353	71	305	79
Union	265	78	135	74	130	81
Wallowa	89	79	45	76	44	81
Wasco	334	80	181	75	153	84
Washington	3,433	79	1,638	75	1,795	82
Wheeler	17	85	12	75	5	91
Yamhill	1,032	79	534	77	498	81
Unknown	1	39	1	39	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

* Includes unknown sex.

TABLE 6-40. Deaths by race, ethnicity, and county of residence, Oregon residents, 2017

County of residence	Total	Non-Hispanic single mention race						Multiple races	Hispanic ³
		White	Black	Am. Indian	Asian ¹	HI & Pac. Is. ²	Other & not stated		
Total	36,640	33,605	515	375	659	71	76	265	1,074
Baker	208	202	1	1	—	—	—	2	2
Benton	590	560	—	2	7	1	2	9	9
Clackamas	3,409	3,223	14	12	56	7	4	19	74
Clatsop	437	417	1	2	4	—	—	4	9
Columbia	461	447	1	3	1	—	—	4	5
Coos	974	913	3	14	6	2	2	13	21
Crook	274	267	—	4	—	—	—	—	3
Curry	375	353	1	2	2	—	5	3	9
Deschutes	1,516	1,455	4	13	6	—	1	7	30
Douglas	1,554	1,492	5	16	6	1	1	13	20
Gilliam	21	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grant	94	93	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Harney	66	60	—	3	1	—	—	1	1
Hood River	190	170	—	—	5	1	—	2	12
Jackson	2,470	2,340	9	22	18	2	4	8	67
Jefferson	201	157	—	33	—	—	—	1	10
Josephine	1,235	1,161	4	10	6	1	2	14	37
Klamath	833	760	5	26	3	1	4	3	31
Lake	75	73	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
Lane	3,720	3,520	26	25	36	7	11	25	70
Lincoln	652	621	2	10	3	—	1	4	11
Linn	1,321	1,268	5	7	6	1	2	10	22
Malheur	323	267	3	2	6	1	—	—	44
Marion	2,879	2,584	18	18	33	17	5	24	180
Morrow	73	64	—	1	1	—	—	—	7
Multnomah	5,821	4,842	370	64	281	18	25	55	166
Polk	718	672	1	8	3	1	2	4	27
Sherman	19	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tillamook	302	298	—	—	1	—	—	1	2
Umatilla	658	572	—	34	2	—	1	7	42
Union	265	262	—	1	—	—	—	1	1
Wallowa	89	89	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wasco	334	312	—	8	2	—	1	3	8
Washington	3,433	3,067	37	17	157	9	2	23	121
Wheeler	17	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yamhill	1,032	966	5	14	7	1	1	5	33
Unknown	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Includes Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese, and other Asian.

² Includes Guamanian, Hawaiian, Samoan, and other Pacific Islander.

³ Decedents of Hispanic ethnicity may belong to any race but have been removed from all race categories in this table.

TABLE 6-41. Selected causes of death for Portland, Salem, and Eugene, Oregon residents, 2017

Selected causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes)	Oregon		Portland		Salem		Eugene	
	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹
Total	36,640	884.8	5,132	803.0	1,631	997.7	1,627	969.7
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	695	16.8	130	20.3	45	27.5	25	14.9
Septicemia (A40-A41)	242	5.8	44	6.9	15	9.2	9	5.4
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	139	3.4	27	4.2	11	6.7	7	4.2
HIV disease (B20-B24)	42	1.0	16	2.5	3	1.8	2	1.2
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	8,084	195.2	1,088	170.2	353	215.9	334	199.1
Colon (C18)	437	10.6	45	7.0	20	12.2	27	16.1
Pancreas (C25)	640	15.5	89	13.9	18	11.0	29	17.3
Bronchus & lung (C34)	1,865	45.0	255	39.9	85	52.0	71	42.3
Skin (C43-C44)	194	4.7	29	4.5	8	4.9	10	6.0
Breast (C50)	516	12.5	86	13.5	34	20.8	21	12.5
Cervical (C53)	47	1.1	6	0.9	3	1.8	1	0.6
Uterine (C54-C55)	138	3.3	18	2.8	7	4.3	6	3.6
Ovarian (C56)	239	5.8	38	5.9	13	8.0	9	5.4
Prostate (C61)	441	10.6	50	7.8	15	9.2	17	10.1
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	190	4.6	17	2.7	6	3.7	4	2.4
Bladder (C67)	254	6.1	28	4.4	9	5.5	10	6.0
Brain (C70-C72)	246	5.9	43	6.7	8	4.9	7	4.2
Lymphatic (C81-C96)	814	19.7	101	15.8	50	30.6	38	22.6
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	279	6.7	37	5.8	15	9.2	14	8.3
Leukemia (C91-C95)	346	8.4	44	6.9	18	11.0	20	11.9
Benign & uncertain neoplasms (D00-D48)	224	5.4	31	4.9	11	6.7	8	4.8
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	1,243	30.0	163	25.5	53	32.4	49	29.2
Organic dementia (F01, F03)	2,138	51.6	323	50.5	125	76.5	80	47.7
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	465	11.2	86	13.5	10	6.1	24	14.3
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	1,850	44.7	231	36.1	67	41.0	144	85.8
Diseases of the circulatory system (I00-I99)	9,993	241.3	1,382	216.2	428	261.8	410	244.4
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	6,945	167.7	930	145.5	297	181.7	300	178.8
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	3,387	81.8	454	71.0	154	94.2	124	73.9
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69)	2,066	49.9	309	48.3	91	55.7	76	45.3
Intracerebral hemorrhage, etc. (I61-I62)	395	9.5	61	9.5	18	11.0	14	8.3
Cerebral infarction (I63)	221	5.3	24	3.8	15	9.2	11	6.6
Stroke of unspecified type (I64)	768	18.5	112	17.5	32	19.6	32	19.1
Hypertension & hyp. renal dis. (I10, I12, I15)	561	13.5	84	13.1	19	11.6	20	11.9
Aortic aneurysm (I71)	179	4.3	23	3.6	9	5.5	10	6.0
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	573	13.8	81	12.7	27	16.5	33	19.7
Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40-J47)	2,088	50.4	230	36.0	72	44.0	101	60.2
Diseases of the digestive system (K00-K92)	1,652	39.9	220	34.4	77	47.1	70	41.7
Diseases of the genitourinary sys. (N00-N99)	671	16.2	80	12.5	27	16.5	26	15.5
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27)	377	9.1	40	6.3	13	8.0	18	10.7
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	120	2.9	18	2.8	7	4.3	3	1.8
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)	144	3.5	22	3.4	6	3.7	7	4.2
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	21	0.5	1	0.2	—	—	1	0.6
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	2,073	50.1	341	53.4	98	59.9	110	65.6
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	825	19.9	127	19.9	33	20.2	39	23.2
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	128	3.1	26	4.1	6	3.7	4	2.4
Undetermined intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	60	1.4	14	2.2	3	1.8	5	3.0
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ²	878	21.2	120	18.8	42	25.7	33	19.7
<i>Drug-induced</i> ²	671	16.2	171	26.8	37	22.6	47	28.0
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ²	529	12.8	65	10.2	21	12.8	22	13.1

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rate per 100,000 population.

² See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD-10 codes.

WARNING: Rates based on less than five events are unreliable.

TABLE 6-42. Selected causes of death by county, Oregon residents, 2017

Selected causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes)	Baker		Benton		Clackamas		Clatsop	
	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹
Total	208	1241.8	590	637.3	3,409	825.4	437	1125.7
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	4	23.9	8	8.6	73	17.7	6	15.5
Septicemia (A40-A41)	2	11.9	1	1.1	29	7.0	2	5.2
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	—	—	1	1.1	11	2.7	1	2.6
HIV disease (B20-B24)	—	—	1	1.1	2	0.5	—	—
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	36	214.9	129	139.3	754	182.6	110	283.4
Colon (C18)	4	23.9	4	4.3	36	8.7	8	20.6
Pancreas (C25)	2	11.9	7	7.6	70	16.9	8	20.6
Bronchus & lung (C34)	14	83.6	32	34.6	159	38.5	25	64.4
Skin (C43-44)	—	—	3	3.2	20	4.8	2	5.2
Breast (C50)	2	11.9	10	10.8	55	13.3	9	23.2
Cervical (C53)	1	6.0	—	—	6	1.5	1	2.6
Uterine (C54-C55)	1	6.0	5	5.4	10	2.4	2	5.2
Ovarian (C56)	1	6.0	5	5.4	21	5.1	2	5.2
Prostate (C61)	—	—	9	9.7	45	10.9	5	12.9
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	1	6.0	1	1.1	17	4.1	1	2.6
Bladder (C67)	—	—	1	1.1	25	6.1	3	7.7
Brain (C70-C72)	1	6.0	7	7.6	26	6.3	4	10.3
Lymphatic (C81-C96)	3	17.9	12	13.0	55	13.3	12	30.9
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	1	6.0	5	5.4	26	6.3	5	12.9
Leukemia (C91-C95)	2	11.9	2	2.2	18	4.4	6	15.5
Benign & uncertain neoplasms (D00-D48)	—	—	4	4.3	19	4.6	1	2.6
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	9	53.7	20	21.6	121	29.3	13	33.5
Organic dementia (F01 F03)	4	23.9	32	34.6	231	55.9	17	43.8
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	2	11.9	12	13.0	57	13.8	5	12.9
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	14	83.6	35	37.8	182	44.1	22	56.7
Diseases of the circulatory system (I00-I99)	68	406.0	172	185.8	944	228.6	126	324.6
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	52	310.4	120	129.6	634	153.5	99	255.0
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	34	203.0	60	64.8	297	71.9	57	146.8
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69)	11	65.7	40	43.2	218	52.8	19	48.9
Intracerebral hemorrhage, etc. (I61-I62)	4	23.9	8	8.6	46	11.1	3	7.7
Cerebral infarction (I63)	2	11.9	6	6.5	19	4.6	2	5.2
Stroke of unspecified type (I64)	3	17.9	14	15.1	75	18.2	8	20.6
Hypertension & hyp. renal dis. (I10, I12, I15)	2	11.9	8	8.6	54	13.1	5	12.9
Aortic aneurysm (I71)	2	11.9	2	2.2	14	3.4	2	5.2
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	—	—	11	11.9	53	12.8	6	15.5
Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40-J47)	19	113.4	28	30.2	159	38.5	28	72.1
Diseases of the digestive system (K00-K92)	7	41.8	16	17.3	145	35.1	29	74.7
Diseases of the genitourinary sys. (N00-N99)	3	17.9	16	17.3	58	14.0	9	23.2
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27)	3	17.9	11	11.9	34	8.2	3	7.7
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	—	—	1	1.1	8	1.9	—	—
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)	—	—	3	3.2	11	2.7	—	—
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2.6
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	17	101.5	33	35.6	180	43.6	22	56.7
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	7	41.8	18	19.4	67	16.2	9	23.2
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	—	—	1	1.1	8	1.9	1	2.6
Undetermined intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	—	—	—	—	5	1.2	1	2.6
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ²	8	47.8	5	5.4	72	17.4	14	36.1
<i>Drug-induced</i> ²	3	17.9	5	5.4	48	11.6	3	7.7
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ²	4	23.9	11	11.9	38	9.2	6	15.5

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rate per 100,000 population.

² See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

WARNING: Rates based on less than five events are unreliable.

TABLE 6-42. Selected causes of death by county, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Selected causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes)	Columbia		Coos		Crook		Curry	
	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹
Total	461	897.8	974	1538.5	274	1239.5	375	1644.4
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	6	11.7	29	45.8	1	4.5	6	26.3
Septicemia (A40-A41)	4	7.8	8	12.6	—	—	1	4.4
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	1	1.9	9	14.2	—	—	2	8.8
HIV disease (B20-B24)	—	—	3	4.7	—	—	1	4.4
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	123	239.6	213	336.4	65	294.1	92	403.4
Colon (C18)	6	11.7	9	14.2	4	18.1	5	21.9
Pancreas (C25)	11	21.4	16	25.3	3	13.6	8	35.1
Bronchus & lung (C34)	33	64.3	69	109.0	11	49.8	26	114.0
Skin (C43-44)	3	5.8	1	1.6	1	4.5	5	21.9
Breast (C50)	2	3.9	13	20.5	2	9.0	9	39.5
Cervical (C53)	—	—	2	3.2	—	—	1	4.4
Uterine (C54-C55)	2	3.9	2	3.2	—	—	1	4.4
Ovarian (C56)	5	9.7	6	9.5	4	18.1	—	—
Prostate (C61)	5	9.7	13	20.5	11	49.8	2	8.8
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	5	9.7	3	4.7	5	22.6	2	8.8
Bladder (C67)	5	9.7	10	15.8	1	4.5	2	8.8
Brain (C70-C72)	5	9.7	6	9.5	1	4.5	4	17.5
Lymphatic (C81-C96)	13	25.3	12	19.0	4	18.1	9	39.5
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	3	5.8	2	3.2	1	4.5	6	26.3
Leukemia (C91-C95)	6	11.7	8	12.6	1	4.5	2	8.8
Benign & uncertain neoplasms (D00-D48)	2	3.9	6	9.5	2	9.0	4	17.5
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	14	27.3	42	66.3	5	22.6	7	30.7
Organic dementia (F01 F03)	21	40.9	33	52.1	4	18.1	21	92.1
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	2	3.9	4	6.3	1	4.5	3	13.2
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	17	33.1	55	86.9	8	36.2	13	57.0
Diseases of the circulatory system (I00-I99)	135	262.9	286	451.7	109	493.1	115	504.3
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	108	210.3	205	323.8	71	321.2	88	385.9
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	49	95.4	117	184.8	36	162.9	42	184.2
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69)	18	35.1	50	79.0	31	140.2	20	87.7
Intracerebral hemorrhage, etc. (I61-I62)	1	1.9	12	19.0	3	13.6	1	4.4
Cerebral infarction (I63)	2	3.9	5	7.9	—	—	4	17.5
Stroke of unspecified type (I64)	5	9.7	21	33.2	11	49.8	9	39.5
Hypertension & hyp. renal dis. (I10, I12, I15)	5	9.7	19	30.0	2	9.0	4	17.5
Aortic aneurysm (I71)	—	—	6	9.5	3	13.6	1	4.4
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	7	13.6	16	25.3	6	27.1	5	21.9
Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40-J47)	29	56.5	67	105.8	14	63.3	24	105.2
Diseases of the digestive system (K00-K92)	18	35.1	47	74.2	11	49.8	21	92.1
Diseases of the genitourinary sys. (N00-N99)	11	21.4	20	31.6	4	18.1	5	21.9
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27)	4	7.8	10	15.8	1	4.5	4	17.5
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	3	5.8	1	1.6	—	—	—	—
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)	5	9.7	2	3.2	2	9.0	1	4.4
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	—	—	1	1.6	—	—	—	—
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	23	44.8	47	74.2	13	58.8	14	61.4
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	9	17.5	16	25.3	5	22.6	14	61.4
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	1	1.9	4	6.3	2	9.0	1	4.4
Undetermined intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	1	1.9	1	1.6	—	—	3	13.2
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ²	7	13.6	40	63.2	5	22.6	9	39.5
<i>Drug-induced</i> ²	6	11.7	15	23.7	3	13.6	7	30.7
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ²	7	13.6	10	15.8	6	27.1	11	48.2

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rate per 100,000 population.

² See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

WARNING: Rates based on less than five events are unreliable.

TABLE 6-42. Selected causes of death by county, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Selected causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes)	Deschutes		Douglas		Gilliam		Grant	
	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹
Total	1,516	828.7	1,554	1397.7	21	1052.6	94	1267.7
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	22	12.0	29	26.1	—	—	1	13.5
Septicemia (A40-A41)	8	4.4	10	9.0	—	—	—	—
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	4	2.2	6	5.4	—	—	—	—
HIV disease (B20-B24)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	346	189.1	345	310.3	8	401.0	18	242.8
Colon (C18)	23	12.6	15	13.5	1	50.1	—	—
Pancreas (C25)	39	21.3	28	25.2	1	50.1	2	27.0
Bronchus & lung (C34)	71	38.8	95	85.4	5	250.6	5	67.4
Skin (C43-44)	12	6.6	6	5.4	—	—	—	—
Breast (C50)	18	9.8	17	15.3	—	—	1	13.5
Cervical (C53)	1	0.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Uterine (C54-C55)	3	1.6	4	3.6	—	—	1	13.5
Ovarian (C56)	8	4.4	11	9.9	—	—	1	13.5
Prostate (C61)	18	9.8	13	11.7	—	—	1	13.5
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	11	6.0	14	12.6	—	—	—	—
Bladder (C67)	5	2.7	9	8.1	—	—	1	13.5
Brain (C70-C72)	19	10.4	5	4.5	—	—	1	13.5
Lymphatic (C81-C96)	31	16.9	36	32.4	1	50.1	—	—
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	7	3.8	17	15.3	—	—	—	—
Leukemia (C91-C95)	14	7.7	12	10.8	—	—	—	—
Benign & uncertain neoplasms (D00-D48)	14	7.7	18	16.2	—	—	—	—
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	37	20.2	58	52.2	3	150.4	6	80.9
Organic dementia (F01-F03)	80	43.7	79	71.1	2	100.3	6	80.9
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	30	16.4	13	11.7	—	—	1	13.5
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	79	43.2	69	62.1	—	—	1	13.5
Diseases of the circulatory system (I00-I99)	400	218.7	423	380.5	5	250.6	25	337.2
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	286	156.3	291	261.7	2	100.3	16	215.8
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	147	80.4	165	148.4	—	—	7	94.4
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69)	80	43.7	86	77.4	3	150.4	5	67.4
Intracerebral hemorrhage, etc. (I61-I62)	11	6.0	11	9.9	1	50.1	4	53.9
Cerebral infarction (I63)	4	2.2	8	7.2	—	—	—	—
Stroke of unspecified type (I64)	34	18.6	39	35.1	2	100.3	1	13.5
Hypertension & hyp. renal dis. (I10, I12, I15)	11	6.0	33	29.7	—	—	2	27.0
Aortic aneurysm (I71)	8	4.4	5	4.5	—	—	1	13.5
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	21	11.5	22	19.8	—	—	2	27.0
Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40-J47)	83	45.4	124	111.5	—	—	8	107.9
Diseases of the digestive system (K00-K92)	72	39.4	84	75.6	1	50.1	8	107.9
Diseases of the genitourinary sys. (N00-N99)	19	10.4	35	31.5	—	—	1	13.5
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27)	9	4.9	25	22.5	—	—	1	13.5
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	1	0.5	3	2.7	—	—	—	—
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)	3	1.6	4	3.6	—	—	1	13.5
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	1	0.5	2	1.8	—	—	—	—
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	104	56.9	87	78.3	—	—	5	67.4
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	57	31.2	26	23.4	—	—	1	13.5
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	3	1.6	6	5.4	—	—	1	13.5
Undetermined intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	2	1.1	—	—	—	—	—	—
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ²	33	18.0	38	34.2	—	—	2	27.0
<i>Drug-induced</i> ²	24	13.1	15	13.5	—	—	—	—
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ²	38	20.8	18	16.2	—	—	1	13.5

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rate per 100,000 population.

² See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

WARNING: Rates based on less than five events are unreliable.

TABLE 6-42. Selected causes of death by county, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Selected causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes)	Harney		Hood River		Jackson		Jefferson	
	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹
Total	66	896.7	190	755.6	2,470	1138.8	201	866.8
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	1	13.6	1	4.0	60	27.7	4	17.2
Septicemia (A40-A41)	—	—	—	—	15	6.9	1	4.3
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	1	13.6	—	—	11	5.1	—	—
HIV disease (B20-B24)	—	—	1	4.0	1	0.5	—	—
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	8	108.7	32	127.3	515	237.4	45	194.0
Colon (C18)	1	13.6	4	15.9	34	15.7	3	12.9
Pancreas (C25)	—	—	2	8.0	33	15.2	2	8.6
Bronchus & lung (C34)	—	—	8	31.8	117	53.9	15	64.7
Skin (C43-44)	—	—	—	—	16	7.4	—	—
Breast (C50)	1	13.6	—	—	27	12.4	—	—
Cervical (C53)	—	—	—	—	4	1.8	1	4.3
Uterine (C54-C55)	—	—	—	—	10	4.6	1	4.3
Ovarian (C56)	—	—	4	15.9	21	9.7	1	4.3
Prostate (C61)	1	13.6	3	11.9	35	16.1	3	12.9
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	1	13.6	—	—	9	4.1	1	4.3
Bladder (C67)	—	—	4	15.9	11	5.1	1	4.3
Brain (C70-C72)	—	—	—	—	12	5.5	1	4.3
Lymphatic (C81-C96)	2	27.2	3	11.9	46	21.2	4	17.2
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	1	13.6	1	4.0	19	8.8	1	4.3
Leukemia (C91-C95)	—	—	2	8.0	14	6.5	2	8.6
Benign & uncertain neoplasms (D00-D48)	—	—	—	—	18	8.3	1	4.3
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	1	13.6	6	23.9	54	24.9	15	64.7
Organic dementia (F01-F03)	4	54.3	20	79.5	188	86.7	9	38.8
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	1	13.6	4	15.9	38	17.5	2	8.6
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	1	13.6	5	19.9	147	67.8	4	17.2
Diseases of the circulatory system (I00-I99)	21	285.3	63	250.5	631	290.9	58	250.1
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	15	203.8	51	202.8	422	194.6	40	172.5
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	9	122.3	21	83.5	200	92.2	20	86.2
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69)	5	67.9	10	39.8	130	59.9	14	60.4
Intracerebral hemorrhage, etc. (I61-I62)	—	—	2	8.0	31	14.3	2	8.6
Cerebral infarction (I63)	—	—	—	—	13	6.0	—	—
Stroke of unspecified type (I64)	2	27.2	2	8.0	54	24.9	8	34.5
Hypertension & hyp. renal dis. (I10, I12, I15)	—	—	1	4.0	40	18.4	4	17.2
Aortic aneurysm (I71)	1	13.6	—	—	15	6.9	—	—
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	2	27.2	2	8.0	41	18.9	1	4.3
Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40-J47)	3	40.8	5	19.9	162	74.7	8	34.5
Diseases of the digestive system (K00-K92)	4	54.3	15	59.7	112	51.6	7	30.2
Diseases of the genitourinary sys. (N00-N99)	—	—	6	23.9	53	24.4	6	25.9
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27)	—	—	2	8.0	32	14.8	4	17.2
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	—	—	—	—	7	3.2	1	4.3
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)	—	—	—	—	11	5.1	3	12.9
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	—	—	—	—	2	0.9	—	—
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	5	67.9	7	27.8	108	49.8	14	60.4
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	3	40.8	6	23.9	53	24.4	4	17.2
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	1	13.6	—	—	8	3.7	—	—
Undetermined intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	—	—	—	—	1	0.5	—	—
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ²	3	40.8	6	23.9	54	24.9	6	25.9
<i>Drug-induced</i> ²	1	13.6	3	11.9	40	18.4	3	12.9
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ²	3	40.8	2	8.0	36	16.6	1	4.3

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rate per 100,000 population.

² See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

WARNING: Rates based on less than five events are unreliable.

TABLE 6-42. Selected causes of death by county, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Selected causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes)	Josephine		Klamath		Lake		Lane	
	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹
Total	1,235	1441.9	833	1230.6	75	923.6	3,720	1003.8
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	22	25.7	18	26.6	—	—	55	14.8
Septicemia (A40-A41)	11	12.8	4	5.9	—	—	21	5.7
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	6	7.0	2	3.0	—	—	9	2.4
HIV disease (B20-B24)	2	2.3	1	1.5	—	—	3	0.8
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	259	302.4	183	270.4	22	270.9	790	213.2
Colon (C18)	15	17.5	11	16.3	2	24.6	56	15.1
Pancreas (C25)	16	18.7	15	22.2	1	12.3	70	18.9
Bronchus & lung (C34)	66	77.1	35	51.7	3	36.9	168	45.3
Skin (C43-44)	7	8.2	5	7.4	—	—	20	5.4
Breast (C50)	13	15.2	10	14.8	—	—	51	13.8
Cervical (C53)	1	1.2	2	3.0	—	—	2	0.5
Uterine (C54-C55)	8	9.3	2	3.0	—	—	16	4.3
Ovarian (C56)	6	7.0	4	5.9	—	—	22	5.9
Prostate (C61)	15	17.5	18	26.6	1	12.3	40	10.8
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	6	7.0	7	10.3	1	12.3	18	4.9
Bladder (C67)	10	11.7	4	5.9	1	12.3	26	7.0
Brain (C70-C72)	9	10.5	4	5.9	—	—	19	5.1
Lymphatic (C81-C96)	28	32.7	24	35.5	9	110.8	84	22.7
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	7	8.2	6	8.9	3	36.9	29	7.8
Leukemia (C91-C95)	12	14.0	11	16.3	6	73.9	43	11.6
Benign & uncertain neoplasms (D00-D48)	12	14.0	3	4.4	1	12.3	19	5.1
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	37	43.2	32	47.3	4	49.3	122	32.9
Organic dementia (F01-F03)	105	122.6	42	62.0	2	24.6	167	45.1
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	15	17.5	5	7.4	2	24.6	42	11.3
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	48	56.0	22	32.5	1	12.3	288	77.7
Diseases of the circulatory system (I00-I99)	329	384.1	202	298.4	19	234.0	983	265.2
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	228	266.2	149	220.1	10	123.2	674	181.9
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	104	121.4	73	107.8	5	61.6	287	77.4
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69)	66	77.1	37	54.7	5	61.6	211	56.9
Intracerebral hemorrhage, etc. (I61-I62)	11	12.8	9	13.3	1	12.3	40	10.8
Cerebral infarction (I63)	5	5.8	2	3.0	—	—	31	8.4
Stroke of unspecified type (I64)	32	37.4	20	29.5	3	36.9	74	20.0
Hypertension & hyp. renal dis. (I10, I12, I15)	19	22.2	10	14.8	3	36.9	59	15.9
Aortic aneurysm (I71)	6	7.0	4	5.9	1	12.3	27	7.3
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	22	25.7	19	28.1	4	49.3	62	16.7
Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40-J47)	78	91.1	75	110.8	4	49.3	246	66.4
Diseases of the digestive system (K00-K92)	53	61.9	48	70.9	2	24.6	159	42.9
Diseases of the genitourinary sys. (N00-N99)	26	30.4	8	11.8	1	12.3	62	16.7
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27)	11	12.8	6	8.9	1	12.3	38	10.3
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	2	2.3	5	7.4	—	—	9	2.4
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)	3	3.5	3	4.4	—	—	12	3.2
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	0.8
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	69	80.6	40	59.1	1	12.3	245	66.1
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	29	33.9	27	39.9	2	24.6	88	23.7
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	5	5.8	4	5.9	—	—	8	2.2
Undetermined intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	—	—	1	1.5	—	—	10	2.7
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ²	36	42.0	28	41.4	—	—	89	24.0
<i>Drug-induced</i> ²	24	28.0	16	23.6	—	—	86	23.2
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ²	28	32.7	20	29.5	2	24.6	57	15.4

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rate per 100,000 population.

² See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

WARNING: Rates based on less than five events are unreliable.

TABLE 6-42. Selected causes of death by county, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Selected causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes)	Lincoln		Linn		Malheur		Marion	
	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹
Total	652	1359.5	1,321	1065.2	323	1014.3	2,879	848.8
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	13	27.1	19	15.3	4	12.6	63	18.6
Septicemia (A40-A41)	1	2.1	6	4.8	2	6.3	22	6.5
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	8	16.7	4	3.2	2	6.3	12	3.5
HIV disease (B20-B24)	1	2.1	—	—	—	—	6	1.8
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	178	371.1	300	241.9	76	238.7	643	189.6
Colon (C18)	9	18.8	16	12.9	3	9.4	36	10.6
Pancreas (C25)	11	22.9	22	17.7	5	15.7	49	14.4
Bronchus & lung (C34)	47	98.0	72	58.1	13	40.8	149	43.9
Skin (C43-44)	4	8.3	9	7.3	1	3.1	14	4.1
Breast (C50)	11	22.9	11	8.9	9	28.3	38	11.2
Cervical (C53)	1	2.1	3	2.4	2	6.3	4	1.2
Uterine (C54-C55)	3	6.3	4	3.2	1	3.1	10	2.9
Ovarian (C56)	4	8.3	7	5.6	5	15.7	19	5.6
Prostate (C61)	5	10.4	16	12.9	7	22.0	32	9.4
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	4	8.3	9	7.3	3	9.4	20	5.9
Bladder (C67)	12	25.0	13	10.5	1	3.1	21	6.2
Brain (C70-C72)	2	4.2	3	2.4	1	3.1	21	6.2
Lymphatic (C81-C96)	17	35.4	31	25.0	6	18.8	81	23.9
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	5	10.4	10	8.1	2	6.3	25	7.4
Leukemia (C91-C95)	11	22.9	16	12.9	1	3.1	30	8.8
Benign & uncertain neoplasms (D00-D48)	3	6.3	8	6.5	2	6.3	10	2.9
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	25	52.1	51	41.1	10	31.4	102	30.1
Organic dementia (F01-F03)	27	56.3	58	46.8	9	28.3	209	61.6
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	8	16.7	17	13.7	3	9.4	34	10.0
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	34	70.9	64	51.6	20	62.8	112	33.0
Diseases of the circulatory system (I00-I99)	166	346.1	383	308.8	103	323.4	762	224.6
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	126	262.7	273	220.1	77	241.8	536	158.0
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	62	129.3	156	125.8	47	147.6	271	79.9
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69)	24	50.0	70	56.4	19	59.7	152	44.8
Intracerebral hemorrhage, etc. (I61-I62)	3	6.3	11	8.9	1	3.1	32	9.4
Cerebral infarction (I63)	4	8.3	7	5.6	2	6.3	21	6.2
Stroke of unspecified type (I64)	10	20.9	25	20.2	7	22.0	56	16.5
Hypertension & hyp. renal dis. (I10, I12, I15)	10	20.9	23	18.5	3	9.4	40	11.8
Aortic aneurysm (I71)	3	6.3	9	7.3	1	3.1	13	3.8
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	5	10.4	21	16.9	3	9.4	41	12.1
Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40-J47)	32	66.7	91	73.4	16	50.2	148	43.6
Diseases of the digestive system (K00-K92)	32	66.7	58	46.8	9	28.3	126	37.1
Diseases of the genitourinary sys. (N00-N99)	6	12.5	23	18.5	5	15.7	56	16.5
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27)	3	6.3	10	8.1	2	6.3	28	8.3
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	—	—	3	2.4	—	—	18	5.3
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)	2	4.2	2	1.6	2	6.3	12	3.5
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	—	—	2	1.6	—	—	—	—
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	38	79.2	74	59.7	19	59.7	169	49.8
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	19	39.6	29	23.4	3	9.4	58	17.1
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	—	—	6	4.8	—	—	16	4.7
Undetermined intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	2	4.2	3	2.4	—	—	5	1.5
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ²	19	39.6	33	26.6	7	22.0	54	15.9
<i>Drug-induced</i> ²	11	22.9	14	11.3	2	6.3	56	16.5
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ²	9	18.8	17	13.7	1	3.1	42	12.4

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rate per 100,000 population.

² See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

WARNING: Rates based on less than five events are unreliable.

TABLE 6-42. Selected causes of death by county, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Selected causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes)	Morrow		Multnomah		Polk		Sherman	
	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹
Total	73	614.0	5,821	724.9	718	886.4	19	1055.6
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	3	25.2	144	17.9	10	12.3	1	55.6
Septicemia (A40-A41)	2	16.8	50	6.2	5	6.2	1	55.6
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	—	—	32	4.0	1	1.2	—	—
HIV disease (B20-B24)	1	8.4	15	1.9	—	—	—	—
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	19	159.8	1,262	157.2	167	206.2	3	166.7
Colon (C18)	3	25.2	52	6.5	7	8.6	—	—
Pancreas (C25)	3	25.2	101	12.6	11	13.6	—	—
Bronchus & lung (C34)	2	16.8	292	36.4	37	45.7	—	—
Skin (C43-44)	—	—	32	4.0	2	2.5	—	—
Breast (C50)	3	25.2	97	12.1	13	16.0	—	—
Cervical (C53)	—	—	8	1.0	1	1.2	—	—
Uterine (C54-C55)	—	—	23	2.9	2	2.5	—	—
Ovarian (C56)	—	—	44	5.5	5	6.2	—	—
Prostate (C61)	1	8.4	53	6.6	14	17.3	—	—
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	—	—	23	2.9	2	2.5	1	55.6
Bladder (C67)	1	8.4	35	4.4	7	8.6	—	—
Brain (C70-C72)	—	—	46	5.7	5	6.2	1	55.6
Lymphatic (C81-C96)	3	25.2	130	16.2	20	24.7	—	—
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	—	—	45	5.6	5	6.2	—	—
Leukemia (C91-C95)	1	8.4	57	7.1	10	12.3	—	—
Benign & uncertain neoplasms (D00-D48)	—	—	34	4.2	7	8.6	—	—
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	2	16.8	190	23.7	24	29.6	1	55.6
Organic dementia (F01-F03)	—	—	349	43.5	54	66.7	1	55.6
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	—	—	79	9.8	3	3.7	—	—
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	6	50.5	248	30.9	31	38.3	—	—
Diseases of the circulatory system (I00-I99)	18	151.4	1,546	192.5	186	229.6	7	388.9
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	11	92.5	1,037	129.1	127	156.8	6	333.3
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	9	75.7	510	63.5	53	65.4	3	166.7
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69)	4	33.6	354	44.1	36	44.4	1	55.6
Intracerebral hemorrhage, etc. (I61-I62)	2	16.8	72	9.0	4	4.9	—	—
Cerebral infarction (I63)	—	—	32	4.0	7	8.6	—	—
Stroke of unspecified type (I64)	2	16.8	118	14.7	20	24.7	1	55.6
Hypertension & hyp. renal dis. (I10, I12, I15)	1	8.4	88	11.0	13	16.0	—	—
Aortic aneurysm (I71)	—	—	29	3.6	3	3.7	—	—
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	2	16.8	103	12.8	16	19.8	—	—
Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40-J47)	7	58.9	284	35.4	31	38.3	1	55.6
Diseases of the digestive system (K00-K92)	7	58.9	239	29.8	30	37.0	—	—
Diseases of the genitourinary sys. (N00-N99)	—	—	91	11.3	9	11.1	—	—
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27)	—	—	44	5.5	6	7.4	—	—
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	2	16.8	23	2.9	6	7.4	—	—
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)	—	—	27	3.4	1	1.2	—	—
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	—	—	1	0.1	1	1.2	—	—
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	3	25.2	402	50.1	45	55.6	2	111.1
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	1	8.4	136	16.9	9	11.1	—	—
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	—	—	33	4.1	—	—	—	—
Undetermined intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	—	—	17	2.1	—	—	—	—
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ²	—	—	143	17.8	21	25.9	—	—
<i>Drug-induced</i> ²	1	8.4	187	23.3	8	9.9	—	—
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ²	—	—	74	9.2	3	3.7	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rate per 100,000 population.

² See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

WARNING: Rates based on less than five events are unreliable.

TABLE 6-42. Selected causes of death by county, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Selected causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes)	Tillamook		Umatilla		Union		Wallowa	
	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹
Total	302	1153.8	658	817.4	265	985.1	89	1237.0
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	7	26.7	4	5.0	2	7.4	2	27.8
Septicemia (A40-A41)	2	7.6	1	1.2	1	3.7	1	13.9
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	2	7.6	2	2.5	1	3.7	1	13.9
HIV disease (B20-B24)	1	3.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	81	309.5	132	164.0	61	226.8	20	278.0
Colon (C18)	6	22.9	4	5.0	7	26.0	—	—
Pancreas (C25)	8	30.6	6	7.5	6	22.3	1	13.9
Bronchus & lung (C34)	26	99.3	31	38.5	13	48.3	3	41.7
Skin (C43-44)	5	19.1	1	1.2	1	3.7	—	—
Breast (C50)	4	15.3	12	14.9	4	14.9	2	27.8
Cervical (C53)	1	3.8	—	—	1	3.7	—	—
Uterine (C54-C55)	2	7.6	1	1.2	1	3.7	2	27.8
Ovarian (C56)	2	7.6	3	3.7	2	7.4	—	—
Prostate (C61)	2	7.6	6	7.5	4	14.9	2	27.8
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	2	7.6	1	1.2	4	14.9	—	—
Bladder (C67)	2	7.6	6	7.5	4	14.9	1	13.9
Brain (C70-C72)	2	7.6	4	5.0	2	7.4	—	—
Lymphatic (C81-C96)	5	19.1	12	14.9	3	11.2	—	—
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	3	11.5	6	7.5	1	3.7	—	—
Leukemia (C91-C95)	1	3.8	4	5.0	1	3.7	—	—
Benign & uncertain neoplasms (D00-D48)	5	19.1	5	6.2	4	14.9	—	—
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	12	45.8	35	43.5	11	40.9	2	27.8
Organic dementia (F01-F03)	8	30.6	21	26.1	5	18.6	6	83.4
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	2	7.6	4	5.0	3	11.2	—	—
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	9	34.4	28	34.8	18	66.9	1	13.9
Diseases of the circulatory system (I00-I99)	81	309.5	172	213.7	78	290.0	29	403.1
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	55	210.1	123	152.8	50	185.9	22	305.8
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	29	110.8	64	79.5	18	66.9	14	194.6
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69)	16	61.1	33	41.0	18	66.9	2	27.8
Intracerebral hemorrhage, etc. (I61-I62)	2	7.6	4	5.0	5	18.6	—	—
Cerebral infarction (I63)	5	19.1	4	5.0	2	7.4	1	13.9
Stroke of unspecified type (I64)	3	11.5	19	23.6	5	18.6	1	13.9
Hypertension & hyp. renal dis. (I10, I12, I15)	4	15.3	5	6.2	8	29.7	4	55.6
Aortic aneurysm (I71)	4	15.3	4	5.0	—	—	—	—
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	4	15.3	13	16.1	2	7.4	3	41.7
Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40-J47)	26	99.3	50	62.1	22	81.8	3	41.7
Diseases of the digestive system (K00-K92)	11	42.0	42	52.2	8	29.7	5	69.5
Diseases of the genitourinary sys. (N00-N99)	5	19.1	20	24.8	6	22.3	3	41.7
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27)	2	7.6	10	12.4	5	18.6	—	—
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	—	—	5	6.2	—	—	—	—
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)	1	3.8	2	2.5	2	7.4	—	—
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	1	3.8	—	—	1	3.7	—	—
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	17	64.9	31	38.5	17	63.2	5	69.5
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	6	22.9	20	24.8	4	14.9	4	55.6
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	1	3.8	3	3.7	—	—	—	—
Undetermined intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	2	7.6	1	1.2	—	—	—	—
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ²	10	38.2	28	34.8	5	18.6	1	13.9
<i>Drug-induced</i> ²	6	22.9	8	9.9	5	18.6	2	27.8
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ²	4	15.3	13	16.1	3	11.2	4	55.6

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rate per 100,000 population.

² See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

WARNING: Rates based on less than five events are unreliable.

TABLE 6-42. Selected causes of death by county, Oregon residents, 2017 — Continued

Selected causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes)	Wasco		Washington		Wheeler		Yamhill	
	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹	No.	Rate ¹
Total	334	1232.5	3,433	576.1	17	1148.6	1,032	970.8
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	8	29.5	55	9.2	—	—	14	13.2
Septicemia (A40-A41)	3	11.1	22	3.7	—	—	6	5.6
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	3	11.1	5	0.8	—	—	2	1.9
HIV disease (B20-B24)	—	—	3	0.5	—	—	—	—
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	68	250.9	778	130.6	3	202.7	200	188.1
Colon (C18)	2	7.4	35	5.9	1	67.6	15	14.1
Pancreas (C25)	5	18.5	66	11.1	—	—	12	11.3
Bronchus & lung (C34)	21	77.5	153	25.7	—	—	49	46.1
Skin (C43-44)	1	3.7	20	3.4	—	—	3	2.8
Breast (C50)	4	14.8	57	9.6	—	—	11	10.3
Cervical (C53)	—	—	2	0.3	—	—	2	1.9
Uterine (C54-C55)	—	—	17	2.9	—	—	4	3.8
Ovarian (C56)	1	3.7	22	3.7	—	—	3	2.8
Prostate (C61)	5	18.5	41	6.9	—	—	15	14.1
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	—	—	15	2.5	—	—	3	2.8
Bladder (C67)	1	3.7	23	3.9	1	67.6	7	6.6
Brain (C70-C72)	1	3.7	29	4.9	—	—	5	4.7
Lymphatic (C81-C96)	10	36.9	80	13.4	1	67.6	27	25.4
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	3	11.1	25	4.2	—	—	9	8.5
Leukemia (C91-C95)	5	18.5	36	6.0	1	67.6	11	10.3
Benign & uncertain neoplasms (D00-D48)	1	3.7	20	3.4	—	—	1	0.9
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	9	33.2	117	19.6	1	67.6	45	42.3
Organic dementia (F01-F03)	37	136.5	216	36.3	1	67.6	70	65.9
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	6	22.1	47	7.9	—	—	20	18.8
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	6	22.1	203	34.1	—	—	59	55.5
Diseases of the circulatory system (I00-I99)	98	361.6	948	159.1	8	540.5	293	275.6
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	69	254.6	642	107.7	4	270.3	225	211.7
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	28	103.3	285	47.8	2	135.1	105	98.8
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69)	16	59.0	211	35.4	1	67.6	50	47.0
Intracerebral hemorrhage, etc. (I61-I62)	2	7.4	47	7.9	—	—	9	8.5
Cerebral infarction (I63)	1	3.7	24	4.0	—	—	8	7.5
Stroke of unspecified type (I64)	7	25.8	60	10.1	1	67.6	16	15.1
Hypertension & hyp. renal dis. (I10, I12, I15)	12	44.3	55	9.2	3	202.7	11	10.3
Aortic aneurysm (I71)	1	3.7	10	1.7	—	—	4	3.8
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	6	22.1	40	6.7	—	—	12	11.3
Chronic lower respiratory diseases (J40-J47)	23	84.9	129	21.6	—	—	61	57.4
Diseases of the digestive system (K00-K92)	12	44.3	167	28.0	—	—	47	44.2
Diseases of the genitourinary sys. (N00-N99)	6	22.1	70	11.7	—	—	28	26.3
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27)	5	18.5	45	7.6	—	—	18	16.9
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	—	—	19	3.2	—	—	3	2.8
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)	1	3.7	21	3.5	—	—	7	6.6
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	—	—	5	0.8	—	—	—	—
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	16	59.0	148	24.8	—	—	53	49.9
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	4	14.8	74	12.4	1	67.6	16	15.1
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	3	11.1	9	1.5	—	—	3	2.8
Undetermined intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	—	—	5	0.8	—	—	—	—
<i>Alcohol-induced</i> ²	8	29.5	77	12.9	2	135.1	15	14.1
<i>Drug-induced</i> ²	4	14.8	48	8.1	—	—	17	16.0
<i>Injury by firearms</i> ²	4	14.8	47	7.9	1	67.6	8	7.5

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rate per 100,000 population.

² See Table 6-6, footnotes 38-42, for a list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

WARNING: Rates based on less than five events are unreliable.

TABLE 6-43. All deaths and medical examiner's cases by county of occurrence, autopsy status, and manner of death, Oregon, 2017

County of occurrence and manner of death	All deaths			M.E. cases		
	Total	Autopsied	Percent autopsied	Total	Autopsied	Percent autopsied
Total	36,697	1,092	3.0	4,862	846	17.4
Baker	193	1	0.5	51	1	2.0
Benton	650	14	2.2	81	11	13.6
Clackamas	3,415	72	2.1	338	55	16.3
Clatsop	348	10	2.9	79	8	10.1
Columbia	279	14	5.0	45	14	31.1
Coos	901	12	1.3	97	11	11.3
Crook	208	3	1.4	53	3	5.7
Curry	270	9	3.3	46	9	19.6
Deschutes	1,655	8	0.5	264	7	2.7
Douglas	1,434	22	1.5	169	20	11.8
Gilliam	14	—	—	3	—	—
Grant	79	1	1.3	15	1	6.7
Harney	63	1	1.6	17	1	5.9
Hood River	186	4	2.2	31	4	12.9
Jackson	2,600	74	2.8	263	65	24.7
Jefferson	161	7	4.3	48	6	12.5
Josephine	1,160	42	3.6	138	40	29.0
Klamath	777	30	3.9	114	28	24.6
Lake	64	2	3.1	9	1	11.1
Lane	3,892	136	3.5	494	126	25.5
Lincoln	537	10	1.9	89	10	11.2
Linn	1,231	12	1.0	229	12	5.2
Malheur	279	6	2.2	44	6	13.6
Marion	2,887	69	2.4	376	58	15.4
Morrow	44	2	4.5	8	2	25.0
Multnomah	6,974	374	5.4	1,024	221	21.6
Polk	539	14	2.6	66	14	21.2
Sherman	10	—	—	2	—	—
Tillamook	277	10	3.6	60	9	15.0
Umatilla	513	13	2.5	116	12	10.3
Union	248	1	0.4	37	1	2.7
Wallowa	79	2	2.5	19	2	10.5
Wasco	350	7	2.0	37	7	18.9
Washington	3,410	94	2.8	299	65	21.7
Wheeler	12	2	16.7	6	2	33.3
Yamhill	958	14	1.5	95	14	14.7
Manner of death						
Natural	33,466	577	1.7	1,861	333	17.9
Suicide	856	49	5.7	855	49	5.7
Homicide	132	117	88.6	132	117	88.6
Unintentional	2,098	307	14.6	1,934	306	15.8
Undetermined	71	28	39.4	66	28	42.4
Legal intervention	12	12	100.0	12	12	100.0
Medical care complication ...	62	2	3.2	2	1	50.0

— Quantity is zero.

TABLE 6-44. Oregon occurrence deaths by disposal of remains and county of residence, 2017

County of residence	Total	Burial		Cremation		Entombment		Removal		Dissolution		Other	
		No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Total	36,697	5,932	16	28,104	77	339	1	1,459	4	147	<0.5	716	2
Baker	190	31	16	150	79	—	—	6	3	—	—	3	2
Benton	579	81	14	474	82	1	<0.5	13	2	—	—	10	2
Clackamas	3,350	663	20	2,501	75	59	2	71	2	—	—	56	2
Clatsop	421	51	12	353	84	—	—	9	2	—	—	8	2
Columbia	385	68	18	291	76	4	1	16	4	—	—	6	2
Coos	959	110	11	797	83	3	<0.5	6	1	—	—	43	4
Crook	269	44	16	215	80	—	—	3	1	—	—	7	3
Curry	324	33	10	268	83	—	—	11	3	—	—	12	4
Deschutes	1,485	131	9	1,277	86	4	<0.5	34	2	—	—	39	3
Douglas	1,532	211	14	1,109	72	8	1	22	1	141	9	41	3
Gilliam	18	3	17	15	83	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grant	88	20	23	66	75	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	—
Harney	63	23	37	39	62	—	—	1	2	—	—	—	—
Hood River	182	37	20	119	65	2	1	18	10	—	—	6	3
Jackson	2,430	307	13	2,031	84	8	<0.5	46	2	—	—	38	2
Jefferson	197	50	25	138	70	2	1	6	3	—	—	1	1
Josephine	1,211	145	12	1,013	84	2	<0.5	33	3	1	<0.5	17	1
Klamath	812	133	16	647	80	1	<0.5	19	2	—	—	12	1
Lake	70	12	17	55	79	—	—	2	3	—	—	1	1
Lane	3,677	469	13	2,982	81	32	1	80	2	2	<0.5	112	3
Lincoln	637	57	9	551	86	5	1	12	2	—	—	12	2
Linn	1,305	223	17	1,024	78	6	<0.5	16	1	1	<0.5	35	3
Malheur	244	55	23	59	24	—	—	127	52	—	—	3	1
Marion	2,847	571	20	2,142	75	27	1	70	2	—	—	37	1
Morrow	57	15	26	40	70	—	—	2	4	—	—	—	—
Multnomah	5,691	1,030	18	4,296	75	100	2	175	3	—	—	90	2
Polk	708	145	20	532	75	12	2	6	1	—	—	13	2
Sherman	18	5	28	12	67	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6
Tillamook	296	34	11	247	83	1	<0.5	4	1	—	—	10	3
Umatilla	513	128	25	260	51	1	<0.5	123	24	—	—	1	<0.5
Union	242	61	25	146	60	—	—	28	12	—	—	7	3
Wallowa	77	16	21	60	78	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Wasco	330	60	18	232	70	—	—	29	9	—	—	9	3
Washington	3,356	662	20	2,501	75	43	1	95	3	—	—	55	2
Wheeler	17	4	24	13	76	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yamhill	1,023	200	20	770	75	17	2	20	2	—	—	16	2
Out of state	1,094	44	4	679	62	1	<0.5	354	32	2	<0.5	14	1

— Quantity is zero.

TABLE 6-45. Unintentional injury deaths for selected causes by county of residence, Oregon, 2017

County of residence	Total ¹	Motor vehicle	Falls	Poison - drugs ²	Poison - other ³	Drowning	Water transport ⁴	Fire
Total	2,073	507	764	401	49	49	6	36
Baker	17	4	5	1	3	—	—	1
Benton	33	9	15	2	1	3	1	—
Clackamas	180	47	79	24	2	5	1	4
Clatsop	22	11	7	1	—	—	—	1
Columbia	23	6	6	5	1	1	—	1
Coos	47	17	11	6	7	1	—	1
Crook	13	5	5	1	—	—	—	—
Curry	14	3	4	3	—	1	—	—
Deschutes	104	28	46	12	3	1	1	—
Douglas	87	21	31	8	3	3	—	8
Gilliam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grant	5	—	3	—	—	—	—	2
Harney	5	2	3	—	—	—	—	—
Hood River	7	1	3	3	—	—	—	—
Jackson	108	31	39	14	2	6	—	3
Jefferson	14	8	2	2	1	—	—	—
Josephine	69	23	18	16	2	1	—	1
Klamath	40	13	14	7	1	1	—	—
Lake	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lane	245	52	96	59	4	1	2	3
Lincoln	38	8	23	1	2	—	—	—
Linn	74	15	34	5	—	1	—	—
Malheur	19	6	6	1	1	1	—	—
Marion	169	43	66	32	2	4	—	3
Morrow	3	1	1	—	—	1	—	—
Multnomah	402	70	134	135	8	8	1	4
Polk	45	11	23	4	—	2	—	1
Sherman	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Tillamook	17	2	9	2	1	—	—	—
Umatilla	31	9	7	6	3	—	—	—
Union	17	7	2	4	—	1	—	—
Wallowa	5	1	1	1	—	—	—	—
Wasco	16	5	4	3	—	—	—	—
Washington	148	36	49	30	2	6	—	—
Wheeler	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yamhill	53	11	17	13	—	1	—	3

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Includes all unintentional injury deaths, not just those in the seven categories shown.

² Includes overdoses from all drugs/medications; ICD-10 codes do not distinguish between illicit and licit drugs.

³ Includes poisonings by substances other than drugs, such as carbon monoxide and alcohol.

⁴ Includes both drownings and other mishaps, but not voluntarily jumping from a watercraft.

TABLE 6-46. Unintentional injury deaths for selected causes by county of injury, Oregon, 2017

County of injury ¹	Total ²	Motor vehicle	Falls	Poison - drugs ³	Poison - other ⁴	Drowning	Water transport ⁵	Fire
Total	2,082	515	758	400	47	51	10	36
Baker	21	6	6	1	2	—	1	1
Benton	41	13	19	2	1	—	—	—
Clackamas	172	40	82	21	1	6	—	4
Clatsop	28	12	9	3	—	1	—	1
Columbia	24	6	6	4	1	3	1	1
Coos	43	14	11	5	7	—	—	1
Crook	10	5	5	—	—	—	—	—
Curry	14	—	5	2	—	2	—	—
Deschutes	97	23	44	12	3	1	—	—
Douglas	90	26	29	9	3	5	1	8
Gilliam	3	2	—	—	—	—	1	—
Grant	7	2	3	—	—	—	—	2
Harney	6	3	3	—	—	—	—	—
Hood River	13	1	7	3	—	1	—	—
Jackson	103	32	38	12	1	4	—	3
Jefferson	23	13	3	3	1	—	1	—
Josephine	74	26	19	16	1	4	—	1
Klamath	44	18	14	5	1	1	—	—
Lake	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Lane	241	42	99	59	4	—	2	3
Lincoln	43	13	21	1	2	4	—	—
Linn	71	13	32	6	—	2	—	—
Malheur	21	6	6	2	1	1	1	—
Marion	175	45	76	29	2	4	1	3
Morrow	3	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Multnomah	413	65	124	148	10	5	1	4
Polk	32	11	13	3	—	2	—	1
Sherman	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tillamook	24	5	12	3	1	1	—	—
Umatilla	28	8	6	5	2	1	—	—
Union	16	6	2	4	—	1	—	—
Wallowa	6	2	1	1	1	—	—	—
Wasco	22	12	3	3	—	—	—	—
Washington	126	26	47	30	2	2	—	—
Wheeler	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yamhill	42	14	11	8	—	—	—	3

— Quantity is zero.

¹ The county of death is used in place of the county of injury for the few cases where the county of injury was not reported by the certifying physician.

² Includes all unintentional injury deaths, not just those in the seven categories shown.

³ Includes overdoses from all drugs/medications; ICD-10 codes do not distinguish between illicit and licit drugs.

⁴ Includes poisonings by substances other than drugs, such as carbon monoxide and alcohol.

⁵ Includes both drownings and other mishaps, but not voluntarily jumping from a watercraft.

TABLE 6-47f. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes, Oregon residents, 2013-2017

Cause of death	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total	716.8	702.8	718.6	702.6	707.0
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	15.1	13.5	14.2	13.8	13.4
Septicemia (A40-A41)	4.7	4.1	4.7	5.1	4.7
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	4.6	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.6
HIV disease (B20-B24)	1.2	0.8	1.0	0.8	0.9
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	163.0	159.3	159.5	154.9	152.1
Lip, oral & pharynx (C00-C14)	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.1	2.6
Esophagus (C15)	4.5	4.8	4.3	4.3	4.6
Stomach (C16)	2.3	2.9	2.2	2.8	1.9
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	14.3	12.9	13.3	13.4	12.8
Liver & intrahepatic bile duct (C22)	6.8	6.1	7.1	7.1	6.8
Pancreas (C25)	9.6	11.5	12.4	11.3	12.0
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	41.8	39.8	38.2	35.7	34.4
Melanoma of skin (C43)	3.1	2.4	2.7	2.2	2.6
Breast (C50)	10.8	11.0	11.0	11.6	10.0
Cervix uteri (C53)	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0
Corpus uteri (C54-C55) ²	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.6
Ovary (C56)	4.5	4.8	4.6	4.2	4.5
Prostate (C61)	8.1	8.4	8.7	9.1	8.3
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	3.8	3.6	3.9	3.5	3.6
Bladder (C67)	4.3	3.6	5.2	4.6	4.8
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	5.5	5.4	5.2	4.0	4.7
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	17.4	16.0	14.4	15.6	15.6
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	6.3	6.5	5.1	5.8	5.3
Leukemia (C91-C95)	6.9	5.5	5.4	6.3	6.7
Lymphoid leukemia (C91)	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.9	1.8
Myeloid leukemia (C92)	4.0	2.9	3.3	3.5	4.0
Multiple myeloma (C88, C90)	3.9	3.5	3.6	3.2	3.3
Anemias (D50-D64)	1.3	1.3	0.9	1.3	1.2
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	23.4	22.3	22.9	23.9	23.6
Organic dementia (F01, F03) ²	48.1	44.7	41.5	37.4	40.4
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (G12.2)	2.9	2.6	2.8	2.1	1.9
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	8.5	8.0	8.7	8.9	9.0
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	27.1	28.3	32.6	34.5	35.0
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	189.7	184.6	190.1	188.4	187.8
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	134.6	131.3	135.3	134.3	131.5
Rheumatic heart disease (I00-I09) ²	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	4.2	4.5	4.2	4.8	5.2
Hypertensive heart & renal disease (I13)	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.6
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	71.1	66.9	67.7	66.9	63.9
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	21.4	20.2	20.6	20.4	20.4
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	49.2	46.4	46.8	46.1	43.0
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0)	3.9	2.9	3.0	2.7	2.6
Other chr. isch. hrt. dis. (I20, I25.1-I25.9)	45.3	43.5	43.8	43.3	40.4
Nonrheumatic mitral valve disease (I34)	0.9	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.0
Nonrheumatic aortic valve disease (I35)	10.2	10.7	9.8	9.4	8.8
Heart failure (I50)	17.0	17.8	19.4	19.7	19.4
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	10.7	9.8	11.1	10.5	10.4
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	37.0	37.0	37.1	37.5	39.0
Subarachnoid hemorrhage (I60)	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.2
Intracerebral hemorrhage (I61-I62) ²	7.6	7.3	7.4	7.5	7.5
Cerebral infarction (I63)	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.8	4.1
Stroke (type not specified) (I64)	18.8	18.3	17.4	15.7	14.5
Atherosclerosis (I70)	1.2	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.6

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-47t. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes, Oregon residents, 2013-2017 — Continued

Cause of death	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	3.3	3.0	3.0	2.5	3.5
Diseases of arteries (I72-I78) ²	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	10.5	9.1	9.0	8.8	10.9
Pneumonia (J12-J18)	9.0	8.2	7.0	7.0	7.1
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	42.6	39.7	41.9	40.0	39.0
Emphysema (J43)	3.3	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.7
Asthma (J45-J46)	1.4	1.7	1.1	1.6	1.3
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	37.8	35.2	37.8	35.3	34.8
Pneumonitis from solids & liquids (J69)	3.3	3.1	3.4	2.7	2.9
Peptic ulcer (K25-K28)	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.3
Vascular disorders of the intestine (K55)	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.2
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74)	11.7	12.8	13.8	12.2	12.7
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	8.7	10.7	11.7	10.4	10.4
Cholelithiasis (K80-K82) ²	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3
Musculoskeletal disease (M00-M99) ²	5.1	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.8
Genitourinary system disease (N00-N99)	11.5	12.4	13.7	12.3	12.7
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	6.8	7.6	8.1	7.7	7.2
Renal failure (N17-N19)	6.5	7.4	7.7	7.3	6.7
Urinary tract infection (N39.0)	2.9	3.0	3.4	2.8	3.1
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	3.8	3.9	3.4	3.1	3.8
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99) ²	3.7	2.5	3.2	3.4	3.7
Malformation of the heart (Q20-Q24)	1.4	0.6	1.0	0.9	0.9
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	14.8	12.5	10.9	9.7	9.1
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	39.6	40.7	44.1	46.0	44.5
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	9.8	10.6	12.9	13.3	12.7
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	8.6	9.1	11.8	12.2	11.7
Motor vehicle traffic accidents (many codes) ²	7.9	8.5	11.3	11.8	10.9
Water & air, etc. (V90-V99, Y85)	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.6
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	29.8	30.1	31.2	32.7	31.9
Falls (W00-W19)	13.2	12.5	14.5	14.0	14.6
Drowning & submersion (W65-W74)	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.9	1.2
Exposure to smoke & fire (X00-X09)	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.9
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	9.5	10.6	9.6	10.9	10.7
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	16.8	18.6	17.8	17.8	19.1
Poisoning (X60-X69)	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.7	3.0
Hanging/suffocation (X70)	3.6	4.6	4.8	4.5	4.4
Firearm discharge (X72-X74)	9.2	9.8	8.6	9.3	9.9
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	2.3	2.4	3.5	3.2	3.2
Firearm discharge (X93-X95)	1.4	1.3	2.4	1.9	1.9
Undetermined intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.3
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	15.4	16.4	18.7	16.9	17.6
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	13.0	14.6	14.0	15.0	15.5
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	11.0	11.7	11.4	11.8	12.2

¹ Age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 population based on the US year 2000 standard; calculations use age and sex population estimates from the Population Research Center, Portland State University.

² See footnote for this cause in Table 6-6.

* Age-adjusted rates are not calculated when fewer than 20 deaths were recorded, as the rate would be unreliable.

TABLE 6-47m. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes, Oregon resident males, 2013-2017

Cause of death	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total	843.9	831.8	838.1	833.6	830.2
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	19.2	16.5	16.5	16.5	15.7
Septicemia (A40-A41)	5.7	4.4	4.7	5.8	5.3
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	6.6	5.8	4.8	4.0	3.4
HIV disease (B20-B24)	2.1	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.6
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	193.6	187.2	185.8	183.9	175.7
Lip, oral & pharynx (C00-C14)	3.5	4.1	4.1	4.4	4.4
Esophagus (C15)	8.2	8.0	7.8	7.6	8.5
Stomach (C16)	3.4	4.0	3.0	3.9	2.6
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	16.1	16.0	15.0	15.9	14.1
Liver & intrahepatic bile duct (C22)	9.6	9.1	10.9	9.8	9.9
Pancreas (C25)	10.9	13.4	15.0	13.6	13.4
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	48.4	45.2	43.4	41.6	37.7
Melanoma of skin (C43)	4.7	3.3	3.5	3.1	3.8
Breast (C50)	*	*	*	*	*
Cervix uteri (C53)	—	—	—	—	—
Corpus uteri (C54-C55) ²	—	—	—	—	—
Ovary (C56)	—	—	—	—	—
Prostate (C61)	19.6	20.4	20.8	21.8	19.6
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	5.9	5.5	5.8	5.1	5.4
Bladder (C67)	7.4	6.8	8.5	7.9	7.7
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	6.2	7.1	6.1	4.9	5.7
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	23.6	20.1	18.9	21.6	19.5
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	8.4	7.7	6.4	8.3	6.4
Leukemia (C91-C95)	9.7	7.4	7.4	8.7	8.6
Lymphoid leukemia (C91)	2.8	2.5	2.3	2.8	2.4
Myeloid leukemia (C92)	5.5	3.7	4.2	4.8	4.9
Multiple myeloma (C88, C90)	5.2	4.4	4.7	4.1	4.3
Anemias (D50-D64)	1.3	1.5	1.1	1.6	1.4
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	30.5	28.0	28.8	31.9	30.0
Organic dementia (F01, F03) ²	43.0	40.5	36.8	34.1	35.7
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (G12.2)	3.4	3.5	3.1	2.5	2.1
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	12.4	11.9	12.9	13.7	14.4
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	21.8	23.6	26.6	27.5	28.1
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	235.2	228.5	226.6	233.1	229.8
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	174.7	170.5	170.4	175.7	168.8
Rheumatic heart disease (I00-I09) ²	1.1	1.5	1.2	1.4	*
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	4.5	4.4	3.5	4.7	4.9
Hypertensive heart & renal disease (I13)	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.9
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	103.8	98.9	100.4	102.4	95.6
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	29.2	28.3	28.7	29.7	27.9
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	74.2	70.3	71.3	72.1	67.0
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0)	5.5	4.1	3.8	4.6	3.9
Other chr. isch. hrt. dis. (I20, I25.1-I25.9)	68.6	66.2	67.5	67.6	63.2
Nonrheumatic mitral valve disease (I34)	*	1.0	1.2	1.1	*
Nonrheumatic aortic valve disease (I35)	11.7	11.1	10.1	9.8	10.1
Heart failure (I50)	18.8	21.6	21.7	22.4	21.8
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	12.5	10.0	11.7	11.6	11.8
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	38.3	40.3	36.9	38.1	40.3
Subarachnoid hemorrhage (I60)	*	1.1	*	1.6	*
Intracerebral hemorrhage (I61-I62) ²	8.7	8.5	7.7	8.1	8.4
Cerebral infarction (I63)	2.7	1.9	1.5	2.8	4.4
Stroke (type not specified) (I64)	18.1	18.4	17.4	15.4	14.2

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-47m. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes, Oregon resident males, 2013-2017 — Continued

Cause of death	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Atherosclerosis (I70)	1.6	*	1.2	1.1	*
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	4.6	3.7	4.0	3.4	5.0
Diseases of arteries (I72-I78) ²	3.6	3.1	2.4	3.2	3.2
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	11.9	9.8	10.2	10.0	12.8
Pneumonia (J12-J18)	10.6	9.0	8.3	8.0	8.4
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	47.2	45.4	44.2	44.7	40.5
Emphysema (J43)	3.8	3.3	3.3	3.9	2.3
Asthma (J45-J46)	1.0	1.3	*	1.4	*
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	42.2	40.7	40.1	39.2	37.4
Pneumonitis from solids & liquids (J69)	4.4	4.3	4.6	4.0	3.6
Peptic ulcer (K25-K28)	*	1.6	1.1	1.7	1.5
Vascular disorders of the intestine (K55)	1.9	1.9	2.1	1.9	1.8
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74)	16.1	17.0	18.4	16.5	16.8
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	12.4	14.6	16.4	14.1	14.9
Cholelithiasis (K80-K82) ²	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.3	2.1
Musculoskeletal disease (M00-M99) ²	3.8	4.2	4.4	4.3	4.3
Genitourinary system disease (N00-N99)	12.8	14.8	16.2	14.2	14.5
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	7.9	10.1	10.4	9.7	9.1
Renal failure (N17-N19)	7.4	9.9	9.8	9.1	8.6
Urinary tract infection (N39.0)	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.5
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	3.5	4.5	4.4	3.3	4.3
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99) ²	3.9	2.3	3.3	3.9	3.7
Malformation of the heart (Q20-Q24)	1.6	*	1.1	1.0	1.2
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	15.9	13.6	13.0	11.0	11.6
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	50.4	52.6	58.9	60.0	59.7
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	14.8	15.6	18.7	18.9	18.6
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	12.8	13.0	16.9	16.9	17.0
Motor vehicle traffic accidents (many codes) ²	11.5	12.3	16.0	16.1	15.8
Water & air, etc. (V90-V99, Y85)	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.5	0.9
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	35.6	37.0	40.2	41.2	41.0
Falls (W00-W19)	14.9	13.6	17.4	15.3	17.0
Drowning & submersion (W65-W74)	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.9	1.9
Exposure to smoke & fire (X00-X09)	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.0
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	11.2	13.5	12.9	14.6	14.4
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	26.6	30.1	27.6	27.6	29.7
Poisoning (X60-X69)	2.9	3.1	2.9	2.7	3.2
Hanging/suffocation (X70)	5.6	7.1	7.6	6.5	6.6
Firearm discharge (X72-X74)	16.3	17.5	15.2	16.5	17.3
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	3.1	3.2	5.1	4.6	4.8
Firearm discharge (X93-X95)	1.9	1.7	3.6	3.1	3.0
Undetermined intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	2.0	2.0	2.2	1.8	1.5
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	22.7	23.7	27.9	24.2	25.6
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	14.9	17.5	17.4	18.9	19.4
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	19.1	20.2	19.6	20.6	21.1

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 population based on the US year 2000 standard; calculations use age and sex population estimates from the Population Research Center, Portland State University.

² See footnote for this cause in Table 6-6.

* Age-adjusted rates are not calculated when fewer than 20 deaths were recorded, as the rate would be unreliable.

TABLE 6-47f. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes, Oregon resident females, 2013-2017

Cause of death	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total	612.6	597.6	617.2	594.0	602.6
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	11.4	10.7	12.3	11.4	11.4
Septicemia (A40-A41)	3.9	3.8	4.6	4.7	4.2
Viral hepatitis (B15-B19)	2.6	2.6	2.2	1.9	1.8
HIV disease (B20-B24)	*	*	*	*	*
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	140.9	139.8	140.0	133.9	134.6
Lip, oral & pharynx (C00-C14)	1.4	1.6	2.3	1.9	1.1
Esophagus (C15)	1.3	2.2	1.4	1.6	1.4
Stomach (C16)	1.4	2.0	1.5	1.9	1.3
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	12.9	10.5	11.9	11.3	11.5
Liver & intrahepatic bile duct (C22)	4.4	3.4	3.9	4.7	4.0
Pancreas (C25)	8.4	9.9	10.3	9.5	10.8
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	36.9	35.9	34.1	31.4	31.9
Melanoma of skin (C43)	1.7	1.7	2.1	1.5	1.5
Breast (C50)	19.9	20.3	19.9	21.3	18.1
Cervix uteri (C53)	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.0	1.9
Corpus uteri (C54-C55) ²	5.0	4.7	4.9	5.1	4.8
Ovary (C56)	8.4	8.9	8.4	7.8	8.3
Prostate (C61)	—	—	—	—	—
Kidney & renal pelvis (C64-C65)	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.1	2.1
Bladder (C67)	1.9	1.3	2.8	2.1	2.7
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	4.8	3.8	4.3	3.3	3.9
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	12.3	12.8	11.0	11.0	12.5
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	4.5	5.6	4.0	3.8	4.3
Leukemia (C91-C95)	4.7	4.0	4.0	4.4	5.4
Lymphoid leukemia (C91)	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.3
Myeloid leukemia (C92)	2.7	2.3	2.6	2.5	3.3
Multiple myeloma (C88, C90)	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.4	2.4
Anemias (D50-D64)	1.3	1.2	0.8	1.1	1.0
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	17.8	17.6	18.0	17.5	18.6
Organic dementia (F01, F03) ²	50.9	47.1	44.4	39.0	42.7
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (G12.2)	2.5	1.9	2.5	1.8	1.6
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	5.7	5.3	5.9	5.7	5.2
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	30.6	31.1	36.4	38.9	39.5
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	153.5	149.9	159.1	152.2	153.7
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	103.3	100.7	106.3	101.7	101.6
Rheumatic heart disease (I00-I09) ²	2.2	1.7	1.9	1.8	2.2
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	3.8	4.2	4.5	4.7	5.2
Hypertensive heart & renal disease (I13)	1.2	0.8	1.3	1.4	1.5
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	46.0	42.4	42.1	39.4	39.3
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	15.4	13.7	13.9	13.1	14.2
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	30.2	28.3	27.9	26.0	24.8
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0)	2.5	1.9	2.2	1.3	1.5
Other chr. isch. hrt. dis. (I20, I25.1-I25.9)	27.7	26.4	25.7	24.7	23.3
Nonrheumatic mitral valve disease (I34)	1.0	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.0
Nonrheumatic aortic valve disease (I35)	9.0	10.2	9.6	9.2	7.9
Heart failure (I50)	15.7	15.1	17.5	17.5	17.6
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	9.1	9.4	10.4	9.4	9.2
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	35.6	34.5	36.7	36.3	37.6
Subarachnoid hemorrhage (I60)	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.2	1.4
Intracerebral hemorrhage (I61-I62) ²	6.7	6.6	7.2	6.9	6.9
Cerebral infarction (I63)	1.1	1.6	2.2	2.8	3.8
Stroke (type not specified) (I64)	19.1	17.9	17.2	15.5	14.4

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-47f. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes, Oregon resident females, 2013-2017 — Continued

Cause of death	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Atherosclerosis (I70)	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.8	*
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	2.3	2.4	2.2	1.7	2.4
Diseases of arteries (I72-I78) ²	2.3	2.1	2.7	2.3	2.5
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	9.7	8.7	8.0	8.0	9.4
Pneumonia (J12-J18)	8.1	7.8	6.1	6.2	6.0
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	39.6	35.6	40.6	36.9	38.0
Emphysema (J43)	3.0	2.3	2.4	2.3	3.0
Asthma (J45-J46)	1.6	2.0	1.5	1.8	1.7
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	34.9	31.2	36.6	32.7	33.0
Pneumonitis from solids & liquids (J69)	2.6	2.3	2.5	1.8	2.5
Peptic ulcer (K25-K28)	1.0	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.1
Vascular disorders of the intestine (K55)	2.9	3.3	2.6	2.6	2.6
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74)	7.7	8.9	9.5	8.4	8.9
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	5.3	6.9	7.3	6.9	6.2
Cholelithiasis (K80-K82) ²	0.9	1.4	1.2	1.2	0.7
Musculoskeletal disease (M00-M99) ²	5.9	5.4	5.2	5.0	5.2
Genitourinary system disease (N00-N99)	10.7	10.9	12.0	11.4	11.4
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	6.2	6.0	6.5	6.6	5.7
Renal failure (N17-N19)	6.0	5.9	6.3	6.3	5.3
Urinary tract infection (N39.0)	3.2	3.3	3.9	3.4	3.5
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	4.0	3.3	2.5	2.8	3.2
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99) ²	3.4	2.7	3.2	2.7	3.8
Malformation of the heart (Q20-Q24)	1.2	*	*	*	*
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	13.5	11.2	8.9	8.4	6.8
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	29.5	29.3	30.3	32.9	30.4
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	5.0	5.8	7.3	8.1	6.9
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	4.6	5.4	6.9	7.8	6.5
Motor vehicle traffic accidents (many codes) ²	4.4	5.0	6.7	7.7	6.2
Water & air, etc. (V90-V99, Y85)	*	*	*	*	*
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	24.4	23.5	23.1	24.7	23.5
Falls (W00-W19)	11.9	11.5	12.2	12.8	12.5
Drowning & submersion (W65-W74)	*	*	*	1.0	*
Exposure to smoke & fire (X00-X09)	*	*	*	*	*
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	7.9	7.7	6.3	7.2	7.0
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	7.6	7.9	8.5	8.7	9.1
Poisoning (X60-X69)	2.5	2.4	2.8	2.7	2.8
Hanging/suffocation (X70)	1.7	2.1	2.1	2.6	2.3
Firearm discharge (X72-X74)	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.6	3.0
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	1.4	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.5
Firearm discharge (X93-X95)	*	—	1.1	*	*
Undetermined intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.2
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	8.5	9.7	10.1	10.2	10.2
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	11.2	11.7	10.9	11.2	11.6
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	3.5	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.9

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 population based on the US year 2000 standard; calculations use age and sex population estimates from the Population Research Center, Portland State University.

² See footnote for this cause in Table 6-6.

* Age-adjusted rates are not calculated when fewer than 20 deaths were recorded, as the rate would be unreliable.

TABLE 6-48t. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes by county/geographic region, Oregon residents, 2015-2017

Cause of death	State	Clackamas	Deschutes	Douglas	Jackson
Total	709.2	646.3	679.4	802.5	743.2
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	13.8	12.4	8.6	15.1	16.2
Septicemia (A40-A41)	4.8	4.8	*	5.0	4.7
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	155.4	146.4	143.5	174.5	159.4
Esophagus (C15)	4.4	4.4	3.2	6.6	4.9
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	13.2	11.9	16.1	13.4	14.1
Pancreas (C25)	11.9	12.1	15.6	11.4	10.5
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	36.1	32.1	27.7	47.4	37.7
Breast (C50)	10.9	11.8	8.3	10.4	10.6
Ovary (C56)	4.4	4.2	5.0	4.7	4.9
Prostate (C61)	8.7	8.8	6.6	9.9	9.4
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	4.6	3.9	7.1	5.2	5.3
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	15.2	14.3	13.9	19.4	14.5
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	5.4	5.4	4.9	6.8	4.7
Leukemia (C91-C95)	6.2	5.5	5.3	8.8	6.7
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	23.5	19.9	16.1	33.4	20.8
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	8.9	9.0	14.1	7.8	10.2
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	34.1	33.0	37.5	27.8	35.3
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	188.7	167.2	188.7	198.4	181.4
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	133.6	114.8	137.4	138.4	126.5
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	4.7	4.5	5.0	3.2	3.3
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	66.1	53.3	73.4	79.7	56.6
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	20.4	17.0	27.6	24.2	18.0
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	45.3	35.8	45.5	55.0	38.6
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0) ²	2.8	1.6	3.7	*	*
Heart failure (I50)	19.5	18.1	17.9	15.6	20.0
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	10.7	8.6	6.6	14.6	11.9
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	37.9	37.3	37.4	39.0	35.8
Atherosclerosis (I70)	0.8	*	*	*	*
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	3.0	3.1	3.0	*	3.4
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	9.6	8.6	8.6	11.2	10.5
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	40.2	31.7	37.9	55.9	47.1
Emphysema (J43)	2.8	2.6	*	3.1	4.0
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	36.0	27.9	36.1	50.1	41.2
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74) ²	12.9	10.7	13.5	17.5	15.0
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	10.8	9.0	11.1	14.1	12.8
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	7.7	7.1	5.5	10.8	8.6
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	9.9	7.2	4.9	6.8	20.8
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	44.9	38.4	44.2	60.8	43.8
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	13.0	10.7	13.9	20.3	15.7
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	11.9	10.1	12.0	18.3	14.8
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	31.9	27.7	30.3	40.5	28.1
Falls (W00-W19)	14.4	12.9	16.6	15.2	11.3
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	10.4	7.8	8.9	12.1	9.6
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	18.2	16.3	22.3	25.7	23.4
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	3.3	2.0	*	11.2	*
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	17.7	14.6	16.8	24.6	19.7
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	14.8	11.3	13.4	19.1	17.8
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	11.8	10.4	14.0	21.1	14.1

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-48t. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes by county/geographic region, Oregon residents, 2015-2017 — Continued

Cause of death	Josephine	Lane	Linn	Marion	Multnomah
Total	829.9	721.2	823.8	732.1	734.0
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	17.9	13.8	15.0	15.6	16.6
Septicemia (A40-A41)	6.3	4.4	5.5	5.2	5.8
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	176.2	151.0	175.3	163.1	157.2
Esophagus (C15)	6.2	3.8	4.3	3.1	3.6
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	14.5	12.8	13.9	13.1	12.1
Pancreas (C25)	11.2	12.0	10.6	12.1	11.3
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	44.5	34.0	46.3	39.5	37.7
Breast (C50)	13.6	10.1	10.5	11.9	10.9
Ovary (C56)	*	4.2	*	4.9	4.3
Prostate (C61)	10.3	8.0	10.1	8.1	8.4
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	*	4.2	4.1	5.1	4.7
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	17.7	14.8	19.2	16.2	15.3
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	5.5	5.3	6.2	5.8	5.8
Leukemia (C91-C95)	6.9	6.4	9.4	5.7	5.6
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	22.5	21.8	32.3	30.0	24.0
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	8.3	8.8	11.4	7.5	9.9
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	23.8	49.5	41.2	26.8	35.0
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	187.1	180.0	228.2	192.0	204.8
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	128.2	125.1	167.3	132.9	143.6
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	4.5	4.1	6.1	4.3	5.6
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	63.1	56.2	83.2	69.6	69.2
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	18.4	18.2	26.6	19.5	18.6
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	44.2	37.8	56.4	49.8	50.1
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0) ²	*	*	*	1.9	2.5
Heart failure (I50)	16.0	18.9	23.8	18.5	20.6
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	14.6	12.0	14.4	11.3	11.5
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	35.7	36.5	39.5	40.6	43.0
Atherosclerosis (I70)	*	*	*	*	*
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	*	3.8	*	3.1	3.3
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	11.8	10.1	9.2	9.3	11.6
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	52.8	41.4	48.5	37.1	38.6
Emphysema (J43)	4.0	3.0	*	2.2	3.0
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	46.9	36.8	45.1	33.0	34.1
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74) ²	21.7	12.8	17.0	12.3	11.3
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	18.7	10.8	14.6	10.0	9.5
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	7.8	9.3	7.7	7.6	6.4
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	20.5	7.8	8.4	12.7	9.2
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	67.1	57.3	56.4	46.0	44.6
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	34.2	15.0	16.6	14.0	8.3
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	31.4	13.7	15.0	12.9	7.5
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	32.9	42.3	39.9	32.1	36.2
Falls (W00-W19)	11.1	19.0	23.2	16.7	14.9
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	14.1	15.7	7.9	9.3	14.5
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	28.1	20.7	22.1	16.4	15.2
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	*	3.3	*	3.5	3.8
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	28.9	18.3	22.6	16.0	17.7
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	21.0	20.9	12.2	14.1	19.1
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	25.7	13.8	11.2	11.1	9.2

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-48t. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes by county/geographic region, Oregon residents, 2015-2017 — Continued

Cause of death	Washington	Yamhill	North coast: Clatsop, Columbia, Lincoln, Tillamook	South coast: Coos, Curry
Total	584.7	734.9	763.0	881.7
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	10.1	10.4	14.4	24.9
Septicemia (A40-A41)	3.9	*	4.7	7.1
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	132.0	157.2	176.1	190.2
Esophagus (C15)	3.4	5.4	6.6	6.6
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	10.0	16.0	15.3	16.7
Pancreas (C25)	11.4	13.6	13.0	14.7
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	27.1	34.4	44.7	48.3
Breast (C50)	10.2	9.2	10.2	13.6
Ovary (C56)	3.9	*	4.9	4.4
Prostate (C61)	6.9	10.9	9.0	9.6
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	4.5	*	3.8	5.6
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	13.1	19.0	16.8	15.1
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	4.3	7.6	5.7	5.5
Leukemia (C91-C95)	5.4	7.3	7.2	7.0
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	18.6	24.3	25.6	28.6
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	8.1	11.1	6.7	6.2
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	35.1	38.1	32.2	36.7
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	162.1	200.2	205.1	237.0
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	114.0	149.3	150.3	172.2
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	4.5	7.2	6.0	5.7
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	53.1	74.4	77.1	91.6
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	16.2	19.4	24.9	38.8
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	36.5	53.8	51.0	52.6
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0) ²	1.9	5.6	*	4.5
Heart failure (I50)	19.7	21.3	25.0	24.0
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	9.9	7.3	10.1	13.7
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	33.6	38.2	38.1	41.8
Atherosclerosis (I70)	*	*	*	*
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	1.7	*	2.8	5.1
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	7.3	8.5	9.3	12.3
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	24.4	43.3	48.3	54.3
Emphysema (J43)	1.3	*	5.3	*
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	21.8	38.4	42.1	49.6
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74) ²	8.8	10.4	16.0	23.1
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	6.9	8.8	14.1	21.3
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	7.7	11.5	6.2	9.3
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	7.0	*	10.9	20.8
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	26.5	49.0	53.8	67.0
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	6.4	16.8	19.3	22.1
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	6.0	15.1	17.5	18.7
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	20.1	32.2	34.5	44.9
Falls (W00-W19)	9.8	15.5	14.3	15.2
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	5.5	9.7	11.6	16.2
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	12.9	19.3	27.1	29.0
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	1.5	*	*	*
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	11.1	12.4	21.8	35.8
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	9.1	11.7	16.1	19.8
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	7.2	8.8	16.8	19.3

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-48t. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes by county/geographic region, Oregon residents, 2015-2017 — Continued

Cause of death	Mid valley: Benton, Polk	North central: Crook, Gilliam, Hood River, Jefferson, Sherman, Wasco, Wheeler	South central: Klamath, Lake	Eastern Oregon: Baker, Grant, Harney, Malheur, Morrow, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa
Total	610.8	722.4	836.2	723.5
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	8.7	8.8	19.7	12.8
Septicemia (A40-A41)	3.6	*	*	6.4
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	139.7	162.3	172.8	154.7
Esophagus (C15)	5.3	5.1	*	5.0
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	10.7	17.4	16.3	16.1
Pancreas (C25)	9.8	13.2	12.4	11.0
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	31.7	39.4	33.3	32.6
Breast (C50)	9.8	9.2	12.6	14.7
Ovary (C56)	5.4	4.5	*	5.8
Prostate (C61)	8.8	11.1	13.9	7.4
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	5.5	6.2	*	3.4
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	13.8	13.1	22.7	12.7
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	5.7	*	7.1	4.4
Leukemia (C91-C95)	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	20.8	24.3	30.7	26.1
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	9.8	8.4	6.3	7.0
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	28.2	17.0	28.2	30.1
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	160.4	216.0	206.4	197.6
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	113.8	157.3	156.5	144.3
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	3.7	6.9	*	4.5
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	56.6	82.8	75.3	80.3
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	18.5	24.3	20.2	24.6
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	37.7	57.7	54.7	55.1
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0) ²	*	*	6.1	11.5
Heart failure (I50)	18.6	17.2	20.9	18.5
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	9.9	10.4	11.5	7.8
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	32.0	43.7	33.2	37.8
Atherosclerosis (I70)	*	*	—	*
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	*	*	*	*
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	9.1	8.4	10.0	8.5
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	28.8	36.0	65.9	51.3
Emphysema (J43)	*	4.6	*	3.0
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	25.0	30.7	61.4	46.3
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74) ²	8.7	14.2	26.1	15.0
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	6.8	12.5	23.1	12.4
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	6.8	7.1	7.2	9.2
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	8.6	6.8	19.8	10.4
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	40.0	52.5	49.9	52.0
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	10.2	22.4	21.5	18.5
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	9.9	21.0	20.4	17.3
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	29.8	30.1	28.4	33.5
Falls (W00-W19)	16.8	12.3	9.8	12.9
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	6.5	8.8	10.8	9.3
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	12.5	18.4	28.9	20.5
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	*	*	*	4.3
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	12.8	22.4	31.0	18.5
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	9.7	10.8	18.0	11.5
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	6.8	14.3	23.8	15.3

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 population based on the US year 2000 standard; calculations use age and sex population estimates from the Population Research Center, Portland State University.

² See footnote for this cause in Table 6-6.

* Age-adjusted rates are not calculated when fewer than 20 deaths were recorded, as the rate would be unreliable.

TABLE 6-48m. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes by county/geographic region, Oregon resident males, 2015-2017

Cause of death	State	Clackamas	Deschutes	Douglas	Jackson
Total	833.8	757.8	763.1	950.3	881.5
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	16.2	15.8	8.5	19.0	20.9
Septicemia (A40-A41)	5.3	6.0	*	*	6.8
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	181.7	172.7	164.3	205.7	184.1
Esophagus (C15)	7.9	9.0	*	11.6	9.2
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	15.0	12.9	17.3	14.2	14.0
Pancreas (C25)	14.0	13.9	19.3	11.0	13.4
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	40.8	36.3	31.4	56.3	43.1
Breast (C50)	0.4	*	*	—	—
Ovary (C56)	—	—	—	—	—
Prostate (C61)	20.7	21.7	15.5	22.7	21.9
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	5.6	4.9	8.5	*	7.1
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	20.0	21.0	17.4	25.0	16.7
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	7.0	8.3	*	8.3	5.7
Leukemia (C91-C95)	8.3	7.9	7.3	11.1	7.0
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	30.2	25.4	19.2	45.3	27.9
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	13.7	15.1	19.5	11.6	16.0
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	27.4	26.9	27.3	19.5	28.6
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	229.8	204.6	215.1	248.5	222.5
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	171.6	152.0	166.0	181.5	165.8
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	4.4	4.8	*	*	*
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	99.4	85.8	105.2	119.8	87.0
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	28.7	25.4	36.4	34.9	25.2
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	70.1	60.0	68.4	84.2	61.8
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0) ²	4.1	*	*	*	*
Heart failure (I50)	22.0	20.1	19.0	18.2	26.2
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	11.7	8.0	7.6	17.4	10.1
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	38.5	36.3	33.4	40.7	38.5
Atherosclerosis (I70)	1.0	*	*	*	—
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	4.1	4.5	*	*	4.2
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	11.0	9.8	11.1	10.7	13.1
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	43.1	32.8	34.8	59.0	51.7
Emphysema (J43)	3.2	*	*	*	5.7
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	38.9	29.5	33.4	54.1	43.8
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74) ²	17.2	13.0	18.1	23.2	21.2
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	15.1	11.3	16.3	19.8	19.0
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	9.7	7.5	8.1	14.2	10.9
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	11.9	8.9	*	*	26.3
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	59.5	49.4	57.1	74.2	58.4
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	18.7	14.4	22.1	24.7	21.8
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	16.9	13.4	18.6	21.2	20.3
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	40.8	34.9	35.0	49.5	36.6
Falls (W00-W19)	16.5	13.7	17.4	17.6	13.5
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	14.0	11.2	11.9	14.2	12.5
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	28.3	27.0	32.4	41.7	33.0
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	4.8	3.4	*	*	*
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	25.9	19.7	25.4	32.2	31.1
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	18.6	15.6	17.0	20.9	21.4
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	20.4	19.1	21.9	29.8	24.0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-48m. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes by county/geographic region, Oregon resident males, 2015-2017 — Continued

Cause of death	Josephine	Lane	Linn	Marion	Multnomah
Total	1004.0	859.2	953.4	862.9	884.4
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	25.8	16.6	21.8	18.1	20.1
Septicemia (A40-A41)	*	5.2	*	4.9	6.1
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	207.8	179.9	210.6	191.5	183.6
Esophagus (C15)	10.6	7.1	*	6.0	6.6
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	17.5	14.5	15.6	17.6	15.5
Pancreas (C25)	12.4	14.6	14.9	14.0	13.4
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	52.5	37.3	54.9	48.9	40.4
Breast (C50)	—	*	*	*	*
Ovary (C56)	—	—	—	—	—
Prostate (C61)	23.6	18.9	23.8	20.2	21.1
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	*	5.7	*	7.0	6.0
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	27.9	18.9	24.4	19.6	18.3
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	9.8	6.4	*	7.8	7.3
Leukemia (C91-C95)	9.5	8.0	11.6	6.2	7.5
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	32.2	26.0	35.7	37.7	32.8
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	13.7	14.6	16.3	10.6	15.3
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	21.7	40.9	32.3	20.3	28.5
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	235.0	220.9	271.9	234.6	255.5
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	166.4	161.4	204.1	171.5	188.0
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	*	4.3	*	4.3	4.8
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	92.2	83.2	122.4	106.3	103.8
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	27.4	26.2	40.1	27.1	26.8
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	64.7	56.6	82.3	78.6	76.6
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0) ²	*	*	*	*	3.7
Heart failure (I50)	16.6	20.7	23.1	23.1	25.9
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	16.5	15.4	15.6	12.2	13.2
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	40.7	34.7	44.0	42.3	45.0
Atherosclerosis (I70)	*	*	*	*	*
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	*	6.7	*	4.0	5.1
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	16.2	13.3	9.4	11.8	12.5
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	57.9	45.2	55.6	41.0	42.4
Emphysema (J43)	*	4.3	*	*	3.6
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	51.4	39.8	54.0	37.8	37.8
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74) ²	30.2	17.8	26.9	15.7	16.0
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	24.9	15.8	23.1	14.0	14.3
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	10.8	10.8	*	11.9	8.5
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	25.3	11.2	11.3	14.0	10.8
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	93.0	75.0	69.7	60.2	62.7
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	45.9	22.9	21.4	20.0	13.1
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	40.3	20.5	18.0	18.4	11.9
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	47.1	52.1	48.3	40.2	49.6
Falls (W00-W19)	12.4	19.4	24.8	19.0	19.2
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	22.6	21.6	*	11.5	20.7
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	39.5	33.2	32.8	25.1	24.4
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	*	4.4	*	5.2	6.1
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	42.6	28.0	33.4	23.1	27.3
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	33.0	27.3	13.0	16.6	25.7
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	39.7	24.6	17.6	19.5	16.5

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-48m. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes by county/geographic region, Oregon resident males, 2015-2017 — Continued

Cause of death	Washington	Yamhill	North coast: Clatsop, Columbia, Lincoln, Tillamook	South coast: Coos, Curry
Total	679.8	858.9	884.1	1012.0
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	10.5	11.2	14.4	27.8
Septicemia (A40-A41)	3.9	*	*	*
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	156.0	183.4	198.5	210.9
Esophagus (C15)	6.5	11.1	11.0	10.3
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	12.5	16.6	18.4	14.6
Pancreas (C25)	14.5	15.3	12.8	15.2
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	31.6	40.5	47.1	50.3
Breast (C50)	*	*	*	*
Ovary (C56)	—	—	—	—
Prostate (C61)	17.2	26.5	20.7	20.6
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	5.2	*	*	*
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	16.7	23.9	23.0	21.6
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	5.6	*	6.6	*
Leukemia (C91-C95)	7.3	11.1	10.3	9.8
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	25.5	28.5	30.5	41.3
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	12.5	17.9	10.4	*
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	29.2	32.6	28.2	30.5
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	198.1	255.3	242.0	272.5
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	148.6	197.6	184.0	208.7
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	3.9	*	*	*
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	83.8	118.3	109.9	124.5
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	22.6	26.3	32.1	51.5
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	60.7	90.1	76.1	72.7
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0) ²	3.6	*	*	*
Heart failure (I50)	22.1	29.5	24.8	21.6
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	10.4	*	13.0	16.3
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	33.9	43.3	36.3	40.8
Atherosclerosis (I70)	*	*	*	*
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	*	*	*	*
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	8.4	*	11.5	11.1
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	25.4	43.6	52.8	54.2
Emphysema (J43)	*	*	*	*
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	23.0	38.2	45.7	50.1
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74) ²	11.9	11.2	20.1	28.0
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	9.6	*	19.0	26.3
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	9.7	*	6.8	11.4
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	7.4	*	14.1	26.1
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	34.9	63.2	71.9	92.3
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	9.1	22.6	28.3	27.6
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	8.2	19.2	25.6	21.9
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	25.8	40.6	43.6	64.7
Falls (W00-W19)	12.2	17.6	16.4	21.7
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	6.7	13.7	15.7	21.7
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	19.1	29.2	42.1	43.7
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	*	*	*	*
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	16.0	15.2	32.0	43.9
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	9.8	15.5	16.8	25.2
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	12.5	16.3	29.6	32.1

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-48m. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes by county/geographic region, Oregon resident males, 2015-2017 — Continued

Cause of death	Mid valley: Benton, Polk	North central: Crook, Gilliam, Hood River, Jefferson, Sherman, Wasco, Wheeler	South central: Klamath, Lake	Eastern Oregon: Baker, Grant, Harney, Malheur, Morrow, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa
Total	711.9	868.6	968.3	814.7
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	*	10.4	24.0	13.6
Septicemia (A40-A41)	*	*	*	*
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	167.8	200.1	191.9	167.3
Esophagus (C15)	8.0	8.9	*	8.3
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	10.9	20.3	16.1	16.2
Pancreas (C25)	10.8	15.9	15.0	12.3
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	37.0	45.0	31.0	37.3
Breast (C50)	*	—	*	*
Ovary (C56)	—	—	—	—
Prostate (C61)	21.0	25.1	31.7	16.4
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	*	*	*	*
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	20.8	18.3	32.6	17.7
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	8.4	*	*	6.3
Leukemia (C91-C95)	7.0	*	13.7	7.0
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	24.7	30.2	39.2	32.2
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	15.0	11.8	*	11.0
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	25.3	13.7	18.6	20.2
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	195.1	265.2	236.3	228.3
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	147.6	202.4	187.2	173.4
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	*	*	*	*
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	86.3	120.4	106.7	112.5
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	24.7	33.4	26.4	32.3
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	60.5	85.4	79.6	79.3
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0) ²	*	*	*	16.3
Heart failure (I50)	20.1	19.1	18.6	18.3
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	11.4	*	13.9	6.6
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	29.9	48.4	30.4	38.6
Atherosclerosis (I70)	*	—	—	*
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	*	*	*	*
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	8.4	10.3	*	10.0
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	31.7	36.6	73.3	50.8
Emphysema (J43)	*	*	*	*
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	28.2	31.6	69.7	46.7
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74) ²	9.8	16.7	35.4	18.7
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	8.4	15.6	30.6	16.9
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	9.8	*	*	10.7
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	10.7	*	24.6	11.9
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	48.3	68.3	61.8	71.7
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	14.1	31.6	29.9	28.4
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	13.5	29.9	27.7	27.1
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	34.2	36.7	31.8	43.3
Falls (W00-W19)	17.3	15.7	*	14.6
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	9.4	*	*	12.2
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	19.7	30.3	44.7	31.3
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	*	*	*	*
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	18.5	28.9	44.6	26.1
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	11.2	*	21.2	14.8
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	11.8	25.9	41.5	25.8

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 population based on the US year 2000 standard; calculations use age and sex population estimates from the Population Research Center, Portland State University.

² See footnote for this cause in Table 6-6.

* Age-adjusted rates are not calculated when fewer than 20 deaths were recorded, as the rate would be unreliable.

TABLE 6-48f. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes by county/geographic region, Oregon resident females, 2015-2017

Cause of death	State	Clackamas	Deschutes	Douglas	Jackson
Total	604.4	556.6	601.8	669.0	624.0
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	11.7	9.8	8.8	11.8	11.8
Septicemia (A40-A41)	4.5	4.0	*	*	*
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	136.1	127.9	127.3	148.9	140.5
Esophagus (C15)	1.4	*	*	*	*
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	11.6	10.7	14.8	12.4	14.1
Pancreas (C25)	10.2	10.9	12.4	11.6	8.0
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	32.4	29.3	24.8	40.2	33.5
Breast (C50)	19.8	21.0	15.4	19.9	19.8
Ovary (C56)	8.2	7.7	9.5	8.9	8.9
Prostate (C61)	—	—	—	—	—
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	3.8	3.0	5.8	*	*
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	11.5	9.2	11.1	14.8	12.7
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	4.1	3.2	*	*	3.8
Leukemia (C91-C95)	4.6	3.5	*	7.1	6.7
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	18.0	16.3	13.1	23.2	15.3
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	5.6	5.1	10.2	*	6.2
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	38.3	36.4	44.6	33.5	39.5
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	155.0	137.0	165.0	155.2	147.7
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	103.2	86.0	113.2	101.2	95.2
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	4.8	4.2	6.1	*	3.2
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	40.2	29.3	47.7	45.7	32.7
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	13.7	10.7	19.6	15.0	12.3
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	26.2	18.2	28.2	30.2	20.4
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0) ²	1.7	*	*	*	*
Heart failure (I50)	17.5	16.4	17.3	13.2	15.5
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	9.6	8.8	5.7	12.5	12.7
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	36.9	37.1	39.7	37.2	33.4
Atherosclerosis (I70)	0.7	*	*	*	*
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	2.1	*	*	*	*
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	8.5	7.8	6.6	11.7	8.6
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	38.4	31.6	40.2	53.8	43.6
Emphysema (J43)	2.6	2.7	*	*	*
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	34.1	27.3	38.1	47.2	39.4
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74) ²	8.9	8.6	9.1	12.2	9.4
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	6.8	6.9	6.1	8.8	7.2
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	6.3	6.9	*	8.0	6.8
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	8.0	5.7	*	6.2	15.5
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	31.2	28.1	31.6	48.0	30.0
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	7.4	7.3	*	16.0	10.1
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	7.1	7.1	*	15.3	9.8
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	23.8	20.8	25.3	32.0	19.9
Falls (W00-W19)	12.5	11.8	15.6	13.3	9.0
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	6.9	4.5	*	*	6.8
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	8.8	6.2	12.9	*	14.2
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	1.7	*	*	*	*
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	10.2	9.8	8.6	17.6	9.2
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	11.2	7.2	10.0	17.4	14.3
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	3.7	*	*	*	*

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-48f. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes by county/geographic region, Oregon resident females, 2015-2017 — Continued

Cause of death	Josephine	Lane	Linn	Marion	Multnomah
Total	677.2	605.8	712.6	627.0	613.2
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	11.3	12.0	9.3	13.4	13.1
Septicemia (A40-A41)	*	4.0	*	5.7	5.4
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	150.9	129.5	147.4	142.7	139.2
Esophagus (C15)	*	*	*	*	*
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	11.8	11.1	12.2	9.9	9.7
Pancreas (C25)	10.3	9.8	7.1	10.5	9.6
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	37.4	31.8	39.8	32.3	35.7
Breast (C50)	25.3	18.2	18.5	20.6	19.6
Ovary (C56)	*	7.6	*	8.9	7.8
Prostate (C61)	—	—	—	—	—
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	*	2.9	*	3.2	3.7
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	9.4	12.1	15.4	13.3	13.1
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	*	4.7	*	4.3	4.6
Leukemia (C91-C95)	*	5.3	*	5.1	4.3
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	14.7	18.5	29.5	23.9	17.4
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	*	4.7	7.7	5.3	6.5
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	25.7	54.9	47.4	30.8	38.7
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	147.2	147.0	192.6	158.4	165.4
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	96.7	96.0	138.0	103.0	110.0
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	*	3.8	7.6	4.0	5.8
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	40.0	35.5	52.9	42.1	43.1
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	10.9	11.9	16.4	13.4	12.2
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	28.1	23.5	36.1	28.6	30.3
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0) ²	*	*	*	*	1.4
Heart failure (I50)	15.3	17.6	24.2	15.4	17.3
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	12.8	9.1	12.8	10.3	9.7
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	31.7	37.4	35.9	39.2	40.7
Atherosclerosis (I70)	*	*	*	*	*
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	*	*	*	*	2.1
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	8.8	7.8	9.0	7.5	10.7
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	49.2	38.7	43.8	35.2	36.0
Emphysema (J43)	*	*	*	*	2.5
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	43.8	34.7	38.7	30.4	31.7
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74) ²	*	8.1	*	9.0	7.0
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	*	6.0	*	6.3	5.0
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	*	8.2	*	4.7	4.7
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	14.9	4.9	*	11.5	7.6
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	42.0	40.6	44.6	32.9	28.4
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	22.6	7.6	11.9	8.0	3.7
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	22.6	7.2	11.9	7.3	3.4
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	19.4	33.1	32.7	24.9	24.7
Falls (W00-W19)	10.3	18.7	22.1	14.7	11.6
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	*	9.9	*	7.2	8.5
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	17.2	9.3	12.1	8.4	6.5
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	*	*	*	*	1.5
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	16.4	9.4	12.4	9.4	8.7
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	*	14.9	11.6	11.7	12.7
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	*	3.9	*	*	2.3

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-48f. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes by county/geographic region, Oregon resident females, 2015-2017 — Continued

Cause of death	Washington	Yamhill	North coast: Clatsop, Columbia, Lincoln, Tillamook	South coast: Coos, Curry
Total	513.7	634.9	650.1	756.2
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	9.7	9.5	14.7	21.5
Septicemia (A40-A41)	3.8	*	5.1	*
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	117.3	137.9	157.8	172.4
Esophagus (C15)	*	*	*	*
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	8.4	15.2	12.4	18.6
Pancreas (C25)	9.3	12.1	12.6	14.3
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	24.1	29.6	42.9	46.6
Breast (C50)	18.0	16.6	19.1	24.8
Ovary (C56)	7.0	*	9.2	8.5
Prostate (C61)	—	—	—	—
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	3.9	*	*	*
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	10.7	15.0	12.0	9.4
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	3.5	*	4.9	*
Leukemia (C91-C95)	4.2	*	4.8	*
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	13.6	21.4	21.1	17.0
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	5.2	*	*	*
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	38.7	42.2	34.2	41.1
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	134.6	158.0	169.2	203.3
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	88.4	113.1	118.5	138.7
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	4.8	9.4	5.7	*
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	31.1	41.9	48.4	62.0
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	11.4	13.5	17.9	27.5
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	19.5	27.8	29.9	34.4
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0) ²	*	*	*	*
Heart failure (I50)	17.9	15.2	24.3	25.9
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	9.2	*	7.7	11.1
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	32.6	34.1	38.4	42.0
Atherosclerosis (I70)	*	*	*	*
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	*	*	*	*
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	6.4	8.7	7.4	12.9
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	23.8	43.2	46.0	55.2
Emphysema (J43)	*	*	5.1	*
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	21.1	38.7	40.0	49.8
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74) ²	6.2	*	12.2	18.4
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	4.5	*	9.7	16.5
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	6.3	11.2	5.9	7.8
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	6.6	*	8.1	15.7
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	19.3	34.7	36.5	42.4
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	4.0	*	10.7	16.8
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	3.9	*	9.7	15.7
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	15.3	23.7	25.8	25.6
Falls (W00-W19)	7.8	13.5	12.9	9.3
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	4.4	*	*	*
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	7.3	*	12.5	14.2
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	*	*	*	—
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	7.2	*	12.4	28.1
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	8.3	*	15.1	14.2
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	2.5	*	*	*

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-48f. Age-adjusted death rates¹ for selected causes by county/geographic region, Oregon resident females, 2015-2017 — Continued

Cause of death	Mid valley: Benton, Polk	North central: Crook, Gilliam, Hood River, Jefferson, Sherman, Wasco, Wheeler	South central: Klamath, Lake	Eastern Oregon: Baker, Grant, Harney, Malheur, Morrow, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa
Total	526.7	594.0	720.3	636.7
Infectious & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	10.4	*	14.8	12.3
Septicemia (A40-A41)	*	*	*	8.1
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	117.9	132.4	161.0	144.8
Esophagus (C15)	*	*	*	*
Colon, rectum & anus (C18-C21)	10.5	14.4	16.5	15.6
Pancreas (C25)	9.2	11.0	*	9.8
Trachea, bronchus & lung (C33-C34)	27.4	34.6	35.0	28.4
Breast (C50)	17.6	17.7	24.0	28.9
Ovary (C56)	10.3	8.4	*	11.3
Prostate (C61)	—	—	—	—
Brain, etc. (C70-C72) ²	*	*	*	*
Lymphoid & hematopoietic (C81-C96)	7.9	8.7	14.9	8.2
Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (C82-C85)	*	*	*	*
Leukemia (C91-C95)	*	*	*	*
Diabetes mellitus (E10-E14)	17.5	18.3	23.4	20.4
Parkinson's disease (G20-G21)	5.7	*	*	*
Alzheimer's disease (G30)	30.1	19.3	35.2	37.0
Major cardiovascular diseases (I00-I78)	132.3	172.8	179.2	170.0
Heart disease (I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51)	87.4	118.7	128.5	117.9
Hypertensive heart disease (I11)	*	*	*	5.0
Ischemic heart disease (I20-I25)	33.4	51.2	49.1	52.4
Myocardial infarction (I21-I22)	13.3	15.7	15.6	17.1
Chronic ischemic heart disease (I20, I25)	20.2	35.5	33.4	35.2
Atherosclerotic cardiovascular dis. (I25.0) ²	*	*	*	7.4
Heart failure (I50)	17.6	15.1	22.2	18.4
Hypertension & hyp. renal disease (I10, I12, I15)	8.7	11.3	*	8.7
Cerebrovascular disease (I60-I69) ²	32.4	39.3	35.6	37.1
Atherosclerosis (I70)	—	*	—	*
Aortic aneurysm & dissection (I71)	*	*	*	*
Influenza & pneumonia (J09-J18)	9.4	*	10.8	7.2
Chronic lower respiratory disease (J40-J47) ²	26.9	36.6	60.7	52.2
Emphysema (J43)	*	*	*	*
Other CLRD (J44, J47)	22.9	30.8	55.5	46.3
Chronic liver disease & cirrhosis (K70, K73-K74) ²	7.6	11.6	17.4	10.9
Alcoholic liver disease (K70) ²	*	*	15.8	7.8
Nephritis (N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27) ²	*	*	*	8.2
Symptoms & signs NEC (R00-R99) ²	6.7	*	15.6	8.6
Unintentional injuries (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	32.3	35.6	37.9	31.6
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	*	12.8	*	7.9
Motor vehicle accidents (many codes) ²	*	*	*	*
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	25.8	22.7	25.0	23.8
Falls (W00-W19)	16.7	8.7	*	11.5
Poisoning (X40-X49) ²	*	*	*	*
Suicide (X60-X84, Y87.0)	*	*	*	9.5
Homicide (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	*	*	*	*
Alcohol-induced (many codes) ²	7.5	16.2	17.8	10.8
Drug-induced (many codes) ²	8.2	*	*	8.0
Injury by firearms (many codes) ²	*	*	*	*

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 population based on the US year 2000 standard; calculations use age and sex population estimates from the Population Research Center, Portland State University.

² See footnote for this cause in Table 6-6.

* Age-adjusted rates are not calculated when fewer than 20 deaths were recorded, as the rate would be unreliable.

TABLE 6-49. Selected causes of death for the residents of Oregon's largest cities, 2017

City of residence	Population	Total deaths	Selected causes of death									
			Cancer	Heart dis.	CLRD	Unint. injury	CeVD	Alzheimer's	Dia-betes	Alcohol	Suicide	Flu & pneu.
State total	4,141,100	36,640	8,084	6,945	2,088	2,073	2,066	1,850	1,243	878	825	573
Albany	52,710	616	137	119	36	38	31	41	26	11	9	5
Ashland	20,700	226	59	34	9	7	12	19	2	5	5	2
Baker City	9,800	160	28	38	14	13	8	11	7	7	6	—
Beaverton	95,685	917	214	173	31	36	52	51	27	29	16	15
Bend	86,765	908	193	190	41	61	46	59	17	18	42	10
Canby	16,660	201	43	46	13	9	11	3	11	2	2	1
Central Point ...	17,700	291	61	54	19	10	17	15	8	7	8	3
Coos Bay	16,615	412	86	73	27	22	24	28	21	15	9	4
Cornelius	11,915	76	22	12	4	5	4	2	2	1	—	1
Corvallis	58,735	425	88	86	17	27	33	28	12	2	10	7
Cottage Grove ..	9,920	223	52	47	15	16	19	8	7	4	6	1
Dallas	15,570	269	55	52	15	21	13	11	7	7	2	2
Eugene	167,780	1,858	395	339	114	132	85	157	56	36	42	35
Forest Grove ..	23,555	244	55	37	12	5	17	21	10	3	3	2
Gladstone	11,840	131	27	31	5	8	9	1	4	2	3	2
Grants Pass	37,135	990	192	185	61	50	55	40	30	23	21	19
Gresham	109,820	721	159	126	49	42	49	36	30	23	8	19
Happy Valley ..	19,985	194	44	49	7	11	8	12	3	4	8	4
Hermiston	17,985	196	39	38	18	7	9	15	11	6	6	3
Hillsboro	101,540	590	137	104	28	32	35	32	17	13	14	4
Keizer	38,345	374	81	62	27	24	22	17	18	4	4	6
Klamath Falls ..	21,770	639	133	111	59	33	30	18	24	20	18	18
La Grande	13,245	165	36	27	13	7	11	16	7	2	2	2
Lake Oswego ..	37,490	334	79	60	15	20	23	21	6	5	2	9
Lebanon	16,720	366	85	84	22	19	19	13	14	11	12	8
McMinnville	33,665	464	74	105	32	17	23	37	19	8	9	5
Medford	79,590	1,161	220	204	75	43	56	81	31	25	22	25
Milwaukie	20,550	639	136	123	24	26	39	31	26	22	12	10
Newberg	23,480	271	49	52	12	12	20	18	13	1	2	1
Newport	10,215	146	28	35	7	8	6	3	5	8	7	1
Ontario	11,465	193	43	45	10	8	12	12	8	5	3	2
Oregon City	34,610	506	130	77	32	31	25	22	23	9	12	13
Pendleton	16,890	193	39	31	15	10	8	3	6	13	7	3
Portland	639,100	5,495	1,164	994	244	365	329	257	172	134	136	86
Prineville	9,880	254	60	67	14	12	31	7	5	5	5	5
Redmond	28,265	356	91	58	21	23	20	12	17	7	8	7
Roseburg	24,015	723	138	140	49	43	40	39	30	13	13	11
Salem	163,480	1,876	412	339	88	110	103	72	61	42	41	35
Sandy	10,855	137	26	25	7	8	7	6	4	3	2	1
Sherwood	19,350	136	24	25	3	7	7	11	9	1	5	1
Silverton	10,070	102	27	12	2	5	6	2	9	2	7	1
Springfield	60,655	803	164	133	60	36	43	75	35	26	17	17
St. Helens	13,240	153	36	32	10	10	10	3	6	3	5	3
The Dalles	14,625	288	55	60	19	13	13	6	8	6	2	6
Tigard	50,985	465	117	99	18	17	23	21	20	9	13	7
Troutdale	16,070	93	19	19	2	6	4	6	2	2	2	4
Tualatin	26,960	183	35	30	8	9	15	12	4	2	2	2
West Linn	25,695	186	34	27	8	10	14	18	6	4	4	4
Wilsonville	24,315	182	44	30	6	8	17	16	5	2	—	3
Woodburn	24,685	246	71	49	6	16	19	16	5	2	2	2

— Quantity is zero.

Abbreviations: CLRD = Chronic lower respiratory disease; CeVD = Cerebrovascular disease;

TABLE 6-50. Oregon deaths resulting from injuries occurring while at work by sex, age, manner, place, weekday, and time, 2017

Manner/type, place, weekday, and time of injury	Total	Sex		Age at death					
		M	F	< 25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+
Total ¹	56	54	2	1	9	12	11	14	9
Oregon residents	50	48	2	1	9	9	10	13	8
Non-Oregon residents	6	6	—	—	—	3	1	1	1
Type of injury									
Accident	48	46	2	1	9	9	10	12	7
Motor vehicle	21	20	1	1	4	6	3	6	1
Watercraft & drowning	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aircraft	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Falls	3	3	—	—	—	1	—	—	2
Struck by projected/falling object	2	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	1
Smoke & fire	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Machinery	4	4	—	—	—	—	2	2	—
Suicide	5	5	—	—	—	2	1	1	1
Homicide	2	2	—	—	—	1	—	1	—
Firearms	1	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Undetermined intent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other injury	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Place of injury									
Home	5	5	—	—	—	1	—	—	4
Farm	9	8	1	—	1	2	2	4	—
Residential or other institution	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Industrial or construction area	2	2	—	—	1	—	—	1	—
Warehouse, trade or service area	2	2	—	—	—	—	1	1	—
Street or highway	18	17	1	1	2	5	3	6	1
Sport or recreation area	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other or unspecified place	20	20	—	—	5	4	5	2	4
Weekday of injury									
Sunday	2	2	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Monday	5	4	1	—	—	2	1	1	1
Tuesday	18	18	—	1	3	1	4	5	4
Wednesday	10	9	1	—	1	3	5	1	—
Thursday	8	8	—	—	1	1	1	3	2
Friday	6	6	—	—	3	1	—	1	1
Saturday	7	7	—	—	1	3	—	3	—
Not stated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Time of injury									
12:00-3:59 AM	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
4:00-7:59 AM	5	5	—	—	—	2	—	2	1
8:00-11:59 AM	15	15	—	1	2	5	4	1	2
12:00-3:59 PM	11	11	—	—	1	2	3	3	2
4:00-7:59 PM	4	3	1	—	2	—	—	1	1
8:00-11:59 PM	3	3	—	—	1	1	1	—	—
Not stated	16	15	1	—	3	2	3	5	3

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Residents of other states who were injured in Oregon but died outside of Oregon are not included.

TABLE 6-51. Causes mentioned on the death certificate but were not the underlying cause of death, by county of residence, Oregon residents, 2017

County of residence	Heart dis.	Dia-betes	CLRD	Organic demen-tia	CeVD	Cancer	Flu & pneu-monia	Alcohol induc.	Unint. injury	Alz-heim-er's
Total	7,439	3,300	2,662	2,085	1,847	1,114	1,076	708	648	488
Baker	24	14	17	9	4	6	3	1	2	1
Benton	128	47	30	30	29	19	18	8	11	11
Clackamas ...	735	298	231	241	193	97	91	71	65	45
Clatsop	84	39	32	16	18	8	10	4	5	3
Columbia	66	34	26	13	16	4	10	13	4	4
Coos	177	86	84	40	38	30	39	23	16	14
Crook	42	13	33	9	19	8	8	4	7	1
Curry	76	30	24	16	15	11	12	6	4	2
Deschutes ...	295	118	109	84	70	55	44	43	29	20
Douglas	351	189	153	73	69	57	57	29	22	21
Gilliam	3	–	2	3	–	–	–	–	–	1
Grant	23	14	10	8	3	5	5	2	5	–
Harney	7	1	4	5	2	3	1	1	1	–
Hood River ...	30	16	11	13	15	6	4	6	10	4
Jackson	500	215	155	131	102	66	85	39	42	20
Jefferson	45	13	16	8	13	3	7	3	6	3
Josephine ...	257	107	105	64	54	35	41	23	35	10
Klamath	183	80	68	40	43	25	18	17	17	4
Lake	19	7	10	1	2	2	1	1	–	–
Lane	864	396	366	227	211	166	85	84	57	72
Lincoln	91	28	36	28	25	11	22	17	9	6
Linn	291	168	132	81	74	43	35	34	19	20
Malheur	42	31	25	19	17	–	8	3	3	7
Marion	544	257	183	164	140	77	112	34	26	22
Morrow	13	8	4	5	2	2	–	2	2	3
Multnomah ...	1,162	485	369	358	315	155	166	132	113	108
Polk	148	57	42	45	30	22	27	10	18	8
Sherman	3	5	1	2	2	–	1	–	–	–
Tillamook	55	20	27	6	21	6	7	9	5	1
Umatilla	189	78	62	33	41	29	21	14	14	13
Union	32	19	11	7	4	5	7	7	6	1
Wallowa	17	14	7	7	6	5	6	1	2	–
Wasco	59	36	25	15	8	15	7	6	15	3
Washington ..	652	262	179	211	180	89	83	48	62	44
Wheeler	5	1	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–
Yamhill	227	114	73	73	64	49	35	13	16	16

– Quantity is zero.

Notes: Causes mentioned are not counted more than once per certificate.

Abbreviations: Heart dis. = Heart disease; CLRD = Chronic lower respiratory disease; CeVD = Cerebrovascular disease; Unint. injury = Unintentional injury; Alcohol induc. = Alcohol induced.

TABLE 6-52. Causes mentioned on the death certificate but were not the underlying cause of death, by sex and age, Oregon residents, 2017

Sex and age	Heart dis.	Dia-betes	CLRD	Organic demen-tia	CeVD	Cancer	Flu & pneu-monia	Alcohol induc.	Unint. injury	Alz-heim-er's
Both sexes *										
Total	7,439	3,300	2,662	2,085	1,847	1,114	1,076	708	648	488
<1	13	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–
1-4	7	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–
5-14	10	–	2	–	1	2	4	–	2	–
15-24	9	3	3	–	2	–	2	22	3	–
25-34	47	6	4	–	6	1	6	42	7	–
35-44	73	33	10	1	7	3	15	50	6	–
45-54	245	126	78	4	40	23	33	112	15	–
55-64	695	420	337	39	118	117	100	235	57	4
65-74	1,415	744	699	159	273	216	212	158	106	31
75-84	1,958	968	788	582	506	337	293	66	159	118
85+	2,967	1,000	741	1,300	893	413	409	23	293	335
Male										
Total	3,816	1,851	1,424	889	831	612	566	520	326	183
<1	6	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
1-4	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
5-14	4	–	2	–	–	–	3	–	–	–
15-24	5	1	2	–	1	–	–	19	2	–
25-34	27	4	2	–	4	–	3	31	4	–
35-44	33	21	4	1	3	1	7	35	2	–
45-54	146	78	41	1	18	8	15	76	10	–
55-64	431	268	194	22	70	76	56	169	39	1
65-74	853	470	417	95	155	131	121	122	65	12
75-84	1,080	569	415	284	267	193	168	49	89	57
85+	1,227	440	347	486	313	203	192	19	115	113
Female										
Total	3,623	1,449	1,237	1,196	1,016	502	510	188	322	305
<1	7	–	–	–	1	1	1	–	–	–
1-4	3	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–
5-14	6	–	–	–	1	2	1	–	2	–
15-24	4	2	1	–	1	–	2	3	1	–
25-34	20	2	2	–	2	1	3	11	3	–
35-44	40	12	6	–	4	2	8	15	4	–
45-54	99	48	37	3	22	15	18	36	5	–
55-64	264	152	142	17	48	41	44	66	18	3
65-74	562	274	282	64	118	85	91	36	41	19
75-84	878	399	373	298	239	144	125	17	70	61
85+	1,740	560	394	814	580	210	217	4	178	222

– Quantity is zero.

* Includes unknown sex.

Note: Causes mentioned are not counted more than once per certificate.

Abbreviations: Heart dis. = Heart disease; CLRD = Chronic lower respiratory disease; CeVD = Cerebrovascular disease; Unint. injury = Unintentional injury; Alcohol induc. = Alcohol induced.

TABLE 6-53. Place of death by sex, age, and selected causes of death, Oregon residents, 2017

Characteristics	Total	Hospital		Nursing home	Resid. inst. ¹	Hospice facility	Home ²	Other
		In-patient	ER/DOA					
Total*	36,640	8,824	1,546	3,494	5,645	1,095	14,285	1,751
Sex								
Male	18,689	4,683	917	1,672	1,964	559	7,723	1,171
Female	17,949	4,140	629	1,822	3,681	536	6,561	580
Age at death								
<1	236	176	35	–	–	–	21	4
1-4	50	18	13	–	–	–	14	5
5-14	75	18	9	–	–	–	30	18
15-24	341	48	24	3	3	3	111	149
25-34	552	111	38	6	3	6	203	185
35-44	861	246	71	16	7	20	325	176
45-54	1,808	498	154	59	29	57	784	227
55-64	4,610	1,326	274	312	150	118	2,112	318
65-74	7,173	2,033	360	651	429	260	3,194	246
75-84	8,685	2,208	324	938	1,267	301	3,430	217
85+	12,249	2,142	244	1,509	3,757	330	4,061	206
Selected causes of death								
Viral hepatitis	139	56	4	11	7	4	53	4
Cancer	8,084	1,426	101	702	636	452	4,548	219
Diabetes mellitus	1,243	163	95	148	143	25	626	43
Alzheimer's disease	1,850	73	10	224	1,001	34	474	34
Heart disease	6,945	1,660	567	669	980	139	2,679	251
Myocardial infarction	1,088	435	178	51	86	10	296	32
Cerebrovascular disease	2,066	719	70	301	411	72	461	32
CLRD ³	2,088	510	80	229	263	51	899	56
Asthma	65	12	6	3	11	1	29	3
Influenza & pneumonia	573	393	17	53	40	10	58	2
SIDS	21	–	11	–	–	–	9	1
Unintentional injuries	2,073	575	154	97	134	67	484	562
Motor vehicle	507	95	68	4	4	1	10	325
Water transport	6	1	1	–	–	–	–	4
Falls	764	332	30	77	108	61	128	28
Drowning	49	3	4	–	–	–	5	37
Suffocation	95	41	12	2	6	2	26	6
Fire, flames & smoke	36	9	2	–	–	–	23	2
Poisoning	450	45	22	1	4	2	253	123
Suicide	825	46	42	1	3	1	511	221
Homicide	128	13	17	–	1	–	47	50
Alcohol-induced ⁴	878	253	30	46	37	28	428	56
Gunshot (any manner)	529	16	32	–	–	–	325	156

– Quantity is zero.

* Includes unknown sex.

¹ Residential institution includes adult foster care, residential care facilities, and assisted living.² Decedent's own home or apartment (includes home hospice).³ CLRD = Chronic lower respiratory disease.⁴ See Table 6-6, footnotes 39-40, for list of included conditions and their ICD codes.

TABLE 6-54. Crude death rates¹ for selected leading causes of mortality, United States, 2002-2016²

Year	Total	Heart disease	Cancer	Unintentional injuries	CLRD	Cerebrovascular disease	Alzheimer's disease	Diabetes	Pneumonia & influenza
2002	847.3	241.7	193.2	37.0	43.3	56.4	20.4	25.4	22.8
2003	841.9	235.6	191.5	37.6	43.5	54.2	21.8	25.5	22.4
2004	816.5	222.2	188.6	38.1	41.5	51.1	22.5	24.9	20.3
2005	825.9	220.0	188.7	39.7	44.2	48.4	24.2	25.3	21.3
2006	810.4	211.0	187.0	40.6	41.6	45.8	24.2	24.2	18.8
2007	803.6	204.3	186.6	41.0	42.4	45.1	24.7	23.7	17.5
2008	813.0	202.9	186.0	40.1	46.4	44.1	27.1	23.2	18.5
2009	793.8	195.2	184.9	38.4	44.7	42.0	25.7	22.4	17.5
2010	799.5	193.6	186.2	39.1	44.7	41.9	27.0	22.4	16.2
2011	807.3	191.5	185.1	40.6	45.9	41.4	27.3	23.7	17.3
2012	810.2	191.0	185.6	40.7	45.7	40.9	26.6	23.6	16.1
2013	821.5	193.3	185.0	41.3	47.2	40.8	26.8	23.9	18.0
2014	823.7	192.7	185.6	42.7	46.1	41.7	29.3	24.0	17.3
2015	844.0	197.2	185.4	45.6	48.2	43.7	34.4	24.7	17.8
2016	849.3	196.6	185.1	49.9	47.8	44.0	35.9	24.8	15.9

Year	Suicide	Alcohol ³	Hypertension	Parkinson's disease	Homicide	Congenital anomalies	ALS	Viral hepatitis	Arterio-sclerosis ⁴
2002	11.0	7.0	7.0	5.9	6.1	3.7	2.0	2.0	4.8
2003	10.8	7.1	7.5	6.2	6.1	3.6	2.0	1.9	4.5
2004	11.0	7.2	7.9	6.1	5.9	3.6	1.9	1.8	4.0
2005	11.0	7.3	8.4	6.6	6.1	3.5	2.0	1.9	4.0
2006	11.1	7.4	8.0	6.5	6.2	3.5	2.0	2.4	2.9
2007	11.5	7.7	7.9	6.7	6.1	3.5	2.0	2.5	2.7
2008	11.9	8.0	8.5	6.7	5.9	3.4	2.0	2.5	2.6
2009	12.0	8.0	8.4	6.7	5.5	3.2	2.1	2.5	2.4
2010	12.4	8.3	8.6	7.1	5.3	3.1	2.2	2.4	2.3
2011	12.7	8.6	8.9	7.4	5.2	3.1	2.2	2.5	2.2
2012	12.9	8.8	9.3	7.6	5.3	3.1	2.3	2.6	2.2
2013	13.0	9.2	9.7	8.0	5.1	3.0	2.2	2.6	2.1
2014	13.4	9.6	9.5	8.2	5.0	3.0	2.3	2.5	2.0
2015	13.7	10.3	10.0	8.7	5.5	3.1	2.3	2.3	1.9
2016	13.9	10.8	10.3	9.2	6.0	3.1	2.1	2.0	1.8

¹ All rates per 100,000 population.

² Most recent year for which final data are available.

³ See footnote for this cause in Table 6-6.

⁴ Beginning in 2006, the National Center for Health Statistics changed the ICD-10 codes for arteriosclerosis to include only ICD-10 code I70.

TABLE 6-55. Age-adjusted death rates for residents of Oregon and the United States for leading causes of death, 2016¹

Cause	Age-adjusted rate ²		Percent difference	State rank ³	ICD-10 codes ⁴
	U.S.	Oregon			
All causes	728.8	705.9	-3.1	38	A00-Y89.9
Malignant neoplasms	155.8	155.9	0.1	32	C00-C97
Heart disease	165.5	135.0	-18.4	47	I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51
Unintended injuries	47.4	46.0	-3.0	34	V01-X59, Y85-Y86
Chronic lower respiratory disease	40.6	40.4	-0.5	30	J40-J47
Cerebrovascular disease	37.3	37.8	1.3	25	I60-I69
Alzheimer's disease	30.3	34.8	14.9	20	G30
Diabetes mellitus	21.0	24.0	14.3	11	E10-E14
Suicide	13.5	17.8	31.9	16	X60-X84, Y87.0
Alcohol-induced deaths	9.5	16.9	77.9	5	E24.4, F10, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1, I42.6, K29.2, K70, K86.0, R78.0, X45, X65, Y15
Hypertension	8.6	10.6	23.3	8	I10, I12, I15
Parkinson's disease	8.0	9.1	13.8	7	G20-G21
Influenza & pneumonia	13.5	8.9	-34.1	49	J09-J18
Nephritis & nephrosis	13.1	7.7	-41.2	47	N00-N07, N17-N19, N25-N27
Septicemia	10.7	5.2	-51.4	49	A40-A41
Congenital anomalies	3.2	3.3	3.1	30	Q00-Q99
Homicide	6.2	3.3	-46.8	37	X85-Y09, Y87.1
Perinatal conditions	4.0	3.0	-25.0	44	P00-P96
Viral hepatitis	1.6	2.9	81.3	4	B15-B19
Aortic aneurysm & dissection	2.6	2.5	-3.8	34	I71
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	1.7	2.1	23.5	14	G12.2
Arteriosclerosis	1.5	0.9	-40.0	32	I70
HIV/AIDS	1.8	0.8	-55.6	29	B20-B24

¹ Most recent year for which final data are available.

² Rates are adjusted to the U.S. standard million population and are per 100,000. Age-adjusted death rates allow the comparison of Oregon and the U.S. as if the population structure of each were identical (Oregon's population is older than the U.S. as a whole). All rates in this table were calculated using the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention WONDER (Wide-ranging Online Data for Epidemiological Research) system (<http://wonder.cdc.gov>). These rates may vary slightly from rates published by the National Center for Health Statistics and the Oregon Center for Health Statistics due to different file closure dates and different population estimate methodologies.

³ Ranked from high (1) to low (51) among the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Rankings for some causes of death are not out of a total of 51 because states with unreliable data have been excluded.

⁴ From the World Health Organization's International Classification of Disease, 10th Edition.

TABLE 6-56. Highest and lowest age-adjusted death rates¹ by state, 2016²

Cause	Lowest		Highest	
	State	Rate	State	Rate
All causes	Hawaii	572.0	Mississippi	948.9
Heart disease	Minnesota	114.9	Mississippi	233.1
Malignant neoplasms	Utah	122.4	Kentucky	193.8
Unintended injuries	California	32.0	West Virginia	89.7
Chronic lower respiratory disease	Hawaii	17.7	Kentucky	66.3
Cerebrovascular disease	New York	25.5	Alabama	51.6
Alzheimer's disease	New York	13.1	Mississippi	45.8
Diabetes mellitus	Massachusetts	14.9	West Virginia	34.8
Influenza & pneumonia	Vermont	7.0	Hawaii	24.4
Suicide	District of Columbia	5.2	Montana	25.9
Nephritis & nephrosis	Vermont	3.7	Mississippi	22.8
Septicemia	California	3.4	Louisiana	19.1
Alcohol-induced deaths	Maryland	5.2	New Mexico	30.2
Hypertension	Colorado	4.7	Mississippi	14.7
Parkinson's disease	District of Columbia	4.8	Utah	12.0
Homicide	Idaho	1.9	District of Columbia	16.8
Perinatal conditions	Washington	2.5	Delaware	7.0
Congenital anomalies	New Hampshire	1.9	West Virginia	5.0
Aortic aneurysm & dissection	Massachusetts	1.9	North Dakota	4.4
HIV/AIDS	Wisconsin	0.4	District of Columbia	12.3
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	Hawaii	1.2	Vermont	3.6
Viral hepatitis	Wisconsin	0.7	District of Columbia	4.5
Arteriosclerosis	Minnesota	0.5	Kansas	10.5

¹ Rates are adjusted to the U.S. standard million population and are per 100,000. Age-adjusted death rates allow the comparison of Oregon and the U.S. as if the population structure of each were identical (Oregon's population is older than the U.S. as a whole). All rates in this table were calculated using the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention WONDER (Wide-ranging Online Data for Epidemiological Research) system (<http://wonder.cdc.gov>). These rates may vary slightly from rates published by the National Center for Health Statistics and the Oregon Center for Health Statistics due to different file closure dates and different population estimate methodologies.

² Most recent year for which final data are available.

TABLE 6-57. Life expectancy at birth and remaining years at selected ages by county and sex, Oregon residents, 2013-2017

County of residence	At birth (with C.I.) ¹	At birth		At age 25		At age 35	
		M	F	M	F	M	F
Oregon	79.7 (79.6 - 79.8)	77.4	82.0	53.5	57.7	44.1	48.0
Baker	78.8 (77.7 - 79.8)	77.0	80.6	54.2	56.3	45.0	46.9
Benton	83.4 (83.0 - 83.8)	81.5	85.2	57.0	61.0	47.5	51.2
Clackamas	80.9 (80.7 - 81.1)	78.7	83.0	54.8	58.7	45.5	49.0
Clatsop	77.9 (77.2 - 78.6)	75.7	80.3	52.2	56.3	42.9	46.8
Columbia	79.2 (78.6 - 79.8)	76.7	81.7	52.9	57.4	43.7	47.8
Coos	76.5 (76.0 - 77.0)	74.2	79.0	50.9	54.7	41.5	45.2
Crook	78.5 (77.5 - 79.4)	76.0	81.1	52.8	57.0	43.7	47.3
Curry	76.1 (75.0 - 77.1)	73.0	79.4	50.5	55.1	42.2	45.7
Deschutes	80.6 (80.3 - 80.9)	78.6	82.6	54.4	58.3	45.2	48.6
Douglas	77.4 (77.0 - 77.8)	74.4	80.7	51.2	56.5	42.3	47.2
Gilliam	81.4 (77.3 - 85.6)	77.4	**	56.4	**	47.2	**
Grant	81.7 (79.9 - 83.5)	79.5	84.4	56.4	60.9	47.0	51.2
Harney	77.8 (76.1 - 79.6)	75.9	80.0	53.4	56.8	43.6	47.4
Hood River	81.5 (80.7 - 82.3)	78.7	84.1	54.6	59.6	45.1	49.8
Jackson	78.9 (78.6 - 79.2)	76.3	81.6	52.5	57.3	43.3	47.7
Jefferson	77.4 (76.5 - 78.4)	75.4	79.8	52.6	56.3	43.7	46.8
Josephine	76.9 (76.5 - 77.4)	73.7	80.3	50.4	56.1	41.7	46.7
Klamath	76.9 (76.4 - 77.4)	74.4	79.5	51.0	55.4	42.0	46.0
Lake	79.0 (77.5 - 80.4)	78.3	79.8	54.1	56.0	44.8	46.7
Lane	79.4 (79.2 - 79.6)	77.0	81.8	53.0	57.5	43.7	47.9
Lincoln	77.7 (77.0 - 78.4)	75.0	80.5	51.5	56.8	42.6	47.3
Linn	77.9 (77.6 - 78.3)	75.7	80.1	51.9	55.7	42.6	46.0
Malheur	78.2 (77.5 - 79.0)	77.0	79.5	53.7	55.2	44.5	45.7
Marion	79.4 (79.2 - 79.6)	77.1	81.7	53.1	57.4	43.7	47.7
Morrow	80.5 (79.3 - 81.8)	78.5	82.9	55.1	59.1	45.9	49.1
Multnomah	79.2 (79.1 - 79.4)	76.7	81.7	52.7	57.5	43.2	47.7
Polk	79.8 (79.4 - 80.3)	77.9	81.7	54.2	57.6	44.9	48.0
Sherman	79.6 (75.7 - 83.4)	**	**	**	**	**	**
Tillamook	78.7 (77.9 - 79.5)	76.7	80.9	53.1	56.5	43.7	46.7
Umatilla	78.9 (78.4 - 79.3)	76.7	81.3	52.9	57.2	43.4	47.3
Union	79.8 (79.0 - 80.7)	78.2	81.4	54.6	57.4	45.4	48.0
Wallowa	80.1 (78.2 - 81.9)	77.0	83.3	54.8	58.8	46.0	49.1
Wasco	78.0 (77.2 - 78.8)	75.0	81.3	51.3	57.1	42.2	47.3
Washington	82.3 (82.2 - 82.5)	80.3	84.1	56.1	59.8	46.5	50.0
Wheeler	82.4 (79.4 - 85.3)	**	**	**	**	**	**
Yamhill	79.7 (79.3 - 80.1)	77.8	81.5	53.7	57.4	44.4	47.7

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6-57. Life expectancy at birth and remaining years at selected ages by county and sex, Oregon residents, 2013-2017 — Continued

County of residence	At age 45		At age 55		At age 65		At age 75		At age 85	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Oregon	34.9	38.5	26.2	29.5	18.6	21.1	11.8	13.6	6.2	7.4
Baker	35.4	38.0	26.6	29.1	19.1	20.7	12.1	12.8	7.0	7.1
Benton	38.0	41.7	29.1	32.3	20.9	23.6	13.4	15.3	7.2	8.6
Clackamas	36.2	39.4	27.3	30.3	19.2	21.6	12.1	13.8	6.5	7.6
Clatsop	34.1	37.4	25.8	28.8	18.5	20.5	11.9	13.2	6.6	6.5
Columbia	34.6	38.5	26.0	29.3	18.1	20.8	11.5	13.7	6.3	7.3
Coos	32.6	36.0	24.5	27.3	17.6	19.7	11.2	12.5	6.3	6.6
Crook	34.5	38.0	26.0	29.6	18.3	21.3	11.4	13.6	6.3	7.5
Curry	33.0	36.5	25.0	27.7	17.7	19.6	11.1	11.9	5.5	6.1
Deschutes	35.9	39.0	27.1	29.6	19.2	20.9	11.8	13.0	6.1	6.6
Douglas	33.3	38.0	25.2	29.3	18.3	21.3	11.8	14.1	6.8	8.5
Gilliam	39.7	**	30.1	**	21.9	**	14.6	**	7.1	**
Grant	38.2	41.5	29.3	32.2	21.7	23.9	14.6	15.9	9.3	9.6
Harney	34.7	38.0	26.6	29.2	18.9	21.7	12.2	14.8	7.6	8.3
Hood River	35.7	40.0	26.8	30.4	18.5	21.9	11.3	14.0	5.6	8.0
Jackson	34.3	38.2	25.8	29.3	18.5	21.0	11.7	13.5	6.3	7.3
Jefferson	34.8	37.6	26.4	28.9	18.6	20.5	11.2	13.1	6.2	6.4
Josephine	33.1	37.4	24.6	28.7	17.7	20.6	11.4	13.6	6.5	7.7
Klamath	33.0	36.9	25.0	28.4	17.9	20.3	11.1	12.8	5.7	7.1
Lake	35.3	37.1	26.6	29.0	18.8	20.7	12.1	13.3	7.1	7.6
Lane	34.6	38.4	26.1	29.4	18.6	21.1	11.8	13.5	6.1	7.3
Lincoln	33.8	38.0	25.6	29.5	18.6	21.6	11.9	14.0	6.3	7.8
Linn	33.4	36.7	25.0	27.9	17.6	19.7	10.9	12.3	5.3	6.5
Malheur	35.1	36.5	26.5	28.1	18.7	20.3	11.9	12.9	7.1	7.4
Marion	34.4	38.2	25.8	29.2	18.2	20.9	11.6	13.5	6.1	7.4
Morrow	36.5	39.5	27.3	30.3	19.7	22.1	12.9	14.5	7.9	8.6
Multnomah	34.0	38.2	25.3	29.1	18.0	20.8	11.4	13.3	5.9	7.1
Polk	35.7	38.3	26.9	29.4	19.0	20.8	12.3	13.1	6.1	6.2
Sherman	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Tillamook	34.5	37.6	26.0	29.0	18.3	20.8	11.7	13.2	5.9	6.6
Umatilla	34.2	37.8	25.4	29.1	18.1	21.1	11.4	13.4	6.2	7.7
Union	36.0	38.8	27.1	30.2	19.6	21.8	12.7	14.6	7.3	8.7
Wallowa	36.5	39.6	28.5	30.6	20.4	22.6	13.3	14.3	7.1	7.6
Wasco	33.0	38.0	24.8	28.9	17.3	20.8	10.8	13.4	5.8	7.9
Washington	37.0	40.3	27.9	31.1	19.7	22.3	12.5	14.4	6.6	8.0
Wheeler	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Yamhill	35.0	38.2	26.1	29.3	18.2	20.9	11.4	13.8	5.9	7.5

** Insufficient population size for calculation.

¹ C.I. = 95% confidence interval.

TABLE 6-58. Age-adjusted death rates for selected causes of death, Oregon and United States residents, 2002-2016¹

Year	Total			Cancer			Heart disease		
	Oregon	US	% Diff	Oregon	US	% Diff	Oregon	US	% Diff
2002	855.0	845.3	1.1	200.9	193.5	3.8	198.0	240.8	-17.8
2003	838.4	832.7	0.7	198.3	190.1	4.3	189.5	232.3	-18.4
2004	814.8	800.8	1.7	196.7	185.8	5.9	179.2	217.0	-17.4
2005	791.4	798.8	-0.9	189.4	183.8	3.0	169.5	211.1	-19.7
2006	784.5	776.5	1.0	185.7	180.7	2.8	162.6	200.2	-18.8
2007	771.6	760.2	1.5	184.7	178.4	3.5	159.7	190.9	-16.3
2008	772.8	758.3	1.9	182.8	175.3	4.3	154.5	186.5	-17.2
2009	739.7	741.1	-0.2	176.7	173.2	2.0	143.0	180.1	-20.6
2010	735.0	747.0	-1.6	177.9	172.8	2.9	139.7	179.1	-22.0
2011	730.0	741.3	-1.5	172.7	169.0	2.2	136.2	173.7	-21.6
2012	706.4	732.8	-3.6	167.5	166.5	0.6	130.3	170.5	-23.6
2013	716.8	731.9	-2.1	163.0	163.2	-0.1	134.6	169.8	-20.7
2014	702.8	724.6	-3.0	159.3	161.2	-1.2	131.3	167.0	-21.4
2015	718.6	733.1	-2.0	159.5	158.5	0.6	135.3	168.5	-19.7
2016	702.6	728.8	-3.6	154.9	155.8	-0.6	134.3	165.5	-18.9

Year	Unintentional injuries			Chronic lower resp. disease			Cerebrovascular disease		
	Oregon	US	% Diff	Oregon	US	% Diff	Oregon	US	% Diff
2002	38.4	36.9	4.1	50.9	43.5	17.0	71.7	56.2	27.6
2003	38.3	37.3	2.7	49.8	43.3	15.0	68.5	53.5	28.0
2004	38.8	37.7	2.9	48.1	41.1	17.0	61.9	50.0	23.8
2005	37.6	39.1	-3.8	47.8	43.2	10.6	57.3	46.6	23.0
2006	40.7	39.8	2.3	46.8	40.5	15.6	48.8	43.6	11.9
2007	41.7	40.0	4.3	47.5	40.8	16.4	44.5	42.2	5.5
2008	42.4	38.8	9.3	48.2	44.0	9.5	45.6	40.7	12.0
2009	38.8	37.3	3.9	46.4	42.3	9.6	44.0	38.9	13.2
2010	37.8	38.0	-0.6	46.5	42.2	10.2	40.5	39.1	3.6
2011	40.4	39.1	3.4	45.6	42.5	7.2	42.0	37.9	10.8
2012	38.9	39.1	-0.6	42.0	41.5	1.1	37.5	36.9	1.5
2013	39.6	39.4	0.5	42.6	42.1	1.2	37.0	36.2	2.3
2014	40.7	40.5	0.4	39.7	40.5	-1.9	37.0	36.5	1.5
2015	44.1	43.2	2.0	41.9	41.6	0.7	37.1	37.6	-1.3
2016	46.0	47.4	-2.9	40.0	40.6	-1.5	37.5	37.3	0.6

¹ Most recent year for which final U.S. data are available.

NOTE: U.S. age-adjusted death rates are from compressed mortality files available at the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's WONDER online database. Unlike the data shown in tables 6-54 and 6-55, all Oregon data are from state mortality files. Consequently, the rates and percentage differences shown here will vary from those in tables 6-54 and 6-55 due to different file closure dates, different population estimate methodologies, and incorporation of physician query results. Because the ratios are based on national data, discontinuities may occur when Oregon physicians reported causes of death differently than their national counterparts (e.g., Alzheimer's disease vs. Alzheimer's dementia). Some differences between Oregon and U.S. rates (e.g., alcohol-induced deaths) result, at least in part, from Oregon's query program: when death certificates are incomplete, letters are sent to physicians/certifiers requesting additional information.

TABLE 6-58. Age-adjusted death rates for selected causes of death, Oregon and United States residents, 2002-2016¹ — Continued

Year	Alzheimer's disease			Diabetes mellitus			Suicide		
	Oregon	US	% Diff	Oregon	US	% Diff	Oregon	US	% Diff
2002	30.3	20.2	50.0	28.6	25.4	12.6	14.5	10.9	33.0
2003	30.6	21.4	43.0	28.1	25.3	11.1	16.3	10.8	50.9
2004	33.4	21.8	53.2	29.0	24.5	18.4	15.2	10.9	39.4
2005	30.4	22.9	32.8	29.3	24.6	19.1	14.9	10.9	36.7
2006	29.5	22.6	30.5	28.9	23.3	24.0	15.1	10.9	38.5
2007	28.0	22.7	23.3	27.9	22.5	24.0	15.6	11.3	38.1
2008	30.5	24.4	25.0	24.8	21.8	13.8	14.7	11.6	26.7
2009	27.7	23.5	17.8	25.3	20.9	20.9	16.1	11.8	36.2
2010	28.7	25.1	14.3	24.2	20.8	16.3	17.1	12.1	41.4
2011	28.8	24.7	16.7	24.8	21.6	14.9	16.2	12.3	31.4
2012	28.1	23.8	18.2	24.4	21.2	14.9	17.6	12.6	40.0
2013	27.1	23.5	15.4	23.4	21.2	10.6	16.8	12.6	33.4
2014	28.3	25.4	11.3	22.3	20.9	6.5	18.6	13.0	43.1
2015	32.6	29.4	11.0	22.9	21.3	7.3	17.8	13.3	33.8
2016	34.5	30.3	13.9	23.9	21.0	14.0	17.8	13.5	32.0

Year	Alcohol-induced			Hypertension			Parkinson's disease		
	Oregon	US	% Diff	Oregon	US	% Diff	Oregon	US	% Diff
2002	12.3	6.9	78.3	9.6	7.0	37.1	8.3	5.9	40.7
2003	14.2	7.0	102.9	9.3	7.4	25.7	8.4	6.2	35.5
2004	13.8	7.0	97.1	9.5	7.7	23.4	8.6	6.1	41.0
2005	13.7	7.0	95.7	10.6	8.0	32.5	7.7	6.4	20.3
2006	11.7	7.0	67.1	8.9	7.5	18.7	8.7	6.3	38.1
2007	13.1	7.3	79.5	8.6	7.4	16.2	8.2	6.4	28.1
2008	12.9	7.4	74.3	9.5	7.7	23.4	8.7	6.4	35.9
2009	13.4	7.4	81.4	9.5	7.7	23.1	8.3	6.4	29.7
2010	13.0	7.6	71.2	9.8	8.0	23.1	8.5	6.8	25.6
2011	14.6	7.7	89.3	9.7	8.1	19.5	8.0	7.0	14.1
2012	14.7	8.0	84.3	10.4	8.2	27.2	8.0	7.0	14.3
2013	15.4	8.2	88.2	10.7	8.5	25.9	8.5	7.3	15.9
2014	16.4	8.5	93.2	9.8	8.2	20.0	8.0	7.4	7.7
2015	18.7	9.1	105.1	11.1	8.5	31.0	8.7	7.7	13.3
2016	16.9	9.5	77.9	10.5	8.6	22.7	8.9	8.0	11.7

¹ Most recent year for which final U.S. data are available.

NOTE: U.S. age-adjusted death rates are from compressed mortality files available at the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's WONDER online database. Unlike the data shown in tables 6-54 and 6-55, all Oregon data are from state mortality files. Consequently, the rates and percentage differences shown here will vary from those in tables 6-54 and 6-55 due to different file closure dates, different population estimate methodologies, and incorporation of physician query results. Because the ratios are based on national data, discontinuities may occur when Oregon physicians reported causes of death differently than their national counterparts (e.g., Alzheimer's disease vs. Alzheimer's dementia). Some differences between Oregon and U.S. rates (e.g., alcohol-induced deaths) result, at least in part, from Oregon's query program: when death certificates are incomplete, letters are sent to physicians/certifiers requesting additional information.

TABLE 6-58. Age-adjusted death rates for selected causes of death, Oregon and United States residents, 2002-2016¹ — Continued

Year	Flu & pneumonia			Homicide			Viral hepatitis		
	Oregon	US	% Diff	Oregon	US	% Diff	Oregon	US	% Diff
2002	17.9	22.6	-20.8	3.1	6.1	-49.2	3.5	2.0	75.0
2003	17.0	22.0	-22.7	2.5	6.0	-58.3	2.6	1.8	44.4
2004	14.7	19.8	-25.8	3.1	5.9	-47.5	2.9	1.8	61.1
2005	15.1	20.3	-25.6	2.9	6.1	-52.5	2.3	1.8	27.8
2006	12.8	17.8	-28.1	3.0	6.2	-51.6	2.2	2.3	-4.3
2007	11.4	16.2	-29.6	2.1	6.1	-65.6	4.2	2.3	82.6
2008	12.3	16.9	-27.2	2.6	5.9	-55.9	3.8	2.3	65.2
2009	12.0	16.2	-26.2	2.6	5.5	-53.3	3.9	2.2	77.1
2010	9.3	15.1	-38.4	2.9	5.3	-45.5	3.8	2.1	79.8
2011	8.7	15.7	-44.5	2.8	5.3	-47.5	3.8	2.2	74.7
2012	8.1	14.4	-43.8	2.8	5.4	-47.9	3.2	2.1	51.3
2013	10.5	15.9	-34.1	2.3	5.2	-56.3	4.6	2.1	118.1
2014	9.1	15.1	-39.9	2.4	5.1	-52.3	4.1	2.1	95.8
2015	9.0	15.2	-41.0	3.5	5.7	-39.2	3.5	1.9	81.7
2016	8.8	13.5	-34.5	3.2	6.2	-47.6	2.9	1.6	83.5

Year	Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis			Arteriosclerosis			HIV/AIDS		
	Oregon	US	% Diff	Oregon	US	% Diff	Oregon	US	% Diff
2002	3.0	2.0	50.0	5.7	4.7	21.3	2.5	4.9	-49.0
2003	3.1	2.0	55.0	5.5	4.4	25.0	2.5	4.7	-46.8
2004	2.9	1.9	52.6	4.6	3.9	17.9	1.8	4.5	-60.0
2005	2.8	1.9	47.4	4.8	3.8	26.3	1.5	4.2	-64.3
2006	2.9	1.9	52.6	2.8	2.7	3.7	1.4	4.0	-65.0
2007	2.3	1.9	21.1	3.0	2.5	20.0	1.5	3.7	-59.5
2008	3.0	1.9	57.9	2.2	2.3	-4.3	1.0	3.3	-69.7
2009	2.7	1.9	39.8	1.8	2.2	-19.0	1.1	3.0	-62.7
2010	2.8	2.0	38.9	1.6	2.2	-29.1	1.2	2.6	-55.1
2011	2.7	2.0	33.8	2.0	2.0	-0.5	0.9	2.4	-62.7
2012	2.7	2.1	29.4	1.1	2.0	-44.9	1.4	2.2	-37.8
2013	2.9	2.0	45.6	1.2	1.8	-33.8	1.2	2.1	-43.5
2014	2.6	2.0	30.7	0.8	1.7	-51.8	0.8	2.0	-60.9
2015	2.8	2.0	39.7	0.9	1.6	-41.1	1.0	1.9	-48.4
2016	2.1	1.7	24.9	0.9	1.5	-37.2	0.8	1.8	-55.7

¹ Most recent year for which final U.S. data are available.

NOTE: U.S. age-adjusted death rates are from compressed mortality files available at the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's WONDER online database. Unlike the data shown in tables 6-54 and 6-55, all Oregon data are from state mortality files. Consequently, the rates and percentage differences shown here will vary from those in tables 6-54 and 6-55 due to different file closure dates, different population estimate methodologies, and incorporation of physician query results. Because the ratios are based on national data, discontinuities may occur when Oregon physicians reported causes of death differently than their national counterparts (e.g., Alzheimer's disease vs. Alzheimer's dementia). Some differences between Oregon and U.S. rates (e.g., alcohol-induced deaths) result, at least in part, from Oregon's query program: when death certificates are incomplete, letters are sent to physicians/certifiers requesting additional information.

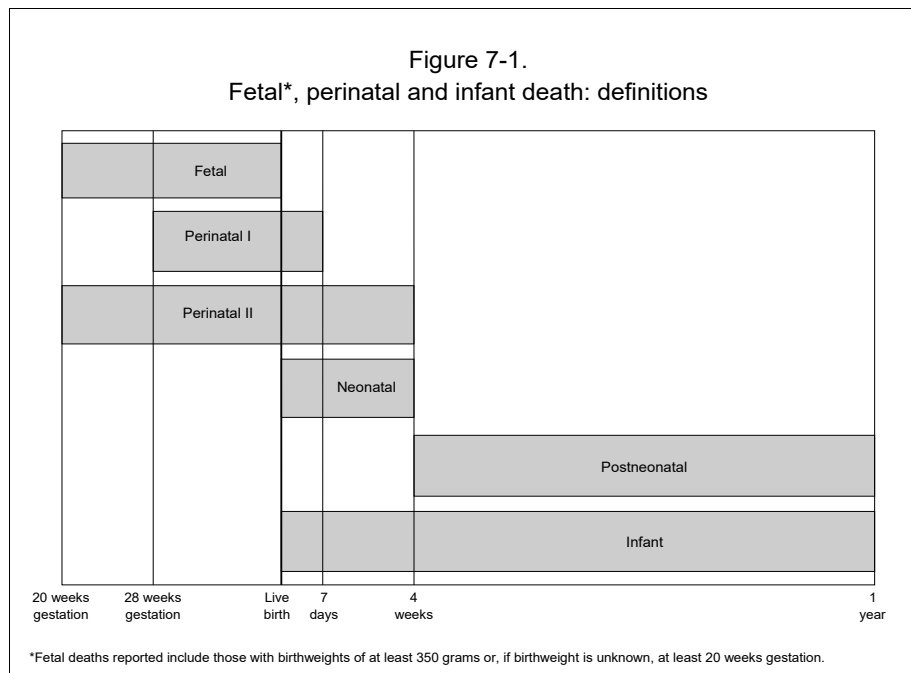
SECTION 7: FETAL AND INFANT MORTALITY

Fetal and infant mortality

Introduction

This report presents fetal and infant mortality data. Fetal deaths included in this report are for fetuses weighing at least 350 grams at delivery, or at least 20 weeks' gestation if delivery weight is unknown. Infant deaths occur within one year of birth. This definition applies to data after 1998. Although fetal and infant death records are useful for statistical descriptions of deaths within a given period, their fundamental purpose is to help discover and evaluate preventive strategies to improve infant health. As an aid to understanding and monitoring health trends, this report divides fetal and infant deaths into five overlapping categories: fetal deaths, perinatal deaths, infant deaths, neonatal deaths and postneonatal deaths. These categories are consistent with the National Center for Health Statistics' definitions (see Figure 7-1).

The five categories of fetal and infant death were analyzed using three databases: fetal deaths, infant deaths and births. National publications covering the subject of fetal and infant death may use one or any combination of these databases. As a result, death rates often vary slightly depending on whether birth or death cohorts were used as the data source for statistical analysis. The next section discusses the definitions for birth and death cohorts.



Throughout this report, some tables display rates and ratios based on small numbers of events. Rates and ratios based on fewer than five events are unreliable. It is important to avoid inferring causal relationships based solely on the data contained in these tables.

Definitions and methodology

The following are definitions of fetal and infant death data components.

- **Fetal deaths** occur among fetuses weighing at least 350 grams at delivery, or that have completed at least 20 weeks' gestation if delivery weight is unknown. To classify an event as a fetal death, the developing fetus dies either in utero (unintentionally) or during delivery. Fetal deaths are classified as early (20–27 weeks' gestation) or late (28 or more weeks' gestation). Oregon public health and safety laws require fetal death reporting.*
- **Infant deaths** occur during a child's first year (measured from birth through 364 days). Infant deaths include both neonatal and postneonatal deaths.
 - » **Neonatal deaths** occur during the first 27 days of life. Neonatal deaths may be early (under seven days) or late (seven to 27 days).
 - » **Postneonatal deaths** occur from day 28 through day 364 after birth.
- **Perinatal deaths definition I** includes fetal deaths at 28 weeks of gestation or more, and infant deaths at less than seven days after birth.
- **Perinatal deaths definition II** includes fetal deaths at 20 weeks or more of gestation, and infant deaths at less than 28 days after birth.
- The **death cohort** for infant death includes all infant

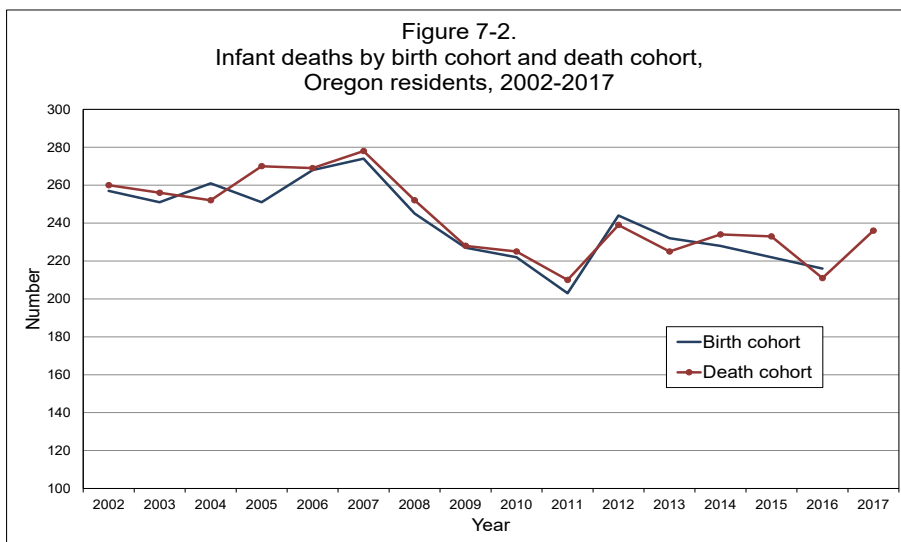
* Prior to Nov. 10, 1998, fetal deaths occurring at 20 weeks of gestation or more were reported. Effective that date, the Oregon Legislature amended ORS 432.333 to read: "Each fetal death of 350 grams or more, or, if weight is unknown, of 20 completed weeks' gestation or more, calculated from the date last normal menstrual period began to the date of delivery, that occurs in this state shall be reported within five days after delivery to the county registrar of the county in which the fetal death occurred or to the Center for Health Statistics or as otherwise directed by the Center for Health Statistics." Currently, hospitals and reporting facilities send all fetal death reports directly to the Oregon Center for Health Statistics rather than to county registrars.

deaths occurring in any given calendar year. In this report, the death cohort consists of infants that died in 2017 and could have been born in either 2016 or 2017. Data from the death cohort are usually available sooner than birth cohort data, as described below. The focus and analysis of the death cohort is on death record information, such as age, residence of the infant and cause of death. Tables 7-1 and 7-2 are based on a death cohort.

- The **birth cohort** for matched infant deaths (each death record matched to its corresponding birth record) is based on analysis of infants born in the same calendar year that die within one year of their birth. In this report, the birth cohort consists of infants born in 2016 that died in either 2016 or 2017. Analysis based on a birth cohort is typically not as timely; however, it allows the analysis of characteristics from the birth record, such as mother's race, age and factors affecting the birth outcomes (e.g., birthweight, prenatal care, mother's use of tobacco). Rates using the birth or death cohorts may differ slightly, but the difference is usually small. Tables 7-8 through 7-18 are based on an infant birth cohort. See Figure 7-2 for a comparison of deaths by birth cohort and death cohort.

Fetal and infant mortality in the 2017 death cohort

This chapter uses data from the 2017 death cohort in the first two tables. Discussion mainly focuses on the cause



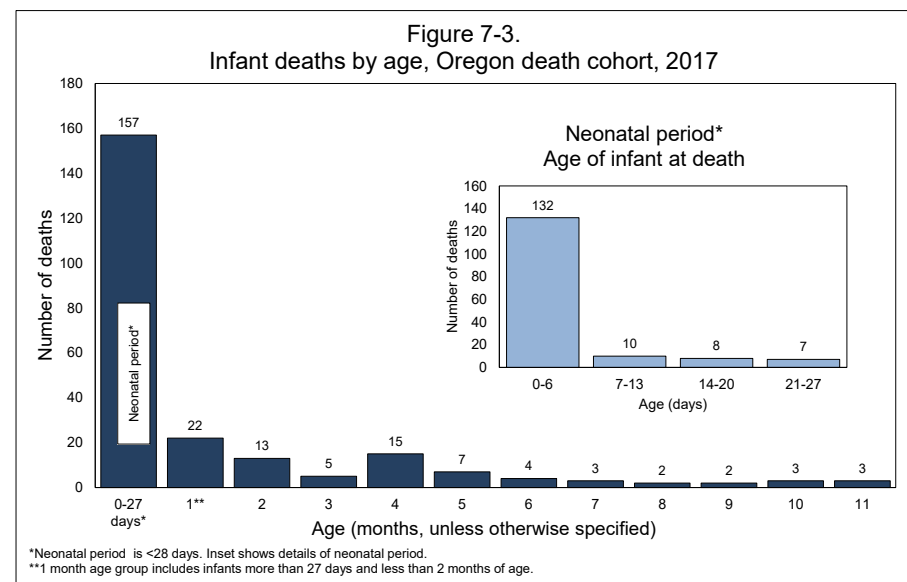
of death. Infant characteristics at the time of death are derived from death records, with the primary focus on age at death, county of residence at death, and underlying cause of death. Total age-specific and cause-specific mortality ratios are computed by dividing the number of infant deaths in a calendar year by the number of births in the same calendar year.

Demographics

During 2017, 236 Oregon resident infants less than 1 year of age died, an increase from 211 in 2016. The infant mortality rate also increased, from 4.6 to 5.4 deaths per 1,000 births (see Table 7-1). Oregon’s infant death rate was 8.5% lower than the U.S. rate of 5.9 per 1,000 births during 2016 (the most recent year for which data are available) (1). As in previous years, most infants (66.5%) who died during 2017 were less than 28 days old. More than half (55.9%) of infant deaths occurred within the first week of life (see Figure 7-3).

Between 2013 and 2017, the infant mortality rates for Oregon counties (excluding counties with fewer than five infant deaths) ranged from 3.8 to 9.2 per 1,000. Only one Oregon county, Polk, had an infant mortality rate significantly higher than the state rate (8.2 and 5.0, respectively). No county had an infant mortality rate significantly lower than the state rate.

During 2017, 236 infants died within the first year of life.



Sudden infant death syndrome

Sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS) is the sudden and unexpected death of an apparently healthy infant less than 1 year of age, usually during the postneonatal period. Historically, Oregon's SIDS rate has been higher than the national rate, and SIDS has been a leading cause of death among Oregon infants (see Figure 7-4). However, since 2001, Oregon's and the nation's rates have been similar. Oregon's rate dropped quickly after the implementation of "Back to Sleep," a national educational campaign begun in 1994 to encourage non-prone sleeping positions for infants.

The number of SIDS deaths (21) was the same as during the previous year, and the SIDS death rate among infants was also unchanged at 0.5 per 1,000 live births. In 2017, SIDS accounted for 8.9% of all infant deaths in Oregon and 22.8% of all postneonatal deaths (see Table 7-2).

**SIDS accounted
for 9% of all infant
deaths in 2017.**

Neonatal death

Neonatal and postneonatal death rates have been declining since 1936, when the neonatal death rate was 29.0 per 1,000 births and the postneonatal death rate was 15.3 per 1,000 births. In 2017, the neonatal death rate was 3.6 per 1,000 births, up from 3.3 in 2016. The postneonatal death rate was 1.8 per 1,000 births, an increase from 1.4 in 2016 (see Figure 7-5 and Table 7-1).

In 2017, 157 infants died during the neonatal period, an increase from 148 in 2016. Oregon's neonatal death rate has consistently been below that of the United States (see Figure 7-6). The 2017 Oregon rate (3.6) is 7.0% lower than

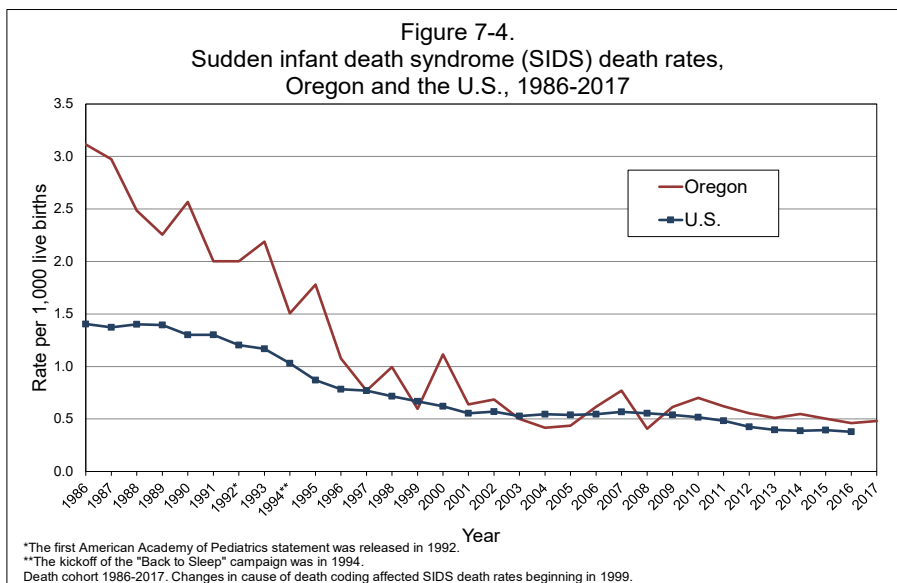


Table A - Neonatal deaths due to respiratory distress syndrome, 2001-2017			
Year	Number	Percent*	Rate**
2001	5	3.2	11
2002	4	2.3	8.9
2003	3	1.7	6.5
2004	6	3.4	13.1
2005	10	5.6	21.8
2006	5	2.7	10.3
2007	9	4.7	18.2
2008	3	1.9	6.1
2009	2	1.3	4.2
2010	3	2.0	6.6
2011	4	2.8	8.9
2012	4	2.5	8.9
2013	4	2.6	8.9
2014	2	1.3	4.4
2015	2	1.3	4.4
2016	2	1.4	4.4
2017	5	3.2	11.5

* Percent of neonatal deaths due to RDS.
 **Per 100,000 live births.

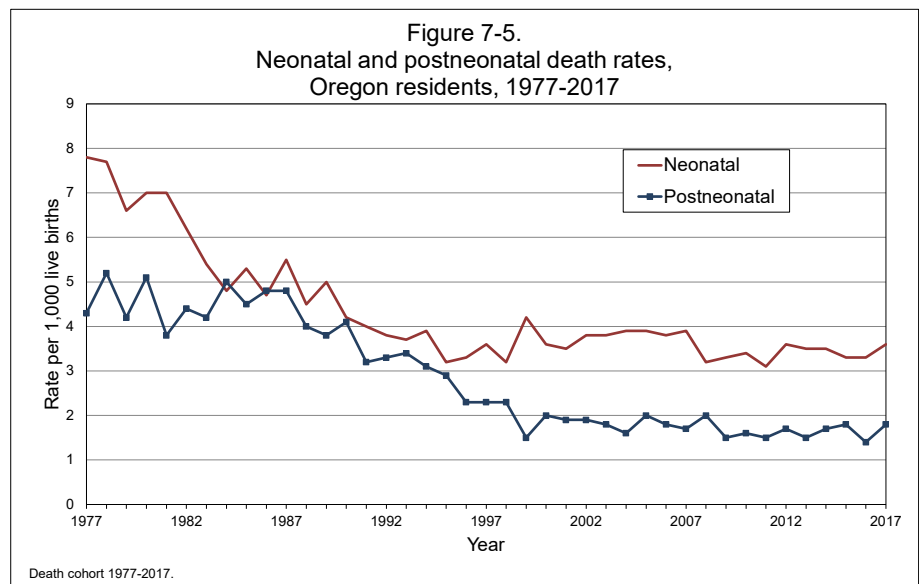
the 2016 national rate of 3.9 (1). Congenital anomalies were responsible for more neonatal deaths than any other cause (35.0%), followed by short gestation and fetal growth (23.6%) and maternal factors (21.0%) (see Table 7-2). Five neonates died from respiratory distress syndrome (RDS) in 2017 (see Table A).

Postneonatal death

In 2017, 79 infants died during the postneonatal period, representing 33.5% of all infant deaths. The postneonatal death rate of 1.8 per 1,000 births represents an increase from 2016 (1.4 per 1,000 births); the difference is not statistically significant (see Figure 7-5). Sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS) was the most common cause of postneonatal death (22.8%). Congenital anomalies were the second-most-common cause and accounted for 21.5% of postneonatal deaths. Unintentional injuries were the third-most-common cause (20.3%) (see Table 7-2). Before 1996, Oregon’s postneonatal death rate was higher than the U.S. rate; since then, the state rate has been lower than the national rate (1.8 per 1,000 births for Oregon in 2017 vs. 2.0 per 1,000 births for the latest U.S. data available in 2016 (1).

Fetal death

Fetal deaths were first reported to the Public Health Division in 1928, when the ratio of fetal deaths to live births was 29.0 for every 1,000 births. Since then, this ratio has generally decreased, and has remained under 5.0 since 1998 (see Figure 7-7 and Table 5-2). In 2017, there were 185 Oregon



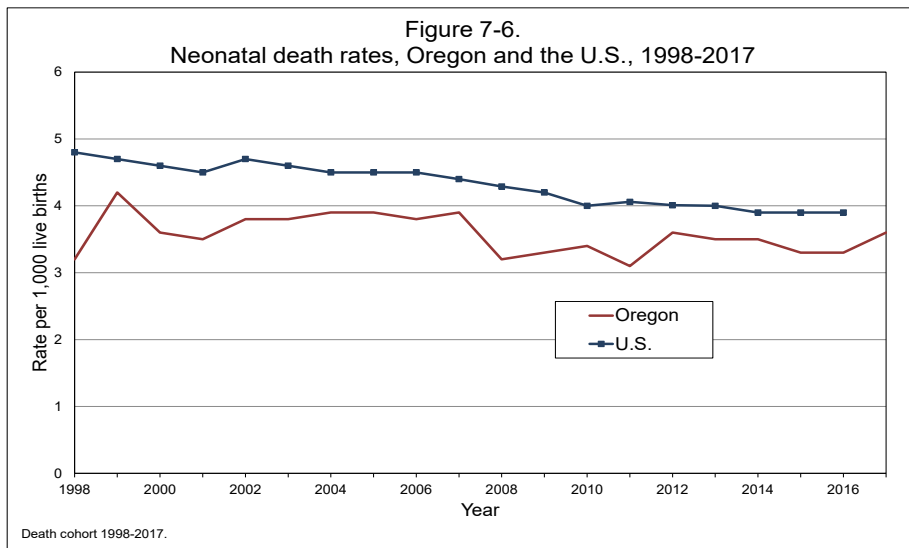


Table B - Fetal death ratios per 1,000 live births, by mother's age, 2013-2017

Age	Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.2
15-44	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.2
15-19	3.5	5.4	4.8	6.0	4.4
20-24	4.2	3.1	4.6	3.6	4.1
25-29	4.3	4.2	2.9	3.9	4.2
30-34	3.2	3.6	3.9	3.6	4.1
35-39	5.7	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.1
40-44	4.7	7.5	6.7	5.4	5.6

* Ratio was not calculated because there were fewer than five fetal deaths in this category.

resident fetal deaths, or 4.2 fetal deaths per 1,000 live births (see Table 7-3). This is not a statistically significant decrease from 2016 when 184 fetal deaths were reported, and the ratio was 4.0 fetal deaths per 1,000 live births (see Table B).

Fetal cause of death

Table 7-4 shows the causes of Oregon’s 185 fetal deaths in 2017. “Unspecified” was the most frequently reported cause of fetal death (a total of 82 deaths). Complications of the placenta, cord and membranes were the second most common cause of fetal death (37 deaths), and congenital anomalies and maternal complications of pregnancy tied for third most common (18 deaths). These four causes of death represented 83.8% of all 2017 Oregon fetal deaths. In 1999, the first year in which Oregon used ICD-10 codes, fetal death of unspecified cause represented 18.4% of all

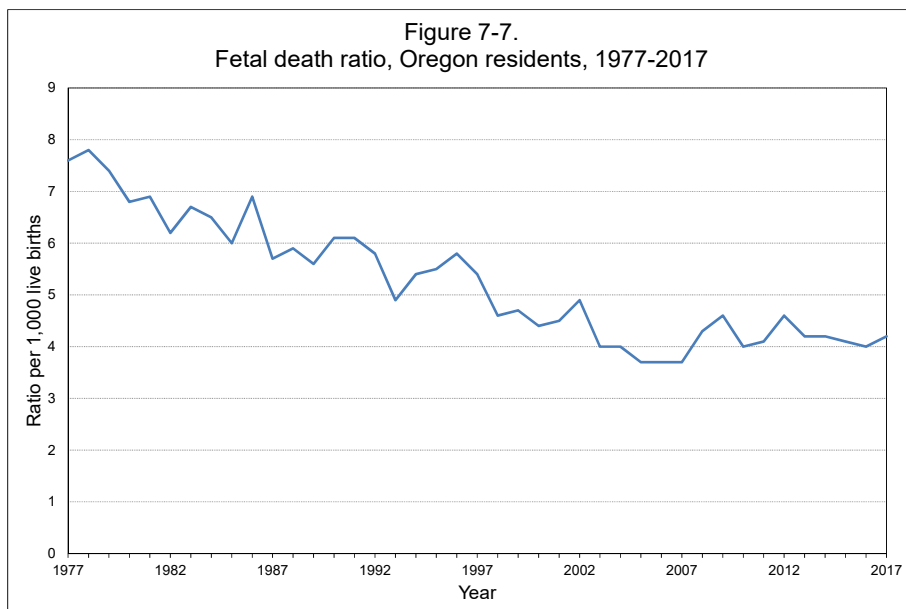


Table C - Percentage of fetal deaths by weeks of gestation, 2008-2017			
Year	Weeks of gestation		
	<28	28-36	37+
2008	41.5	31.6	26.4
2009	33.3	40.3	26.4
2010	39.2	35.4	24.9
2011	36.6	36.6	26.9
2012	36.4	33.5	29.6
2013	39.2	29.1	31.7
2014	34.0	39.3	26.7
2015	40.9	34.9	23.1
2016	42.4	34.2	23.4
2017	34.6	38.4	27.0

fetal deaths. In 2017, this same cause made up 44.3% of fetal deaths, a 140.8% increase.

2016 birth cohort for infant deaths

Infant mortality analyses can also be performed using birth cohort data. The numerators for all rates and ratios are based on the number of infants born in a given year that die prior to their first birthday. Perinatal analyses also include all fetal deaths occurring in the same year. Because infants can be born in one year and die the following year, use of the birth cohort requires that the 2017 death data be included in the report on the 2016 birth cohort. For illustration, 216 of the infants born in 2016 died within the first year of life; of these 216 deaths, 195 died in calendar year 2016, and 21 died in 2017. Those that died in 2017 also appear in this year's report as part of the 2017 death cohort.

The Center for Health Statistics has produced tables containing infant and perinatal death data from the birth, fetal death and matched infant death files. These birth cohort tables display data for infant and perinatal deaths according to several maternal risk factors and low birthweight. Additionally, this report presents neonatal and postneonatal deaths that were matched to their corresponding birth. Thus, a birth occurring at the end of December 2016 may have a matched postneonatal death that occurred up to one year later, at the end of December 2017.

Small numbers

Due to the small number of events in some risk factor categories, this report uses three-year groupings of the risk characteristics to improve statistical reliability. Single-year tables displaying risk factors are also included for comparison with statistics of prior years, but the analysis of risk factors and maternal characteristics are done using only the three-year tables.

Perinatal deaths

Perinatal death, reported in tables 7-13 through 7-16, combines neonatal deaths and fetal deaths of specific gestation (see Figure 7-1). These tables present a comprehensive picture of late-gestation fetal deaths and neonatal deaths. As shown in Figure 7-8, the perinatal death rate (the combined rates of fetal and neonatal death) is generally lower than the rates seen in the 1990s. The

2016 birth cohort's neonatal death rate was 3.3 per 1,000 live births, a slight decrease from the previous cohort's rate of 3.4. Both the fetal and neonatal death rates fluctuate from year to year due to the small number of cases. The fetal death rate hit a low of 3.7 during 2005 to 2007 but has increased slightly since that time.

Neonatal deaths: 2014–2016 birth cohort

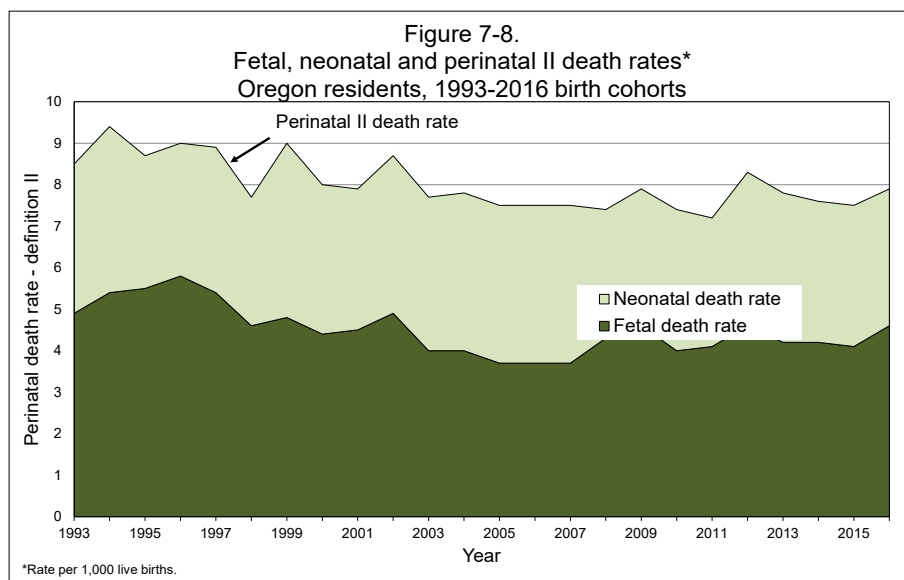
Some maternal characteristics may influence pregnancy outcomes of infants that died during the neonatal period. This section discusses marital status, age, ethnicity and race, education, prenatal care, and tobacco use (see Table 7-18).

Birthweight

The birthweight of an infant has long been a predictor of subsequent survival. An increase in birthweight correlates with a decrease in the risk of neonatal death. For 2014–2016, the neonatal death rate decreased, on average, by roughly 60% for each 250- to 500-gram increase in birthweight for infants weighing less than 3,000 grams at birth (see Table 7-12). The death rate for infants weighing less than 350 grams was 985.5 per 1,000 live births, decreasing to 0.6 per 1,000 live births for infants weighing more than 2,500 grams (see Table 7-12 and Figure 7-9).

Many behavioral, social and medical conditions are associated with higher rates of infant death. These conditions may also have confounding or mitigating effects

***Birthweight has long
been a predictor of
survival.***

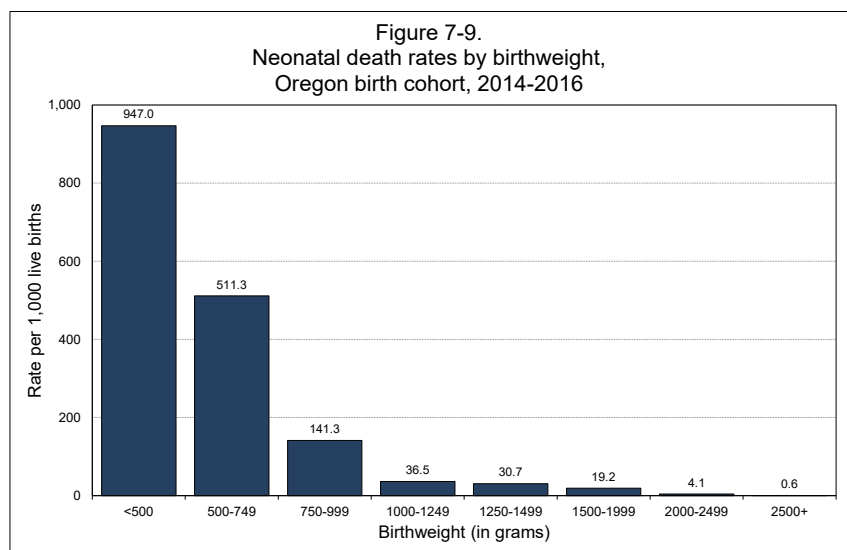


on each other. This report does not try to account for or hold all these variables constant in relation to each other. Instead, it presents a simple descriptive analysis.

Maternal characteristics

The neonatal death rate among infants born to single mothers was higher than for married mothers during 2014–2016 (4.2 versus 2.8 per 1,000). Infants of women with more than a high school education had a lower neonatal death rate (2.7 per 1,000) than infants of women with only a high-school education (4.0 per 1,000).

By race, infants of Non-Hispanic Black mothers (7.5 per 1,000) and mothers of other and unknown race (22.3 per 1,000) had the highest neonatal death rates. Neonatal death rates in both groups were significantly higher than those for infants whose mothers were Asian (2.5) or Hispanic (3.5). The neonatal death rate for infants of White non-Hispanic women was 3.2. Infants born to mothers aged 40–44 years had a significantly higher rate of neonatal infant death than those born to mothers of age groups 20–24, 25–29 and 30–34 years (6.7 versus 3.2, 3.0 and 2.9, respectively). Infants born to mothers aged 15–19 years old also had a significantly higher rate than infants born to mothers of age groups 25–29 and 30–34 years (5.2 versus 3.0 and 2.9, respectively). Infants of multiple gestations (e.g., twins, triplets) had significantly higher rates of neonatal deaths than those with single gestations (18.6 versus 2.8, see Table 7-18).



Prenatal care

Women who received prenatal care, regardless of when it began, had significantly lower rates of neonatal deaths than women who received no prenatal care (3.0 versus 33.2 per 1,000 births) (see Table 7-18).

Tobacco use

The infants of women who did not use tobacco had lower rates of neonatal deaths (3.1 per 1,000) than infants of women who smoked before or during pregnancy (3.5 and 4.8 per 1,000, respectively). However, tobacco use may be underreported, which would eliminate some high-risk mothers from the analysis and potentially lowering the reported neonatal death rates for this category (see Table 7-18).

**Postneonatal deaths:
2014–2016 birth cohort**

Postneonatal death refers to death to an infant between its 28th and 364th day of life. This section discusses the influences of marital status, age, ethnicity and race, education, prenatal care, and tobacco on birth outcomes (see Table 7-18).

Maternal characteristics

Infants born to single mothers had a higher rate of postneonatal death than did infants of married mothers (2.3 versus 1.1). The postneonatal death rate was also significantly higher for infants of mothers who gave birth to multiple infants (4.2 versus 1.4 for singleton births). Infants of women with more than a high-school education had a significantly lower postneonatal death rate (1.1) than infants of high-school graduates (2.5). Non-Hispanic African-American mothers had the highest postneonatal mortality rate (3.1). Infants of younger mothers generally had higher death rates than infants of older mothers. Infants born to mothers aged 30–34 years had the lowest postneonatal death rate (0.9), followed by mothers aged 35–39 years (1.3). Infants born to mothers aged 30–34 years had significantly lower death rates than infants born to mothers aged 15–19 years (2.4) and 20–24 years (2.3; see Table 7-18).

Prenatal care

Infants of women receiving prenatal care in any trimester of pregnancy had lower rates of postneonatal death (1.4) than infants of mothers who received no prenatal care (5.7). Similarly, infants of women who received prenatal care during the first trimester had lower rates (1.3) than those who received no prenatal care.

Tobacco use

The postneonatal death rate of infants born to mothers who used tobacco before or during pregnancy was significantly higher than of those born to mothers who did not smoke (4.7 and 4.1, versus 1.1) (see Table 7-18).

Fetal and early neonatal deaths: birth attendant and place of delivery

In 2011, the Oregon State Legislature passed House Bill 2380, which required the Oregon Public Health Division to add two questions to the Oregon birth record to determine mothers' planned place of birth and birth attendant. Every mother who gave birth in a hospital was asked whether she had planned to give birth in a private home or a freestanding birthing center and who the planned primary attendant type was at the time she went into labor. Overall, two early neonatal deaths and one fetal death with a gestation of 37 weeks or more were planned out-of-hospital births in 2017.

Three types of midwives practice in Oregon: certified nurse midwives (CNM), licensed direct-entry midwives (LDM) and direct entry midwives (DEM). CNMs have completed an accredited, university-affiliated nurse midwifery program and have an active nurse practitioner license. They may attend deliveries in hospitals, freestanding birth centers and homes. LDMs are direct-entry midwives who have volunteered for state licensure through the Oregon Health Licensing Agency. They must meet qualifications and adhere to regulations set by the Oregon Legislature and Board of Direct Entry Midwifery. Lay midwives who are not licensed in Oregon may also certify births, but they must register with the Center for Health Statistics.

In 2017, there were 52 full-term (at least 37 weeks' gestation) fetal deaths. The mother in one of the full-term fetal deaths intended an out-of-hospital birth, and the death occurred in a non-hospital setting (see Table 7-19).

There were 20 full-term early neonatal deaths in 2017. These are deaths of infants who lived less than seven days after birth, after a gestational period of at least 37 weeks. The mothers in most of these deaths (18) intended to deliver in a hospital. Only two full-term early neonatal deaths were planned to occur in a non-hospital setting, and the attendants in both deaths were licensed direct-entry midwives (see Table 7-20).

Endnote

1. These data are from the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) WONDER online database (<http://wonder.cdc.gov/mortSQL.html>). The most recent year for which final mortality data are available was 2016 at the time this report was compiled. Oregon mortality data from the WONDER database may vary slightly from Oregon data presented elsewhere within this annual report due to different file closure dates, different population estimate methodologies, out-of-state reporting by other states to CDC and incorporation of Oregon's physician query results.

TABLE 7-1. Infant deaths by age and county of residence, Oregon residents, death cohort 2017

County of residence	Total infant deaths ¹	Infant death rate ²	Neonatal deaths ³ (Age <28 days)				Neonatal rate ²	Post-neonatal deaths ⁴	Post-neonatal rate ²
			Total neonatal	Under 1 day	1-6 days	7-27 days			
Total	236	5.4	157	111	21	25	3.6	79	1.8
Baker	1	6.4	—	—	—	—	—	1	6.4
Benton	4	5.7	2	1	1	—	2.9	2	2.9
Clackamas	16	3.9	10	5	2	3	2.4	6	1.5
Clatsop	1	2.7	—	—	—	—	—	1	2.7
Columbia	2	3.9	2	2	—	—	3.9	—	—
Coos	2	3.3	1	1	—	—	1.7	1	1.7
Crook	1	3.8	1	1	—	—	3.8	—	—
Curry	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Deschutes	6	3.3	2	—	1	1	1.1	4	2.2
Douglas	9	8.4	4	4	—	—	3.7	5	4.7
Gilliam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grant	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Harney	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hood River	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Jackson	14	6.2	10	6	3	1	4.4	4	1.8
Jefferson	4	15.2	3	2	—	1	11.4	1	3.8
Josephine	4	4.5	3	2	1	—	3.4	1	1.1
Klamath	8	10.1	5	4	—	1	6.3	3	3.8
Lake	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lane	20	5.8	13	10	1	2	3.8	7	2.0
Lincoln	2	5.0	1	—	—	1	2.5	1	2.5
Linn	7	4.8	4	3	—	1	2.7	3	2.0
Malheur	1	2.5	1	1	—	—	2.5	—	—
Marion	25	5.6	23	19	2	2	5.2	2	0.5
Morrow	2	11.8	1	1	—	—	5.9	1	5.9
Multnomah	42	5.0	27	12	8	7	3.2	15	1.8
Polk	8	9.3	7	5	—	2	8.1	1	1.2
Sherman	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tillamook	1	4.6	—	—	—	—	—	1	4.6
Umatilla	6	6.3	5	4	—	1	5.3	1	1.1
Union	2	6.7	1	1	—	—	3.4	1	3.4
Wallowa	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wasco	1	3.2	1	1	—	—	3.2	—	—
Washington	40	6.0	25	22	2	1	3.8	15	2.3
Wheeler	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yamhill	7	6.3	5	4	—	1	4.5	2	1.8

— Quantity is zero.

1 Infant deaths occur in the first year of life.

2 Rates per 1,000 live births.

3 Neonatal deaths occur in the first 27 days of life.

4 Postneonatal deaths occur from day 28 through 364 after birth.

WARNING: Rates based on less than five events are unreliable.

TABLE 7-2. Infant deaths by cause and age, Oregon residents, death cohort 2017

Selected causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes)	Total infant deaths ¹	Neonatal deaths ²				Post- neo- natal deaths ³
		Under 1 day	1-6 days	7-27 days	Total neo- natal	
Total	236	111	21	25	157	79
Rate ⁴	5.4	2.5	0.5	0.6	3.6	1.8
Infections & parasitic disease (A00-B99)	9	—	—	—	—	9
Gastroenteritis of infectious origin (A09)	4	—	—	—	—	4
Septicaemia (A40-A41)	3	—	—	—	—	3
Malignant neoplasms (C00-C97)	1	—	—	1	1	—
Diseases of blood & immune disorders (D50-D89)	2	—	—	—	—	2
Anemias (D50-D64)	1	—	—	—	—	1
Endocrine, nutritional, & metabolic disease (E00-E88)	1	—	—	—	—	1
Mental & behavioral disorders (F01-F99)	1	—	—	—	—	1
Diseases of the nervous system (G00-G99)	2	1	—	—	1	1
Diseases of the respiratory system (J00-J99)	1	—	—	—	—	1
Diseases of the digestive system (K00-K92)	3	—	—	—	—	3
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	117	83	18	13	114	3
Fetus & newborn affected by maternal factors (P00-P04)	33	32	1	—	33	—
Gestation & fetal growth (P05-P08)	37	33	2	—	35	2
Birth trauma (P10-P15)	2	1	—	1	2	—
Intrauterine hypoxia & asphyxia (P20-P21)	3	2	1	—	3	—
Respiratory distress (P22)	5	3	2	—	5	—
Other respiratory (P24-P28)	6	1	4	1	6	—
Bacterial sepsis of newborn (P36)	4	1	—	3	4	—
Haemorrhagic disorders of newborn (P50-P61)	6	3	3	—	6	—
Congenital anomalies (Q00-Q99)	55	27	3	8	38	17
Anencephaly (Q000)	3	3	—	—	3	—
Congenital hydrocephalus & spina bifida (Q03, Q05)	1	1	—	—	1	—
Malformation of the heart (Q20-Q24)	14	3	—	4	7	7
Down syndrome & other chromosomal (Q90-Q99)	14	9	3	—	12	2
Symptoms, signs not elsewhere classified (R00-R99)	23	—	—	3	3	20
Sudden infant death syndrome (R95)	21	—	—	3	3	18
Other ill-defined and unspecified causes (R99)	2	—	—	—	—	2
External causes of death (V01-Y89)	20	—	—	—	—	20
Accidents (V01-X59, Y85-Y86)	16	—	—	—	—	16
Transport accidents (V01-V99, Y85)	1	—	—	—	—	1
Nontransport accidents (W00-X59, Y86)	15	—	—	—	—	15
Drowning & submersion (W65-W74)	1	—	—	—	—	1
Accidental suffocation/strangulation in bed (W75)	11	—	—	—	—	11
Exposure to smoke, fire & flames (X00-X09)	1	—	—	—	—	1
Assault (homicide) (X85-Y09, Y87.1)	3	—	—	—	—	3
Events of undetermined intent (Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9)	1	—	—	—	—	1
Strangulation/suffocation, undetermined intent (Y20)	1	—	—	—	—	1

— Quantity is zero.

1 Infant deaths occur in the first year of life.

2 Neonatal deaths occur in the first 27 days of life.

3 Postneonatal deaths occur from day 28 through 364 after birth.

4 Rates per 1,000 live births.

TABLE 7-3. Fetal deaths by age of mother and county of residence, Oregon, 2017

County of residence	Total	Age of mother								
		<15	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45+	N.S.
Total	185	—	8	32	53	53	29	8	—	2
Ratio to births ¹	4.2	—	4.4	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.1	5.6	—	**
Baker	2	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—
Benton	5	—	—	—	3	1	1	—	—	—
Clackamas	15	—	—	3	4	8	—	—	—	—
Clatsop	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Columbia	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Coos	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Crook	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Curry	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Deschutes	5	—	—	1	2	1	1	—	—	—
Douglas	4	—	—	—	3	—	1	—	—	—
Gilliam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grant	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Harney	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hood River	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Jackson	13	—	—	1	4	5	2	1	—	—
Jefferson	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Josephine	3	—	1	—	—	1	1	—	—	—
Klamath	4	—	—	2	—	2	—	—	—	—
Lake	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Lane	11	—	1	3	4	1	2	—	—	—
Lincoln	3	—	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
Linn	11	—	1	5	4	—	—	—	—	1
Malheur	3	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	—	—
Marion	24	—	1	5	7	7	3	1	—	—
Morrow	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Multnomah	40	—	2	5	9	12	8	3	—	1
Polk	6	—	—	2	1	2	1	—	—	—
Sherman	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tillamook	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Umatilla	5	—	1	—	2	—	1	1	—	—
Union	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Wallowa	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wasco	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Washington	17	—	—	2	1	8	6	—	—	—
Wheeler	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yamhill	6	—	—	—	3	2	1	—	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

¹ All ratios per 1,000 live births.

** Ratio for unknown age group is not calculated.

TABLE 7-4. Fetal deaths by weeks of gestation and cause of death, Oregon, 2017

Selected causes of death (and their ICD-10 codes)	Total	Weeks of gestation ¹								
		<20	20-23	24-27	28-31	32-35	36	37-39	40	41+
Total	185	1	38	25	23	38	10	39	9	2
Perinatal conditions (P00-P96)	164	1	31	23	18	34	10	37	8	2
Maternal conditions unrelated to present pregnancy (P00)	14	–	3	3	1	3	–	4	–	–
Maternal complications of pregnancy (P01)	18	–	13	3	–	–	1	1	–	–
Complications of placenta, cord and membranes (P02)	37	–	5	8	4	7	1	12	–	–
Other complications of labor and delivery (P03)	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–
Noxious influences transmitted via placenta (P04)	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–
Slow fetal growth and fetal malnutrition (P05)	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Transitory endocrine and metabolic disorders specific to fetus (P70-P74)	5	–	–	1	–	2	1	1	–	–
Other perinatal conditions (P80-P96)	85	1	10	8	13	21	7	18	5	2
Fetal death of unspecified cause (P95)	82	1	8	8	12	21	7	18	5	2
Congenital malformations (Q00-Q99)	18	–	4	2	5	4	–	2	1	–
Of the nervous system (Q00-Q07)	2	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–
Congenital hydrocephalus (Q03)	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Of the heart (Q20-Q24)	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Of the urinary system (Q60-Q64)	2	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–
Of musculoskeletal system, limbs, and integument (Q65-Q85)	3	–	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	–
Other congenital malformations (Q86-Q89)	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Chromosomal abnormalities, NEC (Q90-Q99)	7	–	2	–	1	2	–	2	–	–
Edwards syndrome (Q91.0-Q91.3)	4	–	–	–	1	1	–	2	–	–

– Quantity is zero.

¹ Based on clinical estimate of gestation.

TABLE 7-5. Fetal deaths by weeks of gestation and age of mother, Oregon, 2017

Age of mother	Total	Weeks of gestation ¹								
		<20	20-23	24-27	28-31	32-35	36	37-39	40	41+
Total	185	1	38	25	23	38	10	39	9	2
<15	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
15-19	8	–	2	2	–	1	–	3	–	–
20-24	32	–	10	4	5	6	1	4	2	–
25-29	53	–	6	6	9	15	1	13	3	–
30-34	53	1	15	7	5	8	6	9	2	–
35-39	29	–	5	4	3	7	1	6	1	2
40-44	8	–	–	2	1	1	–	4	–	–
45+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
N.S.	2	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–

– Quantity is zero.

¹ Based on clinical estimate of gestation.**TABLE 7-6. Births by weeks of gestation and weight, Oregon residents, 2016**

Birthweight (in grams)	Total	Weeks of gestation ¹									
		<20	20-23	24-27	28-31	32-35	36	37-39	40	41+	N.S.
Total	45,533	11	55	150	311	1,625	1,465	25,730	10,983	5,176	27
349 and less	22	11	10	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–
350-499	23	–	19	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
<500	45	11	29	4	–	–	1	–	–	–	–
500-749	81	–	25	46	9	1	–	–	–	–	–
750-999	84	–	1	58	22	2	–	–	–	–	1
1000-1249	97	–	–	28	50	15	–	4	–	–	–
1250-1499	134	–	–	7	86	35	3	–	3	–	–
1500-1999	622	–	–	3	125	370	57	58	4	4	1
2000-2499	1,917	–	–	2	15	663	352	840	36	9	–
<2500	2,980	11	55	148	307	1,086	413	902	43	13	2
2500+	42,544	–	–	1	4	537	1,052	24,827	10,936	5,163	24
2500-2999	7,027	–	–	1	3	396	634	4,934	834	219	6
3000-3499	17,130	–	–	–	1	116	330	10,938	4,122	1,615	8
3500-3999	13,682	–	–	–	–	23	74	6,939	4,427	2,211	8
4000-4499	4,004	–	–	–	–	1	11	1,712	1,331	947	2
4500+	701	–	–	–	–	1	3	304	222	171	–
Unknown	9	–	–	1	–	2	–	1	4	–	1

– Quantity is zero.

¹ Based on clinical estimate of gestation.

TABLE 7-7. Fetal deaths by weeks of gestation and weight, Oregon residents, 2016

Birthweight (in grams)	Total	Weeks of gestation ¹								
		<20	20-23	24-27	28-31	32-35	36	37-39	40	41+
Total	184	4	46	28	20	33	10	27	11	5
349 and less	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
350-499	34	3	25	5	—	1	—	—	—	—
<500	34	3	25	5	—	1	—	—	—	—
500-749	34	—	18	13	2	1	—	—	—	—
750-999	17	—	2	9	4	2	—	—	—	—
1000-1249	10	1	—	1	4	3	—	1	—	—
1250-1499	13	—	—	—	7	5	—	—	1	—
1500-1999	13	—	—	—	3	7	—	3	—	—
2000-2499	13	—	—	—	—	6	2	4	—	1
<2500	134	4	45	28	20	25	2	8	1	1
2500+	49	—	—	—	—	8	8	19	10	4
2500-2999	23	—	—	—	—	7	6	8	2	—
3000-3499	16	—	—	—	—	1	1	7	3	4
3500-3999	7	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	2	—
4000-4499	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
4500+	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Unknown	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Based on clinical estimate of gestation.

**TABLE 7-8. Early neonatal deaths¹ by weeks of gestation and weight,
Oregon residents, birth cohort 2016**

Birthweight (in grams)	Total	Weeks of gestation ²									
		<20	20-23	24-27	28-31	32-35	36	37-39	40	41+	N.S.
Total ³	119	11	47	20	11	9	1	16	3	–	1
001-349	21	11	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
350-499	22	–	19	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
<500	43	11	29	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
500-749	28	–	18	8	1	1	–	–	–	–	–
750-999	7	–	–	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
1000-1249	2	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–
1250-1499	4	–	–	1	1	2	–	–	–	–	–
1500-1999	13	–	–	1	5	3	–	4	–	–	–
2000-2499	3	–	–	–	2	–	1	–	–	–	–
<2500	100	11	47	19	11	6	1	4	–	–	1
2500+	18	–	–	–	–	3	–	12	3	–	–
2500-2999	5	–	–	–	–	1	–	4	–	–	–
3000-3499	8	–	–	–	–	2	–	5	1	–	–
3500-3999	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	1	–	–
4000-4499	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
4500+	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–

– Quantity is zero.

¹ Early neonatal deaths occur through day six after birth.

² Clinical estimate of gestation. If clinical estimate is unknown, gestation is calculated from reported date of last menses.

³ Total includes reports with unknown weight.

TABLE 7-9. Late neonatal deaths¹ by weeks of gestation and weight, Oregon residents, birth cohort 2016

Birthweight (in grams)	Total	Weeks of gestation ²								
		<20	20-23	24-27	28-31	32-35	36	37-39	40	41+
Total	32	–	1	13	1	3	1	8	4	1
001-349	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
350-499	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
<500	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
500-749	8	–	1	7	–	–	–	–	–	–
750-999	5	–	–	4	1	–	–	–	–	–
1000-1249	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
1250-1499	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
1500-1999	3	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	–
2000-2499	5	–	–	1	–	2	–	2	–	–
<2500	22	–	1	13	1	3	1	2	1	–
2500+	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	3	1
2500-2999	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	–
3000-3499	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	1	–
3500-3999	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1
4000-4499	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
4500+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

– Quantity is zero.

¹ Late neonatal deaths occur from day seven through 27 after birth.

² Clinical estimate of gestation. If clinical estimate is unknown, gestation is calculated from reported date of last menses.

**TABLE 7-10. Postneonatal deaths¹ by weeks of gestation and weight,
Oregon residents, birth cohort 2016**

Birthweight (in grams)	Total	Weeks of gestation ²								
		<20	20-23	24-27	28-31	32-35	36	37-39	40	41+
Total	65	–	3	3	2	9	2	30	8	8
001-349	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
350-499	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
<500	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
500-749	6	–	3	2	1	–	–	–	–	–
750-999	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
1000-1249	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
1250-1499	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
1500-1999	7	–	–	–	1	5	1	–	–	–
2000-2499	7	–	–	–	–	1	–	6	–	–
<2500	21	–	3	3	2	6	1	6	–	–
2500+	44	–	–	–	–	3	1	24	8	8
2500-2999	12	–	–	–	–	3	–	5	2	2
3000-3499	25	–	–	–	–	–	1	15	5	4
3500-3999	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	1
4000-4499	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	–
4500+	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1

– Quantity is zero.

¹ Postneonatal deaths occur from day 28 through 364 after birth.

² Clinical estimate of gestation. If clinical estimate is unknown, gestation is calculated from reported date of last menses.

TABLE 7-11. Neonatal deaths by birthweight, Oregon residents, birth cohort 2016

Birthweight (in grams)	Deaths	Rate ¹
Total ²	151	3.3
001-349	21	954.5
350-499	22	956.5
<500	43	955.6
500-749	36	444.4
750-999	12	142.9
1000-1249	3	*
1250-1499	4	*
1500-1999	16	25.7
2000-2499	8	4.2
<2500	122	40.9
2500+	28	0.7
2500-2999	8	1.1
3000-3499	13	0.8
3500-3999	6	0.4
4000-4499	—	—
4500+	1	*

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Rate per 1,000 live births.

² Total includes reports with unknown birthweight.

* Rates are not calculated when there are fewer than five deaths in a category.

TABLE 7-12. Neonatal deaths by birthweight, Oregon residents, birth cohort 2014-2016

Birthweight (in grams)	Deaths	Rate ¹
Total ²	459	3.4
001-349	68	985.5
350-499	75	914.6
<500	143	947.0
500-749	113	511.3
750-999	38	141.3
1000-1249	11	36.5
1250-1499	13	30.7
1500-1999	33	19.2
2000-2499	23	4.1
<2500	374	42.7
2500+	80	0.6
2500-2999	27	1.3
3000-3499	33	0.6
3500-3999	15	0.4
4000-4499	4	*
4500+	1	*

¹ Rate per 1,000 live births.

² Total includes reports with unknown birthweight.

* Rates are not calculated when there are fewer than five deaths in a category.

**TABLE 7-13. Perinatal death rates by county of residence,
Oregon residents, birth cohort 2016**

County of residence	Perinatal I ¹			Perinatal II ²			Neonatal ³	
	No.	Rate	Ratio	No.	Rate	Ratio	No.	Rate
Total	225	4.9	4.9	331	7.2	7.3	151	3.3
Baker	—	—	—	4	*	*	2	*
Benton	2	*	*	3	*	*	1	*
Clackamas	16	3.8	3.8	25	5.9	5.9	12	2.8
Clatsop	2	*	*	4	*	*	2	*
Columbia	1	*	*	2	*	*	1	*
Coos	5	7.9	8.0	6	9.5	9.6	1	*
Crook	4	*	*	5	20.7	21.0	2	*
Curry	1	*	*	2	*	*	1	*
Deschutes	6	3.3	3.3	11	6.1	6.1	3	*
Douglas	5	4.6	4.6	9	8.2	8.3	3	*
Gilliam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grant	1	*	*	1	*	*	—	—
Harney	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hood River	1	*	*	2	*	*	1	*
Jackson	9	3.9	3.9	17	7.4	7.4	9	3.9
Jefferson	2	*	*	3	*	*	1	*
Josephine	4	*	*	5	5.7	5.7	1	*
Klamath	3	*	*	6	7.3	7.3	3	*
Lake	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lane	16	4.5	4.5	24	6.7	6.8	11	3.1
Lincoln	2	*	*	2	*	*	2	*
Linn	10	6.6	6.6	13	8.5	8.5	7	4.6
Malheur	2	*	*	5	10.7	10.8	1	*
Marion	29	6.4	6.4	35	7.7	7.7	17	3.8
Morrow	2	*	*	2	*	*	1	*
Multnomah	38	4.2	4.2	59	6.5	6.5	27	3.0
Polk	10	10.2	10.3	11	11.2	11.3	8	8.2
Sherman	1	*	*	1	*	*	1	*
Tillamook	2	*	*	4	*	*	1	*
Umatilla	4	*	*	7	7.3	7.4	3	*
Union	3	*	*	3	*	*	3	*
Wallowa	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wasco	2	*	*	3	*	*	3	*
Washington	35	5.0	5.0	47	6.7	6.7	19	2.7
Wheeler	—	—	—	1	*	*	—	—
Yamhill	7	6.0	6.0	9	7.7	7.8	4	*

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Perinatal definition I includes fetal deaths at 28 weeks of gestation or more and infant deaths of less than 7 days.

² Perinatal definition II includes fetal deaths at 20 weeks of gestation or more and infant deaths of less than 28 days.

³ Neonatal deaths include infant deaths of less than 28 days.

* Rates are not calculated when there are fewer than five deaths in a category.

NOTE: Perinatal I and perinatal II ratios and neonatal rates are per 1,000 births. Perinatal I rates include all live births and fetal deaths at 28 weeks gestation or more. Perinatal II rates include all live births and fetal deaths at 20 weeks of gestation or more.

**TABLE 7-14. Perinatal death rates by county of residence,
Oregon residents, birth cohort 2014-2016**

County of residence	Perinatal I ¹			Perinatal II ²			Neonatal ³	
	No.	Rate	Ratio	No.	Rate	Ratio	No.	Rate
Total ⁴	721	5.3	5.3	1,010	7.4	7.4	459	3.4
Baker	2	*	*	6	12.7	12.8	2	*
Benton	13	5.8	5.8	18	8.0	8.0	6	2.7
Clackamas	54	4.3	4.3	78	6.2	6.2	38	3.0
Clatsop	8	6.4	6.4	12	9.6	9.6	7	5.6
Columbia	8	5.2	5.2	10	6.4	6.5	5	3.2
Coos	6	3.2	3.2	12	6.4	6.4	3	*
Crook	7	10.3	10.4	9	13.2	13.3	4	*
Curry	2	*	*	3	*	*	1	*
Deschutes	24	4.5	4.5	33	6.1	6.2	14	2.6
Douglas	20	6.1	6.1	30	9.1	9.1	13	3.9
Gilliam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grant	1	*	*	1	*	*	—	—
Harney	2	*	*	2	*	*	2	*
Hood River	1	*	*	2	*	*	1	*
Jackson	38	5.4	5.4	53	7.5	7.6	24	3.4
Jefferson	4	*	*	8	9.4	9.5	3	*
Josephine	22	8.4	8.5	31	11.8	11.9	11	4.2
Klamath	8	3.3	3.3	14	5.7	5.8	5	2.1
Lake	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lane	51	4.7	4.7	72	6.6	6.6	36	3.3
Lincoln	8	6.2	6.2	10	7.7	7.7	6	4.6
Linn	22	4.9	4.9	34	7.6	7.6	13	2.9
Malheur	5	3.9	3.9	10	7.8	7.8	2	*
Marion	81	6.1	6.1	104	7.8	7.8	45	3.4
Morrow	3	*	*	3	*	*	1	*
Multnomah	146	5.2	5.3	204	7.3	7.3	104	3.7
Polk	21	7.8	7.8	26	9.6	9.7	17	6.3
Sherman	1	*	*	1	*	*	1	*
Tillamook	8	10.5	10.5	12	15.6	15.8	5	6.6
Umatilla	10	3.3	3.3	15	5.0	5.0	6	2.0
Union	10	11.1	11.1	10	11.1	11.1	8	8.9
Wallowa	—	—	—	1	*	*	1	*
Wasco	4	*	*	5	5.1	5.1	4	*
Washington	109	5.2	5.2	148	7.0	7.0	60	2.9
Wheeler	—	—	—	1	*	*	—	—
Yamhill	22	6.4	6.4	31	9.0	9.0	11	3.2

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Perinatal definition I includes fetal deaths at 28 weeks of gestation or more and infant deaths of less than 7 days.

² Perinatal definition II includes fetal deaths at 20 weeks of gestation or more and infant deaths of less than 28 days.

³ Neonatal deaths include infant deaths of less than 28 days.

⁴ Total includes reports with unknown county of residence.

* Rates are not calculated when there are fewer than five deaths in a category.

NOTE: Perinatal I and perinatal II ratios and neonatal rates are per 1,000 births. Perinatal I rates include all live births and fetal deaths at 28 weeks gestation or more. Perinatal II rates include all live births and fetal deaths at 20 weeks of gestation or more.

TABLE 7-15. Perinatal death rates by maternal characteristics, Oregon residents, birth cohort 2016

Selected maternal characteristics	Perinatal I ¹			Perinatal II ²			Neonatal ³	
	No.	Rate	Ratio	No.	Rate	Ratio	No.	Rate
Total⁴	225	4.9	4.9	331	7.2	7.3	151	3.3
Marital status								
Married	111	3.8	3.8	170	5.8	5.8	73	2.5
Unmarried	112	6.9	6.9	157	9.6	9.7	76	4.7
Age of mother								
10-14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15-19	9	4.5	4.5	20	9.9	10.0	8	4.0
20-24	41	4.9	4.9	62	7.4	7.4	34	4.1
25-29	62	4.6	4.6	89	6.6	6.6	38	2.8
30-34	56	4.2	4.2	85	6.4	6.4	38	2.9
35-39	44	6.3	6.4	57	8.2	8.2	24	3.5
40-44	12	8.1	8.2	15	10.2	10.2	7	4.8
45+	1	*	*	3	*	*	2	*
Non-Hispanic race								
White	143	4.6	4.6	208	6.7	6.7	99	3.2
Black	6	6.3	6.3	14	14.7	14.8	5	5.3
American Indian	4	*	*	5	11.4	11.5	1	*
Asian ⁵	13	5.5	5.5	19	8.0	8.1	6	2.5
Pacific Islander ⁶	4	*	*	4	*	*	—	—
Other & not stated	6	30.6	30.9	9	45.7	46.4	6	30.9
Multiple races	4	*	*	7	4.1	4.1	4	*
Total Hispanic	45	5.3	5.3	65	7.7	7.7	30	3.5
Education								
8th grade or less	6	4.6	4.6	8	6.1	6.1	4	*
9th-12th grade, no diploma	35	7.5	7.6	50	10.7	10.8	20	4.3
High school/GED	59	5.9	6.0	81	8.1	8.2	38	3.8
More than high school	110	3.7	3.7	170	5.8	5.8	75	2.5
Start of prenatal care								
Any trimester	196	4.4	4.4	285	6.4	6.4	129	2.9
1st trimester	151	4.2	4.2	223	6.2	6.2	101	2.8
2nd trimester	39	5.7	5.7	55	8.0	8.1	27	4.0
3rd trimester	6	3.5	3.5	7	4.0	4.1	1	*
No prenatal care	19	48.2	49.2	30	74.8	77.7	15	38.9
Tobacco use								
Pre-pregnancy only	8	7.1	7.2	13	11.6	11.7	3	*
During pregnancy	41	9.4	9.5	53	12.2	12.3	24	5.6
No tobacco use	173	4.3	4.3	259	6.5	6.5	121	3.0
Multiple birth								
Yes	19	12.3	12.3	28	18.0	18.1	23	14.8
No	206	4.7	4.7	303	6.9	6.9	128	2.9

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Perinatal definition I includes fetal deaths at 28 weeks gestation or more and infant deaths of less than 7 days.

² Perinatal definition II includes fetal deaths at 20 weeks gestation or more and infant deaths of less than 28 days.

³ Neonatal deaths include infant deaths of less than 28 days.

⁴ Due to unreported items, the sum of all categories may not equal the total.

⁵ Includes Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese and other Asian.

⁶ Includes Guamanian, Hawaiian, Samoan and other Pacific Islander.

* Rates are not calculated when there are fewer than five deaths in a category.

NOTE: Perinatal I and perinatal II ratios and neonatal rates are per 1,000 births. Perinatal I rates include all live births and fetal deaths at 28 weeks gestation or more. Perinatal II rates include all live births and fetal deaths at 20 weeks of gestation or more.

**TABLE 7-16. Perinatal death rates by maternal characteristics,
Oregon residents, birth cohort 2014-2016**

Selected maternal characteristics	Perinatal I ¹			Perinatal II ²			Neonatal ³	
	No.	Rate	Ratio	No.	Rate	Ratio	No.	Rate
Total ⁴	721	5.3	5.3	1,010	7.4	7.4	459	3.4
Marital status								
Married	397	4.5	4.5	550	6.3	6.3	247	2.8
Unmarried	320	6.5	6.5	449	9.1	9.2	207	4.2
Age of mother								
10-14	2	*	*	2	*	*	2	*
15-19	46	6.9	6.9	71	10.6	10.6	35	5.2
20-24	125	4.7	4.7	183	6.9	6.9	85	3.2
25-29	193	4.8	4.8	264	6.6	6.6	119	3.0
30-34	184	4.7	4.7	253	6.4	6.4	113	2.9
35-39	121	6.1	6.1	169	8.5	8.5	73	3.7
40-44	45	10.8	10.8	55	13.2	13.2	28	6.7
45+	2	*	*	6	20.2	20.4	3	*
Non-Hispanic race								
White	468	5.0	5.0	655	7.0	7.0	302	3.2
Black	29	9.9	9.9	44	14.9	15.1	22	7.5
American Indian	6	4.5	4.5	10	7.5	7.5	1	*
Asian ⁵	41	6.0	6.0	54	7.9	7.9	17	2.5
Pacific Islander ⁶	9	9.8	9.9	10	10.9	11.0	1	*
Other & not stated	10	20.2	20.2	14	28.2	28.3	11	22.3
Multiple races	24	4.5	4.5	36	6.8	6.8	17	3.2
Total Hispanic	134	5.2	5.3	187	7.3	7.3	88	3.5
Education								
8th grade or less	28	6.7	6.7	35	8.3	8.4	15	3.6
9th-12th grade, no diploma	91	6.2	6.2	132	9.0	9.1	57	3.9
High school/GED	186	6.2	6.2	253	8.4	8.4	121	4.0
More than high school	362	4.1	4.1	516	5.9	5.9	234	2.7
Start of prenatal care								
Any trimester	635	4.8	4.8	876	6.6	6.6	391	3.0
1st trimester	494	4.7	4.7	690	6.5	6.5	318	3.0
2nd trimester	118	5.4	5.4	161	7.3	7.3	69	3.1
3rd trimester	23	4.4	4.5	25	4.8	4.8	4	*
No prenatal care	43	40.2	40.8	68	62.6	64.5	35	33.2
Tobacco use								
Pre-pregnancy only	22	6.5	6.5	34	10.0	10.1	12	3.5
During pregnancy	112	8.2	8.3	156	11.5	11.5	65	4.8
No tobacco use	575	4.8	4.8	804	6.7	6.7	370	3.1
Multiple birth								
Yes	85	17.9	17.9	113	23.7	23.8	88	18.6
No	636	4.8	4.8	895	6.8	6.8	371	2.8

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Perinatal Definition I includes fetal deaths at 28 weeks gestation or more and infant deaths of less than seven days.

² Perinatal Definition II includes fetal deaths at 20 weeks gestation or more and infant deaths of less than 28 days.

³ Neonatal deaths include infant deaths of less than 28 days.

⁴ Due to unreported items, the sum of all categories may not equal the total.

⁵ Includes Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese and other Asian.

⁶ Includes Guamanian, Hawaiian, Samoan and other Pacific Islander.

* Rates are not calculated when there are fewer than five deaths in a category.

NOTE: Perinatal I and perinatal II ratios and neonatal rates are per 1,000 births. Perinatal I rates include all live births and fetal deaths at 28 weeks gestation or more. Perinatal II rates include all live births and fetal deaths at 20 weeks gestation or more.

TABLE 7-17. Neonatal, postneonatal, and infant death rates by maternal characteristics, Oregon residents, birth cohort 2016

Selected maternal characteristics	Neonatal ¹		Postneonatal ²		Infant ³	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Total⁴	151	3.3	65	1.4	216	4.7
Marital status						
Married	73	2.5	29	1.0	102	3.5
Unmarried	76	4.7	36	2.2	112	6.9
Age of mother						
10-14	—	—	—	—	—	—
15-19	8	4.0	2	*	10	5.0
20-24	34	4.1	17	2.0	51	6.1
25-29	38	2.8	19	1.4	57	4.3
30-34	38	2.9	13	1.0	51	3.8
35-39	24	3.5	12	1.7	36	5.2
40-44	7	4.8	2	*	9	6.1
45+	2	*	—	—	2	*
Non-Hispanic race						
White	99	3.2	42	1.3	141	4.5
Black	5	5.3	3	*	8	8.5
American Indian	1	*	—	—	1	*
Asian ⁵	6	2.5	2	*	8	3.4
Pacific Islander ⁶	—	—	2	*	2	*
Other & not stated	6	30.9	—	—	6	30.9
Multiple races	4	*	2	*	6	3.5
Total Hispanic	30	3.5	14	1.7	44	5.2
Education						
8th grade or less	4	*	—	—	4	*
9th-12th grade, no diploma	20	4.3	8	1.7	28	6.1
High school/GED	38	3.8	25	2.5	63	6.4
More than high school	75	2.5	32	1.1	107	3.6
Start of prenatal care						
Any trimester	129	2.9	60	1.4	189	4.3
1st trimester	101	2.8	46	1.3	147	4.1
2nd trimester	27	4.0	8	1.2	35	5.1
3rd trimester	1	*	6	3.5	7	4.1
No prenatal care	15	38.9	1	*	16	41.5
Tobacco use						
Pre-pregnancy only	3	*	6	5.4	9	8.1
During pregnancy	24	5.6	15	3.5	39	9.0
No tobacco use	121	3.0	44	1.1	165	4.1
Multiple birth						
Yes	23	14.8	4	*	27	17.4
No	128	2.9	61	1.4	189	4.3

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Neonatal deaths include infant deaths of less than 28 days.

² Postneonatal deaths occur from day 28 through 364 after birth.

³ Infant deaths occur in the first year of life.

⁴ Due to unreported items, the sum of all categories may not equal the total.

⁵ Includes Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese and other Asian.

⁶ Includes Guamanian, Hawaiian, Samoan and other Pacific Islander.

* Rates are not calculated when there are fewer than five deaths in a category.

NOTE: All rates per 1,000 live births.

TABLE 7-18. Neonatal, postneonatal, and infant death rates by maternal characteristics, Oregon residents, birth cohort 2014-2016

Selected maternal characteristics	Neonatal ¹		Postneonatal ²		Infant ³	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Total⁴	459	3.4	208	1.5	667	4.9
Marital status						
Married	247	2.8	95	1.1	342	3.9
Unmarried	207	4.2	111	2.3	318	6.5
Age of mother						
10-14	2	*	1	*	3	*
15-19	35	5.2	16	2.4	51	7.6
20-24	85	3.2	60	2.3	145	5.5
25-29	119	3.0	62	1.6	181	4.5
30-34	113	2.9	36	0.9	149	3.8
35-39	73	3.7	26	1.3	99	5.0
40-44	28	6.7	6	1.4	34	8.2
45+	3	*	1	*	4	*
Non-Hispanic race						
White	302	3.2	139	1.5	441	4.7
Black	22	7.5	9	3.1	31	10.6
American Indian	1	*	2	*	3	*
Asian ⁵	17	2.5	11	1.6	28	4.1
Pacific Islander ⁶	1	*	3	*	4	*
Other & not stated	11	22.3	1	*	12	24.3
Multiple races	17	3.2	11	2.1	28	5.3
Total Hispanic	88	3.5	32	1.3	120	4.7
Education						
8th grade or less	15	3.6	4	*	19	4.5
9th-12th grade, no diploma	57	3.9	28	1.9	85	5.8
High school/GED	121	4.0	76	2.5	197	6.6
More than high school	234	2.7	99	1.1	333	3.8
Start of prenatal care						
Any trimester	391	3.0	187	1.4	578	4.4
1st trimester	318	3.0	133	1.3	451	4.3
2nd trimester	69	3.1	40	1.8	109	5.0
3rd trimester	4	*	14	2.7	18	3.5
No prenatal care	35	33.2	6	5.7	41	38.9
Tobacco use						
Pre-pregnancy only	12	3.5	16	4.7	28	8.3
During pregnancy	65	4.8	55	4.1	120	8.9
No tobacco use	370	3.1	136	1.1	506	4.2
Multiple birth						
Yes	88	18.6	20	4.2	108	22.8
No	371	2.8	188	1.4	559	4.2

— Quantity is zero.

1 Neonatal deaths include infant deaths of less than 28 days.

2 Postneonatal deaths occur from day 28 through 364 after birth.

3 Infant deaths occur in the first year of life.

4 Due to unreported items, the sum of all categories may not equal the total.

5 Includes Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese and other Asian.

6 Includes Guamanian, Hawaiian, Samoan and other Pacific Islander.

* Rates are not calculated when there are fewer than five deaths in a category.

NOTE: All rates per 1,000 live births.

TABLE 7-19. Term fetal deaths¹ by planned attendant and planned place of birth, Oregon occurrence, 2017

Planned birth attendant	Total term fetal deaths ²	Planned hospital birth ³	Planned out-of-hospital birth		
			Total	Intrapartum transfer to hospital ⁴	Non-hospital delivery ⁵
Total	52	48	1	–	1
MD's and DO's	46	45	–	–	–
Certified nurse midwives	3	3	–	–	–
Licensed direct-entry midwives	–	–	–	–	–
Unlicensed direct-entry midwives	–	–	–	–	–
Naturopathic physicians	–	–	–	–	–
Other	3	–	1	–	1

– Quantity is zero.

¹ Term fetal deaths include fetal deaths with gestation of 37 weeks or more.

² Total includes three fetal deaths that occurred en route, were unplanned home deliveries, or were out-of-hospital deliveries not otherwise classified.

³ For planned hospital births, actual attendant type is used.

⁴ For planned out-of-hospital births with intrapartum transfer to hospitals, planned attendant type is reported by mother and not verified.

⁵ For planned out-of-hospital births with non-hospital deliveries, the actual attendant type is used.

TABLE 7-20. Term early neonatal deaths¹ by planned attendant and planned place of birth, Oregon occurrence, preliminary 2017 birth cohort

Planned birth attendant	Total term early neonatal deaths	Planned hospital birth ²	Planned out-of-hospital birth		
			Total	Intrapartum transfer to hospital ³	Non-hospital delivery ⁴
Total	20	18	2	–	2
MD's and DO's	18	18	–	–	–
Certified nurse midwives	–	–	–	–	–
Licensed direct-entry midwives	2	–	2	–	2
Unlicensed direct-entry midwives	–	–	–	–	–
Naturopathic physicians	–	–	–	–	–
Other	–	–	–	–	–

– Quantity is zero.

¹ Term early neonatal deaths include infant deaths of less than seven days and with gestation of 37 weeks or more.

² For planned hospital births, actual attendant type is used.

³ For planned out-of-hospital births with intrapartum transfer to hospitals, planned attendant type is reported by mother and not verified.

⁴ For planned out-of-hospital births with non-hospital deliveries, the actual attendant type is used.

NOTE: The 2017 birth cohort may include infant deaths that occurred in 2017 or 2018. Data for 2018 are undergoing editing processes and are subject to change.

Table 7-21: Fetal deaths by maternal characteristics by planned place of birth, Oregon occurrence, 2015-2017

Selected maternal characteristics	Total ¹	Planned hospital birth			Planned out-of-hospital birth		
		Clinical estimate of gestation					
		<37	37-40	41+	<37	37-40	41+
Total fetal deaths	570	414	123	12	3	2	—
Mother's age							
<20	32	23	7	—	1	—	—
20-24	111	91	14	2	—	—	—
25-29	145	94	40	4	—	1	—
30-34	152	113	33	2	2	1	—
35-39	99	75	20	3	—	—	—
40+	28	18	9	1	—	—	—
Single mention race²							
White	346	249	78	10	2	1	—
African American	26	21	4	—	—	—	—
American Indian	13	6	4	—	1	—	—
Asian/Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	43	30	12	—	—	—	—
Other/multiple races	31	22	5	—	—	1	—
Hispanic	111	86	20	2	—	—	—
Marital status							
Married	319	236	73	3	1	2	—
Unmarried	247	176	50	8	2	—	—
Mother's education							
8th grade or less	16	12	3	1	—	—	—
9th-12th, no diploma	78	56	17	1	1	—	—
High school/GED	150	109	32	4	1	—	—
Some college	137	105	28	1	1	—	—
Associate degree	36	28	7	—	—	—	—
Bachelor's degree	73	47	20	4	—	1	—
Postbaccalaureate	46	37	9	—	—	—	—
Pre-pregnancy body mass index							
Underweight (< 18.5)	9	7	1	—	—	—	—
Normal (18.5 - 24.9)	218	159	51	5	1	—	—
Overweight (25.0 - 29.9)	120	88	28	2	2	—	—
Obese (> 30.0)	174	129	36	3	—	1	—
Maternal tobacco use							
Tobacco use	94	69	23	—	—	—	—
No tobacco use	468	341	100	12	3	2	—
Initiation of care							
1st trimester	388	293	79	7	2	—	—
2nd trimester	104	68	33	2	—	1	—
3rd trimester	16	7	7	2	—	—	—
No care	46	32	4	1	1	1	—
Multiple birth							
Yes	25	22	2	—	—	—	—
No	545	392	121	12	3	2	—

— Quantity is zero.

¹ Total includes 14 fetal deaths that occurred en route, were unplanned home deliveries, or other out-of-hospital births not otherwise classified. Total also includes two fetal deaths with unknown gestation.

² Non-Hispanic single mention race. The Hispanic category may include any mention of race.

NOTE: Numbers within each maternal characteristic may not add up to total fetal death counts due to unknown responses.

Table 7-22: Early neonatal deaths by maternal characteristics by planned place of birth, Oregon occurrence, preliminary 2015-2017 birth cohort

Selected maternal characteristics	Total	Planned hospital birth			Planned out-of-hospital birth		
		Clinical estimate of gestation					
		<37	37-40	41+	<37	37-40	41+
Total early neonatal deaths¹	391	317	53	2	3	5	–
Mother's age							
<20	21	15	5	–	1	–	–
20-24	70	62	5	–	1	1	–
25-29	115	93	17	1	1	1	–
30-34	97	82	10	1	–	1	–
35-39	66	51	12	–	–	2	–
40+	22	14	4	–	–	–	–
Single mention race²							
White	248	204	31	2	1	4	–
African American	18	14	2	–	–	–	–
American Indian	5	4	1	–	–	–	–
Asian/Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	22	21	1	–	–	–	–
Other/multiple races	25	16	7	–	–	–	–
Hispanic	73	58	11	–	2	1	–
Marital status							
Married	207	166	31	2	2	3	–
Unmarried	184	151	22	–	1	2	–
Mother's education							
8th grade or less	10	9	1	–	–	–	–
9th-12th, no diploma	45	33	10	–	2	–	–
High school/GED	93	81	9	–	1	–	–
Some college	86	72	11	–	–	–	–
Associate degree	34	26	5	1	–	–	–
Bachelor's degree	58	44	7	1	–	5	–
Postbaccalaureate	37	29	8	–	–	–	–
Source of Payment³							
Medicaid/Oregon Health Plan	202	168	23	2	1	2	–
Private insurance	169	136	27	–	1	3	–
Self-pay	9	6	2	–	–	–	–
Other coverage	5	4	1	–	–	–	–
Birth order							
1st	159	132	18	1	1	5	–
2nd	111	90	15	1	1	–	–
3rd	49	41	6	–	1	–	–
4th +	72	54	14	–	–	–	–
Pre-pregnancy body mass index							
Underweight (< 18.5)	5	5	–	–	–	–	–
Normal (18.5 - 24.9)	145	109	28	2	1	3	–
Overweight (25.0 - 29.9)	87	72	12	–	2	1	–
Obese (> 30.0)	120	105	11	–	–	1	–
Maternal tobacco use							
Tobacco use	51	41	8	–	–	–	–
No tobacco use	328	268	44	2	3	5	–
Initiation of care							
1st trimester	287	238	41	2	1	2	–
2nd trimester	62	49	9	–	1	3	–
3rd trimester	3	2	1	–	–	–	–
No care	25	16	2	–	1	–	–
Prenatal care⁴							
Adequate	237	181	48	2	–	5	–
Inadequate	138	123	4	–	3	–	–

– Quantity is zero.

¹ Total includes eight births that occurred en route, were unplanned home deliveries, or other out-of-hospital births not otherwise classified. Total also includes four births with unknown gestation.² Non-Hispanic single mention race. The Hispanic category may include any mention of race.³ Expected principal method of payment for delivery. Actual method of payment may differ.⁴ Adequate care: Care that began in the first or second trimester and included at least five visits.

Inadequate care: No care, or care that began in the third trimester, or fewer than five visits.

APPENDIX A: POPULATION

Table A-1. Population distribution by age and sex, Oregon, 1950-2000 (selected years), 2001-2017

Year and sex	Total	Age groups															
		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75+
1950	1,521,341	163,915	131,596	108,140	96,738	105,070	117,706	116,800	117,361	105,575	93,228	86,118	77,843	68,230	54,455	37,095	41,471
M	772,776	83,614	67,244	55,528	47,652	51,469	57,940	57,930	59,391	54,452	48,574	44,802	40,426	36,027	28,498	19,085	20,144
F	748,565	80,301	64,352	52,612	49,086	53,601	59,766	58,870	57,970	51,123	44,654	41,316	37,417	32,203	25,957	18,010	21,327
1960	1,768,675	185,403	189,333	170,768	131,315	95,773	96,636	107,999	118,152	116,218	114,074	101,313	87,606	74,007	65,908	52,734	61,436
M	879,929	94,330	96,553	87,191	64,463	46,011	47,318	52,924	57,451	57,832	57,574	52,052	43,615	37,003	32,257	25,175	28,180
F	888,746	31,073	92,780	83,577	66,852	49,762	49,318	55,075	60,701	58,386	56,500	49,261	43,991	37,004	33,651	27,559	33,256
1970	2,091,385	164,060	194,345	211,284	203,362	162,638	138,978	115,599	107,832	117,950	124,395	118,996	110,739	94,408	75,601	60,321	90,877
M	1,023,952	83,836	99,274	107,664	100,952	75,549	68,827	57,764	52,738	57,790	60,407	58,563	54,576	45,809	35,886	26,956	37,361
F	1,067,433	80,224	95,071	103,620	102,410	87,089	70,151	57,835	55,094	60,160	63,988	60,433	56,163	48,599	39,715	33,365	53,516
1975	2,292,734	166,930	176,125	211,149	224,538	222,013	180,346	152,553	122,891	114,611	120,938	125,783	117,631	106,710	86,844	66,077	97,597
M	1,120,178	85,331	89,859	107,668	114,204	108,866	84,271	76,482	61,305	55,959	58,944	60,547	56,993	51,149	40,571	29,622	38,407
F	1,172,556	81,599	86,266	103,481	110,334	113,146	96,075	76,071	61,586	58,652	61,994	65,236	60,638	55,561	46,273	36,455	59,190
1980	2,632,663	197,951	189,293	202,546	225,814	237,788	253,472	227,565	170,694	133,101	119,249	124,344	129,886	117,676	105,165	79,367	118,752
M	1,296,355	101,815	96,965	103,594	114,690	117,800	126,867	115,071	86,047	67,073	58,948	60,356	62,001	56,031	49,287	35,404	44,406
F	1,336,308	96,136	92,328	98,952	111,124	119,988	126,605	112,494	84,647	66,028	60,301	63,988	67,885	61,645	55,878	43,963	74,346
1985	2,675,800	198,995	195,271	184,845	197,808	215,641	227,827	243,741	222,457	165,140	128,521	112,530	115,551	118,327	113,657	93,372	142,117
M	1,313,949	101,338	100,344	94,619	101,111	109,413	112,518	121,577	112,168	83,090	64,509	55,332	55,429	55,393	52,316	41,694	53,098
F	1,361,851	97,657	94,927	90,226	96,697	106,228	115,309	122,164	110,289	82,050	64,012	57,198	60,122	62,934	61,341	51,678	89,019
1990	2,847,000	203,678	205,765	199,955	190,781	199,581	221,902	233,898	249,986	223,597	166,333	128,276	112,111	112,679	120,405	99,641	178,413
M	1,396,242	104,769	106,052	102,738	97,540	101,520	112,129	115,287	124,674	112,602	83,400	63,928	54,393	52,976	54,892	43,473	65,870
F	1,450,758	98,909	99,713	97,217	93,241	98,061	109,773	118,611	125,312	110,995	82,933	64,348	57,718	59,703	65,513	56,168	112,543
1995	3,132,000	231,584	225,513	222,660	213,595	208,322	199,568	232,116	258,273	264,101	232,380	170,663	129,959	113,424	121,428	113,812	194,602
M	1,543,133	118,939	15,314	114,532	109,361	106,964	101,281	116,723	128,027	130,894	116,149	85,147	64,015	53,857	56,309	50,528	75,093
F	1,588,867	112,645	110,199	108,128	104,234	101,358	98,287	115,393	130,246	133,207	116,231	85,516	65,944	59,567	65,119	63,284	119,509
2000	3,421,399	223,005	234,474	242,098	244,427	230,406	233,850	236,845	255,751	270,823	271,315	235,840	173,008	131,380	112,614	106,728	218,835
M	1,696,550	114,006	120,115	124,235	125,429	118,100	121,031	122,237	129,083	134,072	134,761	117,417	85,369	64,218	53,193	48,510	84,774
F	1,724,849	108,999	114,359	117,863	118,998	112,306	112,819	114,608	126,668	136,751	136,554	118,423	87,639	67,162	59,421	58,218	134,061
2001	3,471,700	226,401	238,102	245,858	248,078	233,672	237,225	240,353	259,636	274,967	275,401	239,420	175,643	133,350	114,046	108,064	221,484
M	1,721,063	115,854	122,068	126,161	127,300	119,797	122,845	123,903	131,103	136,095	136,730	119,229	86,575	65,245	53,832	49,142	85,186
F	1,750,637	110,547	116,034	119,697	120,778	113,875	114,380	116,450	128,533	138,872	138,671	120,191	89,069	68,105	60,214	58,923	136,297
2002	3,504,700	227,668	240,525	248,332	250,518	235,989	239,632	242,805	262,277	277,752	278,150	241,802	177,357	134,599	115,039	108,983	223,273
M	1,737,468	116,502	123,310	127,431	128,552	120,984	124,091	125,167	132,437	137,473	138,095	120,415	87,420	65,856	54,300	49,559	85,876
F	1,767,232	111,166	117,215	120,902	121,965	115,004	115,541	117,638	129,840	140,279	140,055	121,387	89,938	68,743	60,739	59,423	137,397
2003	3,541,500	228,681	243,209	251,015	253,202	238,586	242,417	245,610	265,216	280,796	281,125	244,359	179,190	135,956	116,295	110,163	225,680
M	1,755,699	117,020	124,686	128,807	129,929	122,316	125,533	126,613	133,921	138,980	139,572	121,689	88,323	66,520	54,893	50,096	86,801
F	1,785,801	111,661	118,523	122,208	123,273	116,270	116,884	118,997	131,295	141,816	141,553	122,670	90,867	69,436	61,402	60,067	138,879
2004	3,582,600	228,294	246,477	254,338	256,544	241,877	245,808	249,010	268,821	284,559	284,837	247,540	181,472	137,643	117,189	110,983	227,206
M	1,776,238	116,822	126,362	130,512	131,644	124,003	127,289	128,366	135,741	140,843	141,415	123,273	89,448	67,345	55,315	50,469	87,391
F	1,806,362	111,472	120,116	123,826	124,900	117,874	118,519	120,644	133,080	143,717	143,422	124,267	92,024	70,298	61,874	60,514	139,816

Source: 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, and 2000 data are from the U.S. census. All other data are estimates provided by the Population Research Center, Portland State University.

Table A-1. Population distribution by age and sex, Oregon, 1950-2000 (selected years), 2001-2017

Year and sex	Total	Age groups															
		0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75+
2005	3,631,440	229,032	236,192	250,112	249,350	253,754	245,350	248,459	249,423	262,187	274,531	272,164	235,442	169,464	125,289	101,495	229,196
M	1,807,404	117,748	120,728	127,493	128,096	129,672	125,950	128,454	128,645	132,066	135,398	134,414	116,816	83,126	60,576	47,018	90,754
F	1,824,036	111,284	115,464	122,619	121,254	124,082	119,400	120,005	120,778	130,121	139,133	137,750	118,626	86,338	64,713	54,477	138,442
2006	3,690,505	230,910	237,216	252,504	251,425	259,704	248,533	251,540	248,957	261,231	276,019	280,822	251,186	178,919	128,422	100,797	232,320
M	1,838,346	118,827	121,169	129,072	129,146	132,669	127,362	130,125	128,969	132,069	135,957	138,459	124,789	87,809	62,397	46,886	92,642
F	1,852,159	112,084	116,047	123,433	122,279	127,035	121,171	121,415	119,988	129,162	140,062	142,363	126,397	91,109	66,025	53,911	139,678
2007	3,745,455	232,408	237,817	254,456	253,175	265,424	251,381	254,219	248,087	259,811	277,016	289,200	267,475	188,546	131,380	99,909	235,153
M	1,867,339	119,709	121,393	129,971	130,012	135,559	128,602	131,594	129,094	131,850	136,279	142,355	133,053	92,583	64,148	46,667	94,469
F	1,878,116	112,699	116,424	124,485	123,163	129,865	122,779	122,625	118,993	127,961	140,737	146,845	134,422	95,963	67,231	53,242	140,683
2008	3,791,075	234,168	242,401	253,790	256,673	259,359	262,454	258,656	259,537	260,859	272,087	277,102	259,397	206,048	147,484	109,384	231,675
M	1,890,189	120,054	124,243	129,545	131,583	132,637	134,635	133,035	134,056	133,088	135,603	136,260	128,042	101,457	71,392	51,441	93,120
F	1,900,886	114,115	118,158	124,246	125,090	126,722	127,819	125,621	125,482	127,771	136,485	140,842	131,355	104,591	76,092	57,943	138,555
2009	3,823,465	234,555	243,024	253,412	257,141	258,627	265,937	259,627	260,379	257,872	268,503	275,905	265,073	217,588	157,370	113,323	235,131
M	1,907,023	120,139	124,680	129,257	128,721	132,292	136,416	133,315	134,572	132,163	134,323	135,497	130,628	107,279	76,204	53,551	94,988
F	1,916,442	114,416	118,344	124,155	125,420	126,335	129,521	126,312	125,806	125,709	134,180	140,408	134,445	110,309	81,166	59,771	140,143
2010	3,844,195	234,264	242,941	252,279	256,921	257,279	268,905	260,018	260,600	254,360	264,346	274,059	270,212	229,225	166,234	116,226	236,327
M	1,918,338	119,877	124,756	128,586	131,503	131,630	137,945	133,304	134,776	130,976	132,766	134,433	132,948	113,164	80,525	55,185	95,963
F	1,925,857	114,387	118,185	123,693	125,418	125,649	130,960	126,715	125,824	123,384	131,580	139,625	137,264	116,060	85,709	61,041	140,364
2011	3,857,625	237,996	236,267	242,121	253,963	253,352	266,455	261,862	255,011	250,951	261,846	272,797	272,104	240,710	177,377	127,550	247,263
M	1,908,309	122,060	120,597	123,953	130,156	128,563	134,328	132,353	129,384	126,798	130,250	133,614	132,212	117,136	85,390	60,582	100,934
F	1,949,316	115,936	115,670	118,168	123,807	124,789	132,127	129,509	125,627	124,153	131,596	139,183	139,892	123,574	91,988	66,968	146,330
2012	3,883,735	238,555	235,721	241,975	253,188	253,178	267,156	263,637	257,695	252,604	260,575	269,627	270,538	243,930	186,091	135,537	253,729
M	1,920,131	122,352	120,257	123,923	129,710	128,432	134,658	133,105	130,420	129,742	129,742	132,360	131,449	118,459	89,437	64,345	104,071
F	1,963,604	116,203	115,463	118,052	123,478	124,746	132,498	130,532	127,275	125,194	130,833	137,267	139,089	125,470	96,653	71,192	149,658
2013	3,919,020	239,469	235,523	242,005	252,560	253,762	268,823	265,499	260,497	254,373	259,448	266,638	269,109	247,305	196,642	145,070	262,300
M	1,936,248	122,827	120,097	123,984	129,342	128,675	135,464	133,899	131,508	128,073	129,299	131,187	130,750	119,852	94,353	68,838	108,100
F	1,982,772	116,642	115,426	118,021	123,217	125,087	133,359	131,599	128,989	126,300	130,149	135,451	138,359	127,453	102,288	76,232	154,199
2014	3,962,710	240,540	235,498	242,326	252,453	254,730	270,814	268,298	264,242	257,039	259,236	264,602	268,604	251,574	207,292	154,903	270,560
M	1,956,552	123,383	120,028	124,193	129,241	129,120	136,436	135,162	133,061	129,181	129,306	130,475	130,498	121,669	99,299	73,469	112,030
F	2,006,158	117,157	115,470	118,132	123,212	125,611	134,378	133,136	131,181	127,859	129,930	134,127	138,105	129,904	107,993	81,435	158,530
2015	4,013,845	241,795	235,647	242,822	252,898	256,791	273,970	272,264	269,161	260,820	260,132	263,708	269,245	257,006	216,708	164,044	276,834
M	1,980,760	124,034	120,049	124,493	129,422	130,119	137,993	137,010	135,196	130,840	129,863	130,323	130,804	124,041	103,639	77,768	115,165
F	2,033,085	117,761	115,598	118,329	123,476	126,672	135,977	135,254	133,965	129,979	130,269	133,385	138,441	132,965	113,069	86,276	161,669
2016	4,076,350	243,158	235,914	243,427	253,722	259,636	278,022	277,144	275,040	265,502	261,892	263,671	270,738	263,364	227,057	174,118	283,944
M	2,010,468	124,742	120,133	124,849	129,799	131,514	139,998	139,312	137,797	132,940	130,847	130,591	131,520	126,847	108,407	82,503	118,668
F	2,065,882	118,416	115,781	118,578	123,924	128,121	138,025	137,832	137,244	132,562	131,044	133,080	139,218	136,516	118,650	91,615	165,276
2017	4,141,100	255,638	246,913	255,136	259,728	258,748	278,015	277,992	276,931	266,319	259,844	259,831	268,324	266,006	237,108	184,214	290,354
M	2,042,412	131,145	125,741	130,855	132,882	131,056	139,984	139,735	138,742	133,347	129,823	128,695	130,345	128,117	113,195	87,264	121,485
F	2,098,688	124,493	121,171	124,282	126,846	127,692	138,031	138,257	138,188	132,972	130,020	131,136	137,980	137,889	123,913	96,949	168,868

Source: 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, and 2000 data are from the U.S. census. All other data are estimates provided by the Population Research Center, Portland State University.

Table A-2. Population by age and sex for Oregon and its counties: July 1, 2017

Both sexes																				
County	All ages	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85+
OREGON	4,141,100	255,638	246,913	255,136	153,954	105,774	258,748	278,015	277,992	276,931	266,319	259,844	259,831	268,324	266,006	237,108	184,214	124,099	81,225	85,029
BAKER	16,750	957	804	944	623	285	558	731	856	928	863	908	1,050	1,299	1,483	1,452	1,179	818	547	465
BENTON	92,575	3,602	3,954	4,522	3,308	5,754	13,941	6,797	5,575	4,745	4,507	4,680	4,946	5,401	5,545	5,117	3,874	2,654	1,699	1,954
CLACKAMAS	413,000	22,840	25,336	27,573	17,124	9,376	20,844	22,930	23,905	26,055	27,388	28,289	28,903	30,121	28,673	24,283	18,910	12,785	8,179	9,489
CLATSOP	38,820	2,304	2,062	2,218	1,371	951	2,065	1,968	2,307	2,377	2,207	2,303	2,389	2,942	3,104	3,074	2,112	1,374	876	817
COLUMBIA	51,345	2,787	2,958	3,485	2,063	1,081	2,269	2,427	3,228	3,158	3,522	3,398	3,821	3,878	3,953	3,312	2,462	1,704	928	910
COOS	63,310	3,665	3,127	3,432	2,123	1,395	2,653	2,962	3,560	3,407	3,293	3,472	3,894	4,778	5,380	5,193	4,351	2,983	1,986	1,657
CROOK	22,105	1,091	1,176	1,310	792	368	851	881	1,066	1,066	1,230	1,343	1,420	1,701	1,949	1,958	1,585	1,081	654	581
CURRY	22,805	869	798	1,016	639	315	679	864	920	1,103	995	1,225	1,421	1,948	2,493	2,469	2,108	1,315	853	777
DESCHUTES	182,930	11,551	11,514	12,022	6,894	3,840	8,807	10,679	11,512	12,486	12,238	11,895	11,680	11,894	12,687	11,587	8,868	5,620	3,628	3,529
DOUGLAS	111,180	5,910	5,563	6,341	4,029	2,328	4,946	5,104	5,912	5,797	5,982	6,227	6,970	8,180	9,200	8,905	7,512	5,253	3,504	3,518
GILLIAM	1,995	118	69	112	64	22	51	68	99	81	111	116	135	183	204	191	133	88	65	84
GRANT	7,415	313	292	384	226	105	232	257	355	359	347	407	439	611	704	750	599	462	282	291
HARNEY	7,360	407	398	445	309	154	257	370	410	387	392	405	443	568	641	607	447	331	196	194
HOOD RIVER	25,145	1,588	1,756	1,796	1,087	587	1,285	1,484	1,525	1,592	1,782	1,734	1,808	1,772	1,560	1,318	857	655	420	538
JACKSON	216,900	13,150	11,789	13,382	7,833	4,964	11,737	12,003	12,493	12,703	12,724	12,778	13,523	14,909	15,739	14,854	12,222	8,490	5,636	5,970
JEFFERSON	23,190	1,585	1,309	1,591	925	495	1,134	1,323	1,332	1,309	1,342	1,494	1,544	1,732	1,710	1,546	1,219	765	495	341
JOSEPHINE	85,650	4,478	4,264	5,033	3,059	1,701	3,589	3,891	4,565	4,361	4,466	4,790	5,320	6,158	7,267	6,843	6,060	4,160	2,777	2,869
KLAMATH	67,690	4,007	3,681	4,148	2,501	1,664	3,827	3,662	3,844	3,753	3,793	4,090	4,252	4,878	5,033	4,933	3,874	2,698	1,612	1,438
LAKE	8,120	368	326	420	294	98	259	338	474	443	554	535	594	637	748	712	519	397	218	186
LANE	370,600	18,135	18,103	20,044	13,381	12,497	31,443	25,237	24,003	21,967	21,685	21,328	22,355	24,233	24,898	23,461	18,633	12,232	8,299	8,665
LINCOLN	47,960	2,516	1,993	2,272	1,385	808	1,729	2,066	2,523	2,568	2,456	2,601	3,065	3,938	4,741	4,791	3,686	2,238	1,390	1,194
LINN	124,010	8,289	7,945	8,401	4,874	3,003	6,883	7,322	7,710	7,868	7,232	7,596	7,602	8,382	8,161	7,503	5,938	4,086	2,695	2,520
MALHEUR	31,845	2,377	2,131	2,190	1,278	907	2,014	2,028	1,959	2,019	1,919	1,831	1,855	1,866	1,860	1,742	1,406	1,041	664	758
MARION	339,200	25,592	24,758	24,198	14,663	9,857	22,616	22,842	21,875	21,155	20,401	19,855	19,867	20,124	19,364	16,865	13,350	9,086	6,222	6,510
MORROW	11,890	781	879	920	562	317	645	679	643	736	705	740	742	762	859	669	534	340	204	172
MULTNOMAH	803,000	50,148	44,003	42,451	24,165	18,552	55,190	72,402	71,062	68,106	60,656	54,080	50,138	47,018	42,959	36,140	26,103	16,847	10,858	12,120
POLK	81,000	5,527	5,332	5,816	3,371	2,886	6,052	4,756	4,536	4,935	4,769	4,565	4,690	4,773	4,822	4,584	3,679	2,632	1,690	1,585
SHERMAN	1,800	110	82	103	59	27	54	68	108	116	88	109	106	129	177	126	129	97	58	54
TILLAMOOK	26,175	1,621	1,324	1,535	901	487	978	1,164	1,307	1,444	1,412	1,443	1,702	2,032	2,304	2,341	1,747	1,149	714	570
UMATILLA	80,500	6,190	5,875	5,870	3,506	2,193	5,033	5,300	5,079	5,228	4,943	4,777	4,809	4,961	4,664	4,105	3,041	2,115	1,447	1,364
UNION	26,900	1,887	1,694	1,690	1,066	911	1,731	1,505	1,325	1,499	1,446	1,461	1,523	1,731	1,856	1,778	1,408	974	673	741
WALLOWA	7,195	474	392	378	216	96	186	231	389	326	395	348	428	538	678	693	544	364	251	264
WASCO	27,100	1,856	1,672	1,714	1,077	606	1,334	1,510	1,597	1,610	1,541	1,480	1,623	1,797	1,981	1,802	1,408	1,005	627	861
WASHINGTON	595,860	41,604	42,402	39,933	23,635	13,610	35,806	45,900	43,647	44,464	42,224	41,019	38,110	35,690	31,822	25,463	19,236	12,925	8,755	9,616
WHEELER	1,480	77	55	82	56	20	34	55	73	78	53	80	85	130	120	156	104	104	60	56
YAMHILL	106,300	6,865	7,095	7,367	4,497	3,514	7,033	6,210	6,218	6,701	6,658	6,441	6,579	6,629	6,670	5,785	4,377	3,227	2,064	2,370

Source: Center for Population Research and Census, Portland State University

Table A-2. Population by age and sex for Oregon and its counties: July 1, 2017 (continued)

Male population																				
County	All ages	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85+
OREGON	2,042,412	131,145	125,741	130,855	79,104	53,778	131,056	139,984	139,735	138,742	133,347	129,823	128,695	130,345	128,117	113,195	87,264	56,588	34,904	29,993
BAKER	8,497	448	416	469	336	158	296	396	468	515	456	489	520	638	716	742	573	422	253	186
BENTON	46,177	1,766	1,861	2,310	1,692	2,873	7,477	3,735	2,821	2,373	2,236	2,294	2,398	2,614	2,679	2,466	1,893	1,225	740	724
CLACKAMAS	202,294	12,010	12,837	14,324	8,710	4,923	10,695	11,534	11,841	12,877	13,476	13,895	14,175	14,626	13,856	11,525	8,756	5,742	3,374	3,118
CLATSOP	19,264	1,069	1,043	1,064	741	496	1,090	1,016	1,239	1,212	1,137	1,158	1,183	1,428	1,504	1,479	1,069	655	378	301
COLUMBIA	25,668	1,441	1,498	1,841	1,080	572	1,192	1,212	1,618	1,551	1,759	1,698	1,907	1,930	1,937	1,717	1,173	813	401	327
COOS	31,291	1,887	1,563	1,746	1,059	716	1,337	1,499	1,802	1,739	1,637	1,756	1,946	2,325	2,608	2,503	2,129	1,423	909	706
CROOK	10,913	573	593	686	408	194	437	423	518	525	599	642	711	785	943	985	803	529	329	230
CURRY	11,321	466	416	543	339	174	359	457	468	557	444	598	684	962	1,193	1,274	1,021	642	415	309
DESCHUTES	90,272	5,956	5,920	6,217	3,572	1,994	4,480	5,376	5,742	6,183	6,037	5,839	5,664	5,517	6,080	5,653	4,445	2,630	1,700	1,267
DOUGLAS	54,908	3,060	2,794	3,270	2,080	1,243	2,538	2,557	3,009	2,848	2,958	3,089	3,448	3,935	4,530	4,389	3,736	2,485	1,625	1,313
GILLIAM	1,032	66	30	66	34	14	33	39	58	51	61	61	75	82	114	82	72	41	29	25
GRANT	3,670	148	139	184	120	60	112	131	182	192	160	201	195	303	332	398	319	244	128	121
HARNEY	3,735	218	209	224	173	83	140	165	221	186	188	186	216	279	336	325	237	178	91	78
HOOD RIVER	12,637	798	965	922	561	328	698	767	763	808	855	876	893	899	799	649	421	311	163	160
JACKSON	105,673	6,710	5,966	6,788	3,935	2,450	5,826	6,040	6,162	6,457	6,297	6,372	6,662	7,169	7,390	7,089	5,847	3,891	2,442	2,180
JEFFERSON	12,224	866	653	840	466	256	613	694	738	743	729	806	812	924	857	797	674	386	240	131
JOSEPHINE	41,651	2,268	2,136	2,533	1,616	900	1,773	2,042	2,293	2,236	2,191	2,370	2,565	2,889	3,466	3,256	2,926	1,913	1,223	1,056
KLAMATH	33,535	1,994	1,939	2,076	1,293	865	1,922	1,828	1,923	1,879	1,911	2,052	2,085	2,383	2,459	2,428	1,904	1,310	742	542
LAKE	4,410	163	175	196	153	55	145	185	293	257	336	313	324	366	374	393	284	204	107	87
LANE	181,701	9,142	9,085	10,328	6,880	6,104	16,344	12,839	12,266	10,900	10,848	10,521	10,905	11,505	11,906	11,000	8,834	5,672	3,543	3,078
LINCOLN	23,325	1,251	1,021	1,125	759	438	927	1,080	1,287	1,339	1,180	1,304	1,441	1,816	2,196	2,245	1,799	1,032	652	434
LINN	61,126	4,385	4,114	4,303	2,463	1,535	3,392	3,605	3,771	3,930	3,586	3,783	3,776	4,101	3,976	3,617	2,796	1,861	1,207	924
MALHEUR	17,245	1,235	1,099	1,098	666	487	1,181	1,206	1,168	1,195	1,131	1,048	1,066	977	1,022	868	676	516	296	312
MARION	168,062	13,292	12,658	12,484	7,561	5,097	11,728	11,563	11,190	10,503	10,296	9,891	9,868	9,810	9,251	7,808	6,209	4,021	2,611	2,221
MORROW	6,092	411	432	472	280	172	358	369	321	390	361	393	370	375	448	323	264	169	108	76
MULTNOMAH	395,725	25,657	22,418	21,693	12,351	9,192	26,720	35,606	35,420	34,306	30,747	27,493	25,248	23,420	20,948	17,039	11,970	7,275	4,304	3,919
POLK	39,336	2,792	2,780	2,944	1,751	1,352	2,893	2,339	2,212	2,397	2,302	2,304	2,253	2,280	2,274	2,128	1,740	1,213	761	623
SHERMAN	917	53	40	54	32	13	29	30	59	67	46	63	51	62	95	62	58	48	24	31
TILLAMOOK	13,186	813	652	803	466	280	538	630	667	744	744	730	838	999	1,131	1,147	883	555	326	238
UMATILLA	42,239	3,239	2,887	3,055	1,805	1,149	2,815	3,000	2,857	2,888	2,729	2,559	2,522	2,613	2,356	2,044	1,548	1,007	651	518
UNION	13,327	972	895	847	596	471	811	803	664	726	753	683	762	848	903	902	710	445	290	246
WALLOWA	3,455	214	169	170	105	48	83	117	174	171	195	156	207	237	336	340	303	187	125	117
WASCO	13,417	907	842	833	579	323	672	800	798	819	772	721	808	869	994	939	688	476	270	307
WASHINGTON	290,280	21,222	21,807	20,517	12,088	6,997	17,841	22,559	21,473	21,732	20,778	20,169	18,793	17,092	14,864	11,725	8,382	5,515	3,516	3,210
WHEELER	737	46	30	41	32	15	17	32	51	36	24	33	37	62	52	84	42	55	26	21
YAMHILL	53,071	3,604	3,662	3,788	2,321	1,748	3,544	3,308	3,200	3,411	3,389	3,276	3,287	3,224	3,194	2,776	2,080	1,499	906	854

Source: Center for Population Research and Census, Portland State University

Table A-2. Population by age and sex for Oregon and its counties: July 1, 2017 (continued)

County	Female population																			
	All ages	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85+
OREGON	2,098,688	124,493	121,171	124,282	74,850	51,996	127,692	138,031	138,257	138,188	132,972	130,020	131,136	137,980	137,889	123,913	96,949	67,511	46,321	55,036
BAKER	8,253	509	388	476	287	127	262	335	388	413	407	419	530	661	766	710	606	396	294	279
BENTON	46,398	1,836	2,093	2,212	1,615	2,881	6,464	3,062	2,753	2,372	2,270	2,386	2,548	2,788	2,866	2,651	1,981	1,429	960	1,230
CLACKAMAS	210,706	10,830	12,499	13,248	8,413	4,453	10,149	11,396	12,064	13,178	13,912	14,394	14,728	15,494	14,817	12,758	10,155	7,043	4,805	6,371
CLATSOP	19,556	1,234	1,019	1,154	630	455	974	952	1,067	1,165	1,070	1,145	1,206	1,515	1,600	1,595	1,043	718	498	515
COLUMBIA	25,677	1,345	1,460	1,644	982	509	1,078	1,215	1,610	1,607	1,763	1,699	1,914	1,948	2,016	1,595	1,289	891	527	583
COOS	32,019	1,778	1,565	1,686	1,064	678	1,317	1,462	1,758	1,667	1,657	1,715	1,947	2,453	2,772	2,690	2,223	1,560	1,077	951
CROOK	11,192	518	583	624	385	174	414	457	548	542	631	700	708	916	1,007	973	782	553	325	352
CURRY	11,484	403	382	473	299	140	320	407	452	546	551	627	737	986	1,300	1,195	1,087	673	438	468
DESCHUTES	92,658	5,595	5,594	5,804	3,322	1,845	4,327	5,303	5,769	6,303	6,201	6,056	6,015	6,377	6,607	5,935	4,423	2,990	1,928	2,262
DOUGLAS	56,272	2,849	2,769	3,070	1,949	1,084	2,408	2,547	2,903	2,949	3,024	3,138	3,522	4,245	4,669	4,516	3,776	2,767	1,879	2,205
GILLIAM	963	52	40	45	30	9	19	29	41	31	50	55	61	100	90	109	61	48	36	59
GRANT	3,745	164	153	201	106	45	120	126	174	167	187	205	244	308	372	351	280	218	153	170
HARNEY	3,625	188	190	221	135	71	117	205	189	201	204	219	226	289	305	282	210	153	105	116
HOOD RIVER	12,508	790	791	875	525	259	587	717	763	784	927	858	915	873	761	669	436	345	257	378
JACKSON	111,227	6,439	5,823	6,594	3,897	2,514	5,910	5,963	6,332	6,246	6,427	6,406	6,862	7,740	8,349	7,766	6,376	4,599	3,194	3,791
JEFFERSON	10,966	719	656	751	459	239	521	629	594	567	613	687	732	808	852	749	545	379	256	210
JOSEPHINE	43,999	2,210	2,129	2,500	1,443	801	1,816	1,849	2,271	2,125	2,275	2,421	2,755	3,269	3,801	3,588	3,135	2,247	1,554	1,813
KLAMATH	34,155	2,013	1,743	2,072	1,208	799	1,906	1,834	1,921	1,874	1,882	2,038	2,167	2,495	2,574	2,504	1,970	1,388	871	896
LAKE	3,710	205	151	224	141	43	114	152	181	186	218	222	271	271	374	319	234	193	112	99
LANE	188,899	8,993	9,018	9,716	6,501	6,393	15,100	12,398	11,737	11,067	10,837	10,807	11,450	12,728	12,992	12,461	9,798	6,560	4,756	5,587
LINCOLN	24,635	1,265	973	1,146	626	371	802	986	1,236	1,229	1,276	1,297	1,624	2,121	2,545	2,546	1,887	1,206	738	760
LINN	62,884	3,904	3,831	4,098	2,410	1,467	3,491	3,717	3,939	3,938	3,646	3,814	3,825	4,282	4,186	3,886	3,142	2,225	1,488	1,596
MALHEUR	14,600	1,142	1,033	1,091	612	420	833	822	792	823	788	783	789	889	838	873	730	525	369	447
MARION	171,138	12,300	12,100	11,714	7,102	4,760	10,888	11,279	10,686	10,653	10,105	9,964	9,999	10,314	10,113	9,057	7,141	5,066	3,611	4,288
MORROW	5,798	370	447	449	282	144	287	310	322	346	345	347	372	387	411	347	270	171	96	96
MULTNOMAH	407,275	24,491	21,585	20,758	11,815	9,360	28,470	36,796	35,642	33,800	29,909	26,588	24,890	23,599	22,011	19,101	14,133	9,573	6,554	8,200
POLK	41,664	2,735	2,552	2,873	1,620	1,534	3,158	2,418	2,324	2,538	2,467	2,261	2,437	2,493	2,548	2,456	1,940	1,420	929	962
SHERMAN	883	57	42	49	27	14	25	38	49	49	43	47	55	67	81	65	70	50	34	23
TILLAMOOK	12,989	807	672	732	434	207	440	534	640	700	668	713	864	1,033	1,173	1,194	864	595	388	332
UMATILLA	38,261	2,951	2,988	2,816	1,701	1,044	2,218	2,300	2,222	2,340	2,213	2,218	2,287	2,349	2,308	2,062	1,493	1,108	797	846
UNION	13,573	915	800	843	470	441	920	702	661	772	693	778	762	883	953	876	698	529	383	495
WALLOWA	3,740	260	223	208	112	49	103	114	216	155	200	192	221	301	342	353	241	177	126	147
WASCO	13,683	950	831	880	498	283	663	710	799	791	768	759	815	928	987	863	720	529	357	554
WASHINGTON	305,580	20,381	20,595	19,416	11,547	6,613	17,965	23,341	22,174	22,732	21,446	20,850	19,317	18,598	16,958	13,738	10,853	7,409	5,239	6,406
WHEELER	743	31	25	41	24	5	17	23	22	42	29	46	48	68	68	73	62	49	34	35
YAMHILL	53,229	3,260	3,433	3,579	2,177	1,766	3,489	2,902	3,018	3,291	3,269	3,165	3,292	3,405	3,477	3,009	2,296	1,728	1,158	1,516

Source: Center for Population Research and Census, Portland State University

TABLE A-3: Oregon veteran population by age and sex: September 30, 2017

Sex	Age groups															
	All ages	< 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85+
Both sexes	303,689	87	2,828	8,786	12,367	13,526	13,284	17,951	20,863	24,671	29,857	40,680	46,142	25,901	19,753	26,993
Male	278,191	68	2,296	7,473	10,534	11,368	11,294	15,622	18,357	21,788	26,719	38,314	44,591	24,911	19,050	25,806
Female	25,498	20	532	1,313	1,833	2,158	1,989	2,329	2,506	2,882	3,138	2,366	1,552	990	704	1,187

Source: United States Department of Veteran Affairs, VetPop 2016 State Data Tables: http://www.va.gov/vetdata/Veteran_Population.asp

APPENDIX B: TECHNICAL NOTES

Appendix B: Technical notes - definitions

Births

- **Apgar score** is a summary measure of the infant's condition based on heart rate, respiratory effort, muscle tone, reflex irritability and color. The highest possible score is 10. A low Apgar score (seven or less), measured five minutes after birth, indicates the infant is at increased risk of morbidity and mortality.
- **Births to unmarried mothers ratio** is the number of births to unmarried mothers per 1,000 live births. Ratios differ from rates.
- **Crude birth rate** is the number of live births per 1,000 total population.
- **Live birth** is the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of conception, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy, which, after such a separation, breathes or shows any other evidence of life such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles whether or not the umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is attached; each product of such a birth is considered live born (1).
- **Low birthweight infant** is a live born infant with a birthweight of less than 5 pounds, 8 ounces (2,500 grams) as reported on the birth certificate.
- **Birth rate per 1,000 men** is the number of births per 1,000 males in Oregon. In computing birth rates by age of father, births tabulated as age of father not stated are distributed in the same proportions as births with known age within each five-year age classification of the mother. The male birth rate is used to facilitate comparisons between Oregon and the national rate.

The National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) uses this procedure to avoid distortion in rates resulting from the disregard of the relationship between the mothers' and fathers' age.

Deaths

- **Contributing cause** of death is defined as any significant condition that contributed to the fatal outcome, but was not related to the disease or condition directly causing death (see the underlying cause of death definition below) (2).
- **Crude death rate** is the number of deaths per 1,000 or 100,000 total population.
- **Fetal death** is death prior to the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of conception of at least 20 weeks' gestation, except where such expulsion results from a therapeutic abortion; the death is indicated by the fact that after such separation, the fetus does not breathe or show any other evidence of life such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord or definite movement of voluntary muscles.
- **Fetal death ratio** is the number of fetal deaths per 1,000 live births. Ratios differ from rates.
- **Infant death** is the death of a child within the first year of life.
- **Infant death rate** is the number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births.
- **Maternal death rate** is the number of female deaths attributed to childbirth or to complications of pregnancy or the puerperium, per 100,000 live births.
- **Neonatal death** is the death of a child within the first 27 days of life.
- **Neonatal death rate** is the number of neonatal deaths per 1,000 live births.
- **Perinatal death** is the death of a fetus after 20 weeks' gestation or the death of a live-born infant prior to the 28th day of life. Other medical literature may include different time periods.
- **Perinatal death ratio** is the number of perinatal deaths per 1,000 total live births. Ratios differ from rates.
- **Postneonatal death** is the death of a child from day 28 through 364 after birth.

- **Postneonatal death rate** is the number of postneonatal deaths per 1,000 live births.
- **Underlying cause** is the disease or injury that initiated the train of events leading directly to death, or the circumstances of the accident or violence that produced the fatal injury (2).
- **Years of potential life lost (YPLL)** is the numerical difference between a predetermined end point age, usually 75 years, and the age at death. YPLL quantifies premature deaths occurring in younger age groups.

Medical personnel - abbreviations used in tables

- C.N.M. — certified nurse midwife
- D.C. — doctor of chiropractic medicine
- D.O. — doctor of osteopathic medicine
- L.D.M. — licensed direct entry midwife
- M.D. — medical doctor
- N.D. — naturopathic doctor
- R.N. — registered nurse

Endnotes

1. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, National Center for Health Statistics. Vital statistics of the United States, 1982, vol. 1, section 4, page 1. Hyattsville, Maryland; 1986.
2. World Health Organization. International statistical classification of diseases and related health problems, 10th revision, 2010, vol. 10, page 33. [Internet]. 2010 [cited 2016 Jan 22]. Available from: http://apps.who.int/classifications/icd10/browse/Content/statichtml/ICD10Volume2_en_2010.pdf.

Appendix B: Technical notes - methodology

“That, sir, is the good of counting; it brings everything to a certainty, which before floated in the mind indefinitely.”

—Samuel Johnson

Induced termination of pregnancy

The induced termination of pregnancy data in this report represents nearly all abortions performed in Oregon during the current data year. Missing data is due to incomplete reporting by providers. Another consideration is the place of occurrence (Oregon) versus the mother’s place of residence (residence could be anywhere). That is, the data constitute events associated with the place of occurrence rather than the “residence data” used in estimating births. This is necessary because many abortions obtained out-of-state by Oregon residents are not reported to Oregon’s Center for Health Statistics. It reflects the great variation in abortion reporting procedures among states (e.g., some states do not record patients’ residence) as well as the fact that a comprehensive data collection network among all states, similar to that used in reporting births, does not exist in regard to abortions.

In using “occurrence” data rather than “residence” data to estimate abortion rates for Oregon residents, an implicit assumption is made that the number of Oregon residents that leave the state to obtain an abortion equals the number of out-of-state residents who obtain an abortion in Oregon. In formulating generalizations that involve trends or long-term behavioral patterns, annual totals are treated as sample values generated by ongoing social, economic or political processes and thus subject to “chance” variability. For most purposes, numbers offered in this report should be viewed as careful approximations and interpreted only within the framework of statistical safeguards developed to take sampling variability into account.

Some rates in the Induced Terminations of Pregnancy section are based on relatively few events, and for most comparisons may be used only with extreme caution—due to the chance fluctuations associated with small numbers. A small percentage of abortion reports lack certain data items.

Estimation of the cumulative proportion of females who have experienced an abortion

This estimate is computed by tracing the abortion experience of a specific cohort of females over an extended time period. In the table below, an approximation of the “cumulative total” of first-time abortions by one of the cohorts may be obtained by summing the numbers in the boxed area.

Number of First-Time Abortions By Year and Age Group, Oregon Occurrence, 1991-2005						
YEAR	AGE GROUPS					
	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44
91	2584	2678	1190	716	402	122
92	2137	2396	1067	655	380	117
93	2267	2393	1176	598	357	117
94	2370	2379	1233	693	376	135
95	2510	2486	1402	755	463	144
96	2511	2566	1416	771	468	152
97	2679	2794	1502	835	501	151
98	2525	2679	1496	786	495	175
99	2426	2776	1482	803	503	163
00	2270	2888	1499	827	487	176
01	2194	3018	1445	826	481	149
02	1840	2665	1383	836	443	181
03	1839	2575	1270	749	420	165
04	1607	2370	1232	710	396	152
05	1605	2307	1261	729	427	178

To obtain this value, it is necessary to sum the number of first-time abortions for 15- to 19-year-olds from 1991 to 1995 and those of 20- to 24-year-olds from 1996 to 2000 with those of 25- to 29-year-olds from 2001 to 2005.

This provides an estimate of the numerator in the following equation:

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{Cumulative proportion of females} \\
 \text{who have had an abortion}
 \end{array}
 =
 \frac{\text{Total number of first time abortions} \\
 \text{among a specific cohort of females}}{\text{Number of females in cohort}}$$

The denominator may be estimated by averaging the size of the cohort during 1991 to 1995. Table A-1 lists the annual estimate of the number of females within each cohort. For example, in 1991, the number of 15- to 19-year-old females

was estimated to be 93,043; in the next year, it was 95,064.

The average size of this age group from 1991 to 1995 was 98,540. Similarly, the number of 20- to 24- year-old women between 1996 and 2000 was 104,214 on average; the number of 25- to 29-year-olds averaged 93,065 between 2001 and 2005. Thus, between 1991 and 2005 the cohort of interest had an average population size of 98,606.

Substituting into the formula given above:

$$Cp = \frac{\text{Sum of First Abortions}}{N} = \frac{32,162}{98,606} = 0.326 \text{ or } 32.6 \text{ percent}$$

This number approximates the proportion of females in the 25- to 29-year-old cohort who, by 2005, had ever had an abortion. This method of estimation assumes factors such as deaths and migration have not altered the composition of the female population in Oregon—that is, the women who left the state displayed the same characteristics as those who have moved into Oregon. It also assumes patients with a history of previous abortions do not report the current procedure as a first abortion.

Teen pregnancy

Teen pregnancy counts include live births and induced terminations of pregnancies; they do not include fetal deaths or miscarriages (spontaneous abortions).

- Birth counts include births to teens whose primary residence is in another state.
- Teen abortion counts are based on all reported abortions to teenage Oregon residents; however, because states often do not report abortions obtained within their borders to the state of residence, as occurs with vital events such as birth and death, an unknown number of Oregon teens obtain abortion services out-of-state. As a consequence, counts of Oregon resident teen abortions and pregnancies should be considered incomplete.

Furthermore, because teen abortion counts are based on “residence data,” figures given in Chapter 4 do not correspond exactly to those in Chapter 3 that are based on “occurrence data.” (See Induced Terminations of Pregnancy methodology section.) The estimation of rates requires an estimate of the size of the appropriate population. Such

Teen Birth Rates, U.S. vs. Oregon, Ages 15-19, 2008		
Race/Ethnicity	Birth Rate ¹	
	U.S.	Oregon
TOTAL*	41.5	34.0
Non-hispanic whites	26.7	26.7

¹ All rates per 1,000 females ages 15-19.
* All races and ethnicities combined.

estimates are now available for 15- to 17-year-olds and 18- to 19-year-olds for each Oregon county on an annual basis.

Rates based upon a small population increase the likelihood of variation in the data due to the influence of chance factors. For this reason, rates of teen pregnancy, birth and abortion were calculated only if each age category contained at least 50 female residents of the specified county.

Great caution must be taken in the use of pregnancy statistics associated with females under 15 years of age. This is because relatively few events are recorded each year for this group. Also, rates are based on the estimated population cohort of 10- to 14-year-old females—many of whom are physiologically not yet at risk of pregnancy. Thus, any direct comparison of rates between this group and another age group—e.g., 15- to 17-year-olds—would be inappropriate.

Demographics

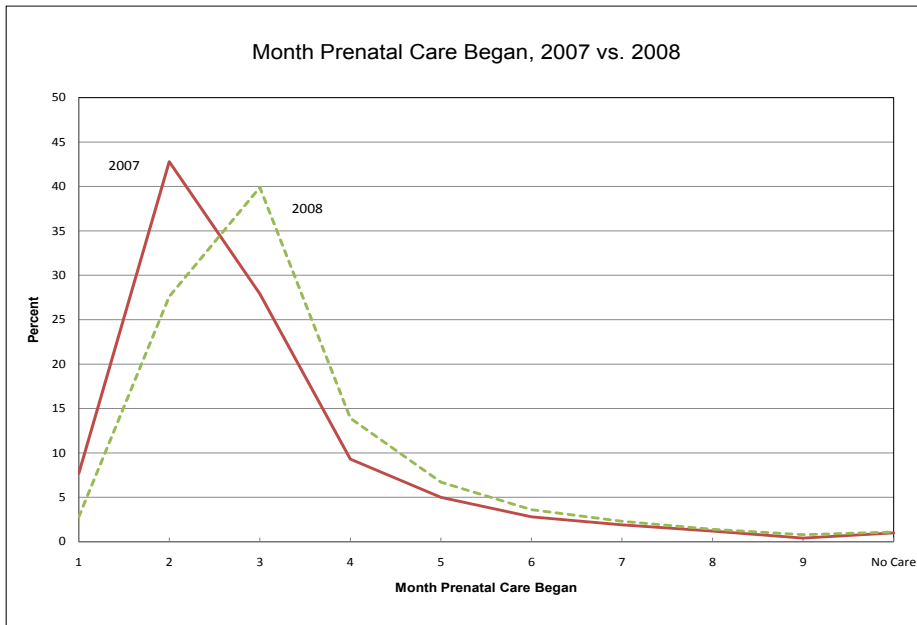
The extent to which Oregon’s demographic composition may affect its national ranking is indicated by comparisons shown in the sidebar. In 2008, Oregon’s birth rate for all teens (regardless of race or ethnic affiliation) was 7.5 percent lower than that of the United States; among all 50 states, it had the 20th lowest teen birth rate. Yet, if comparisons were made in terms of births to non-Hispanic White teens only, Oregon would have been 36th and the rate would have been 19 percent higher than that of the United States. This results from the fact that 87 percent of 15- to 19-year-old females in Oregon were non-Hispanic Whites; only 7 percent were either Hispanic or non-Hispanic African Americans. By comparison, 70 percent of the U.S. female population of that age were non-Hispanic Whites, and 26 percent were Hispanics or non-Hispanic African Americans.

Prenatal care

In 2008, information on the timing of prenatal care was based on the difference between the date of first prenatal visit and the date of last normal menses. When the data of last normal menses is missing or invalid, the clinical estimate of gestation is used. This change has made direct comparison between 2007 data and 2008 data unreliable.

Prenatal care information based on the revised system suggests a markedly less favorable picture of prenatal care

use than data from 2007. In 2008, prenatal care began in the first month of pregnancy in 2.8 percent of births, while in 2007 prenatal care began in the first month in 7.7 percent of births. Most of this difference is likely attributable to the changes in data collection rather than changes in prenatal care utilization.



Race and ethnicity

The Center for Health Statistics began collecting multiple race and ethnicity information for decedents in 2006. Prior to 2006, Oregon's data systems were limited to a single race. In 2006, Oregon adopted the 2003 revision of the U.S. standard death certificate. Oregon now collects up to four Hispanic ethnicities and 36 races for each decedent. This change in data led to the revision of tables including race and ethnicity information in the annual report. More detailed reporting for race and ethnicity began in 2008 for birth and fetal death records.

Collection and reporting of race and ethnicity

Source of information

Birth, death and fetal death race and ethnicity information is collected about the subject of the vital record from the best available source.

Birth and fetal death —The birth mother usually provides the race and ethnicity information for birth and fetal death records, but occasionally another family member, such as the father or a grandparent, provides it. The mother is asked to identify her race and Hispanic ethnicity as well as the father's/second parent's race and ethnicity. No race or ethnicity information is collected about the child in Oregon statistical data. All statistical tables in this report present information on the mother.

Death — The informant, usually a close family member, reports race and ethnicity on the “Report of Death.” However, there are deaths where no close family member is identified, and the information is obtained from a friend, police officer or facility staff. In 2014, the informant was the spouse or domestic partner on 30.3% of records, a child of the decedent on 45.8% and a parent or sibling of the decedent on 12.6% of records. Combined, 88.7% of informants were immediate family to the decedent.

Each informant is allowed to identify the race or races and Hispanic ethnicity or ethnicities of the decedent to the best of their knowledge. Race and ethnicity are intended to be self-identified and are not defined by parentage or national origin.

Categories collected

Oregon collects up to four Hispanic ethnicities (Mexican, Cuban, Puerto Rican and Other). Hispanic ethnicities can be chosen in combination.

Oregon collects up to 36 race categories. These include: White, Black or African American, American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese, Other Asian, Native Hawaiian, Guamanian or Chamorro, Samoan, Other Pacific Islander, Other, and Unknown. The informant can specify up to two races if he/she selects one of the non-specific race categories, specifically, other Asian, other Pacific Islander and other. If the decedent is reported as American Indian or Alaska Native, the informant is asked to indicate up to two tribes. Enrollment or official affiliation is not required to report a tribal relationship.

Birth and fetal death — Hospitals, birthing centers and midwives are required to use a standard parent worksheet to collect information from the mother. The worksheet specifies

each category and allows for hand entry for more specificity. The worksheets can be viewed at <https://public.health.oregon.gov/BirthDeathCertificates/RegisterVitalRecords/Pages/InstructionsBirth.aspx>.

Death — Funeral service practitioners are instructed to ask open-ended questions on ethnicity and race when gathering information for the “Report of Death.” The Oregon Center for Health Statistics has provided letter-sized cardstock forms that list all race and ethnicity categories to assist the family in reporting accurately. “Other” and “Unknown” are options for both race and ethnicity.

Presentation of data

The Center for Health Statistics creates tables based on numeric codes associated with the races (including “other specify”) and ethnicity reported. The Center for Health Statistics sends record level data to the National Center for Health Statistics. The National Center for Health Statistics then processes the data to create numeric codes that are assigned to more than 300 literal race categories. This allows the coding to be standardized nationwide. An example of the detailed listing is available at www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/dvs/Appendix_E_Accessible_Race_Code_List_Update_2011.pdf.

The race codes are three digits, with the first digit representing a category and the last two digits representing a specific group. For example, white checkbox is 100, white literal is 101, Arab is 102, English is 103, French is 104, and so on through Kosovian at 134. These numeric codes are used to create the statistical tables. Considering the space available to relay information, most tables report categories based on the code’s first digit. The tables in this report present the five major race and ethnicity categories used at the Center for Health Statistics: White, African American or Black, American Indian, Asian, Pacific Islander, Hispanic (any race), and Other.

Multiple race — Although Oregon collects multiple races for each record, for deaths occurring in 2014 only 508 or approximately 1.5 percent of 34,160 resident decedents were reported as belonging to multiple races. The mean age of the decedents decreased as more racial categories were reported. Generally, younger decedents selected more race categories than their older counterparts. The mean age for

decedents with only one race indicated was 75 years, while the mean age for decedents where two or more races were reported was 52 years.

Examples of multiple race tables include 6-10 and 6-12 in Volume 2 of the annual report. In these two tables, individual decedents can be listed in more than one race category. If a decedent is listed as both White and African American/Black on the “Report of Death,” he or she would be included in the totals for both White and Black in the multiple race tables. This means the race category totals will exceed the total number of deaths in tables reporting multiple races. In tables presenting single-mention race, persons with two or more race selections are included in the “two or more races” total. Compare multiple race tables (e.g., 6-10 and 6-12) with similar single-mention race tables (e.g., 6-9 and 6-11) to determine the practical impact of this distinction.

Other table conventions include reporting Hispanic as a separate category in most tables that include race or ethnicity. This means records with Hispanic ethnicity are removed from the single-mention race categories in most tables. Persons of Hispanic ethnicity may belong to any race category (or categories). Footnotes in tables presenting race and ethnicity indicate when records with Hispanic ethnicity reported are removed from the race categories. These tables will also include “Non-Hispanic Single Mention Race” as a header title. There are two primary reasons for this reporting convention. First, many Hispanic individuals identify their race as “Other” (in 2008, 77.3 percent of decedents with other or unknown race were Hispanic). Second, “Non-Hispanic White” is often used as a reference category when doing statistical analysis, allowing the information contained in the tables to be used as an effective reference group.

Tobacco

National Healthy People 2020 objective (1)

Percentage of infants whose mothers did not use tobacco during pregnancy (self-reported).

Year 2020 target:	98.6 %
2007:	89.6 %

Women who smoke when pregnant have a far higher incidence of low birthweight babies than nonsmokers. Low birthweight infants experience more serious health problems, including increased rates of infant mortality. In 2008, the Oregon infant mortality rate during the first 27 days of life (neonatal) was 51.8 per 1,000 live births for low birthweight (less than 2,500 grams) infants compared to 0.7 per 1,000 for infants with birthweights of 2,500 grams or more. Women who smoked had a low birthweight rate of 84.7 per 1,000 live births, compared to 57.1 per 1,000 among women who did not smoke. One of nine mothers (11.8 %) reported using tobacco during pregnancy, a proportion that is among the lowest observed in the last 20 years. (See sidebar 2-D, page 2-8.) The percentage of tobacco use among unmarried women was nearly four times that of married women (22.9 % vs. 5.6 %). The highest percentage of tobacco use during pregnancy in 2008 was among unmarried mothers aged 20–24 and unmarried mothers aged 25–29 (24.7% and 24.3% respectively). Generally, the percentage of mothers who reported smoking during pregnancy decreased with age regardless of marital status. The lowest percentage of smokers was reported for married mothers aged 35–39 (2.9 %). (See Figure 2-5.)

Endnotes

1. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Healthy People 2020: <http://www.healthypeople.gov/2020/topics-objectives/topic/maternal-infant-and-child-health/objectives>. Accessed Jan 25, 2016.

Appendix B: Technical notes - step-by-step instructions

“Through and through the world is infested with quantity: To talk sense is to talk quantities. It is no use saying the nation is large—How large? It is no use saying that radium is scarce—How scarce? You cannot evade quantity. You may fly to poetry and music, and quantity and number will face you in your rhythms and your octaves.”

—Alfred North Whitehead

DEATHS
 INFANT DEATHS
 NEONATAL DEATHS
 POSTNEONATAL DEATHS
 FETAL DEATHS
 LOW BIRTHWEIGHT INFANTS
 PREGNANCIES
 INDUCED ABORTIONS
 MARRIAGES
 ANNULMENTS
 DIVORCES

Data users are diverse, including public health officials evaluating a program by using death data, demographers projecting school enrollments with birth data and business people deciding to open a formal-wear shop based on marriage data. Many of these users have a thorough

knowledge of statistics. But others find the entire subject matter confusing and intimidating. For either group, a misunderstanding of what vital statistics mean can lead to wrong conclusions. Therefore, this section is included as an overview of how to use vital statistics. It is addressed to the person looking at vital events for the first time, but the experienced user may also find a review helpful.

Step 1: Finding the correct number

The first step is to determine how many instances of a particular vital event took place during the year. This involves asking two questions:

Which event or events are appropriate?

This may not be as simple as it sounds. For one thing, examining more than one type of event may be required. For example, someone concerned with teenage pregnancies will have to consider the number of induced abortions as well as the number of births that occur among teens. Taken together, they provide a useful measure of the number of pregnancies (1).

Deciding which events to use is important since sometimes the choice of one event over another can easily lead to different conclusions. To determine which events are appropriate, read the “Technical notes: Definitions” section. The narratives also contain useful examples.

Who should be counted?

If you are a hospital planner who is deciding to expand or contract delivery services, you want to count the number of births that occurred in your area, regardless of where the parents live. If you are projecting school enrollment, you want to count only how many children will potentially be residing in your area. Fortunately, vital events are usually reported so both of these data needs can be met.

Occurrence data:

The event (the death, birth, marriage, etc.) actually took place in the geographic region indicated (either Oregon or a particular county). The person participating in the event may have lived in Podunk, New York.

Residence data:

The person involved in the event lived in the geographic region mentioned, but the event itself may have taken place anywhere in the United States or Canada. In other words, a resident of Marion County who died in an accident while on vacation in Michigan has been added to the Marion County resident death figure.

When in doubt about which type of data to use, resident figures are usually the best choice. Most birth and death data are published by residence, which means comparisons with other states or the United States as a whole will be easier. Exceptions to this rule are listed in the individual sections.

Once the right event has been determined and the choice between occurrence and residence data has been made, the statistician can find the correct figures in the tables in this book. If the needed table is not listed, contact the Center for Health Statistics for more information.

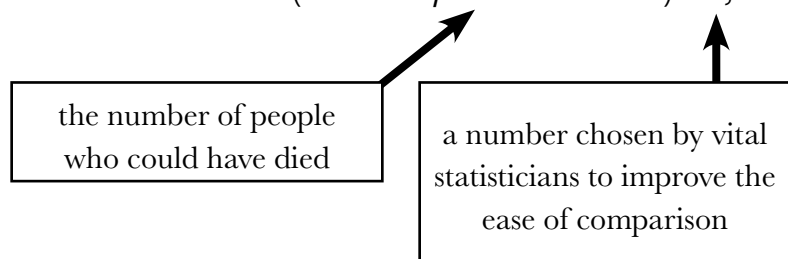
Step 2: Making the number meaningful with rates and ratios

In many instances, simply knowing the number of events is not sufficient. For example, we know more people died in Multnomah County than in Wheeler County because Multnomah County has a much larger population. But what is the likelihood of dying in each county?

In order to answer this question, statisticians calculate rates. This means the number of events is compared to the population for which that event could have occurred, and the figure is then standardized to some number (such as 1,000 or 100,000) for convenience.

Here is an example:

$$\text{CRUDE DEATH RATE} = (\text{DEATHS}/\text{POPULATION}) \times 1,000$$



The more specifically a statistician can define the “population at risk” (the denominator or bottom part of the formula), the more meaningful the rate is. For example, the crude birth rate, which compares the number of births to the population, is not nearly as informative as the fertility rate, which uses only the number of women of childbearing age (15-44) for comparative purposes. The fertility rate is not distorted by changes in the number of men or prepubescent or post-menopausal women in the population. (The turn of the century notion that only married women between the ages of 15 and 44 would be considered at risk of pregnancy has been abandoned for obvious reasons.)

When calculating rates and ratios, great care must be taken to make certain the appropriate time periods, geographical boundaries and populations are used.

Unfortunately we do not always have the correct denominator for the equation. In these situations a substitute is used. For example, how many people are at risk of getting divorced? The number of married people is only available for census years. As a substitute, the crude divorce rate is calculated using the total population

regardless of marital status. In other situations, the event is simply compared to another related number. For instance, the abortion ratio compares the number of abortions to the number of births. This is easier and more accurate than trying to determine the true denominator, which is the total number of pregnant women.

Step 3: Comparing two or more numbers

Numbers are more meaningful when they are converted into rates and ratios. But problems can arise when rates or ratios are compared for different geographical areas, different time periods, or different categories such as men versus women.

Chance variation

Statisticians expect a certain amount of chance variation and have methods to take this into account. The confidence interval uses the number of cases and their distributions to determine what the rate “really is.” Hypothetically, a statistician will say, “We are 95% sure the true infant death rate for Oregon in 2008 was 9.47 ± 0.97 ; that is, it lies somewhere between 8.50 and 10.44.” If two rates have overlapping confidence intervals, then the difference between them may be due to this chance variation. In other words the difference is not statistically significant.

When comparing rates and ratios, differences should be tested for statistical significance. Formulas are listed in the next section of this chapter.

Small numbers

Chance variation is a common problem when the numbers being used to calculate rates are extremely small. Large swings often occur in the rates that do not reflect real changes. Consider Clatsop County’s infant mortality rates for a five-year period.

CLATSOP COUNTY			
YEAR	BIRTHS	INFANT DEATHS	INFANT DEATH RATES
2001	380	1	2.63
2002	432	6	13.89
2003	367	6	16.35
2004	397	2	5.04
2005	411	1	2.43
2001-2005	1,987	16	8.1

Clatsop County's five-year infant death rate is 8.1, which is 2.5 percentage points higher than the state rate (5.6). Yet, for some years Clatsop's rate is more than six times as high as the rate of other years simply because five additional infants died. Public health officials would waste a good deal of energy reacting to these annual rates.

Many rates based on small numbers are published in this book because readers demand them. However, anyone preparing to make important decisions based on these rates should be wary. Consider this rule of thumb: A rate based on 20 cases has a 95 percent confidence interval about as wide as the rate itself (i.e., the interval for a rate of 50 is between 25 and 75). Even large differences between two rates based on 20 cases or less are probably not statistically significant.

If 20 are too few, how many cases are sufficient to say a true difference exists? Unfortunately, we have no easy rules for this. To be safe, the vital statistician should always try to combine several years of data or consolidate geographical areas. Confidence intervals should be calculated, and differences should be tested for statistical significance.

Changes in measurement

Another problem is that the numbers being compared have not always been based on the same type of measurement. Definitions, population estimates, certificates and coding procedures change from time to time as the need arises. This can create "artificial" differences and can disguise "real" differences. The following cause-of-death item provides an excellent example in comparability:

It appears that the incidence of hypertensive disease increased. But actually, a new coding scheme resulted in more deaths being coded as due to hypertensive disease.

During the late 1970s, approximately 80 to 85 people died each year due to hypertensive disease.	Rate = 3.3 per 100,000 population
In 1979, 250 people died from this cause.	Rate = 9.8 per 100,000 population

Taking age, sex, and race into account

Mr. G.C. Whipple noted in 1923 that, “We might find that the death rate of bank presidents was higher than that of newsboys; but this would not be because of different occupations, but because of different ages.” We expect older people to die at a higher rate than younger people. We also expect people in their 20s to have more babies than the very young or the very old. Sex and race, as well as age, can drastically affect rates.

When comparing two places or two points in time, it is necessary to take these influencing characteristics into account. To the right is an example.

	1950	1960
Crude death rate	9.1	9.5
Age-specific death rates		
0-4	5.9	5.7
5-14	0.6	0.4
15-24	1.5	1.1
25-44	2.4	2.1
45-64	11.1	10.6
65+	58.4	56.8

The crude death rate increased between 1950 and 1960 from 9.1 to 9.5 deaths per 1,000 population.

But, an examination of the age-specific death rates for each group indicates that all these rates decreased. This apparent contradiction is explained by the fact that in 1960 a larger proportion of the population was older. Because the risk of death is higher in older persons, the crude death rate increased.

Before comparing two places or two time periods, always compare the population characteristics first. If discrepancies are noted in any relevant variables, the rates should be adjusted or standardized in order to make the comparisons free of differences in the structure of the populations. The formulas for doing this are listed in the following section.

Step 4: Analyzing the data

The first three steps have been fairly mechanical:

- (1) = Choose the correct events and the correct group to determine the number of events that took place for the geographical areas and time periods.
- (2) = Calculate the rates.
- (3) = Compare these rates to determine if the differences are statistically significant.

NOW the vital statistician must begin to ask the difficult questions. If we find that two rates are significantly different, how can we find out why they are different? If the differences we expected did not prove to be significant, is there another item that perhaps is masking an actual difference? Frequently, the statistician has to refine the research question and begin all over again.

Consider the researcher who asks, “Since 2005, has chronic lower respiratory disease (CLRD) posed a greater risk to Oregonians?” If the researcher looked at the overall rate, the answer would be “yes,” but closer examination reveals that the death rate for males has declined. It is among women that the rate has moved sharply upward, reflecting their increased smoking prevalence during recent decades. This gender dichotomy would need to be addressed in a study of CLRD fatalities.

Help

Several sources of help are available. Many of the widely used rates and ratios are presented in the Quick Reference section, and narratives and figures are included throughout this report to illustrate changes. And finally, Center for Health Statistics’ staff are available to help data users.

Endnotes

1. A more complete and accurate estimate of pregnancies based on outcomes would include: (1) births; (2) fetal deaths (stillbirths); (3) induced abortions; and (4) spontaneous abortions (miscarriages). However, fetal deaths occur in less than 1 percent of all pregnancies and are relatively constant in relation to births (see the Fetal and Infant Mortality chapter in Volume 2) and the number of miscarriages that occur is not available in vital records. Nevertheless, a measure that excludes these outcomes provides an adequate indicator of the number of pregnancies.

Appendix B: Technical notes - formulas

GENERAL:

$$\text{PERCENT CHANGE} = \frac{\text{New Data} - \text{Old Data}}{\text{Old Data}} \times 100$$

$$\text{Birth rate, Oregon, 1993} = 13.7$$

$$\text{Birth rate, Oregon, 1994} = 13.6$$

$$\text{Percent change} = \frac{13.6 - 13.7}{13.7} \times 100 = -0.7\%$$

PREGNANCY:

$$1. \text{ (CRUDE) BIRTH RATE} = \frac{\text{Resident Births}}{\text{Population}} \times 1,000$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994} = \frac{41,832}{3,082,800} \times 1,000 = 13.6$$

$$2. \text{ AGE-SPECIFIC BIRTH RATE} = \frac{\text{Resident Births To Mothers in Age Category}}{\text{Female Population in Age Category}} \times 1,000$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994, Age 20-24} = \frac{10,999}{104,718} \times 1,000 = 105.0$$

$$3. \text{ FERTILITY RATE} = \frac{\text{Resident Births to Mothers Aged 15-44}}{\text{Female Population Aged 15-44}} \times 1,000$$

NOTE: Some publications use the following: $\frac{\text{All Resident Births}}{\text{Female Population Aged 15-44}}$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994} = \frac{41,659}{682,428} \times 1,000 = 61.0$$

$$4. \text{ TOTAL FERTILITY RATE} = \left(\text{The Sum of Age Specific Birth Rates in 5-Year Categories between 15 and 44} \right) \times 5$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994} = 5 (51.3 + 105.0 + 115.4 + 78.5 + 30.2 + 6.0) = 1,932.0$$

$$5. \text{ FETAL DEATH RATIO} = \frac{\text{Resident Fetal Deaths (350+ grams Birthweight)}}{\text{Resident Live Births}} \times 1,000$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994} = \frac{224}{41,832} \times 1,000 = 5.4$$

$$6. \text{ FETAL DEATH RATE} = \frac{\text{Resident Fetal Deaths (350+ grams Birthweight)}}{\text{Resident Live Births} + \text{Resident Fetal Deaths}} \times 1,000$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994} = \frac{224}{43,591 + 224} \times 1,000 = 5.1$$

$$7. \text{ PERINATAL DEATH RATE} = \frac{\text{Resident Neonatal Deaths} + \text{Resident Fetal Deaths (350+ grams Birthweight)}}{\text{Resident Live Births} + \text{Resident Fetal Deaths}} \times 1,000$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994} = \frac{148 + 203}{41,566 + 203} \times 1,000 = 8.4$$

Note: Publications vary in the definition of fetal deaths. In addition, some measures employ gestational age in place of birthweight. Fetal and perinatal death rates are based on year of birth.

$$8. \text{ ABORTION RATIO} = \frac{\text{Resident Abortions}}{\text{Resident Births}} \times 1,000 \text{ or } \frac{\text{Occurrence Abortions}}{\text{Occurrence Births}} \times 1,000$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994, Occurrence} = \frac{13,392}{43,591} \times 1,000 = 307.2$$

$$9. \text{ ABORTION RATE} = \frac{\text{Resident Abortions or Occurrence Abortions}}{\text{Female Resident Population Aged 15-44}} \times 1,000$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Oregon 1994, Occurrence} \\ \text{with total adjusted} \\ \text{for unknown ages} \end{aligned} = \frac{13,300}{682,428} \times 1,000 = 19.5$$

DEATHS:

$$10. \text{ (CRUDE) DEATH RATE} = \frac{\text{Resident Deaths}}{\text{Population}} \times 1,000$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994} = \frac{27,361}{3,082,000} \times 1,000 = 8.9$$

$$11. \text{ INFANT DEATH RATE} = \frac{\text{Resident Infant Deaths}}{\text{Resident Births}} \times 1,000$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994} = \frac{295}{41,832} \times 1,000 = 7.1$$

$$12. \text{ NEONATAL DEATH RATE} = \frac{\text{Resident Neonatal Deaths}}{\text{Resident Births}} \times 1,000$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994} = \frac{164}{41,832} \times 1,000 = 3.9$$

$$13. \text{ POSTNEONATAL DEATH RATE} = \frac{\text{Resident Postneonatal Deaths}}{\text{Resident Births}} \times 1,000$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994} = \frac{131}{41,832} \times 1,000 = 3.1$$

$$14. \text{ CAUSE-SPECIFIC DEATH RATE} = \frac{\text{Resident Deaths Due to Specific Cause}}{\text{Population}} \times 100,000$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994, Heart Disease} = \frac{7,417}{3,082,000} \times 100,000 = 240.7$$

$$15. \text{ AGE AND SEX-SPECIFIC DEATH RATE} = \frac{\text{Resident Deaths in Age-Sex Category}}{\text{Population in Age-Sex Population}} \times 1,000$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994, Males Aged 5-14} = \frac{63}{225,880} \times 100,000 = 27.9$$

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE:

$$16. \text{ MARRIAGE RATE} = \frac{\text{Marriages}}{\text{Population}} \times 1,000$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994} = \frac{25,194}{3,082,000} \times 1,000 = 8.2$$

$$17. \text{ DIVORCE RATE} = \frac{\text{Divorces}}{\text{Population}} \times 1,000$$

$$\text{Oregon, 1994} = \frac{15,844}{3,082,000} \times 1,000 = 5.1$$

Beginning with 1998 data, the following methodology is being used for calculating confidence intervals and statistical significance. This explanation is paraphrased from *"Public Health Data: Our Silent Partner"*, a training manual from the Public Health Practice Program Office of the National Center for Health Statistics.¹

CALCULATING CONFIDENCE INTERVALS FOR RATES:

Confidence limits for rates based on less than 100 events

When the number of events in the numerator is less than 100, the confidence interval for a rate can be estimated using the two formulas which follow and the values in Table B-1.

Lower Limit = R x L

Upper Limit = R x U

where:

R = the rate

L = the value in Table B-1 that corresponds to the number N in the numerator of the rate

U = the value in Table B-1 that corresponds to the number N in the numerator of the rate

Example: Confidence limits for rates based on less than 100 events

In Baker County, the teen pregnancy rate for 10- to 17-year-old teens in 1998 was 13.0 per thousand, based on 12 live births in the numerator. Using Table B-1:

$$\text{Lower Limit} = 13.0 \times 0.51671 = 6.7$$

$$\text{Upper Limit} = 13.0 \times 1.7468 = 22.7$$

This means that the chances are 95 out of 100 that the pregnancy rate in Baker County for teens 10-17 lies between 6.7 and 22.7 per 1,000. So if there were 100 counties like Baker County, the teen pregnancy rate would be expected to lie between 6.7 and 22.7 per 1,000 in 95 of these counties.

TABLE B-1.
 Values of L and U for calculating 95% confidence limits for the numbers of events
 and rates when the number of events is less than 100.

N	L	U	N	L	U	N	L	U
1	0.02532	5.57164	34	0.69253	1.3974	67	0.77499	1.26996
2	0.1211	3.61234	35	0.69654	1.39076	68	0.77654	1.26774
3	0.20622	2.92242	36	0.70039	1.38442	69	0.77806	1.26556
4	0.27247	2.5604	37	0.70409	1.37837	70	0.77955	1.26344
5	0.3247	2.33367	38	0.70766	1.37258	71	0.78101	1.26136
6	0.36698	2.17658	39	0.7111	1.36703	72	0.78244	1.25933
7	0.40205	2.06038	40	0.71441	1.36172	73	0.78384	1.25735
8	0.43173	1.9704	41	0.71762	1.35661	74	0.78522	1.25541
9	0.45726	1.89831	42	0.72071	1.35171	75	0.78656	1.25351
10	0.47954	1.83904	43	0.7237	1.34699	76	0.78789	1.25165
11	0.4992	1.78928	44	0.7266	1.34245	77	0.78918	1.24983
12	0.51671	1.7468	45	0.72941	1.33808	78	0.79046	1.24805
13	0.53246	1.71003	46	0.73213	1.33386	79	0.79171	1.2463
14	0.54671	1.67783	47	0.73476	1.32979	80	0.79294	1.24459
15	0.55969	1.64935	48	0.73732	1.32585	81	0.79414	1.24291
16	0.57159	1.62394	49	0.73981	1.32205	82	0.79533	1.24126
17	0.58254	1.6011	50	0.74222	1.31838	83	0.79649	1.23965
18	0.59266	1.58043	51	0.74457	1.31482	84	0.79764	1.23807
19	0.60207	1.56162	52	0.74685	1.31137	85	0.79876	1.23652
20	0.61083	1.54442	53	0.74907	1.30802	86	0.79987	1.23499
21	0.61902	1.52861	54	0.75123	1.30478	87	0.80096	1.2335
22	0.62669	1.51401	55	0.75334	1.30164	88	0.80203	1.23203
23	0.63391	1.50049	56	0.75539	1.29858	89	0.80308	1.23059
24	0.64072	1.48792	57	0.75739	1.29562	90	0.80412	1.22917
25	0.64715	1.4762	58	0.75934	1.29273	91	0.80514	1.22778
26	0.65323	1.46523	59	0.76125	1.28993	92	0.80614	1.22641
27	0.65901	1.45495	60	0.76311	1.2872	93	0.80713	1.22507
28	0.66449	1.44528	61	0.76492	1.28454	94	0.8081	1.22375
29	0.66972	1.43617	62	0.76669	1.28195	95	0.80906	1.22245
30	0.6747	1.42756	63	0.76843	1.27943	96	0.81	1.22117
31	0.67945	1.41942	64	0.77012	1.27698	97	0.81093	1.21992
32	0.684	1.4117	65	0.77178	1.27458	98	0.81185	1.21868
33	0.68835	1.40437	66	0.7734	1.27225	99	0.81275	1.21746

Confidence limits for rates based on 100 or more events

In this case, use the following formula for the rate (R) based on the number of events (N):

$$\text{Upper Limit} = R + [1.96 \times R / \sqrt{N}]$$

where:

R = the rate (birth rate, mortality rate, teen pregnancy rate, etc.)

N = the number of events (births, deaths, teen pregnancy, etc.)

Example: Confidence limits for rates based on 100 or more events

In Jackson County, the teen pregnancy rate for teens 10-17 was 13.7 in 1998 based on 143 pregnancies. Therefore, the confidence interval would be:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Lower Limit} &= 13.7 - [1.96 \times (13.7 / \sqrt{143})] \\ &= 13.7 - [1.96 \times (13.7 / 11.96)] \\ &= 13.7 - [1.96 \times 1.15] \\ &= 13.7 - 2.25 \\ &= 11.5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Upper Limit} &= 13.7 + [1.96 \times (13.7 / \sqrt{143})] \\ &= 13.7 + [1.96 \times (13.7 / 11.96)] \\ &= 13.7 + [1.96 \times 1.15] \\ &= 13.7 + 2.25 \\ &= 16.0 \end{aligned}$$

So if there were 100 counties like Jackson County with similar populations, the teen pregnancy rate would be expected to lie between 11.5 and 16.0 per 1,000 in 95 of these counties.

DETERMINING STATISTICAL SIGNIFICANCE FOR RATES:

If the difference between two rates would occur due to random variability less than 5 times out of 100, then we say that the difference is statistically significant at the 95% level. Otherwise the difference is not statistically significant.

Computing statistical significance when at least one of the rates is based on fewer than 100 events

To compare two rates, when one or both rates are based on fewer than 100 events, compute the confidence intervals for both rates. If the intervals overlap, the difference is not statistically significant.

Example: comparing rates when one is based on fewer than 100 events

Baker County teen pregnancy rate for age 10-17

Lower Limit = 6.7

Upper Limit = 22.7

Jackson County teen pregnancy rate for age 10-17

Lower Limit = 11.5

Upper Limit = 16.0

The confidence intervals overlap - the interval for Jackson County is entirely within the range of the interval for Baker County. Therefore, the difference between the teen pregnancy rate for age 10-17 in Baker County and the rate for Jackson County is not statistically significant.

Computing statistical significance when both rates are based on 100 or more events

When both rates are based on 100 or more events, calculate the difference between the two rates by subtracting the lower rate from the higher rate. The difference is considered statistically significant if it exceeds 1.96 times the standard error for the difference between the two rates.

$$1.96 \sqrt{\frac{R_1^2}{N_1} + \frac{R_2^2}{N_2}}$$

where:

R_1 = the first rate

R_2 = the second rate

N_1 = the first number

N_2 = the second number

If the difference is greater than the statistic, the difference would occur by chance less than 5 times out of 100. The difference is statistically significant at the 95 percent confidence level.

If the difference is less than the statistic, the difference might occur by chance more than 5 times out of 100. The difference is not statistically significant at the 95 percent confidence level.

Example: comparing rates when both are based on 100 or more events

The teen pregnancy rate for Oregon teens age 10-17 in 1997 was 18.0 and the comparable rate for 1998 was 17.2. Both rates are based on more than 100 pregnancies (3,197 in 1997 and 3,176 in 1998). The difference between the rates is $18.0 - 17.2 = 0.8$. The statistic is calculated as follows:

$$1.96 \sqrt{\frac{18.0^2}{3,197} + \frac{17.2^2}{3,176}}$$

$$1.96 \sqrt{\left(\frac{324}{3,197} + \frac{295.84}{3,176}\right)}$$

$$1.96 \sqrt{(0.101 + 0.093)}$$

$$1.96 \sqrt{0.194}$$

$$= 1.96 \times .44$$

$$= 0.86$$

The difference between the rates (0.8) is less than this statistic (0.9). Therefore, the difference is not statistically significant. A difference of 0.8 between these two rates might occur by chance more than 5 times out of 100.

CALCULATING RATES ADJUSTED FOR SEX/AGE/RACE:

When comparing rates and ratios, the influences of sex, age, and race differences in the populations must be taken into account. Comparing many different age-sex-race specific rates can be cumbersome. The following techniques are used by vital statisticians to summarize these rates into one number.

The *direct adjusted rate* applies each of the specific rates for a particular population (such as a county or a Health Service Area) to a standard population distribution (such as the state).

The *standard mortality ratio* compares the number of deaths for a particular population (such as a county or a Health Service Area) to the number of deaths which would be expected if some standard set of rates (such as the state or the U.S. rates) had occurred.²

Both of these techniques have their advantages and disadvantages. The easiest to calculate is the direct adjusted rate. The following example shows how to adjust a county's death rate for sex so that it may be compared to the state rate.

$$\frac{\left[\frac{\text{county male deaths}}{\text{county male population}} \times \text{state male population} \right] + \left[\frac{\text{county female deaths}}{\text{county female population}} \times \text{state female population} \right]}{\text{TOTAL STATE POPULATION}} \times 1,000$$

The same logic can be used to adjust for age and/or race. An example for the weights used for age-adjustment can be found in Table B-2:

TABLE B-2 2000 US STANDARD POPULATION		
Age	2000 US standard million	2000 US standard population (Census P25-1130)
0	13,818	3,794,901
0-4	55,317	15,191,619
5-9	72,533	19,919,840
10-14	73,032	20,056,779
15-19	72,169	19,819,518
20-24	66,478	18,257,225
25-29	64,529	17,722,067
30-34	71,044	19,511,370
35-39	80,762	22,179,956
40-44	81,851	22,479,229
45-49	72,118	19,805,793
50-54	62,716	17,224,359
55-59	48,454	13,307,234
60-64	38,793	10,654,272
65-69	34,264	9,409,940
70-74	31,773	8,725,574
75-79	26,999	7,414,559
80-84	17,842	4,900,234
85+	15,508	4,259,173
Total	1,000,000	274,633,642

Reference

1. U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Public health data: Our silent partner [Internet]. 1999 Oct; [cited 2016 Jan 22]. Available from: www.cdc.gov/nchs/products/training/phd-osp.htm.
2. For more information, please see U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics. Direct standardization (age-adjusted death rates). 1995 March; [cited 2016 Jan 22]. Available from: www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/statnt/statnt06rv.pdf.

For further information about calculating confidence intervals and adjusting rates, see:

1. J. C. Kleinman. Infant mortality. Statistical notes for health planners, No. 2. Washington, D.C.: Health Resources Administration; 1976 July.
2. J. C. Kleinman. Mortality. Statistical notes for health planners, No. 3. National Center for Health Statistics: by, Health Resources Ad.

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APPENDIX D: SAMPLE FORMS

Appendix D: Sample forms

Oregon Report of Fetal Death – 2017 Data Fields

Filed electronically with the Oregon Vital Events Registration System

(Multiple choice options listed in italics)

Fetus

Fetus Name: First, Middle, Other Middle, Last, Suffix

Date of Delivery

Time of Delivery

Sex (*Male, Female, Undetermined*)

Method of disposition (*Burial, Cremation, Hospital Disposition, Removal From State*)

Funeral Home: Facility Name; Street Number; Pre Directional; Street Name or PO Box, Rural Route, etc.; Street Designator; Post Directional; Apartment Number; City or Town; State; Country; Zip Code

ID Tag Number

Mother

Mother's Current Legal Name: First, Middle, Last, Suffix

Mother's Name Prior to First Marriage: First, Middle, Last, Suffix

Date of Birth

Age

Mother Birthplace: Birthplace State, Birthplace Country

Mother Address

Residence Address: Street Number; Pre Directional; Street Name, Rural Route, etc.; Street Designator; Post Directional; Apt #, Suite #, etc.; City or Town; County; State; Country; Zip Code

Inside City Limits (*Yes, No, Unknown*)

Mother Attributes

Education (*8th grade or less, 9th-12th grade (no diploma), High school graduate/GED, Some college (no degree), Associate degree, Bachelor's degree, Master's degree, Doctorate or professional degree, Unknown*)

Hispanic Origin (Check all that apply): No, not Hispanic; Yes, Mexican; Yes, Puerto Rican; Yes, Cuban; Yes, Other Hispanic Origin (specify); Unknown

Which one or more of the following is your race? (Check all that apply): White, Black or African American, American Indian or Alaska Native (specify tribe), Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese, Other Asian (specify), Native Hawaiian, Guamanian or Chamorro, Samoan, Other Pacific Islander (specify), Other (Specify)

Mother Health

Did Mother get WIC food for herself during this pregnancy? (*Yes, No, Unknown*)

Height (feet/inches)

Mother Pre-pregnancy Weight (pounds)

Mother Weight at Delivery (pounds)

Cigarette smoking per day before and/or during pregnancy: Three months before pregnancy, First three months of pregnancy, Second three months of pregnancy, Last Trimester of Pregnancy

Did mother go into labor intending to deliver at home or freestanding birthing center? (*No, Unknown, Yes*)

What was the primary attendant type at onset of labor?

Marital Status

Was Mother Married at Conception, at Delivery or within 300 days of Delivery? (*No, Oregon Registered Domestic Partnership, Unknown, Yes*)

Will Father information be collected on this Report? (*Yes, No*)

Father

Father's Name: First, Middle, Last, Suffix

Date of Birth

Age

Father's Birthplace: Birthplace State, Birthplace Country

Father Attributes

Education (*8th grade or less, 9th-12th grade (no diploma), High school graduate/GED, Some college (no degree), Associate degree, Bachelor's degree, Master's degree, Doctorate or professional degree, Unknown*)

Hispanic Origin (Check all that apply): No, not Hispanic; Yes, Mexican; Yes, Puerto Rican; Yes, Cuban; Yes, Other Hispanic Origin (specify); Unknown

Which one or more of the following is your race? (Check all that apply): White, Black or African American, American Indian or Alaska Native (specify tribe), Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese, Other Asian (specify), Native Hawaiian, Guamanian or Chamorro, Samoan, Other Pacific Islander (specify), Other (Specify)

Place of Delivery

Type of Place of Delivery (*Hospital, Freestanding Birthing Center, Clinic/Doctor's Office, Home Delivery Planned, Home Delivery Unplanned, Home Delivery Unknown if Planned, Other (specify)*)

Facility Name

Facility NPI

Address: Street Number; Pre Directional; Street Name, Rural Route, etc.; Street Designator; Post Directional; Apt #, Suite #, etc.; City or Town; County; State; Country; Zip Code

Reporter

Name and Title of Person Completing Report: First, Middle, Last, Suffix

Title (*Birth Certifier, DO, MD, Nurse Practitioner, Other (Specify), Other Licensed Medical (Specify), RN*)

Date Report Completed

Prenatal

Mother Medical Record #

Date of Last Menses

Prenatal Care: No Prenatal Care, Date of First Visit, Total Number of Prenatal Visits

Previous Live Births: Number Now Living, Number Now Dead, Date of Last Live Birth

Other Pregnancy Outcomes (Spontaneous or Induced Terminations or Ectopic Pregnancies): Number of Other Pregnancy Outcomes, Date of Last Other Pregnancy Outcome

Pregnancy Factors

Risk Factors for this Pregnancy (Check all that apply): Diabetes-Pre-pregnancy; Diabetes-Gestational (Diagnosis In This Pregnancy); Hypertension-Pre-pregnancy (Chronic); Hypertension-Gestational (PIH, Pre-eclampsia); Hypertension-Eclampsia; Previous Preterm Births (<37 Completed Weeks Gestation); Pregnancy Resulted From Infertility Treatment-Fertility-enhancing drugs; Pregnancy Resulted From Infertility Treatment-Assisted Reproductive Technology; Mother Had A Previous Cesarean Delivery; None Of The Above

Infections Present and / or Treated During this Pregnancy (Check all that apply): Gonorrhea, Syphilis, Chlamydia, Listeria, Group B streptococcus, Cytomegalovirus, Parvovirus, Toxoplasmosis, None Of The Above, Other (specify)

Delivery

Fetal Presentation at Delivery (*Cephalic, Breech, Other*)

Final Route and Method of Delivery (*Vaginal/Spontaneous, Vaginal/Forceps, Vaginal/Vacuum, Cesarean*)

If Cesarean, was a Trial of Labor Attempted? (*Yes, No*)

Maternal Morbidity (Check all that apply): Maternal transfusion, Third or fourth degree perineal laceration, Ruptured uterus, Unplanned hysterectomy, Admission to intensive care unit, Unplanned operating room procedure following delivery, None Of The Above

Mother Transferred for maternal medical or fetal indication prior to delivery (*Yes, No*)

Fetal Attributes

Weight of Fetus: Pounds / Ounces, Grams

Obstetric Estimate of Gestation (weeks)

Plurality (*Single, Twin, Triplet, Quadruplet, Quintuplet, Sextuplet, Septuplet, Conjoined twins, Not Stated*)

Delivery Order (*First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth or more, Not Stated*)

Congenital Anomalies (Check all that apply): Anencephaly, Meningocele/spina bifida, Cyanotic congenital heart disease, Congenital diaphragmatic hernia, Omphalocele, Gastroschisis, Limb reduction defect (excluding congenital amputation and dwarfing syndromes), Cleft lip with or without cleft palate, Cleft palate alone, Down Syndrome Karyotype Confirmed, Down Syndrome Karyotype Pending, Suspected chromosomal disorder karyotype confirmed, Suspected chromosomal disorder karyotype pending, Hypospadias, None of the anomalies listed above

Cause/Conditions Contributing to fetal death

Initiating Cause/Condition: Among the choices below, please select the one which most likely began the sequence of events resulting in the death of the Fetus.

Maternal Conditions/Disease (Specify)

Complications of placenta, cord or Membranes: Rupture of membranes, Abruptio placenta, Placental insufficiency, Prolapsed cord, Chorioamnionitis, Other (specify)

Other Obstetrical or Pregnancy Complications (Specify)

Fetal Anomaly (Specify)

Fetal Injury (Specify)

Fetal Infection (Specify)

Other Fetal Conditions/Disorders (Specify)

Unknown

Other Significant Causes or Conditions: Select or Specify all other conditions contributing to death.

Maternal Conditions/Disease (Specify)

Complications of placenta, cord or Membranes: Rupture of membranes, Abruptio placenta, Placental insufficiency, Prolapsed cord, Chorioamnionitis, Other (specify)

Other Obstetrical or Pregnancy Complications (Specify)

Fetal Anomaly (Specify)

Fetal Injury (Specify)

Fetal Infection (Specify)

Other Fetal Conditions/Disorders (Specify)

Unknown

Estimated Time of Fetal Death (*Dead at first assessment, no labor ongoing; Dead at first assessment, labor ongoing; Died during labor, after first assessment; Unknown time of fetal death*)

Autopsy Performed (*Yes, No, Planned*)

Histological Placental Examination Performed (*Yes, No, Planned*)

Autopsy or Histological Placental Examination used in Determining Cause of Fetal Death (*No, Not Applicable, Yes*)

Attendant/Certifier

Attendant's Name: First, Middle, Last, Suffix

Attendant's Title (*Doctor of Medicine, Doctor of Osteopathy, Other (Specify), Licensed Direct Entry Midwife, Midwife, Nurse Practitioner, Other Licensed Medical (Specify), RN*)

Attendant NPI

Address: Street Number; Pre Directional; Street Name or PO Box, Rural Route, etc.; Street Designator; Post Directional; Apt #, Suite #, etc; City or Town; State; Country; Zip Code

Certifier's Name: First, Middle, Last, Suffix

Certifier's Title (*Birth Certifier, DO, MD, Nurse Practitioner, Other (Specify), Other Licensed Medical (Specify), RN*)

Certifier NPI

Date Certified

TYPE OR
PRINT IN
PERMANENT
BLACK INK.



CENTER FOR HEALTH STATISTICS
REPORT OF DEATH

136-

I.D. TAG NO.

STATE FILE NUMBER

TO BE COMPLETED BY FUNERAL FACILITY	1. Legal name: First Middle Last Suffix				2. Death date (MON DD YYYY):		
	3. Sex (M/F):	4a. Age - Last birthday:	4b. Under 1 year: Months Days	4c. Under 1 day: Hours Minutes	5. Social Security number:	6. County of death:	
	7. Birthdate (MON DD YYYY):	8a. Birthplace (city/town or county):		8b. (State or foreign country):		9. Decedent's education:	
	10. Was decedent of hispanic origin? (Yes or no. If yes, specify.)			11. Decedent's race(s):		12. Was decedent ever in U.S. Armed Forces? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
	13. Residence: Number and street (e.g., 624 SE 5th Street, Apt. no. 8)				14. City/town:		
	15. Residence county:		16. State or foreign country:		17. ZIP code + 4:		
	19. Marital status at time of death:			20. Spouse's name (if married or widowed, full name given at birth.):			
	21. Usual occupation (Indicate type of work done during most of working life. DO NOT USE "RETIRED.):				22. Kind of business/industry (DO NOT USE COMPANY NAME.):		
	23. Father/Parent B's full name given at birth:			24. Mother/Parent A's full name given at birth:			
	25. Informant's name:		26. Telephone number:	27. Relation to decedent:	28. Mailing Address (number & street, city/town, state, Zip + 4):		
	29. Place of death:			30. Facility name:			
	31. Location of death (Give address.):			32. City/town or location of death:		33. State: 34. ZIP code + 4:	
	35. Method of disposition:		36. Place of disposition (Name of cemetery, crematory or other place):		37. Location:		
	38. Name and complete address of funeral facility (number & street, city/town, state, ZIP + 4):						
	39. Date of disposition (MON DD YYYY):		40. Funeral director's signature:		41. OR license number:		
	42. Registrar's signature:			43. Date received (MON DD YYYY):		44. Local file number:	
	45. Record amendment:						
	TO BE COMPLETED BY MEDICAL CERTIFIER	46. Was case referred to medical examiner? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		47. Autopsy? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		48. Were autopsy findings available to complete the cause of death? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
		49. Time of death:					49. Time of death:
		CAUSE OF DEATH (See instructions and examples.)					
		50. Enter the chain of events - diseases, injuries, or complications - that directly caused the death. DO NOT ENTER TERMINAL EVENTS such as cardiac arrest, respiratory arrest or ventricular fibrillation without showing the etiology. DO NOT ABBREVIATE.					Approximate interval: Onset to death
Final disease or condition resulting in death →		IMMEDIATE CAUSE ↓:					
Sequentially list conditions, if any, leading to the cause listed on line a. ENTER THE UNDERLYING CAUSE LAST (disease or injury that initiated the events resulting in death).		a. Due to (or as a consequence of) ↓:					
		b. Due to (or as a consequence of) ↓:					
		c. Due to (or as a consequence of) ↓:					
		d. Due to (or as a consequence of) ↓:					
51. Other significant conditions contributing to death, but not resulting in the underlying cause given above:							
52. Manner of death: <input type="checkbox"/> Natural <input type="checkbox"/> Homicide <input type="checkbox"/> Accident <input type="checkbox"/> Undetermined <input type="checkbox"/> Suicide <input type="checkbox"/> Pending		53. If female: <input type="checkbox"/> Not pregnant within past year <input type="checkbox"/> Not pregnant, but pregnant 43 days to 1 year before death <input type="checkbox"/> Pregnant at time of death <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown if pregnant within the past year <input type="checkbox"/> Not pregnant, but pregnant within 42 days before death		54. Did tobacco use contribute to death? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Probably <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown			
55. Date of injury (MON DD YYYY):		56. Time of injury:	57. Place of injury (e.g., decedent's home, construction site, restaurant, wooded area):		58. Injury at work? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown		
59. Location of injury (number & street, city/town, state, ZIP + 4):							
60. Describe how injury occurred:				61. If transportation injury, specify: <input type="checkbox"/> Driver/operator <input type="checkbox"/> Passenger <input type="checkbox"/> Pedestrian <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify)			
62. Name and address of certifier (number & street, city/town, state, ZIP + 4):							
63. Name and title of attending physician if other than certifier:							
64. Title of certifier:			65. License number:		66. Date signed (MON DD YYYY):		
67. Medical certifier - To the best of my knowledge, death occurred at the time, date and place, and due to the cause(s) and manner stated.			68. Medical examiner - On the basis of examination, and/or investigation, in my opinion, death occurred at the time, date and place, and due to the cause(s) and manner stated.				
69. Record amendment:							

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On the web you can
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data available —
both preliminary
and final tables.

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[http://public.health.oregon.gov/BIRTHDEATHCERTIFICATES/
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looking
for a
specific
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Vital Reports Data

Births Adequacy of prenatal care
*Final method of delivery by facility

Deaths Manner of death
*Age of decedent by county and ZIP code

Teen Pregnancy Pregnancy rates by county of residence
*Rolling pregnancy rate for past 12 months
by county of residence

*These reports (and many others) available only *online*.

Individual tables and chapters of the annual reports, county data book and survey data are made available on the Web as soon as finalized. The complete report usually takes much longer to publish. Making the data available online increases the timeliness and decreases the cost of publications.



PUBLIC HEALTH DIVISION
CENTER FOR PUBLIC HEALTH PRACTICE
Center for Health Statistics

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